The Cecil Whig

ELKTON, APRIL 19, 1873.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

Prospecting for the Railroad.—On Tuesday last, President Jacob Tome, of the Elkton and Massoys Railroad Company, and Chief Engineer Wingate, with a party of other gentlemen, made an examination of the points about Elkton, preparatory to locating the road. On Monday, 28th inst., the Engineer announced that he would commence the location of the road, taking Elkton for a starting point.

Uncle Tom's Cabin.—Sanford placed Uncle Tom's Cabin on the Elkton stage, Wednesday and Thursday nights, with entire success. The last night the Hall was filled to overflowing. Everybody almost was familiar with the great novel of Mrs. Stowe, and knew that it ranked first-class as a drama. A good play will draw a good house in Elkton, but catch-penny exhibitions get small encouragement.

The Steamer C. P. Smith, Capt. Brown, will resume her trips between Baltimore and Elk Landing on Monday next, arriving at Elk Landing about 5 o'clock P. M., and leaving the next morning at 8 o'clock.—This enterprise will doubtless receive encouragement sufficient to sustain it if the boat continues to make regular trips. A great deal of trade on Elk river will find this the most convenient medium to reach market. The completion of Elk Neck road ought to increase the trade at the Landing.

Annual Meeting.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Elkton Building Society and the election of officers to serve for the ensuing year was held on Saturday night last. The Auditors' Report, which will be found elsewhere, shows the Society to be in a very prosperous condition.

The following officers were chosen for the ensuing year: President, Dr. R. C. Mackall; vice-President, P. C. Strickland; Treasurer, Reuben Haines; Secretary, H. H. Gilpin; Directors, J. T. McCullough, John Perkins, Jr., James H. Jackson, Jacob Rambo, D. Scott, C. McCullough and John Partridge.

Town Commissioners.—The first Monday in May is the day when the *important* election takes place to fill the *responsible* office of Town Commissioner. It behooves the citizens to select live, discreet men. While the subject of town government is up we would suggest that the curbstone ordinance has not been carried out. Every property holder, who had new curbing furnished by the town, was required to execute some kind of non-descript bond to pave within a certain time. We see a great deal of the curbing sticking up high and dry with no pavements laid. We think those bonds must be forfeited and ought to be sued out!

Terrible Fall.—A fearful accident, the evident result of rashness and recklessness, occurred at Newark, Del., on Friday last. James Bush, son of Dr. L. P. Bush, of Wilmington, while trying to hide from a fellow student, climbed to the top of the College cupola, by means of the lattice work outside, there being no other means of ascent. Then trying to ascend the second time, one of the slats gave way in his grasp, allowing him to fall backwards, striking the roof of the main building which is about twenty feet below, thence sliding to the edge, he fell to the ground, which is about thirty-five feet, making in all a fall of fifty-five feet. The injuries are of a very serious character, but it is thought he will recover.

Sargent & Co.'s Combination Show exhibited at the Odd Fellows' Hall in this place on Saturday, Monday and Tuesday evenings last. The exhibition was very poorly patronized, and it is almost useless for itinerant shows to stop at Elkton. Our people do not seem to have a taste for this sort of thing any more. Sargent & Co.'s was a very neat little show. Prof. Fabian's tricks in magic were well performed, the performance of Ole Bull Myres on the violin was first-class; and the feats of the educated Canary Birds were wonderful. The gifts which are an attractive feature of this show, were dispensed with the same fairness and liberality as though the Hall had been crowded. The capital prize given away to the holder of the highest numbered ticket, was a silver watch on the first two nights, and a ton of coal the last night. Five blanks and one prize was the proportion of gifts and this rule was rigidly adhered to. Cheap jewelry was discarded, and useful articles were distributed as prizes. One lady got a lawn dress pattern; a washboard was handed to a ticket-holder which Mr. Rowbotham facetiously pronounced a kitchen piano; A broom, fruit-dish and sundry useful articles were distributed among the ticket-holders.

North East Items.

Ferocious Steer.—Considerable excitement occurred on Friday last over a very wild and wicked steer, driven through town by Mr. Roney the butcher, bought of Mr. Samuel Harris, near Bay View. Several persons were nearly gored by the animal, who finally broke loose from his captors, swam the river into the marsh, and with much difficulty was caught, roped, and pulled across the river and slaughtered.

Gone.—The mud scow and steam-tug, moved majestically out of the creek yesterday, having completed their contract and expended the appropriation. We have now a good channel, 6 by 60 feet wide up to the wharf; free communication with the outer world. We anticipate a good trade the coming season. The boats were destined to Wharton creek, some 40 miles down the bay to engage in clearing channel of said creek. The crew were a good set of fellows and we hope them success wherever they may go.

Sale of Building Lots.—We understand that Chas. Perkins, our enterprising Townsman has negotiated with a city party for the sale or exchange of some 25 or 30 building lots on the south end of town. The company propose building on them soon.

Pavement Completed.—The two ends of the disconnected pavement is finally completed. We now have a good and substantial brick pavement from the church to Simpers' corner, on the Elkton road.

New Fence.—Mr. Caleb Veazey is having erected a neat and substantial fence around his dwelling on Main street.

Elopement.—A young gentleman living in the neighborhood of Upper Principio, found favor in the eyes of a blooming young lady of Charlestown, the latter's consent being obtained, they agreed to become one. Fearing objections from the parents of the young lady on account of her youth, they by as tragetic movement, outflanked their parents, wended their way to a minister on the hill, who united them for better or for worse—we wish them success.

Shade Trees.—Mr. L. W. Thomas and Mr. Shanks, have removed their large shade trees, to make room for others of a better kind. The town Commissioners have ordered 50 Norway maples to be planted on the line of the new pavement, which will add to the beauty and comfort of the town.

Sold.—McCracken & Bro. have sold their scow to parties in Baltimore. They intend to have another built at an early date to ply between here and Baltimore.

Chesapeake City Items.

Flourishing.—Business is, from appearances, better now than this time last year. Our merchants have nearly all laid in their new stocks of Spring goods.

New Business.—W. T. Cane has located himself on Bohemia avenue, where he purposes to furnish mankind with new soles, and heel the old ones, and place them upright on their understandings and send them on their ways rejoicing.

Reading.—Rev. G. R. Bristor, Pastor of the M. E. Church, is to give a Reading in the Masonic Hall, on the 24th inst., for the benefit of his church in this place.

Improvements.—Capt. Smithers has erected a porch in front of his dwelling, on Bohemia avenue. The new store house and dwelling of Mr. H. Cook is now about closed in.

Our Newsdealer.—Mr. James Vaughan is about to close the business. Our town will greatly miss the daily and weekly supplies of periodicals, as well as various other literary works. We hope some one as accomodating and efficient as Mr. V. may succeed him.

Fishing is quite a business among us at present, and is carried on extensively. Herring are plentiful at 75 cents to one dollar per hundred. Some fine shad have been in the market, but prices high.

Easter was observed in the churches of our town by appropriate services.

Show.—Prof. Rider with his Grand Moral Show appeared in our town on Wednesday night last. The weather being unfavorable, it was not as largely attended as it might otherwise have been. The public display of music by the band was good.

Markets.—Flour per bbl., $10,00@$10,50; Butter, 35 cts. per lb.; Eggs, 20cts. per doz.; Lard, 10½@12 cts. per lb.; Potatoes, $1,25@$1,40 per bushel.

Port Deposit Items.

Improvements.—Wm. F. A. Foster is erecting a fine new house and furniture store, combined, just below the M. E. Church. Mr. E. D. McClenahan has just finished a beautiful and substantial stone wall on the front of his lot, the ground rising in terraces to his dwelling, which gives his yard a fine appearance. J. H. Pugh & Co. have rebuilt their lumber sheds which were washed away by the flood.

High Water.—The river has been so high the steamboat could not make her regular trips, having to lay here from Wednesday of last week, till Monday of this. The water is down so that she now makes her regular trips.

Fishing.—The finny tribe is becoming quite plentiful in town. We notice shad offering at fifty cents a pair; herring twenty cents per dozen.

Trade.—Business is very dull thus far. The lumber dealers and quarry-men appear to have the lion's share of it. There are few towns of equal size that ship as large quantities of building material as this one. Granite is shipped from here to nearly every city or town of any note within several hundred miles; while our builders and lumbermen are very widely known.

Crops.—Wheat is reported as making a very promising appearance in our neighborhood. Oats are generally in, and where grass took last year it is starting well.

Removal.—Messrs. Armstrong & Co have purchased the brick warehouse of Davis & Way, and will remove it to near their foundry and rebuild it for a store warehouse. Davis & Way will build a new office.

Rising Sun Items.

Fire.—Our town was thrown into quite an excitement a few mornings ago by a chimney in the Maryland House, getting on fire. A few buckets of water squelched the affair, and we soon recovered our usual equilibrium.

Death.—On Saturday morning 12th inst. John T. Bowden, for several years, one of our most useful and enterprising citizens, departed this life. His disease, consumption, was developed mainly from inhaling hot air and smoke, during the destruction of his foundry and other buildings by fire in last July.

Apples.—The Oxford *Press* was boasting last week of having 8 different kinds of apples. There are now here at the drug store 14 different kinds, and still more to hear from.

Accident.—Ellis Duyckincks, while helping Samuel Slicer raise an addition to his barn on Tuesday last, was knocked from the top of a post by a piece of timber hitting him on the head. Dr. Hopkins was called to attend his case. After being bled he was able to be removed to his home.

Rain.—The prospect for a wet enough season, is now very flattering, we have some already complaining of too much.

Farming.—Most of the oats have been sowed; and when the weather slacks up, the balance of the corn will be husked out and more planted.

Fourth District Items.

Religious.—Rev. J. H. Johns preached a very good sermon at the "Rock," last sabbath. His remarks related principally to "Easter Sunday," and the resurrection of Christ. The Cherry Hill meeting is still in progress, services being held two and three times a week. The meetings have been very successful. There will be an election of officers at the "Big Elk" Sunday school next Sunday.

Removed.—H. H. Kimble, after spending 17 years of farm life in this district, laid down the shovel and the hoe, on Tuesday last, and moved to his new home, recently purchased at the Fox Chase, leaving his farm in charge of his sons.

Improvements—J. S. Strayhorn is going to build a new barn this Summer. Tobias Peterson proposes building a fine house on his farm recently purchased of J. T. Finley. James Moore has built a large addition to his barn. And in truth nearly every farmer in this immediate vicinity is improving by way of useful buildings, while on every hand fruit trees and plants of every variety and description are being planted in mother earth by our industrious and enterprising farmers. Truly this statement does not exactly agree in all points with the "Big Elk,s" gloomy account in the *Democrat* of last week; but if any of your readers wish to prove the matter let them ride up and spend a week with us.

The most reverend
B. B. Smith, D. D.,
PRESIDING BISHOP,
of the Episcopal Church, is expected to spend Sunday, the 20th instant, in Elkton. The services at Trinity Church will be at *half past* 10 A. M., and at *half past* 7 P. M.

The *Holy Communion* will be celebrated in the morning.

We take pleasure in announcing to our customers that a recent improvement in our machinery has enabled us to manufacture, either our usual grade of Ground Bone or one much finer than we have before offered, or than is generally to be found in the market.

Those who especially desire a prompt return the first season and yet wish to permanently improve their soil, will, we think, find this Fine Bone adopted to their wants, and themselves relieved from the necessity of resorting to munipulated fertilizers.

In filling orders, we will send the usual grade unless the extra fine is especially mentioned. Samples of either with prices, &c., sent free on application,

THOS. WARING & BRO.,
Colora, Cecil county, Md

For The Cecil Whig.

THE BURR LECTURES.

I have neither the desire nor intention of prolonging an unprofitable discussion with Mr. Burr.

I attended all his lectures, and listened attentively to all he had to say, endeavoring to pay him all the respect due from one gentleman to another.

I had been led by the previous announcement of his coming, to understand, that his purpose was to overthrow the philosophy of Darwin, and harmonize the teachings of scientific investigation with the revealed word of God, and having peculiar reasons for desiring light on that subject I attended nightly, hoping to be instructed. I was so unfortunate as to be disappointed; perhaps in consequence of my own stupidity, ignorance or incapacity to comprehend or appreciate the learned lecturer's arguments and illustrations.

I ventured to express some doubts as to the propriety of introducing such subjects in a popular lecture before a mixed audience of young and old—educated and uneducated people, for the reasons given in my former article.

In what I had to say of his Scripture references I spoke of them as "sinister." On looking into Webster, I find that word defined "weak," "imperfect," "unlucky," "inauspicious." If these terms do not apply to every reference he made to Bible texts, I am indeed ignorant and wholly unable to judge.

But the word is offensive to Mr. Burr, and we are told that "*among gentlemen such epithets are evidence of weakness, not to say ill-manners, on the part of those who use them.*"

The indignation of the lecturer at such bad manners on my part impels him to vindicate his one claim to gentility by the profuse use of such terms as "*ignorance and folly,*" "*presumption and ignorance,*" "*ignorance, bigotry and prejudice,*" and in the pride of his assumed intellectual superiority, he condescends to "pity the degradation into which my intellect has fallen by the misuse of God's sacred word!" I confess I am greatly indebted to him for his kind commiseration.

That his reference to Cain's banishment in his lecture wherein he distinctly stated that Cain found a wife among an entirely different people, was "*unlucky and inauspicious,*" seems to be tacitly admitted by the lecturer himself; for finding the record fails him, he disdains to take further notice of that point; alleging that "*the account makes no mention of any children* but Cain and Abel until after Cain's banishment,"—although Adam and Eve had lived together nearly 130 years. By way of subjecting the theory of Dr. Clarke, to which I referred, to contemptuous ridicule, Mr. Burr asserts that it makes "*the account a confused medley, with the beginning in the middle and the end at the commencement,*" and further claims that unless it is admitted that "Adam's children possessed a fecundity beating that of cats and mice, there is no point in my remarks." This is truly very sublime reasoning and exceedingly dignified.

According to the lecturer's mode of interpreting the Sacred Record, Adam had no children but Cain, Abel and Seth, because they alone are named; and Seth had no other children than Enos, although 105 years old at his birth; and Enos no other children than Cainan, although 90 years old at his birth,—because these only are named; and so on through the whole patriarchal table, given in the 5th of Genesis.

Almost any well instructed Sabbath-school scholar will tell the lecturer that Cain and Abel only are named, because God's purpose was to teach us the special truths connected with their lives and their respective offerings. And Seth only is named as the head of the Patriarchal family from which the promised Saviour was to come, and which ended in the antediluvian world in Noah, by whom the restored earth was to be repeopled.

But the story of the flood, as generally understood, is an extraordinary fable, and needs the light of science to explain it. The entire earth was not covered—only a part of Asia, and its inhabitants only were destroyed. Genesis VII: 21, 22, 23, declares: "All flesh died that moved upon the earth, both of fowl and of cattle, and of beast and of every creeping thing upon the earth and every man:"

"All in whose nostrils was the breath of life died. And every living substance was destroyed which was upon the face of the ground, both man and cattle, and creeping things and the fowl of heaven, and they were destroyed from the earth, and Noah only remained alive and they that were with him in the Ark."

Whether the waters covered the whole earth or not, they swept away every living creature, man and beast then living on the face of the inhabited earth, or the Sacred Record contains a gross falsehood.

Christ in warning his disciples of the terrible scenes that will attend the end of the world and the final destruction of all things upon the earth, refers by way of illustration to the flood as one of the known facts of history—Matt. XXIV: 37, 38, 39; Luke VII: 26, 27.

"But as the days of Noe *were*, so shall also the coming of the Son of man be.

For as in the days that were before the flood they were eating and drinking, marrying and giving in marriage, until the day that Noe entered into the Ark,

And know not until the flood came and took them all away; so shall also the coming of the Son of man be."

Either the reference was an apt and proper reference, intended accurately to characterize the final destruction of all things earthly; or the Blessed Christ was trifling with those he was seeking to instruct.

But we are told the learned Jewish "*Rabbies*" "should be allowed to interpret their own Scriptures in questions involving their philology and history. Jewish history and prophecy are so intimately blended it is difficult to separate them.

If the Jewish Rabbins are the true and proper interpreters of their own scriptures then the whole christian world has blundered for over eighteen hundred years.—Some of these Jewish Rabbins give us some very interesting stories as part of their interpretation of the record. One tells us that the mark set upon Cain by God to protect him was a circle of the rising sun. Another, that it was one of the letters of the Hebrew alphabet. Another, that it was Abel's dog which was condemned to follow him wherever he went. Another, more wise than the rest, that it was a long horn growing out of his forehead. And still another tells us that "a sword should not pierce him; fire should not burn him; water should not drown him; thunder and lightning should not strike him." These are valuable comments and should be carefully preserved.

But the lecturer says I am greatly "alarmed by the fear that if all species of men did not descend from Adam they are not involved in the terrible consequences of his fall." And he suggests "that it would be a fortunate thing for them if they are not; as not one in a thousand million of the wild species living and dead has ever heard of the plan of escape, or had either the *means or capacity* of embracing the promise of a Saviour."

This is a valuable part of the lecturer's article, as it lets us into his mind on this subject, and tells us to what extent he accepts the teachings of the Book he professes to prize so highly. If the whole human race is not involved in the guilt of Adam's fall, then the entire race is not embraced in the atonement by Christ.—Otherwise all our previous reading of the Gospels and Epistles has been upside down. Take the atonement by Christ for the human race out of the Bible and what is it worth to us?

"Humanity and Reason," he tells us, "stand aghast" at the picture he draws as necessarily flowing from the doctrine of the universality of the fall.

Guided by reason alone there are many things occurring frequently in the world at which "humanity and reason stand aghast," and confounded without the means of explaining, preventing or relieving them. Whole cities are swallowed up by earthquakes, or overflowed by the burning lava of volcanoes. Manhood, age and helpless infancy destroyed by thousands. Humanity shudders; reason and science stand dumb, confounded, speechless, at their utter impotency to administer the least grain of consolation. It requires the "faith," which the lecturer holds in such supreme contempt, to hold up to man the light man needs in such darkness.

If not one in a thousand million of the so-called wild races of man have "either the means or the capacity to embrace the promise of a Saviour," then Christ in his command to his disciples, "Go ye unto all the world and preach my Gospel to *every creature* and disciple *all nations*," gave them a commission which was incapable of being successfully executed.

Happily, however, the patient perseverance of christian missionary enterprise is demonstrating the wisdom and righteousness of the Master's command, and whenever the faith of the church comes up to the standard of its duty, its mission will be more rapidly accomplished.

But "faith without knowledge," we are told, "is blind and gropes in eternal ignorance and delusion." This sounds like strange philosophy. In the region of thought covered by *knowledge* there would seem to be no room for *faith*—they operate in entirely different spheres, and have very little fellowship.

"Faith," we are told by Paul, "is the evidence of things not seen." But the faith which the lecturer talks about is really no "faith" at all; it is merely the acceptance and admission of demonstrated facts.

The cause of religion, we are also told, "invariably suffers in these conflicts with the impregnable bulwarks of science," because of the "blindness and ignorance of those theologians who seem to display a much greater capacity for believing than for reasoning."

It is amusing to see with what self-asserting superiority this gentleman talks of the "*ignorance and folly of those who have thrown the Sacred Word under the wheels of knowledge*" only to be crushed, we suppose by the triumphal car of science, which Juggernaut-like, allows nothing to stop its progress. My recollection is that it is the worshipers of Juggernaut who are crushed beneath the wheels of his car. The figure or idea does not appear to be very fortunate.

I am no theologian; only a plain layman. But I can assure the lecturer that the "*cause of religion*" is in no danger either from my blunders or his towering reason. Individuals may be led to cast away their confidence; may be turned aside and induced to "*wrest the Scriptures,*" as many have done, "to their own destruction;" and herein lies the danger I apprehend from the introduction of such topics in popular lectures; but the "*cause of religion*" is beyond the assaults of science or even the blunders of faith. It rests upon a rock which no researches of science can undermine. The evidences of its truth and divinity may not be tangible to the grasp of the unsanctified human intellect: they are nevertheless real; spiritually discerned; visible to the eye of faith; experimentally known—soul-satisfying: in regard to which the brightest intellect, cultivated by years of scientific investigation, may be profoundly ignorant.

I leave the subject and will not again trespass on your kind indulgence. Repeating, however, the hope before expressed, that the lectures may induce those who heard them and many others, to seek and know for themselves what the Bible really does teach. In which case they may prove a blessing in disguise. E.

—The city of San Salvador, the Capital of the Central American Republic of that name, has been destroyed by an earthquake, causing a terrible loss of life. Eight hundred persons perished, and property valued at twelve million dollars was destroyed.—The earthquake was followed by a conflagration, and many buildings were burned.

WEALTH AND INDEPENDENCE. — The Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Rail Road Company is offering for sale in tracts to suit purchasers, on ELEVEN YEARS time, 3,000,000 acres, located in the valley of the Arkansas river, Kansas, of the best farming, grazing, fruit, grain and vegetable land in the United States, at from $2.00 to $8.00 per acre with a reduction to purchasers, who settle on, and improve their lands, of 22½ per cent, or nearly one-quarter of the whole purchase money. The undersigned has been appointed Agent for the Company at Elkton, for the sale of passenger and transportation tickets from Cincinnati, Ohio, to any point on the road, and return. Full description of the lands, with maps, can be examined at our office in Elkton, or will be forwarded by mail to any person applying; together with the price of first-class and second-class tickets; and all necessary information furnished, to persons contemplating a visit to the "garden of Kansas," or purchasing homes in that delightful region. Apply to or address.

E. E. EWING, Elkton, Md.,
Agent for the Company.

After May 1st, 1873, persons desiring to buy SEWING MACHINES will be supplied with *any* kind of Machine, New or Second-hand. Prices from $5 to $150, according to quality. Any Machine that is recommended will be warranted to give perfect satifaction or no sale. This will save customers trouble from going to any other office to find out the best Machine. Buy from a man who will sell you what you want. J. WILKINSON, *Whig Building,* Elkton. Call only on Saturdays. Letters seeking information will receive prompt attention at all times.

☞ J. A. Wilson, agent for "Wilmington City Soap," has again supplied our grocers with a quantity of that superior article.

Every thing handsome and every thing new at the GLASS FRONT. "Come and see."

THE FARMERS MUTUAL OF YORK, PA., is acknowledged to be one of the safest Mutual Fire Insurance Companies in operation. Its Agents do a large business in this county. Risks on farm property taken at low rates. E. E. EWING,
Agent at Elkton.

The martins made their appearance this season on the nineteenth day of March; the swallows, more cautious, did not come until the tenth day of April, assuring us that Winter is now over. What's that got to do with the New Goods received this week by E. BROWN & BRO., and are being sold at extremely low prices for the *ready cash.*

Prime Smoked Herring for sale by M. L. REALEY.

The latest arrival is at the GRAND CENTRAL. New Stock opening to-day. Admission free. DRENNEN & BRO.

Spring Hats—latest style—and parisols are a specialty at the GLASS FRONT.

☞ Oak Hall may be the popular clothing house but to have your clothes clean use MOORE & BRO's *Wilmington City Soap.*

Garden Tools of all kinds for sale at S. S. RAMBO's. [55

STATE TEMPERANCE CONVENTION.

The Executive Committee of the City Temperance Convention of Baltimore, deeming it very important that the State of Maryland should be thoroughly and speedily organized on the Temperance question, by the formation of a State Temperance Alliance, auxiliary to the National Temperance Society, (an organization now existing in very many of the States of this Union), and by the adoption of such other measures as may be deemed most appropriate to advance the best interests of the cause, have resolved to call together a STATE TEMPERANCE CONVENTION, to meet in this city, on the 7th of May next, at the hour of 12 o'clock M.

And in order to carry more fully into effect the above resolve, they do earnestly invite each County of the State, and the City of Baltimore, to send a number of Delegates equal the joint number to which such County and said City are entitled in both branches of the Legislature; also, all Divisions of Sons of Temperance, Lodges of Good Templars, Temple of Honor and Temperance, Rechabites, and all other Temperance Organizations, to send one Delegate for every fifty members, or fraction above fifty, but no Association to be entitled to more than four Delegates, and every Association to be entitled to at least one. Also, all Churches, Ministers, or other Religious Associations to send each a Delegate for one hundred members or less; two for over one, and up to three hundred; and a third for all over.

We request that you unite with the Temperance, and other good men of your several Counties, in furthering the purposes of this Convention, and especially that you use your best endeavors to have your Counties, Temperance Organizations, Churches, and other Associations therein, fully and well represented in said Convention, as above indicated; and that you endeavor to have this circular published in your several County Papers.

All Delegates must have Credentials, duly signed by the Officers of their bodies. Vacancies in Delegations may be filled by the remaining Delegates.

The evil of Intemperance still abounds throughout our State. The foes of Temperance are active, vigilant and determined. It becomes the friends of the cause to rally in their strength, and carefully deliberate on the means best adapted to obtain protection from the withering, blighting curse of the Liquor Traffic.

The Committee expect to effect arrangements with the Hotels and other public houses, to accommodate Delegats at reduced rates.

You are invited to correspond with the undersigned, who have been appointed a Sub-Committee on State Organization, and more especially to carry out the above named resolve.

Direct your letters to C. S. MOSHER, Esq., No. 465 W. Baltimore Street.

C. S. MOSHER, Chairman.
L. R. WOOLLEN,
GEO. W. SUMWALT.

The Vatican, 1010 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia. Terra Cotta Garden Vases, Statuary, Fountains, Bronzes, Clocks and Mantel Vases. Illustrated Catalogues sent by mail. 57

NOTICE.

JACOB TOME
vs.
THOMAS GRUBB, and ALICE M. GRUBB, his wife.
In the Circuit Court for Cecil County. In Chancery.

ORDERED, This 10th day of April, 1873, that the sale made and reported by William J. Jones, Attorney for the sale of the mortgaged Real Estate of Thomas Grubb, and Alice M. Grubb, his wife, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 14th day of June, next; provided, a copy of this Order be inserted in some newspaper published in Cecil county once a week for one month before the 14th day of May, next.

The Report states the amount of sales to be $10,200 00.

DAVID SCOTT, Clerk.
True copy; test,
April 12, 1873—1m DAVID SCOTT, Clerk.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice, that the subscriber, of Cecil county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, letters of Administration on the Personal estate of THEODORE PHYSICK, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof duly authenticated, On or before the 8th day of 4th month, 1874; they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the subscriber. Given under my hand, this 8th day of 4th month, 1873.

WILLIAM WARING,
Administrator of Theodore Physick, dec'd.
Test—HENRY D. JAMAR, Register.
april 12, 1873—6w

NOTICE.

All persons are hereby cautioned against negotiating certain Promissory Notes, made by John and James Shaw, payable to John White, or order, payable at the Cecil National Bank of Port Deposit; one for Sixty dollars, payable November —, 1873; and the other for Fifty-five dollars, payable in one year.

The above described Notes were given in payment for a horse purchased of the said John White, and guaranteed by him to be sound and well in every respect; but which was afterwards discovered to have been injured when a colt, which injuries are believed to be permanent, and were well known to the said John White at the time the aforesaid sale was effected.

The above mentioned Promissory Notes were offered for negotiation at the Cecil National Bank, and refused by the Cashier, on account of the omission of dates, and afterward amended by inserting dates in the absence, and without the consent of the makers of said Notes.—All parties are warned that these Notes will not be paid by the makers, on account of their spurious character through unlawful tampering with the dates, and also on account of their having been procured and issued through false representations on the part of the said John White. Signed. JOHN SHAW,
April 5, 1873—3w* JAMES SHAW.

HOW to RAISE CABBAGE.

PURCHASE EARLY THE

Cold Frame, or Winter Plants,

FROM

ROBERT H. BELL.

They are fully a month earlier than Hot-bed plants. Cold, rain, snow, nor freezing, will not hurt them.—They head up before the insects get about.

All kinds of Vegetable PLANTS
IN THEIR SEASON.

R. H. BELL,
April 5—4w HIGH STREET, ELKTON.

DAVIS & MILLER,

Lumber Dealers,

ELKTON, MD.

Having removed to our own property at the Depot, with superior facilities for carrying on the business in all its branches. Ample room for storing

Dry Lumber, and a well selected Stock on hand.

We can offer inducements to those contemplating building.
☞ Call and learn prices.
Feb 1, 1873—tf

TO THE PUBLIC.

The undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Elkton and vicinity that she has opened her

NEW STORE,

two doors above Levis' Glass-Front, where will always be found a full and choice assortment of

Confectionery, Fruits, &c.

She is also prepared to furnish at all times, either wholesale or retail, the very best

BREAD, CAKES,
BUNS, BISCUITS AND PIES.

☞ She respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

MRS. M. CUMMINGS.
Elkton, april 13, 1872—

Pumps! Pumps! Pumps!!

BUY ONLY THE BEST.

E. WHITMAN & SONS'
METAL-LINED

Cucumber Wood Pumps,

CHEAP, DURABLE AND EFFICIENT.

They do not affect the taste of the water. They are more durable than any other Pump. Lined with galvanized iron, they will not rust. They can be put down and in working order in twenty minutes. THEY WILL NOT FREEZE.

Prices from $4.50 to $7.

A $7 Pump will throw a barrel of water a minute, and can be put in a 20 feet well complete for $10.—Farmers and well-diggers are invited to call and examine our stock.

S. S. RAMBO

IS THE AGENT FOR ELKTON, MD.
Jan 4, 1873—tf

FERTILIZERS.

Peruvian Guano, Mexican Guano,
Rhode's Super Phosphate,
Moro Phillips' do.
Wham's Raw Bone do.,
Baugh's do. do.,
Tasker & Clark's pure Bone Dust,
and other Fertilizers. For sale by,

JOHN PARTRIDGE.
8-pt 1, 1866

FOR SALE.

A $300 DUE BILL, good for that amount in the purchase of an "AMERICAN PIANO." Will be sold at a great bargain. Apply at
Mar 29, 1873—3w THIS OFFICE.

FISH.—Choice MACKEREL—Nos. 1, 2 and 3; and MESS SHAD. For sale by
oct 14 JOHN PARTRIDGE.

REAL ESTATE.

TO BE LET.

The undersigned offers his House for Rent. Possession on the first day of June. His Furniture is also for sale.
THOS. V. OLIVER.
Feb 8, 1873—3o1 Elkton, Md.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

THE RESTAURANT now occupied by Mrs. Philip Becker. The best location in the town of Elkton. The house will be thoroughly repaired, and sold on terms to suit. Apply to REUBEN HAINES,
Attorney for the owner.
Mar 15—tf Elkton, Md.

FOR RENT in ELKTON.

STORE HOUSE in complete order, opposite the Court House. One of the best locations in the town. Immediate possession.
Apply to
B. F. MAY, Baltimore.
Or,
E. E. EWING, Elkton.
april 5—2m

FARM FOR SALE.

Containing nearly 200 Acres,

located 4 miles from Elkton. Land of good quality, and well improved; good Buildings, good Water, and a fine Apple Orchard. In a word, one of the nicest farms in the county. Possession given immediately.
Apply to THE EDITOR OF THIS PAPER.
april 12, 1873—1w Elkton, Md.

TRUSTEE' SALE

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Cecil county, in chancery, the undersigned, as Trustees, will sell at Public Sale, at the Court House door, in Elkton, in Cecil county, aforesaid, on

TUESDAY, the 22nd day of April, 1873,

AT 2 O'CLOCK P. M., ALL THAT

LEASEHOLD PROPERTY,

situate in the town of Port Deposit, in said county, now in the occupancy of Daniel W. Hamer and Mary Worick.

THE LOT lies on the west side of Main street, opposite the new M. E. Church, and adjoining lots of Mrs. Twelves on the north and D. F. Shure on the south. It has a front of 50 feet on Main street, and runs back that width to the Susquehanna river.

The improvements are a two-story FRAME HOUSE, 16 feet front and 32 feet deep.

The conditions of the Ground Rent will be made known on the day of sale.

THE TERMS OF SALE, as prescribed by the decree, are: One-half the purchase money in Cash on the day of sale, and the balance in Six months thereafter. The credit payment to bear interest from day of sale, and to be secured to the satisfaction of the Trustees.

WILLIAM J. JONES,
L. MARSHALL HAINES,
Mar 29, 1873—ts Trustees.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Cecil county, in chancery, the undersigned, as Trustee, will sell at Public Sale, at the Court House, in Elkton, in Cecil county, aforesaid, on

TUESDAY, the 22nd day of April, 1873,

AT 11 O'CLOCK A. M., ALL THAT

SMALL FARM,

in the Fifth Election District of Cecil county, whereon William Fee now resides, and containing

52 Acres of Land, More or Less.

THIS FARM is situated about 1½ miles south east of College Green, and adjoins lands of William Brickley, Robert Boucher and others.

The improvements consist of a comfortable FRAME DWELLING, with Barn and other outbuildings.

TERMS OF SALE, prescribed by decree: One-half of the purchase money to be paid in Cash on the day of sale, and the balance in two equal instalments at Six and Twelve months thereafter. The credit payments to bear interest from day of sale, and to be secured to the satisfaction of the Trustees.

W. J. JONES,
Mar 29, 1873—ts Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Cecil county, sitting as a Court of Equity, and passed in the case of Franklin Haines vs. James H. Fraser and others, the undersigned as Trustee, will offer at Public Sale, at the Court House door, in Elkton, Md., on

WEDNESDAY, MAY 7th, 1873.

AT 2 O'CLOCK P. M., ALL THAT

REAL ESTATE,

situate, lying and being about 2 1-2 miles east of Elkton, and which formerly belonged to a certain James Fraser, and upon which he formerly resided, containing

248 ACRES OF LAND,

MORE OR LESS.

The land is of excellent quality. The improvements consist of a comfortable FRAME DWELLING HOUSE, in good repair, containing eleven rooms; Two large Barns, the one 50x40, and the other 35x60; Spring House; Carriage House. A young Apple Orchard of choice fruits. Also Shade Trees in the lawn and around the dwelling.

Churches, schools and markets within easy distances. It is said that there is a valuable mill site upon the premises; the race and dam still remain and will require but little expense for repairs.

TERMS:—One-third cash on day of sale; the balance in equal instalments of Six and Twelve months from the day of sale, and to be secured by the bond of the purchaser, with approved security, and to bear interest from the day of sale.

☞ Cost of Deed, &c., to be paid by purchaser.

REUBEN HAINES,
April 12, 1873—ts Trustee.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE

OF

REAL ESTATE.

Under and by virtue of a power given to The North East Building and Loan Association, in a mortgage from Elijah H. Roberson and wife to the said The North East Building and Loan Association, bearing date December 31st, 1872, and recorded in Liber D. S., No. 2, folio 274, one of the Mortgage, &c., Record Books of Cecil county, the said The North East Building and Loan Association will offer at Public Sale, at the Court House door, in Elkton, Cecil county, Maryland, on

TUESDAY, MAY 13th, 1873,

at 2 o'clock P. M., all the following Real Estate mentioned in said mortgage:

1. All that Lot, Piece or Parcel

OF LAND, situate, lying and being in Principio, and which was conveyed to the said Dr. E. H. Roberson by James T. Taylor and wife, by Deed dated July 15th, 1871, and recorded in Liber W. H. R., No. 4, folio 213, &c., another of said Land Record Books.

2. Also, all that Lot of

GROUND, at Principio, which was conveyed unto the said Roberson by John Lachland and wife, by Deed dated November 8th, 1865, and recorded in Liber H. R. T., No. 1, folio 16, &c., another of said Land Record Books.

3. All that Lot, Piece or Parcel

OF LAND, at Rising Sun, and which was conveyed to the said Roberson by J. L. Cooper and wife, by Deed dated March 11th, 1869, and recorded in Liber D. S., No. 2, folio 207, &c., another of said Land Record Books.

The improvements consist of a two-storied FRAME DWELLING HOUSE, and two Kitchens attached; Stable and Carriage House, and other buildings.

TERMS CASH on day of sale.
Cost of Deed, &c., to be paid by the purchaser.
The North East Building and Loan Association.
REUBEN HAINES,
April 12, 1873—ts Attorney.

BEST THING IN THE WEST.

Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fee R. R.

LANDS!

THREE MILLION ACRES,

Situate in and near the Arkansas Valley, the Finest Portion of Kansas!

Eleven years' Credit. Seven per Cent. Interest.—22½ per cent. reduction to settlers who improve.

A FREE PASS TO LAND BUYERS.

THE FACTS about this Grant are—Low Prices, Long Credit, and a Rebate to settlers of nearly one-fourth; a Rich Soil and Splendid Climate; short and mild Winters; early planting, and no wintering of Stock; plenty of Rainfall, and just at the right season; Coal, Stone, and Brick on the line; Cheap Rates on Lumber, Coal, &c.; no Lands owned by Speculators; Homesteads and Pre-emptions now abundant; a first-class Railroad on the line of a great Through Route; Products will pay for Land and Improvements.

It is the best opportunity ever offered to the public, through the recent completion of the Road.

For Circulars and general information, address

A. E. TOUZALIN,
Manager Land Department,
TOPEKA, KAN.
Or,
E. E. EWING,
Jan 25, 1873—3m ELKTON, MD.

Elias Howe, Jr.

Original Inventor
OF
SEWING MACHINES,

NONE GENUINE WITHOUT THE MEDALLION HEAD OF ELIAS HOWE, JR., IMBEDDED ON THE MACHINE.

EVERY MACHINE WARRANT