The Cecil Whig

ELKTON, OCTOBER 11, 1873.

Republican Nominations.

FOR COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY,
Henry H. Goldsborough.

FOR CLERK OF THE COURT OF APPEALS,
John H. Price.

FOR CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT,
Palmer C. Strickland.

FOR REGISTER OF WILLS,
John M. Ireland.

FOR STATE SENATOR,
Job Haines.

FOR THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES,
George Ricketts,
Jesse R. Coulson,
John W. Falls.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,
Thomas P. Jones,
James C. Crothers,
William T. West.

FOR SHERIFF,
George W. Boulden.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR,
William T. Bye.

OUR JUDICIARY.

Court having brought one of its long sessions to a close last week, it may not be out of place to publish some extracts from a series of articles which appeared on this subject in *The Whig* in May last. In one of those articles we said:

"If we were disposed to treat the question in a partisan spirit, we might point to the system established by the Republican Convention of 1864. Under that system, when the Circuit Court for Cecil county adjourned, every case ready for trial had been tried. Parties were not harassed attending court at a cost equal to the amount of an adverse verdict, and yet had but one judge, and one salary to pay out of the treasury. That one judge received $2,000 per annum. We pay now $3,500 to a chief judge and $2,800 each to two associate judges. In these days justice has become one of our most expensive luxuries. The people were told in the canvass preceding the popular vote on the present constitution, that the three judge system possessed a great merit in the fact that we would have a resident judge, and the utmost facilities, consequently would be accorded to judicial business in our county. Under the constitution of 1851, there were Baltimore, Harford and Cecil counties in this circuit, with Judge Price on the Bench, when more business, and business of more importance, was transacted, than is before the courts to-day of the entire Eastern Shore of Maryland, and yet *one* judge at a salary of $2,000 presided and disposed of it all. Every case ready for trial was tried, and in the main, we believe satisfactorily; and no man was dragged to Elkton term after term with an army of witnesses as now, who eat up his substance; and no verdict in his favor can reimburse the losses he sustains by the chronic delay of our court. It is reduced to this, either we must remodel our present clumsy, expensive judicial system, or the people must continue to have justice denied them. Under the present system the judges are compelled to adjourn court with the business half transacted—although they sit long enough to transact it all we should think—and hie away to some other circuit where doubtless the people are called on to suffer the same delay, inconvenience and expense. The public are justly indignant when they see such mockery for the promised facility to business, contained in the high-sounding phrases of Article 19 of the Bill of Rights of the present constitution, which was dug up from the grave by the convention of 1867, where it had been buried by an almost unanimous voice of the people, in 1851. The constitution which followed was a long step in advance of its predecessor, that weighed like an incubus upon the business of the State with its three judge system, and which the deople rose in their might and demolished. Under the constitution which succeded the old feudal charter, Hon. Albert Constable was elected judge of the circuit, followed by Judge Price, and under these judges more business was done in half the time than is transacted under the old three judge system, which was again inflicted upon the people of the State in 1867 by the Democratic party,—now alas no more!—for the purpose of multiplying offices and salaries at the expense of the tax-payers, in this Circuit, reaching $7,500 per annum to the three judges, instead of $3,000 as provided in the constitution of 1851, and $2,500 in the constitution of 1864, an increase of $5,000 a year."

Salaries of judges cost the tax-payers of Maryland to-day about $40,000 more than they did under the constitution of 1864.

The following items of expense caused by this slow tedious process of justice in our courts, may interest the tax-payers. For washing clothing of prisoners in one year $172. For clothing for prisoners in jail from April '72 to April '73, the county paid $244.91, and for boarding prisoners from April '72 to April '73, the bill was $2,116. Some of these prisoners were in jail, at an expense to the county of 50 cents a day for 186, 164, 144 days, and so on, down to a few days. And these long, weary terms of confinement in jail are under our cheap and model judiciary, as *The Democrat* terms it, with four sessions of Court a year.

THE PENALTY FOR PETTY CRIMES.

In looking over the court proceedings, the observant reader is doubtless often forcibly struck with the *penalty*, so-called, inflicted for petty larceny. Some poor devil steals a pound or two of meat, a loaf of bread, a basket of marketing—as one Julia Hughs was found guilty of doing at the last term—and many offences of this class are disposed of at every term of court—in fact they make up the bulk of court business.

The *penalty* inflicted for such offences is a term of months or weeks in the county jail. In the case of Julia Hughs, who had an infant, and was recommended to mercy, she was given six months in the county jail. This was indeed justice tempered with mercy. In fact the sentence is all mercy. An outcast on the eve of Winter is taken from a hovel and lodged in a warm, comfortable jail, light, airy and clean; fed with wholesome food, as much as she requires, for six months in the cold, inclement season of Winter, when her child is at its most tender age, is a charity which few of that class of humanity are favored with, without the aid of some petty crime to open the door where plenty and comfort abound. It would have been more sensible to have sent this girl to the Alms House, but that would not have been law. But our purpose in referring to this subject was to draw the attention of our readers to the utter inefficiency of our criminal jurisprudence to meet the requirements of the age. Those petty thefts which clog and hinder the business of our courts, should be disposed of in a less expensive, and more expeditious manner. Empanneling a jury of twelve men to judge a poor devil for picking up a convenient basket of vegetables, a fat hen or some other appetizing mosel, that accident places temptingly near, is too ridiculous to be seriously entertained in our present practical, advanced state of society; and is only equaled by the *penalty* which inflicts for a term of months, comfort and plenty, in place of poor rations and worse shelter. While the absurdity of this branch of our criminal—shall we call it economy?—is so apparent, the remedy for the evil is not clear. But the philanthropy and experience of the age, together with the great diversity of occupations to employ the minds and hands of men, should suggest a more sensible and effective mode of dealing with this class of criminals.

COMING OVER.

Every breeze bears upon its wings the notes of dissatisfaction with the way political affairs have been, and are being managed in this State and county. The "Conservatives" are dissatisfied with the bold declarations of the orthodox Democracy, of their old Secession doctrines, and the remnant of what remain with the party, are preparing to leave in a body. The Democrats, "simon pure," have never got over the disgust which the nauseating—to their stomachs—dose of Greeleyism caused, that their leaders compelled them to swallow; and the many shifts and subterfuges that have been made by the ring leaders, and professional politicians who run the party for its spoils, go far to convince them that there is less of patriotism and principle than dollars and cents influencing them.

The no-party class who have been drawn to, and held by the plausible pretexts, and in a large measure, lying professions of the Democracy, are tired of the expensive management of public affairs. They see that the constitution of 1867 was a change, but not an improvement on the constitution of 1864; that offices were multiplied and expensive machinery constructed to benefit a class who had risked their fortunes in the rebellion and lost. We want a new Judiciary on more enlightened principles; the school-law simplified, by which it will be made less costly, more suited to the wants of the masses of the people, and a thoroughly free school system in fact as well as in name.

Our road system, which yearly swallows up its tens of thousands, needs an entire revision, by which the money expended will go to bettering the highways and thereby enhancing the value of property through which they pass.

And all classes are tired of appropriating out of the public treasury of the State, "Southern Relief Funds," that appear in every Comptroller's report, which is a pretense of donating money to needy citizens of more Southern states and "Defense Loan," another Democratic spawn not materially different in its object. They are tired of State appropriations to a host of private charities and eclesiastical institutions, such as "Home of the Friendless," "St. Vincent's Infant Asylum," "St. Mary's Industrial School," "St. Agnes' Hospital," and similar appropriations of a purily sectarian and private character, which no legislature has any right to donate the people's money to.

It is by this system, which was inaugurated by the Democratic party, or the party now in the ascendent in this State, that our treasury is kept empty and the State debt unpaid, which they largely increased, immediately on their induction into office, by such appropriations as we have above named.

Party lines have been loosened, and the people have begun to study their individual interest, and look upon their politics as they do on their every day business. They want good men always to conduct their private affairs, and they are beginning to find out that it is to their interest to have the best they can find to manage their public affairs.

After a party has been in power for a half dozen years, the belief is gaining ground that the public interest is best served by changing it; and all these considerations are weighing down the "Democratic-Conservative and *Liberal*"! party of Maryland, and bringing to the front the Republican party. This is particularly and conspicuously so with respect to Cecil county. Every day we hear of life-long Democrats, avowing their purpose to rise above party prejudices, and break away from party leading strings, and act independently by voting for the whole, or a part of the Republican ticket. When men avow their intention to split their tickets there is hope for an advance in the science of government. He's a thinking man who splits his ticket.

FACTS WORTH REMEMBERING.

That the last legislature of Maryland cost $180,474, and $25,524 was taken from the treasury which these appropriation bills did not provide for.

That the session of 1864 cost $88,517. The reason why—the one was Democratic the other Republican. A most excellent and all sufficient reason for the difference.

That the county expenses under Democratic management amounts to $200,000 more in six years than they did in seven years under Republican control.

GOBBLING.—It is not that species of gormandizing known by the term "gobbled up," that we proposed to speak about, but of another species of gobbling by "The *Turkey* of the *town*" who "gobbles, gobbles louder still," as the day of doom draws near. The "*Turkey*" is charged with circulating a *statement* that Mr. William Tuft is the coming man for the Alms House, vice Mr. Pluck, *resigned*—after the election. Mr. Tuft denounces the story as a *Turkey*(town) yarn, without foundation. It proves one important point, however, that the Democracy are getting ready for Salt River, and it is cruel not to allow the "*Turkey*" to gobble *ad libitum*, as it won't hurt anybody and doubtless does him a "proper sight of good."

AUCTIONEERS TAKE NOTICE.—We clip the following from the Liberty *Banner*, Frederick county:

We understand that our County Court last week decided a point that particularly interests the auctioneer, the bidder and the person making the sale. The case was this: A farm was "knocked down" to a bidder, who afterwards refused to comply with the terms because no one but the auctioneer bid against him. The case was taken into Court. The auctioneer being a witness, testified that the purchaser's statement was correct, and the Court declared the sale a fraudulent one and not valid. The substance of this decision is, in plain words, that an auctioneer has no right to "run up" property on a bidder simply to make a good sale.

☞ Attend to the Registration lists. Have all voters placed on the rolls, and all non-voters taken off, whether absent or dead. Let our canvassers particularly attend to this business, and be ready by the 27th inst., to prompt the Registers. Let us go into the fight with clean lists and bring all our men out to the polls, and we will *lick* the "ring worms" of this county so badly that they will not even make respectable fish bait after the election.

ONE PER CENT.—The Doctor thinks one per cent is an insignificant matter to talk to the people about. Beside Boss Tweed's "per cent," it doubtless is, but the pile which our "Elkton Ring" have to take from is correspondingly small. This one per cent so contemptible in Democratic eyes amounted to the matter of a *thousand dollars*, which the stingy tax-payers doubtless think they could have used as advantageously as any body else.

—The Doctor grumbles because we published the number of "tramps" that Cecil county feeds; but wherefore growl? The people are a gossip loving folk, and we know they are always delighted with anything that partakes of the sensational. And it is all the more relished for being the truth.

—*The Democrat* kicks up and makes a show of denying our damaging statements and figures against its party, but ends generally by admitting them in an ambiguous and round about way.

Communicated.

A PILL FOR TAX-PAYERS.

The inner feeling of the Democratic leaders of Cecil county, is exposed by the following admission of the Editor and M. D., of their party organ in his editorial of last week on the one per cent jail fraud. "That the Commissioners of Cecil county have a perfect right to ignore or reject all under bidders, and award,—not political offices,—but contracts for public work to party favorites." Or in other words, the officials of Cecil county elected to their respective positions to look after the interests of tax-papers, have a perfect right to squander the public moneys entrusted to their care, for the sole purpose of awarding political favorites. What queer doctrine this is, to emanate from the pen of the learned Editor and M. D., of the Democratic Finger Board to retrenchment and reform. Tax-payers, and others interested in your vain attempt to swallow this pill, don't flatter yourselves that, as an "open confession is good for the soul," you may be benefited thereby, for I fear you will be sadly disappointed; there are numbers who hold to the opinion, that just at the precise instant after one human being dies, another is born; and that the soul of the deceased enters and animates the new born babe; but after particular and extensive inquiry concerning *leading Democrats* of Cecil county, I find that for some hours previous to their nativity, *nobody died*. I am very much afraid, gentlemen, that the close connection of your party organ with the "Elkton ring worms" has completely demoralized its Editor; as the above blundering confession is only equaled by his attempt on other occasions, to convince his readers that Grant's administration is responsible for the present financial panic, while they are confident there are some things the administration cannot do. Notably, it cannot prevent stock jobbers and Democratic Editors from being knaves or ——. PREVIOUS.

Communicated.

The Doctor of *The Democrat* perseveres, I notice, in his effort to show how your figures in *The Whig* are made to lie, so far as they go to show the extravagance of the ring-wormed Democratic managers of State and county finances. He has figured no little to prove that things are not so bad as they seem to be, from your showing, and would like to convince himself, probably, that taxes are as low as they used to be under Republican administration, but, being a tax-payer himself, he has a yearly reminder from the Collector of the 3d District of the vanity of such an effort.

Just now, however, it is doubtless very desirable that voters should forget their tax-receipts, and be made to feel as comfortable as a good showing of figures can make them.—"Hence, these tears."

It occurs to the writer, however, that the figures and the logic, (rather, the rhetoric,) of the entire Ring will be found quite insufficient—"tricks that are vain," indeed—to dispose of the significant and well known fact that, with a basis of taxation (the assessment of 1867) one hundred per cent higher than the Republicans had, the per centage of taxation, ever since the Democrats came into power in the county, has been higher than it was under Republican rule for county (including school) purposes; which is to say, that the Democrats have required, to run the county treasury, as much more money as the Republicans.

This is a fact every tax-payer can verify for himself by comparison of his tax receipts, and I commend the process to the Doctor.

Now, I have heard of logic potent enough to prove black white, and vice versa, and to establish the truth of the theory that the moon is made of green cheese. It is no uncommon thing to see even an Elkton lawyer succeed in making "the worse appear the better reason," and by some hocus pocus or hodge podge of figures, logic, rhetoric and impudence combined, some Mephistophelian or Machiavellian intellect might possibly (but I doubt it) persuade the tax-payers of Cecil that the candidates of the Democracy, now before them for their votes, were more capable, fit and proper men for office than their Republican opponents; but no amount of erudition, mathematical skill, or cheek, with allopathy added, can rub out this patent fact, that, with Democratic rule, taxes in Cecil have more than doubled. This is that "damned spot" that will not "out." TAX PAYER.

THE PARKER GUN.—In another column will be found the advertisement of the justly celebrated Parker Gun of which a few words of its history will be interesting to Sportsmen. In 1865 while breech loading shot guns were in their infancy the energetic firm of Parker Bros. of West Meriden, Conn., of which the well known manufacturer, Mr. Charles Parker is the head, anticipated the wants of the Sportsmen and commenced the manufacture of their gun, since which time their motto has been onward, and with firm and determined perseverance, their success has been wonderful, and to day their gun occupies the most prominent position in the front ranks of all breech loaders, and all sportsmen who study their own interest will obtain and examine their circular before purchasing any other gun. The hundreds of testimonials from the best sportsmen given in favor together with our knowledge of it, justifies us in giving it our hearty endorsement as the best and most popular gun in use.

Natural Decay—Protect the System.

The human body is a machine, and therefore cannot endure forever; but, like a watch or a sewing machine, it will last much longer if properly regulated and duly repaired, than if no pains were taken to keep it in order. The great object of every one who desires a long and healthy life should be to put his body in a condition to resist the life-threatening influences by which we are all more or less surrounded; and no invigorant or corrective at present known so effectively answers this purpose as the vitalizing elixir which, under the unpretending name of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, has been for more than twenty years the standard tonic of America. In crowded cities, where the atmosphere is contaminated with the effluvia inseparable from large populations; in marshy regions, where the soggy soil reeks with miasma; on the prairies and in the forests, where every fall the air is tainted with exhalations from rotting weeds and grasses, or decomposing leaves—in short, in every locality where malaria exists, this powerful vegetable antidote is urgently needed. Fever and ague, bilious fevers, dysentery, congestion of the liver, jaundice, rheumatism, and all diseases which are generated by infected air, impure water, or sudden changes of temperature, may be averted by strengthening and regulating the system in advance with Hostetter's Bitters. Autumn is always a season of peril, especially to weak, susceptible organizations. Even the more vigorous are apt to be in some measure depressed by the humid atmosphere, loaded with deleterious gases produced by vegetable decay.—The fall is a period of the year when the renovation and regulation of the living machine is peculiarly important, and the Bitters should therefore be taken daily at this critical season.

LARGE SHIPMENTS OF GRAIN.—The West is now literally pouring its new grain into the market, 1,614 car-loads of grain having passed over the Mississippi River Railroad bridge at Davenport and Rock Island for Chicago or the East, Sept. 1 and 2. That city is being flooded with grain arriving by rail and canal, but it nevertheless continues to bring fair prices. The grain receipts at that city on Sept. 1 were 1,975 car-loads, and of these 1,123 were wheat. In addition to these, receipts by canal were 149,100 bushels, principally of corn.

"OUT, DAMNED SPOT!"—The energetic exclamation of Macbeth is mentally ejaculated by every housewife when confronted by the manifold variety of stains and spots that disfigure articles of household ornament and use. But the "spots" are not so easy to remove by ordinary means. A little Sapolio brought into timely use causes them all to disappear as if by magic, and bring peace and satisfaction to the housewife mind. As cheap as common soap and a hundred times more effective.

A TRUE BALSAM.—Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is truly a balsam. It contains the balsamic principle of the Wild Cherry, the balsamic properties of tar and of pine. Its ingredients are all balsamic. Coughs, Colds, Sore Throats, Bronchitis, and Consumption speedily disappear under its balsamic influence.

—Rev. Wm. H. Chapman, Pastor of M. E. Church, Georgetown, D. C., writes:—"Having had an opportunity to test the excellent qualities of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, I hesitate not to say, it is the best remedy I have ever used in my family."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TRUSTEES' SALE
OF A
HIGHLY DESIRABLE FARM,
Near Rowlandsville, in Cecil county.

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Cecil county, in chancery, the undersigned, as Trustees, will offer at Public Sale, at Smith's Hotel, in Port Deposit, Cecil county, Md., on

Saturday, the 8th day of November, 1873,

ALL THAT FARM,

NOW OWNED BY RICHARD D HALL, and containing

128 1-2 ACRES OF LAND,

MORE OR LESS.

This Farm is situated on the road from Rowlandsville to Conowingo, one mile from the former place, which is a Station on the Philadelphia and Baltimore Central Railroad, and adjoins lands of Dr. W. B. Rowland, W. E. Porter, heirs of Commodore Connor and others.

The improvements consist of a good BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, large frame Barn, with Carriage-house and other outbuildings.

The land is of excellent quality, conveniently divided into fields, and well watered. There is a good supply of Fruit on the farm. The neighborhood is good, and churches, schools, stores and mills are convenient.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale; one other third in one year thereafter, and the balance in two years from day of sale. Credit payments to bear interest from day of sale and be secured to satisfaction of Trustees.

☞Sale to commence at 2 o'clock P. M.

W. J. JONES,
L. M. HAINES,
Trustees.

Oct 11, 1873—ts

TRUSTEES' SALE.

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Cecil county, in chancery, and passed in the case of Richard L. Thomas vs. John Moore and others, the undersigned were appointed Trustees to sell the Real Estate therein decreed to be sold, will offer at Public Sale, at the Court House door, Cecil county, Maryland, on

Thursday, the 6th day of November, 1873,

AT 11 O'CLOCK A. M., ALL THAT

Tract, Piece or Parcel of Land,

situate, lying and being in the Fifth Election District, and containing

180 ACRES OF LAND,

MORE OR LESS.

Being the same Real Estate which was conveyed unto the late Robert Thackery and Sarah Thackery, his widow, as tenants in common, by William Knotts and wife, by deed dated March 29th, 1849, and recorded in Liber G. McC., No. 16, folio 316, &c., one of the Land Record Books of Cecil county, aforesaid.

The Trustees will sell all the undivided interest in said Real Estate of which the late Robert Thackery died seized, and also all the interest of the said Sarah Thackery therein.

The land is of excellent quality and well timbered, and located in a pleasant neighborhood.

TERMS OF SALE—One-third of the purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale; the balance in equal instalments of Six and Twelve months from the day of sale, to be secured by the Bonds of the purchaser, with approved security, and to bear interest from the day of sale.

Costs of deed, &c., to be paid by purchaser.

HIRAM McCULLOUGH,
REUBEN HAINES,
Trustee.

Oct 11, 1873—ts

NOTICE

Is hereby given to the creditors of the late Robert Thackery to file their claims, with vouchers thereto annexed, with the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Cecil county, within Four months from the day of sale.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
MORTGAGED PROPERTY

By virtue of a power contained in a Mortgage from Richard F. Biddle to Robert C. Levis, dated the third day of April, 1873, and recorded among the Mortgage Records of Cecil county, in Liber D. S., No. 9, folio 311, &c., the undersigned will offer at Public Sale, on

Saturday, the 8th day of November, 1873,

at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Court House door, in Elkton, all that

VALUABLE FARM,

OR TRACT OF LAND, in Cecil county, whereon the said Richard F. Biddle now resides, comprising two separate parcels: No. 1 containing

30 Acres and 33 Square Perches,

more less. No. 2 containing

23 Acres, 2 Roods and 25 Square Perches,

more or less.

This property possesses many advantages, and is worthy the attention of any one desiring to invest in Real Estate.

The improvements upon No. 1 consist of a large two-story Frame DWELLING HOUSE, large Barn, Corn-houses, Carriage-house, Cart and Wagon-house, Stables for horses and cows, Hog-pen; also, new two-story Frame TENANT HOUSE and other usual outbuildings.

No. 2 has no buildings upon it.

All this Farm or tract of land is under cultivation; also under complete fence and hedging, and is highly improved, yielding splendid crops of grain and produce.

This desirable Farm is located about one mile south-east of Elkton, adjoining lands of Dr. H. H. Mitchell, Tobias Rudulph and R. C. Levis, and in the immediate vicinity of the residence of Hon. John A. J. Creswell.

TERMS OF SALE, prescribed by the Mortgage, are cash; but in order to give better advantages the Assignees have determined to alter the terms so as to require one-third of the purchase money in cash on day of sale; one-third in Three months, and the residue in Six months. The credit payments to bear interest from day of sale. The purchaser to pay for writing and recording deed.

NOBLE T. BIDDLE,
WILLIAM J. JONES,
Assignees.

Oct 11, 1873—ts

TRUSTEES' SALE

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Cecil county, in chancery, we will sell, as Trustees, on

Tuesday, the 11th day of November, 1873,

at 1 o'clock P. M., at the Court House door, in Elkton, all those

Two Tracts or Parcels of Land,

situated in Cecil county, Maryland, of which John Markey, late of Cecil county, died seized.

No. 1. BEING THE

HOME FARM,

on which said Markey resided at the time of his death, adjoining lands of James L. Foard and others, and lying on both sides of the road from Cherry Hill to Newark, about five miles north of Elkton, and one mile north of Elk Mills cotton factories, in one of the most improving portions of the county, and contains

128 ACRES and 28 PERCHES OF LAND,

more or less. About 22 acres are in WOOD, with an abundance of chestnut timber. The residue of the land is in first-rate cultivation, well fenced, and very productive. The DWELLING HOUSE is of Stone, in good order. There is also on the premises a frame Barn, Smoke house, Carriage house and other necessary outbuildings. Also a fine young Apple Orchard in full bearing.

The proximity of this property to three large cotton mills in full operation, furnishes a home market for all kinds of farm produce.

No. 2. CONTAINS

50 ACRES, MORE OR LESS;

is situated on the road from Chestnut Hill road to Philadelphia turnpike, about three miles east of Elkton.—It was formerly owned by Jacob Pinck, and has recently been occupied by his widow up to the time of her death. This tract has on it a FRAME HOUSE, also a Barn and some other outbuildings.

TERMS OF SALE: prescribed by the decree, are:—That one-third of the purchase money be paid in cash on day of sale; one other third in Nine months, and the residue in Eighteen months thereafter. The credit payments to bear interest from day of sale, and to be secured to the satisfaction of the Trustees. Upon No. 1 there is a mortgage of fifteen hundred dollars, and the purchaser can no doubt arrange with the Mortgagee for a long time on this mortgage.

WILLIAM J. JONES,
L. MARSHALL HAINES,
Trustees.

Oct 11, 1873—ts

EXECUTOR'S SALE
OF
Real Estate and Mill Property,
IN CECIL COUNTY, MD.

The subscribers will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, near Brick Meeting House, on

Tuesday, October the 28th, inst.,

TWO TRACTS OF LAND,

WITH VALUABLE WATER POWER on each, belonging to the estate of Eli Hurford, deceased:

No. 1. CONTAINS

142 ACRES OF LAND, more or less,

situated on the west side of North East creek; a large portion of which is in Meadows and well calculated for Dairy purposes; with a fair proportion of upland and timber land. The improvements consist of a large **Flouring and Grist and Saw Mill,** run by North East Creek, and one of the best stands on the stream; a large STONE MANSION; two Tenant Houses; Barn, Wagon-house, Fruit Orchard, &c.

No. 2. CONTAINS

88 ACRES OF LAND, more or less,

situated on the east side of said creek; a greater part of which land is improved, a portion being meadow and woodland. A branch of the North East creek runs through this tract, affording a good Water Power, formerly used as a Bark mill. The improvements consist of a good FRAME DWELLING, Tenant House, Barn, Wagon-house, &c.

Both tracts are of excellent quality of soil, and convenient to railroad, churches, schools, &c.

☞J. E. Hurford, residing on the premises, will show persons over these farms, who may wish to view them before the day of sale.

TERMS, which will be liberal, made known on day of sale.

JOB HAINES,
H. H. HAINES,
Executors of Eli Hurford, deceased.

Rising Sun, Oct 11, 1873—ts

PERSONAL PROPERTY.

Also, on *same day, on said premises*, commencing at 10 o'clock A. M., will be sold the following Personal Property, to-wit:

Several good HORSES and MARES, 1 good Yoke of OXEN; several good COWS and Young Cattle; a lot of HOGS; 1 good two-horse Power and Thresher, 2 Grain Fans (Van Wickle and Eureka,) 1 Buckeye Reaper and Mower, 1 steel-tooth Horse Rake, Wheel and other Cultivators, Plows, Harrows, 2 Road Wagons, 2 Ox Carts, 1 Roller, Grain Cradles, Harness, Rye Straw, &c.

Also, HOUSEHOLD and KITCHEN FURNITURE, such as Tables, Chairs, Bedsteads, Stoves, &c.

TERMS of sale of Personal Property.—All sums of Ten Dollars and under, cash, over that sum, a credit of Six months, with approved security, on Note.

GUNS, TACKLE & AMMUNITION.

JUST RECEIVED—A supply of Double-Barreled Shot Guns, Gunning Bags, Shot Pouches, Powder Flask, Water-Proof Caps, Wads, Ammunition, &c., and for sale at low prices, by H. C. NESBITT & CO.
Oct 4, 1873—2m PORT DEPOSIT, MD.

COAL.—The Celebrated Baltimore Company Coal for Family Use, on hand and for sale. D. SCOTT & BRO

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE TO GUNNERS.

All persons are warned not to trespass on the lands of the subscribers, with Dog or Gun, as the law will be enforced against all persons so offending.

C. P. HARDING, W. H. VANZANT,
W. W. HARDING, GEORGE D. SPENCE,
Oct 11, 1873—3w* THOMAS BROWN.

NOTICE TO GUNNERS.

All persons are warned not to trespass upon the premises of the subscribers, with Dog or Gun, as the law will be rigidly enforced against them.

J. O. McCORMICK, JANE THOMPSON,
ELIZABETH BURLIN, L. & S. H. COULSON,
Oct 11, 1873—4w JUGURTHA HALL.

Wm. H. MICHAEL & SONS,
GRAIN AND PRODUCE
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
125 McELDERRY'S WHARF,
BALTIMORE.

REFER TO—Dr. W. B. Rowland, Rowlandsville; John S. Everist, Esq., Port Deposit; Dr. W. J. Evans, Perryville, and many other citizens of Cecil county.
Oct 11, 1873—6m.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONCERT.

A CONCERT OF SACRED MUSIC
FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE
Sunday School of Elkton M. E. Church,
WILL BE GIVEN AT THE CHURCH, ON
THURSDAY & FRIDAY EVENINGS,
October 16th and 17th instant, by
MR. R. F. BUELL
AND HIS THREE CHILDREN,
OF WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND.

For testimonials of artistic merit see circulars.
ADMITTANCE, 25 cents. Children, 15 cents.
Oct 11, 1873—1w

NEW STOCK OPENING!
Selling at the Decline in Prices!
CALL AND SEE!
AT
DRENNEN & BRO.'S

DRESS GOODS, Cloths, Cassimeres, Kerseys, Flannels, Tickings, Muslins, Notions, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Shades.

COFFEE, Sugars, Teas, Spices, Fruits Canned, &c.

1,000 pairs of Men's, Ladies', Misses and Children's

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Oct 11, 1873—tf

NOTICE.

DAVID T. DEVELINE
vs.
HANNAH A. SMITH AND OTHERS.

In the Circuit Court for Cecil county. In chancery.

ORDERED, This 8th day of October, in the year 1873, that the sale made and reported by W. J. Jones and L. M. Haines, Trustees for the sale of the mortgaged Real Estate of John Smith, deceased, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 8th day of December, next; provided, a copy of this Order be inserted in some newspaper published in Cecil county once a week for one month before the 8th day of November, next.

The Report states the amount of sales to be $1,800.00.

DAVID SCOTT, Clerk.
True copy; test, DAVID SCOTT,
Oct 11, 1873—1m Clerk.

OPENING
FOR
FALL & WINTER
OF—1873—OF

Ladies' Suits,
Costumes, Cloaks,
Shawls and Furs.

All the latest and most desirable FOREIGN NOVELTIES for LADIES' WEAR, together with those of our own manufacture.

Ladies' — Black, Colored and Fancy — Underwear.

SILK SUITS AND CLOAKS.
VELVET SUITS and CLOAKS.
PARIS SUITS and CLOAKS.
BERLIN SUITS and CLOAKS.
EVENING SUITS and CLOAKS.
MOURNING SUITS and CLOAKS.
FUR SUITS and CLOAKS.

AGNEW & ENGLISH,
839 CHESTNUT STREET,
Opposite Continental Hotel, and
29 SOUTH NINTH STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.

The only house on Chestnut street devoted exclusively to this class of Goods.

Will remove on 1st January next, 1874, to No. 920 Chestnut Street, in the square above.
Oct 11, 1873—3m

NOTICE.

ELIZA RICKETTS
vs.
SAMUEL B. FOARD et al.

In the Circuit Court for Cecil county. In Chancery No. 508, D. S.

The object of this Bill to procure a decree for the sale of certain Mortgaged Real Estate in Cecil county.

The Bill states that on the 2nd day of September, 1862, the said Foard conveyed certain real estate described in said Bill and exhibit, to the plaintiff to secure the payment of the sum of $2,000.00 with interest thereon; that said sum of money with interest thereon from March 2nd, 1873, except the sum of $10.38 remains due and owing; that Mary Hollingsworth, Henry S. Cou on and Jacob Tome hold mortgages upon said property; that Anna E. Scott, William Cochran, the National Bank of Elkton, Henry W. Archer, Thomas Drennen, Jos. Veach, D. P. McDowell & Co., Garretson Blakemore & Co., Floyd Bruff & Co., Chas. B. Finley, The Singer Manufacturing Co., S. M. Anderson & Son, Samuel Hibber, George & Co., Cauffman & Chew, and Jacob Tome, have judgments against the said Samuel B. Foard in the Circuit Court for Cecil county; that said Foard has since assigned all his property for the benefit of his creditors to Jacob Tome; and that the said William Cochran, D. P. McDowell & Co., Garretson Blakemore & Co., The Singer Manufacturing Company, Samuel M. Anderson & Son, Samuel Hibber, George & Co., and Cauffman & Chew are non-residents.

It is thereupon ordered by the Court this fourth day of October, 1873, that the complainant cause a copy of this order, together with the object and substance of the Bill, to be inserted in some newspaper published in Cecil county, Maryland, once a week for one month, before the eight day of November next, giving notice to the said absent defendants and warning them to appear in this Court in person or solicitor on or before the eight day of February next, to show cause, if any they have, why a decree ought to pass as prayed.

DAVID SCOTT, Clerk.
True copy; test, DAVID SCOTT,
October 11, 1873—1m. Clerk.

"How is Your Health?"

DR. SWAYNE'S TAR PILLS

ARE THE BEST **Cathartic.** Most perfect purgative Aperient, anti-Billious and Cathartic Medicine, for headache, piles, fits, fevers, disordered liver, costiveness, and to purify the blood, and cleanse the stomach and bowels of all impurities.

IF YOU HAVE A SICK HEADACHE, TRY THEM.
IF YOU ARE LOW SPIRITED, TRY THEM.
IF YOU FEEL DROWSY, TRY THEM.
IF YOUR BREATH IS BAD, TRY THEM.

Imperfect or disordered action of the liver speedily relieved by

DR. SWAYNE'S TAR PILLS.

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne & Sons, Philadelphia. Sold Wholesale and Retail at FRAZER'S Drug Store, Post Office building, Elkton, Md.

CURE YOUR COUGH,
AND AVOID
CONSUMPTION.
THE GREAT REMEDY,
Dr. Swayne's
"WILD CHERRY SYRUP,"
FOR THE
LUNGS.

"My Cough Racks Me to Pieces,"

Gasps the victim of that distressing complaint and promoter of consumption. Why persons will jeopardize their lives while they have a sure remedy in "Swayne's Wild Cherry Syrup," is past our comprehension. Cures Bronchitis, Asthma, Spitting of Blood, Nervous Debility, all Throat, Breast and Lung complaints. Builds up the weak and broken down constitution. Prepared only by Dr. Swayne & Son, 330 North Sixth street, Philadelphia.

Sold Wholesale and Retail at FRAZER'S Drug Store, Post Office building, Elkton, Md.

SKIN DISEASES.

"Swayne's Ointment" (repeated fifteen times) — CURES ITCH! **TETTER,** Cures Salt Rheum! **Itching Piles,** Every form of dry, scaly crusty Tetter and all **SKIN DISEASES.**

☞As a Blood Purifier and Cure for Scrofulous Complaints, use our world renowned☜

Dr. SWAYNE'S PANACEA.

Sold Wholesale and Retail at FRAZER'S Drug Store, Post Office building, Elkton, Md.

RESTORES GRAY or Faded Hair.

London		Hair Color	The only	Restorer
London		Hair Color		Restorer
London	LIFE	Hair Color	Infallible	Restorer
London		Hair Color		Restorer
London	GROWTH	Hair Color	Hair	Restorer
London		Hair Color		Restorer
London	BEAUTY.	Hair Color	Restorer.	Restorer
London		Hair Color		Restorer

LONDON HAIR COLOR.
RESTORER and DRESSING.

It promotes the GROWTH, *restores the* COLOR *and increases the Vigor and* BEAUTY *of the* HAIR.

Price, 75 Cents a Bottle.
Sold Wholesale and Retail at FRAZER'S Drug Store, Post Office building, Elkton, Md. [Oct 11, 1873—1y

PHILADELPHIA.

MICROSCOPES

No more entertaining or instructive occupation for a Winter's evening can be imagined than in examining various objects with a Microscope. We have succeeded in so simplifying and cheapening them that they are now within the reach of all, and can be used by any one. A full illustrated description of those here enumerated will be mailed free to any address if applied for; or our large Illustrated Catalogue of 118 pages, containing descriptions of every kind of MICROSCOPES, TELESCOPES, OPERA GLASSES, SPECTACLES, &c., will be mailed to any address, for TEN CENTS. Address,

JAMES W. QUEEN & CO.,
924 Chestnut Street, PHILADELPHIA. | 100 Broadway, NEW YORK.

QUEEN'S CHILD'S MICROSCOPE.

This is a *simple* Microscope; can be used by any child. Magnifies Seven Hundred times.
Price........ $3.50.

Queen's School Microscope.

A *simple* Microscope also; but with more elaborate attachments. Magnifies 1,600 times.
Price........ $6.00.

QUEEN'S HOUSEHOLD MICROSCOPE.

A *Compound* Microscope; magnifies 10,000 times.—Will show all the Animalculæ in water, and other Phenomena, requiring considerable magnifying power to show.
Sept 13, 1873—16w

Piles or Hemorrhoidal Tumors.

All kinds *positively, perfectly and permanently cured* by "ABSORPTION," without pain, danger, caustic or instruments, by

W. A. McCANDLISS, M. D, & SON,
No. 2001 ARCH STREET, Philadelphia.
☞BEST OF REFERENCE GIVEN TO PERSONS CURED.
Mar 8, 1873—1y

BENJAMIN C. HOPPER,
DEALER IN
DIAMONDS,
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,
SILVER AND PLATED WARE.
1320 Chestnut St., South Side,
PHILADELPHIA.

Particular attention given to Repairing all kinds of Watches, Clocks, Music Boxes and Jewelry.

N. B.—A new arrival of BOHEMIAN, VIENNA and ENGLISH PLATED GOODS; also FRENCH CLOCKS and BRONZES suitable for HOLIDAY and BRIDAL PRESENTS. [Nov 23, 1872—1y

Blatchley's Improved Cucumber Wood PUMP.

TRADE B MARK Patented.

Tasteless, Durable, Efficient and Cheap. The best Pump for the least money. Attention is especially invited to Blatchley's Patent Improved Bracket and New Drop Check Valve, which can be withdrawn without removing the Pump or disturbing the joints. Also, the Copper Chamber, which never cracks or scales, and will outlast any other. For sale by Dealers everywhere. Send for Catalogue and Price-List.

CHAS. G. BLATCHLEY, M'f'r,
506 Commerce St., Philada., Pa.
JOHN E. ALEXANDER & BRO., Agents,
Sept 14, 1872—1y Elkton, Md.

Send for ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE and examine our prices before **purchasing,** as we claim to sell **lower than other establishment in the City.**

REMEMBER the NUMBER.

1236 Ridge Avenue, Philadelphia.
June 14, 1873—1y

A complete Stock of Choice Selections in every Department offered at Special prices, during the Summer season, while making alterations.

No 1124 CHESTNUT ST.
ROBBINS CLARK & BIDDLE

JEWELRY, STERLING SILVER
Watches, Plated Goods, Cutlery,
Clocks, Bronzs and Fancy Goods.
July 12, 1873—36w

CHRISTMAS GOODS,
J. E. CALDWELL & Co.
902 Chestnut Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

HAVE NOW READY THEIR MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF

Holiday Goods.

Jewelry, Watches, Silverware,
FANCY GOODS,
EUROPEAN NOVELTIES.
ATTRACTIVE GOODS AT
MODERATE FIXED PRICES.
902 CHESTNUT ST. 902
dec 14, 1872.

ALLEN'S
DRIED AND GROUND.
Fish Guano.
A Reliable Manure For All Crops.
SEE THAT EVERY BAG HAS OUR TRADE MARK.

T. H. GRAY'S
Super-Phosphate of Lime.

No. 1 PERVIAN GUANO,
Received direct from the Government.

FINE GROUND PRAIRIE BONE.

Josiah J. Allen's Sons,
No. 4 South Delaware Avenue, PHILADELPHIA.
Aug. 2, 1873—3m.

WINTER STORES.

RYE WHISKY,
$4.00 a gallon. $11.00 a dozen.

YELLOW SEAL SHERRY,
In large bottles, $11.00 a dozen.

GOLD SEAL BRANDY,
$18.00 a dozen.

APPLE JACK,
JAMAICA RUM,
SCOTCH WHISKY,
CATAWBA WINE,
OLD PORT WINE,
CHAMPAGNES,
CIGARS, &c.

H. & A. C. VAN BEIL,
The Wine Merchants,
1310 Chestnut Street,
Oct 4, 1873—3m PHILADELPHIA.

PACIFIC GUANO.

Interesting to Wheat Growers.

The Analysis of Wheat and Straw show:

Phosphate of Magnesia	12.03
Phosphate of Lime	49.31

Messrs. Moss & Bruckner, Analytical Chemists, report as follows:

Orchilla Guano contains

Phosphate of Magnesia	11.59
Phosphate of Lime, over	55.00

ORCHILLA for sale by
Aug 30, 1873 D. SCOTT & BRO.

THE *Bryant & Stratton*
BUSINESS COLLEGE,
ASSEMBLY BUILDING, S. W. COR. TENTH AND CHESTNUT STREETS.
Entrance, 108 South Tenth St., below Chestnut,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Scholarships good in 46 Colleges in the United States and Canadas. Actual business transactions between the students of the different Institutions. Individual instruction. No vacations. Students received at any time. For particulars, call or send for Catalogue.
Aug. 2, 1873—6m.

FALL OPENING
OF
Boots AND Shoes.

T. W. THACKERY,
(SUCCESSOR TO GEO. S. HAGANY,)

NO. 2 WEST SECOND ST.,
WILMINGTON, DEL.

Come Everybody who wants good Boots and Shoes
FOR LITTLE MONEY.

EVERYTHING FRESH AND NEW.
WE ARE ALIVE TO THE WANTS OF THE AGE!
MONEY SAVED BY TRADING WITH US.

Aug 23, 1873—3m ☞DON'T FORGET THE PLACE—HAGANY'S OLD STAND.☜

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GGGGG  L        A       SSSSS  SSSSS
G   G  L       A A      S    S S    S
G      L      A   A     S      S
G      L     A     A     SSSS   SSSS
G  GG  L     A AAA A         S      S
G   G  L    A       A   S   SS S   SS
GGGGG  LLLLL A      A   SSSSS  SSSSS

FFFFFF RRRRR    OO    NN    N TTTTTTT
F      R    R  O  O   NN N  N    T
F      R    R O    O  N N  N     T
FFF    RRRRR  O    O  N  N N     T
F      R   R  O    O  N   NN     T
F      R    R  O  O   N    NN    T
F      R    R   OO    N    NN    T
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ANNOUNCEMENT!
ANNOUNCEMENT!
ANNOUNCEMENT!

FOR THE
FOR THE
FOR THE

SPRING
AND
SUMMER.

We beg to inform our friends and customers, and the public, that we will open on MONDAY, and every day during the week a large assortment of all kinds of

FINE DRESS GOODS

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L      EEEEEE  V     V  H  SSSSS
L      E        V   V   H  S   S
L      E        V   V   H  S
L      EEE       V V    H   SSSS
L      E         V V    H      S
L      E          VV    H  S   S
LLLLLL EEEEEE      V    H  SSSSS
```

may 24, 1873.

WING & SON'S
PIANOS.
[Successors to DOANE, WING & CUSHING.]

"THE AMERICAN PIANO."

FIRST PREMIUMS. Illinois State Fair, 1870. Alabama State Fair, 1871. Ohio State Fair, 1871 & 1872. Texas State Fair, 1872. Numerous County Fairs.

From Mr. Edward Hoffman, the celebrated Pianist.
"I conscientiously believe that your Piano is in every respect *a most magnificent instrument.*"

From the "Independent."
"The American Piano has deservedly become a very popular instrument."

Purchasers' testimonials from all parts of the U. S. *Warranted Seven* [7] *Years.*

Prices Low for the Quality.

Responsible Agents wanted for unoccupied territory. In localities where agencies are not *yet* established until such are established, we will sell Pianos to the public at Factory Wholesale prices. Send for circulars to

WING & SON, Broome Street, New York.

ATTRACTIVE! NEAT! SUBSTANTIAL!

Fall Styles Ready!

MEN'S YOUTH'S BOY'S **READY-MADE CLOTHING.**

☞ *All Purchasers of Good Clothing are* ***RECOMMENDED*** *to supply their wants for the Fall and Winter Season from the Magnificent Stock of Elegant All Wool Garments*

NOW ARRANGED FOR INSPECTION
In the Spacious Salesrooms of Oak Hall.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,
OAK HALL,

Prices Remarkably Low! Samples, with Easy Rules for Self-Measurement sent to any address when written for.

THE LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN AMERICA,
S. E. Cor. Sixth and Market Sts.,
Philadelphia.

D. L. STANTON,
(*Successor to STANTON & MOORE,*)

DEALER IN

TOBACCOS AND CIGARS,

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
IN THE "HOLLOW."
SIGN of the "RED POSTS,"
OPPOSITE THE "BEE HIVE."
may 4, 1872—tf

CLOTHING.

FRESH STOCK
Fall and Winter Clothing
For Men's and Boys' Wear.
ALSO, A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
Gents' Furnishing Goods,
HATS, CAPS, &c.
JUST RECEIVED FROM THE CITY, AT THE
TEMPLE OF FASHION,
opposite the Bee Hive, and adjoining Stanton & Moore's Tobacco Store, in the Hollow,
MAIN STREET, ELKTON,
where you can buy 20 per cent. cheaper than anywhere else. ☞Call and see me.
M. LIEBERMAN.
Sept. 20, 1873—y

DRUMMOND LIGHT!

Examine this beautiful PARLOR STOVE. It has ten mica doors, containing twenty-five mica lights. Illuminates the whole room; has a self-cleaning clinker grate, free from dust. A great heater, with small consumption of coal. Send for circulars. For sale by

STUART, PETERSON & CO.,
Broad and Noble Sts., Phila.

NEW RESTAURANT.

The undersigned has leased the Restaurant lately fitted up at considerable expense by the owner, situated on

MAIN STREET, ELKTON,

(opposite the Howard House,) and intends to keep a first-class

Liquor, Lager Beer & Refreshment Saloon.

Having had much experience in the business, both in Delaware City and Wilmington, Del., all who will call and give him a trial will be convinced that he means what he says, and therefore asks for a share of the public patronage, at the Eldon Hall Refreshment Saloon.

JOHN STOECKLEIN,
(Late of the Commercial Hotel, Wilmington, Del.
Aug 30, 1873—3m

WATER **N. F. BURNHAMS'** WHEEL
NEW TURBINE
Has been tested at YORK, PENN'A., by
D. M. ETTINGER, C. E.,
and at HOLYOKE, MASS., by
JAS. EMERSON, H. E.
☞For Pamphlet and Test Report, address N. F. BURNHAM, York, P.