The Farm.

Value of the Clover Crop.

Canada Farmer

Clover is valuable from the rapidity of its growth. But a few months elapse from the sowing of the seed before it yields, ordinarily, an abundant and nutritious crop, relished by cattle of all kinds.

Clover is an admirable soiling crop, coming in early, yielding two heavy crops with good management, and in favorable seasons three crops. Mr. Stephens estimates that in Scotland the average crop of green food from two cuttings is eighteen tons (of 2,000 lbs.) per acre. With liberal employment of plaster and liquid fertilizers, we should say that this crop can, in most seasons in Canada, be exceeded.

Clover is invaluable as a hay crop when properly cured. It is worth nearly or quite as much as good timothy to feed to farm stock generally. For milch cows and sheep it is preferable to timothy. For horses and working oxen, timothy hay is better than clover hay. The usual practice, however, all over North America is to sow timothy and clover together for hay, with frequently red-top added. Universal use justifies this practice. Nothing is more clear, however, than that the addition to this mixture of other valuable grass-seeds would greatly increase and improve the crop, at the slight cost of the seed only. But on this point we will have something to say hereafter.

Clover in pasture lands is excellent for all descriptions of stock. Hogs are beneficially affected to a remarkable degree by a run in the clover pasture

Clover, however, has a still higher claim than any of these (possibly than all of them together) to the affection of the agriculturist, in its wonderful powers as a fertilizer. In this respect it is unequaled by any crop grown on the farm; and for this it is indebted to its capacity for foraging largely on the air. The different ways in which it adds to the fertility of land are chiefly these:

1. Shading the surface of the soil.—Owing to its rapid and luxurian growth it soon forms a close and heavy covering over the soil, that acts as a mulch in protecting it from the scorching rays of the Summer sun. At the same time that the soil is protected the weeds are smothered out, and the land cleaned up.

2. Aerifying and disintegrating the soil. Clover possesses peculiarly long and powerful tap-roots, that penetrate deep, loosening the soil and admitting the air, thus rapidly changing the physical condition not only of the soil, but of the subsoil also.

3. By effecting important chemical changes necessary to enrich the earth with plant food. Its abundance of foliage enables clover to gather from the atmosphere immense stores of gases that give life to the plants, which its far-reaching roots send deep down into the earth. Thus a clover-field becomes a great commissary, collecting food from the earth and air for whatever crop that may follow.

4. By preventing washing. The clover mulch breaks the force of the hard beating rains, while roots hold the soil in a mat, as it were, thus preventing it from washing.

5. As a green manure. Perhaps, no crop is so valuable for turning under in green stage as clover. In addition to the immense amount of rich vegetable matter in its abundant roots, the plant itself is extremely rich in all the materials necessary to the healthful growth of succeeding crops.

6. As a special preparation for wheat and corn crops. On this point Dr. Voelcker says:

"All who are practically acquainted with the subject must have seen that the best crops of wheat are produced by being preceded by crops of clover grown for seed. I have come to the conclusion that the very best preparation, the very best manure, is a good crop of clover. * * * * A vast amount of mineral manure is brought within reach of the corn crop, which otherwise would remain in a lock-up condition in the soil. The clover plants take nitrogen from the atmosphere, and manufacture it into their own substance, which, on decomposition of the clover roots and leaves, produces abundance of ammonia. In reality the growing of clover is equivalent to a great extent to manuring with Peruvian guano; and in this paper of mine I show that you obtain a larger quanity of manure than in the largest dose of Peruvian guano which a farmer would ever think of applying."

POTATOES.

Correspondent of Germantown Telegraph.

First, to graw a potato of a good quality for the table, a high, airy situation should be selected, for it is useless to attempt to grow a tuber of fine quality on a wet, soggy soil.

I should prefere to have it plowed in the Fall. I should choose a stubble or sod. If not plowed in the Fall, and as the weather will permit, it should be well done in the Spring after drying.—Harrow well, mark off with chains 3 feet between rows and drop the seed by the dropper striking his heel down on the line about twenty inches apart, dropping in a piece of potato. This system has an advantage to bringing the roots near the surface, is nothing near the labor to dig, and will stand a drought equally as well.

I would discard all stable manure to grow a potato of good quality and avoid the rot. The fertilizers should all be minerals, for if the soil is of fair quality there will be enough humus in the soil for potatoes. On our soil PLASTER has no superior applied when the plant is breaking ground. The superphosphates will hasten the crop ten days and avoid the rot best on my soil, but adds nothing to the bulk of tubers. The Rose and Peerless at present seems to be the ruling varieties. The Garnet Chili is a good yielder, and of fair quality and seldom rots. The Rose requires an old rich soil to be productive.

The Peerless is affected a good deal by the soil on which it is planted. On a high, dry soil the quality is good, while on the wet soils very poor. For two years with me it has no superior as a yielder of fine handsome tubers.

The soil should be frequently stirred with a cultivator, but what earthing is done should all be done at once and afterwards all weeds pulled out by hand.

Much ink has been spilt on this subject, a good many foolish nostrums and theories recommended, but after all has amounted to but little.

Now, whatever may be the cause, I do not pretend to say, but if we can avoid the rot it is of no consequence, as for over twenty years we have not lost as many bushels, which answers very well for our purpose.

I will now give your readers these directions: Dig up your seed before the tubers are ripe, for if over ripe they will lose some of the vitality. Select a high, airy situation for your crop, put only one crop on the same soil in three years. Plant early, use superphosphate and plaster, cultivate well, use no barn-yard manure of any kind; get the crop along as fast as possible; dig early, and house in a cool cellar in heaps not too large. But there is one thing I have forgot to mention, which is, that for seed, select some of the early varieties. When the planter has adhered to these conditions he can have good potatoes and defy the rot.

WHITEWASH.

Take a clean, water-tight barrel, or other suitable cask, and put into it half a bushel of lime. Slake it by pouring water over it, boiling hot, and in sufficient quantity to cover it five inches deep, and stir it briskly till thoroughly slaked. When the slaking has been affected, dissolve it in water, and add a solution of two pounds sulphate of zinc, and one of common salt. If desirable, a beautiful cream color may be communicated to the above wash, by adding to three pounds of yellow ochre; or a good pearl or lead color by the addition of lamp, vine, or ivory black. For fawn color, add four pounds umber—Turkish or American (the latter is the cheapest) one pound Indian red, and one pound common lampblack. For common stone color, add four pounds raw umber and two pounds lampblack. The value of the sulphate of zinc is that it makes the wash harden better after it is put on. Some also put in a half-pound of common alum; others substitute the alumn for the zinc. There is no mode of making farm buildings attractive so cheaply as with whitewash, and at the same time of adding greatly to the preservation of the wood. The above wash cannot cost over fifty cents, and if liberally used, it will add five hundred dollars to the market value of a farm. We can conceive of but few things more beautiful than clean, white farm buildings and fences, in contrast with rich green of budding Spring.

THE GOOD TIME COMING.

Mr. Harris, in his "Walks and Talks on the Farm," in the March number of the "AGRICULTURIST," makes the following comforting prediction to farmers:

We are going to have better times for farmers in the near future. And now is the time to prepare for them.—Get the land ready. Make it clean, and get it into clover and grass. It will then be gaining in fertility, and when the good times come—as come they certainly will—this land can be plowed with a reasonable prospect of producing a good crop. But if you continue to plow as many acres, and undertake to work it with less labor, the chances are that you will get meager crops, and the land will become more and more weedy, and when the good time comes for corn to bring a dollar a bushel where it now sells for 20 cents, and pork and beef bring 10 cents per pound, live weight, where they now bring 3 cents, you will have little to sell. It will rain porridge, but your dish will not be ready to catch it. History, experience, observation, and commonsense all demonstrate that good times never come to poor farmers. If you can not do anything else towards improving your farm the coming season, let me urge you at any rate to make an earnest effort to kill the weeds.—This alone would add millions to the wealth of the country.

CHEAP POULTRY-YARD.—Set posts firmly in the ground, six feet high, eight feet apart. Take No. 9 wire, and stretch from post to post outside, fastening with staples made of wire driven into posts. Place three wires one inch apart, one foot from the ground; another three at three feet ten inches from the ground; another three at top of posts. Take common laths and weave in, leaving three inches space between sides of each. This makes the fence 4 feet high. Then take other laths, picket one end, and chamfer the other like a chisel blade, and interweave among the top wires; then shove the chamfered edge down beside the top of the bottom lath, lapping under wires two inches. This makes a cheap, durable, pretty fence, that is seven feet and ten inches high, and fowl-tight. Wires should be left somewhat slack, as interweaving the laths will take it up.

J. W. Lang, in the Poultry World.

☞ The currant borer has been known for many years, but it does not seem to increase in numbers. It does but little injury, and if the infected stems are cut out every season and the worms destroyed, very little damage will be done to the current bushes. I hear of many remedies for insects, but my chickens keep my garden clear of these pests. A flock of young chickens will soon clear an asparagus bed of the much dreaded asparagus beetle.

GRAY PUDDING.—Take three eggs, weigh them in the shell; take an equal weight of sugar and of butter, and 2-3 of the weight of flour. Half melt the butter and beat it to a cream; beat the eggs also, and mix them with the butter and sugar, beating the whole to a froth; then add the flour and the rind of a lemon grated; beat all together.

ALCOHOL IN MEDICAL PRACTICE.

From the Methodist.

It is time that plain words were spoken on the reckless use of alcohol by many physicians. It begins to be one of the great evils under which humanity suffers. The soothing of a patient is so large a part of medical practice that doctors are under strong temptation to prescribe whatever is available for the production of anæsthesia. Of late, alcohol has become a trusted agent for this purpose. It effects a brief respite from the depression which is an accompaniment of disease, and gives to the patient a delusive sensation of improvement. We do not doubt that in some diseases, alcoholic stimulant can be made useful—especially when failing nature needs a brief yet powerful support. But the reckless prescription of the strongest spirits, for ailments of almost every kind it is to be feared, is breeding intemperance at a very rapid rate.

Alcohol does not prevent the waste, of tissue; what, therefore, can be its use in consumption, we have always been at a loss to perceive. The experience of intemperate men has proved that it promotes the degeneration of tissue, and consequent bodily decay.—It would seem, therefore, to our unprofessional judgment, to be the very remedy NOT to be given to a consumptive patient. In low fevers it may render a certain service. But the habit of plying convalescents with alcohol as a tonic is, in many cases, attended with ruinous effects upon the whole of the after-life.

The tonics which nature is unfailingly supplying from her laboratory are always the best. There is no champagne so exhilarating as pure air, and no medication so effective as the thorough oxygenation of the blood. For this purpose, we are immersed in an ocean of oxygen, that its quickening power may perpetually renew life in us. Physicians would, in many instances, deal more honestly with patients if they were to prescribe an exact regimen instead of alcoholic stimulants.—The leading of so many members of society into intemperate habits will, in time, recoil upon the profession, and discredit it before the world.

BALTIMORE.

TO FARMERS.

BOWEN & MERCER'S SUPER PHOSPHATE, warranted equal to any manufactured, only

$38.00 PER TON.

Send for Pamphlet of Certificates.
SHELL LIME for Agricultural purposes, 4 Cents per bushel.
BOWEN & MERCER,
63 SOUTH GAY STREET, Baltimore.
Mar 8, 1873—1m

MANSION HOUSE HOTEL,
NORTH-WEST CORNER
Fayette and St. Paul Streets,
BALTIMORE.
TERMS . . $1.50 PER DAY.
ISAAC ALBERTSON, Proprietor
sep 29, 1866—y

TO FARMERS, DAIRYMEN,
AND COUNTRY MERCHANTS.
ALL WHO HAVE FOR SALE
Flour, Grain, Clover and Flax Seed, Potatoes, Hay, Lumber, Staves, Sheep, Calves, Eggs, Poultry, Wool, Rags, Furs, Skins, Dry Fruits, &c., &c.
Can have them well sold at the Highest Price in Baltimore, by forwarding them to the Commission House for Country Produce, of
F. E. MARINE,
No. 51 W. PRATT STREET,
BALTIMORE, ND.
☞ The highest charge made is Five per cent. Goods of every description (except Liquors,) purchased and forwarded with despatch, when either cash or trade accompanies the order.
BY CONSENT I REFER TO THE FOLLOWING CERTIFICATES:
Having known Mr. Fletcher E. Marine for many years past, we take pleasure in stating that we know him to be a gentleman in whom the utmost confidence may be placed, in the transaction of business. He is prompt, attentive, obliging and reliable:—
Thomas Kelso, Esq., Director in 1st National Bank.
John W. Randolph, Esq., Cashier 2d National Bank.
R. Cornelius, Cashier Farmers & Planters Nat. Bank.
Robert Turner, Director in Franklin Bank.
Rev. I. P. Cook, Baltimore Conference, M. E. Church.
Mr. John Partridge, Elkton, Cecil county.
Mr. Wm. D. Alexander, North East, Cecil county.
Mr. S. Rowland Carson, Port Deposit.
Mr. Amos Spencer, Havre de Grace, Md.
June 1, 1872—tf

CARDS.

JAMES BLACK GROOME,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Offers his Professional Services to the public.
OFFICE—On Main Street, opposite National Bank, Elkton, Md. [Jan 4, 1862—tf.

DR. R. F. TULL,
DENTIST,
(Graduate of the Penna. College of Dental Surgery,)
SUCCESSOR TO DR. T. H. MUSGROVE,
ELKTON, MARYLAND.
OFFICE—Opposite the Presbyterian Church.
Nitrous Oxide Gas administered by appointment.
June 8, 1872—1y

REUBEN HAINES,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
ELKTON, MD.,
Offers his Professional services to the public. Prompt and careful attention given to all Law and Chancery business entrusted to him.
OFFICE—Main street, (building formerly occupied by Earle & Creswell.) may 2, 1868—tf

W. J. JONES. L. MARSHALL HAINES.
JONES & HAINES,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
ELKTON, CECIL COUNTY, MD.
Having associated ourselves for the practice of our profession, we will give prompt and careful attention to all Law and Chancery business placed in our hands.—Business intrusted to either will receive the attention of both. [Jan 6, 1872—tf

DR. JAMES H. FRAZER,
POST OFFICE BUILDING,
Elkton, Maryland,
Tenders his PROFESSIONAL SERVICES to the public.
Office Hours—From 7 to 9 A.M.
" 1 to 3 P.M.
" 7 to 9 P.M.
may 25, 1872—tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

2nd ANNUAL
DISTRIBUTION.
75,730 Premiums,
RANGING IN VALUE FROM
$10 to $5,000,
GIVEN AWAY,
TO THE SUBSCRIBERS OF
OUR FIRESIDE FRIEND,
Every Subscriber is sure of one premium any way, and also has an equal chance of receiving a CASH Premium, or a PIANO, ORGAN, WATCH, SEWING MACHINE, etc., etc.
FIRST GRAND CASH PREMIUM
$5,000.
OUR FIRESIDE FRIEND.—*Eight Pages, Large Size, Illustrated, the Family Weekly*, is in its THIRD VOLUME, and has attained the LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the West.—Its success ENABLES the proprietors to furnish THE BEST, MOST DESIRABLE AND MOST USEFUL ORIGINAL READING MATTER IN GREAT VARIETY, that money can buy, and to make it a HOME WEEKLY suited to the wants of every family. Subscription price $3 per year of 52 numbers.
The ELEGANT Chromo
"CUTE,"
Size 16 x 20 inches, 16 colors. Acknowledged by all to be the HANDSOMEST and MOST VALUABLE premium picture in America. EVERY SUBSCRIBER is presented with this Chromo at the time of subscribing, (*no waiting,*) and also receives a NUMBERED CERTIFICATE ENTITLING THE HOLDER TO A SHARE in the distribution of $25,000 in cash and other premiums. THE DISTRIBUTION TAKES PLACE on the second Tuesday in June next. The Chromo and Certificate sent on receipt of price. SPECIMEN COPIES, PREMIUM LIST, etc., GIVING FULL PARTICULARS, sent free to any address.
AGENTS WANTED. Either local or canvassing in every town. Large cash pay and the best outfit. Send at once for terms. Address
OUR FIRESIDE FRIEND, Chicago, Ill., And Baltimore, Md.
Mar 1—6m

D. L. STANTON,
(*Successor to STANTON & MOORE,*)
DEALER IN
TOBACCOS AND CIGARS,
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
IN THE "HOLLOW."
SIGN of the "RE POSTS,"
OPPOSITE THE "BEE HIVE."
may 4, 1872—tf

FERTILIZERS.
PERUVIAN & MEXICAN GUANO,
Zell's Ammoniated Bone Super-Phosphate
Wattson & Clark's do.
Rhodes' do.
Baugh's Raw Bone do.
Bowers' Complete Manure,
BONE DUST PURE,
And other Fertilizers,
FOR SALE BY
JOHN PARTRIDGE,
aug 19. *ELKTON, MD.*

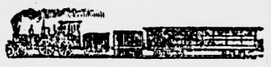
DRY GOODS and GROCERIES.

Every Day
YOU CAN BUY
BARGAINS,
OF
CARHART & CO.,
ZION, MD.
SPECIAL Inducements offered in all WINTER GOODS,
as we do not carry stock from Season to Season. Will close all WOOLENS, &c., at
IMMENSE BARGAINS.
Quality, Style and Price guaranteed.
Gent's Buck and Dress GLOVES,
that must be sold, as they will not keep.
Gent's Buck and Dress GLOVES,
that will keep, but must be sold.
Also, an opportunity for persons wishing to distinguish themselves by buying
MERINO and WOOLEN Underwear, Cheap.
BLACK ALPACAS,
Medium Dress Goods and Shawls,
AT NOISY PRICES.
Noisy Goods at Your Own Prices.
Cloths, Cassimeres,
Flannels & Domestic Goods,
At Less than Regular Prices.
OUR TERMS,
ARE AS THEY ALWAYS HAVE BEEN,
Cash on Delivery of the Goods
NO BOOK ACCOUNTS KEPT.
A Nimble Sixpence is better than a Slow Shilling.
Jan 25, 1873—tf

REMOVAL!!
We beg leave to inform the public that we have this week
REMOVED OUR STOCK OF GOODS
to the Large Building adjoining the Court House, where we will be glad to have them call and see us.
FULL SUPPLY OF
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
Material for MEN'S and BOYS' WEAR,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
CARPETS and OIL CLOTHS,
WINDOW SHADES,
WALL PAPERS.
FINE GROCERIES.
☞ *Prices made Low, and Custom solicited.*
BROWN & BRO.
mar 20, 1872

RULEY,
BRICK MEETING HOUSE.

CHANGE OF HOURS.
Philadelphia, Wilmington and



BALTIMORE RAILROAD.
CARS LEAVE ELKTON,

For Baltimore:		For Philadelphia:	
1st Train,	10.46 A.M.	1st Train,	9.41 A.M.
2d "	6.00	2d "	4.59 P.M.
3d "	1.32 P.M.	3d "	9.34

nov, 1872 BENJ. WELLS, Agent.

Port Deposit Branch Railroad.
TRAINS RUN AS FOLLOWS:
Leave Port Deposit, 6.30, 8.30 and 11.00 A.M., and 2.00, and 5.50 P.M.
Leave Perryville, 7.30, 9.00 and 11.25 A.M., and 4.26 and 7.00 P.M.

Phila., Wil. & Balt. Railroad.
Trains leave North East station as follows:
(Sundays excepted.)

TO PHILADELPHIA.		TO BALTIMORE.	
1st Train,	9.26 A.M.	1st Train,	10.59 A.M.
2d "	4.45 P.M.	2d "	6.13 P.M.
3d " (daily)	9.21 P.M.	3d " (daily)	1.45 A.M.

W. D. ALEXANDER, Agent.
nov, 1872

Phil. & Balt. Central Railroad.
CHANGE OF HOURS.
On and after Sunday, June 2nd, 1872, trains will run as follows:
Leave Philadelphia, from Depot of P., W. & B. R. R. Co., corner Broad street and Washington Avenue,
For Port Deposit, at 7 A.M., and 4.30 P.M.
Rising Sun, at 10.25 A.M., and 7.46 P.M.; arriving at Port Deposit, at 11 A.M. and 8.20 P.M.
For Oxford, at 6.30 A.M., 4.30 and 7 P.M.
For Chadd's Ford and Chester Creek R. R., at 6.30 and 10 A.M., 4.30 and 7 P.M.
Train leaving Philadelphia, at 7 A.M., connects at Port Deposit with train for Baltimore.
Trains for Philadelphia, leave Port Deposit at 9.25 A.M. and 4.25 P.M., on arrival of trains from Baltimore; Rising Sun, at 10.00 A.M., and 5.02 P.M.; Oxford at 6.10 and 10.30 A.M. and 5.30 P.M.; Chadd's Ford at 7.29 and 11.23 A.M. and 4.20 and 6.43 P.M.
HENRY WOOD,
June 1, 1872 General Superintendent.

HARDWARE, STOVES, &C.

Hardware,
STOVES and TIN-WARE,
WE HAVE REMOVED
our Store to the Brick Building, on Main street, formerly occupied by Wirt & Robertson, and are now offering a complete line of
FARMERS' HARDWARE;
STOVES
OF ALL POPULAR MAKES; and
ALL KINDS OF TIN-WARE,
At Low Prices & Reasonable Terms.
ROOFING & SPOUTING
done in the best and most substantial manner, at short notice.
ALSO, Wooden CUCUMBER PUMPS,
FOR SALE BY
JOHN E. ALEXANDER & BRO.,
mar 23, 1872—tf ELKTON, MD.

STOVES AND TINWARE,
IRON AND STEEL,
PAINTS AND OILS,
GLASS AND PUTTY.
Carriage Wheels, Rims,
HUBS, SPOKES,
Poles, Shafts, Canvass Windows, &c
IRON AXLES,
BOXES for WAGONS and CARRIAGES
The Largest and Best Selected Stock of
BUILDERS' AND FARMERS'
HARDWARE
IN THE COUNTY.
☞ Give me a call before purchasing.
S. S. RAMBO,
NEXT DOOR TO GLASS FRONT,
Jan 4, 1873—tf ELKTON, MD.

PORT DEPOSIT.

Builders' Mill
PORT DEPOSIT, MD.
J. H. PUGH & CO.
(FORMERLY NOLAND & CO.)
A large and well assorted stock constantly on hand of
FRAMES,
DOORS,
BLINDS,
GLAZED SASHES,
NEWELS,
BALUSTERS,
BRACKETS,
MOULDINGS,
MANTLES,
And Dressed Lumber of all kinds.
The business at Port Deposit will be managed by J. R. TRIMBLE, who asks the patronage of his friends, assuring them that their orders will be promptly attended to.
A large stock will also be kept on hand at 78 and 80 WEST PRATT STREET, BALTIMORE, where orders are solicited, and will be promptly filled by J. R. & F. W. TRIMBLE, Agents.
Mar 22, 1873—6m. J. H. PUGH & CO.

CECIL
FURNITURE
Ware-Rooms.
The subscriber having purchased the Stock and Fixtures of H. H. Makinson, and removed the Ware-Rooms to the building recently occupied by S. Rowland Carson, in ROCK RUN,
PORT DEPOSIT, MD.,
IS PREPARED TO FURNISH
EVERY STYLE OF FURNITURE,
AT CITY PRICES.

UNDERTAKING.
METALLIC BURIAL CASES, and all other Coffins, at short notice, and on reasonable terms.
WM. F. A. FOSTER.
Port Deposit, April 13, 1872—1y

MECHANICAL.

WM. J. ALRICH,
DEALER IN
CLOCKS, WATCHES,
Jewelry, Silver-ware

Spectacles, Eye Glasses, &c.,
Main Street, Elkton, Md.
Particular attention paid to REPAIRING in all its branches; also, changing Spectacle Glasses. A good assortment of Glasses constantly on hand.
mar 9, 1872—tf

SADDLES, BRIDLES,
HARNESS, WHIPS,
ROBES,
RUGS,
HORSE COVERS,
And every article in that line, for sale at the
LOWEST PRICES,
BY
JOHN PERKINS, JR.,
Nov 14, 1868—tf ELKTON, MD.

$1.00. Kid Gloves! Kid Gloves! $1.00.
ALL SHADES AND COLORS, ONE DOLLAR.
LIGHT SHADES FOR EVENING, ONE DOLLAR.
Jan 27 Every pair warranted. LEVIN.

MEDICINAL.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY
THE GREAT REMEDY FOR
CONSUMPTION
which can be cured by a timely resort to this standard preparation, as has been proved by the hundreds of testimonials received by the proprietors. It is acknowledged by many prominent physicians to be the most reliable preparation ever introduced for the relief and cure of all Lung complaints, and is offered to the public, sanctioned by the experience of over forty years. When resorted to in season it seldom fails to effect a speedy cure in the most severe cases of Coughs, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Influenza, Asthma, Colds, Sore Throat, Pains or Soreness in the Chest and Side, Liver Complaint, Bleeding at the Lungs, &c. Wistar's Balsam does not dry up a Cough, and leave the cause behind, as is the case with most preparations, but it loosens and cleanses the lungs, and allays irritation, thus removing the cause of the complaint.
PREPARED BY
SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, Boston, Mass.,
And sold by Druggists and Dealers generally.
Mar 29, 1873—1y

NEVER Known to FAIL.
THOMPSON'S
Fever and Ague Powders,
FOR THE PERMANENT CURE OF
CHILLS AND FEVER,
DUMB AGUE,
Or any form of Intermittent Fever.
THE GREATEST DISCOVERY OF THE AGE!
There are no diseases so debilitating in their effects upon the constitution as the above, and none more difficult to cure by the usual modes of practice. The FEVER AND AGUE POWDERS will effect a cure in cases of the longest standing as well as prove a preventive in the forming stages of the disease. Being purely Vegetable, they act with certainty on the disease, totally eradicating it from the system, and prevent a return at any future period.
Why waste your money and health in trying every medicine you hear of, when THOMPSON'S FEVER and AGUE POWDERS have never failed to cure the CHILLS in any case.
Reasons why they Only should be Used.
THEIR REPUTATION IS ESTABLISHED.—Thousands of testimonials have been received, showing that these POWDERS have performed miracles in curing cases of long standing, many of them considered hopeless.
THERE IS NO RISK IN TAKING THEM. They contain nothing injurious, and, therefore, cause none of the lingering diseases so often the result of the many nostrums of the day. Physicians recommend them as superior to Quinine or any other known remedy, for they leave the system in a healthy state, and the patient beyond the probability of a relapse.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.—The genuine are put up in square tin boxes, with THOMPSON'S FEVER and AGUE POWDERS stamped on the lid, and the signature of THOMPSON & CRAWFORD on the wrapper. No others can possibly be genuine.
THOMPSON'S
RHEUMATIC
AND
Horse Liniment.
The Great External Remedy for
RHEUMATISM,
NEURALGIA,
SPRAINS,
BRUISES, &c.
Equally Good for Man or Beast.
This LINIMENT has earned for itself a reputation unequalled in the history of External Applications,—☞ Thousands who now suffer from RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, &c., would find immediate relief from all pain by using this CERTAIN REMEDY. It is equally effectual in CUTS, BURNS, SCALDS, STIFFNESS OF THE NECK, SORE THROAT, SWELLINGS, INFLAMMATIONS, FROST BITES, PAINS IN THE SIDE, OR BACK, BITES OF SPIDERS or STINGS OF INSECTS.
One rubbing will in all cases give immediate relief, and a few applications complete a cure.
On account of its powerful penetrating properties it is beyond doubt the SUREST REMEDY for the most troublesome diseases to which Horses and Cattle are liable. It cures SCRATCHES, old and fresh Cuts or Sores, Chafes produced by the collar or saddle, Injuries caused by Nails or Splints entering the flesh or hoofs, Bruises, Sprains, Sweeney, Spavin, Thrush, and all Diseases which destroy the Hoofs and Bones of the Feet.
☞ FULL DIRECTIONS accompany each bottle.—The above are Prepared only by
CRAWFORD & FOBES,
141 Market St., Philadelphia,
And sold by Storekeepers generally throughout the country.
Jan 25, 1873—1y

CLOTHING!!
FRESH STOCK
Fall and Winter Clothing
For Men's and Boys' Wear.
ALSO, A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
Gents' Furnishing Goods,
HATS, CAPS, &c.
JUST RECEIVED FROM THE CITY, AT THE
TEMPLE OF FASHION,
opposite the Bee Hive, and adjoining Stanton & Moore's Tobacco Store, in the Hollow,
MAIN STREET, ELKTON,
where you can buy 20 per cent. cheaper than anywhere else. ☞ Call and see me.
The high est price in cash paid for all kinds of FURS.
M. LIEBERMAN.
sept 23, 1872—y

Meetings of County Commissioners.

THE regular meetings of the County Commissioners will be held on the second TUESDAY of every month.
Persons having claims against the County, will please file the same in the Commissioners' Office, with a legal voucher; no account will be allowed not properly chargeable to the same.
Collectors and others having accounts to be stated or settled will apply to the Clerk during the recess of the Board. By Order
WM. T. MILLER, Clerk
Commissioners of Cecil County.
De 14, 1867—y

MEDICINAL.

Ayer's
Sarsaparilla

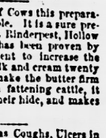
Is widely known as one of the most effectual remedies ever discovered for cleansing the system and purifying the blood. It has stood the test of years, with a constantly growing reputation, based on its intrinsic virtues, and sustained by its remarkable cures. So mild as to be safe and beneficial to children, and yet so searching as to effectually purge out the great corruptions of the blood, such as the scrofulous and syphilitic contamination. Impurities, or diseases that have lurked in the system for years, soon yield to this powerful antidote and disappear. Hence its wonderful cures, many of which are publicly known, of Scrofula, and all scrofulous diseases, Ulcers, Eruptions, and eruptive disorders of the skin, Tumors, Blotches, Boils, Pimples, Pustules, Sores, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, and internal Ulcerations of the Uterus, Stomach, and Liver. It also cures other complaints, to which it would not seem especially adapted, such as Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Fits, Neuralgia, Heart Disease, Female Weakness, Debility, and Leucorrhœa, when they are manifestations of the scrofulous poisons.
It is an excellent restorer of health and strength in the Spring. By renewing the appetite and vigor of the digestive organs, it dissipates the depression and listless languor of the season. Even when no disorder appears, people feel better, and live longer, for cleansing the blood. The system moves on with renewed vigor and a new lease of life.
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists,
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.
June 21, 1872—1y

$1.000 REWARD
For any case of Blind, Bleeding, Itching or Ulcerated Piles, that DEBING'S PILE REMEDY fails to cure. Prepared expressly to cure Piles and nothing else. Sold by all Druggists. Price $1.

FOUTZ'S
CELEBRATED
Horse and Cattle Powders.

This preparation, long and favorably known, will thoroughly re-invigorate broken down and low-spirited horses, by strengthening and cleansing the stomach and intestines.
It is a sure preventive of all diseases incident to this animal, such as LUNG FEVER, GLANDERS, YELLOW WATER, HEAVES, COUGHS, DISTEMPER, FEVERS, FOUNDER, LOSS OF APPETITE AND VITAL ENERGY, &c. Its use improves the wind, increases the appetite—gives a smooth and glossy skin—and transforms the miserable skeleton into a fine-looking and spirited horse.

To keepers of Cows this preparation is invaluable. It is a sure preventive against Rinderpest, Hollow Horn, etc. It has been proven by actual experiment to increase the quantity of milk and cream twenty per cent. and make the butter firm and sweet. In fattening cattle, it gives them an appetite, loosens their hide, and makes them thrive much faster.



In all diseases of Swine, such as Coughs, Ulcers in the Lungs, Liver, &c., this article acts as a specific. By putting from one-half a paper to a paper in a barrel of swill the above diseases will be eradicated or entirely prevented. If given in time, a certain preventive and cure for the Hog Cholera.
DAVID E. FOUTZ, Proprietor,
BALTIMORE, Md.
For sale by Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the United States, Canadas and South America.
Nov 23, 1872—1y

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

Every year increases the popularity of this valuable Hair Preparation; which is due to merit alone. We can assure our old patrons that it is kept fully up to its high standard; and it is the only reliable and perfected preparation for restoring GRAY OR FADED HAIR to its youthful color, making it soft, lustrous, and silken. The scalp, by its use, becomes white and clean. It removes all eruptions and dandruff, and, by its tonic properties, prevents the hair from falling out, as it stimulates and nourishes the hair-glands. By its use, the hair grows thicker and stronger. In baldness, it restores the capillary glands to their normal vigor, and will create a new growth, except in extreme old age. It is the most economical HAIR DRESSING ever used, as it requires fewer applications, and gives the hair a splendid, glossy appearance. A. A. Hayes, M.D., State Assayer of Massachusetts, says, "The constituents are pure, and carefully selected for excellent quality; and I consider it the BEST PREPARATION for its intended purposes."
Sold by all Druggists, and Dealers in Medicines.
Price One Dollar.
Buckingham's Dye.
FOR THE WHISKERS.
As our Renewer in many cases requires too long a time, and too much care, to restore gray or faded Whiskers, we have prepared this dye, in *one preparation;* which will quickly and effectually accomplish this result. It is easily applied, and produces a color which will neither rub nor wash off. Sold by all Druggists. Price Fifty Cents.
Manufactured by R. P. HALL, & CO.,
NASHUA, N.H.
June 22, 1872—1y

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR!

Ten Years of a public test has proved Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar to have more merit than any similar preparation ever offered to the public. It is rich in the medicinal qualities of Tar, and unequaled for diseases of the Throat & Lungs, performing the most remarkable cures. It effectually cures all Coughs and Colds. It has cured so many cases of Asthma and Bronchitis, that it has been pronounced a specific for these complaints. For Pains in the Breast, Side or Back, Gravel or Kidney disease, diseases of the Urinary Organs, Jaundice, or any Liver Complaint it has no equal.
It is also a superior Tonic.
Restores the Appetite,
Strengthens the System,
Restores the Weak and Debilitated,
Causes the Food to Digest,
Removes Dyspepsia and Indigestion,
Prevents Malarious Fevers
Gives tone to your System.

That Pale, Yellow, Sickly-Looking Skin is changed to one of freshness and health. Those Diseases of the Skin, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches and Eruptions are removed. Scrofula, Scrofulous Diseases of the Eyes, White Swelling, Ulcers, Old Sores or any kind of Humor rapidly dwindle and disappear under its influence. In fact it will do you more good, and cure you more speedily than any and all other preparations combined. What is it? It is nature's own restorer! A soluble oxyd of iron combined with the medicinal properties of Poke Root divested of all disagreeable qualities. It will cure any Chronic or Long Standing Disease whose real or direct cause is bad blood. Rheumatism, Pains in Limbs or Bones, Constitutions broken down by Mercurial or other poisons, are all cured by it. For Syphilis, or Syphilitic taint, there is nothing equal to it. A trial will prove it. ASK FOR DR. CROOK'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF POKE ROOT.
Jan 18, 1873—

ORPHANS' COURT.

THE STATED MEETINGS of the Orphans' Court of Cecil county will be held on the second TUESDAY in every month. Executors, Administrators and Guardians, wanting their accounts stated, will please bring in the vouchers a few days before Court.
REUBEN D. JAMAR,
Nov 30, 1867—y Register.

PRINTING.

THE WHIG
JOB
PRINTING OFFICE,
ELKTON, MD.
Promptness!
Beauty! Low Prices!
THE JOB DEPARTMENT
IS FITTED OUT WITH THE
Latest Styles of New Type,
And most approved Presses.
And we are prepared to execute ALL KINDS OF PRINTING in as good style as can be done in the State.
Business Men, consult your interest
by Advertising on your Bill-Heads, Letter Heads, Envelopes and Cards.
Keep your business before the people in a becoming and
STYLISH MANNER,
if you would insure their custom. Slovenliness breeds contempt. Every first-class business man
ADVERTISES,
AND USES
Printed Bill-Heads, Envelopes, Cards,