The Cecil Whig

ELKTON, MARCH 29, 1873.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

Local Miscellany.—The Mutual Building Association meets to-night.

Three days of this week were about as disagreeable as any three that could be selected from the past Winter.

The Messrs. Waring, Bone-dust manufacturers, whose works are located at Colora, in this county, have sent a sample of their fine bone to our office, which is about as nice an article of the kind as we ever examined. By honest and fair dealing, attention to business and *advertising in The Whig*—especially the latter—they are building up a nice business.

Examination and Exhibition.—The examination of classes in the Elkton Academy will be held on Monday and Tuesday next. The Trustees, parents and public are invited to attend.

The EXHIBITION will be held on Wednesday next, in the Odd Fellows' Hall, at 7.30 P. M. Tickets will be sold at 35 cents for adults, and 25 cents for children.

Protesting a Bailiff's Draft.—It is well known what arduous duties are imposed on court bailiffs, and what indispensible *officers* they are; and any attempt to degrade them to hewers of wood and drawers of water, should meet the reprobation of the public. A bailiff is detailed by the court to *watch* a jury when that august assemblage of donkey's—as the city papers have been in the habit of calling them, but we denounce the term as a slander—has retired to *deliberate* or "toss up," to ascertain the guilt or innocence of the prisoner. One of our bailiffs finding no wood in the room where a jury was about to be quartered, called on a "man and brother," and bid him *tote* some wood up, and then gave the "brother" an order on the clerk of the Commissioners for 15 cents, to pay him for his services. Now just think of it. That tyrannical custodian of the county funds refused, actually refused to honor the draft of the bailiff, which meant, if actions speak louder than words, that the bailiff might carry the wood himself! Was ever anything so preposterous, was ever anything so outrageous! as this attempt to degrade a messenger to the court—one of the anointed of the Court House ring, to the condition of a common servant?—Heaven preserve and protect us from this spirit of communeism which crops out in the action of the County Treasurer.

Court Proceedings.—The Circuit Court still continues in session.

In the case of Constable *vs.* Railroad Company, on trial at the close of our report last week, the jury rendered a verdict for the plantiffs for $180 damages.

Saturday was occupied by the Court in the trial of appeals from Justices of the Peace, the following being disposed of:

Geo. W. Harvey *vs.* Geo. W. Ford; appeal from Esquire Benjamin; an action for a balance due for work. Tried before the Court and judgment affirmed. Amount $22.50. Constable for Harvey; McCullough for Ford.

Geo. W. Harley *vs.* Wm. W. Price; appeal from Esquire Terry; action on account for board. Tried before the Court, and judgment for Harley for $35.55. Hiram McCullough for Harley; Constable for Price.

John B. Meyer *vs.* Jacob Huber; appeal from Esquire Brown; action for two weeks board of Huber's wife, who had left him, afterwards returned. Tried before the Court, and judgment for Meyer for $6 the amount claimed. William S. Evans for Meyer; Biddle for Huber.

The following criminal cases have been tried.

State *vs.* Timms; indicted for selling liquor without license. Plea of guilty confessed, and fined $50 and cost. McCullough for State; W. S. Evans for traverser.

State *vs.* John Stone; indicted for assault and battery on Seth Chandler *settled* on payment of the cost by the defendent.

State *vs.* Isaac Thomas (colored;) indicted for larceny of a bag of corn, a chicken and some eggs, the property of Jeremiah C. Price. Tried before a jury, and verdict of guilty, the jury also finding the value of the property to be $1.00, the effect of which is to lessen his sentence in the Penitentiary. C. McCullough and Jones for State; W. S. Evans, Constable and Wilson for prisoner.

State *vs.* Jacob Snyder; indicted for larceny of a gun, the property of Robert Cunningham, from the tavern of Frank J. Boyd, at Battle Swamp, about Christmas last. Tried before a jury, and verdict of guilty. McCullough for State; Constable and Wilson for prisoner.

State *vs.* Charles Holland (colored;) indicted for assault and battery on William Cole (colored,) in North East. Plea of guilty confessed, and after hearing the testimony the Court imposed a fine of $1 and costs, and twenty days imprisonment in the county jail.

Marr and Emmant *vs.* Ramsey McIlvary; removed case from Harford county; an action for damages sustained by plaintiffs from the negligent manner in which defendant's agent and business manager constructed a wall on a property known as the "Monumental Bowling Saloon," in Baltimore city, which they leased from defendant. The case has been on trial all the week before a jury. It is being argued as we go to press. H. V. D. Johns and Judge Mason, of Baltimore city, and Jones for plaintiffs; Archer and Constable for defendant.

Considerably Exercised.—Our neighbors over the Pennsylvania line have been considerably exercised over locating a company of co-operative mechanics, who propose to leave Wilmington and set up the car-building busines on their own hook. The co-operators have no money it seems, and wish the favored village where they locate to advance the capital ($50,000) to erect the works. This the village newspapers are all anxious to do, and a meeting of the citizens is forthwith called. The monied men don't seem to move with so much alacrity as the editors, each of whom represents the company as well pleased with his particular editorial village—in fact the co-operators are always in love with it, and pronounce it the very site for the proposed works if—the good citizens will put up the $50,000 works. Oxford, Mechanicsburg, Coatesville and other places have been examined, and were found to be just the thing; but somehow the $50,000 don't turn up, and the cornucopia moves on to find another most eligible site.

The following from the Coatsville *Union* is a stereotyped notice the would be company get from the newspaper of each village they visit. It is remarkably adopted to papers issued on Tuesday next.

CO OPERATIVE CAR WORKS.—This Company, after having examined Oxford, Mechanicsburg, and other places, have determined to locate their works in our town, provided our people will give them necessary support. The matter is now in the hands of our citizens, and it is for us to say whether we will extend to them the necessary encouragement. We know of nothing that would benefit our town more than to have a large manufacturing establishment, employing several hundred hands, in active operation, and this is just what we may have if our capitalists will take hold of this matter. We understand that $50,000 is wanted, and that it will be not only a safe, but profitable investment. A meeting of our citizens will be held this (Saturday) evening to consider the proposition of the Campany.

Anthropology.—The course of lectures delivered in this town, the present week, and which will close with the 6th lecture, on Monday night, by Hon. C. C. Burr, President of the Anthropological Society of the United States, on the subject of Anthropology, or the plurality of the human species, have been the most interesting course of lectures ever our citizens had the opportunity of hearing. We are sorry that they do not profit by the occasion more generally to learn from this distinguished naturalist, something of a subject which is coming forward and claiming examination and recognition from the teachers of religion and Biblical knowledge.—We cannot pretend to give a sketch of these lectures—not even state fully their object and the drift of the learned lecturer's argument, which to our mind seemed in most important points conclusive and unanswerable.

The fauna and flora—the animal and vegetable kingdoms, it is found are distributed in zones or belts over the earth's surface, and in their construction and wants fitted to the region where they are found. The plants and animals of each belt, are found to differ from the same genus in other zones, so entirely in their organization, capabilities and wants, that naturalists, pronounce them separate and distinct creations, formed by the Creator in the beginning and placed, each on that portion of the earth's surface for which it is peculiarly adapted. Now, if this is true of the lower animals and vegetable kingdom, by what course of reasoning or authority shall we deny that the races of men were created and disposed, or appointed as it is expressed in the Bible, to the different zones on the globe, where they are found, where the same osseous, nervous and muscular differences appear among them that are found to distinguish the different families of lower animals of the same genus? The developments which the researches of science in this direction have made, constitute the course of lectures; and that the theory of a plurality of the human race is shown to not be at variance with the Bibal account of the creation of Adam, is the work anthroplogists propose to accomplish.

Those who have not availed themselves of the opportunity to hear this course of lectures by the learned naturalist, have missed a great opportunity to become informed on a subject of the most vital importance.

A theory that assigns every race of men to a nich in creation, peculiarly his own, and demonstrates him a distinct creation placed there by God for a special purpose, is a subject so vitally important that we can scarce comprehend its magnitude.—The conflict and jealousy of races is at once disposed of, and that harmony of the human family, or human families, is established which has so long conflicted with the order that has been pointed out by scientists as govering the lower animals.—The lectures are illustrated with maps and drawings—the latter in colors and full life-size and dress of the different races of of men, which the learned lecturer refers to, and points out the peculiar differences existing between them.

The course consists of six lectures, which will conclude with the lecture on Monday night. The subject of to-nights lecture is "Proofs of a Special Creation in the different orders of Animated Nature," and we advise every one who has not heard these lectures—those who have will be sure to attend to the close—to go to-night and Monday night. The lecture of Friday night was on "Hybrid Races."

Golden Wedding.—On the 23rd instant the venerable couple, Mr. and Mrs. Brock, of this town, celebrated the 50th anniversary of their marriage. Fifty years ago Mr. Burbage Brock in the pride of young manhood led Miss Susan Taxis, a blushing young bride to the altar. Most of the gay throng which looked on that wedding scene have doubtless returned to the dust, whence they sprang. Half a century counted from manhood and womanhood, is a long period, and few couples there be who travel it together. But when two are found who have accomplished that remarkable journey, it is fitting that the anniversary of their nuptials should be termed golden; and that their children, grandchildren, and friends should celebrate the event with golden presents.

Among the appropriate gifts presented by loving friends was a pair of gold framed eye-glasses. Could those glasses be invested with the power ascribed to the genii in fabled story, and looking back through the long vista of the past, bring to view all the scenes of joy and sorrow which have chequered and crowded that sweep of time; what a panorama of joy and sorrow, hopes and fears, tears and smiles, would be unrolled to view. But we question whether any who have lived it, however happy and peaceful, as the world goes, would desire to live it ever again. And though death is ever invested with terrors, long life is a pilgrimage that few would care to make a second time, with its anxieties and heartaches; relieved here and there by a sunray of gladness and a smile of joy or hope.

Mr. and Mrs. Brock have resided thirty years of their wedded life in Elkton and vicinity, and continue to enjoy life in a sweet and quiet way, befitting the autumn of lives well spent.

The cake that was broken among the guests on this occasion was as sweet and fresh as that which graced the festal board when the two young and hopeful hearts set out together on this long, long journey; whose end shall only be lost to view on the shores of time. The quality and flavor of the bridal cake, however, is but a reasonable supposition with us, for it is only of the golden wedding cakes that we can speak with confidence, drawing our conclusions from a couple of large slices left at our office.

Conowingo Items.

MR. EDITOR:—As I have never had the pleasure of seeing an item in your worthy paper from Conowingo, I thought it would not be out of place to drop you a few lines.

—Mr. James C. Bell is thoroughly repairing his saw-mill. Messrs. Hunter, Weeks and Krauss, have been working for eight weeks or more.

—As soon as the mill wrights have finished the saw mill, Messrs. Bell and Cutler are going to have a saop stone mill attached to the saw mill.

—I believe the track on the Port Deposit & Columbia Railroad will be laid next month, then the long looked for iron horse will sound his shrill voice, and wake the snakes on Cromwell's Mountain.

—The once quiet town of Conowingo will then be the great business emporium of lower Lancaster, upper Cecil and Harford counties.

—The W. U. Tel. Company are running a line from Rowlandsville to Hopewell, Harford county, crossing the river at Conowingo, and connecting there with the line from Lancaster. There will be an office established here.

—The river has been high for several days; logs are running, some of our watermen are capturing a great many.

—Rumor says we are going to have another hotel in our town,—a man by the name of Wm. Barnett from the Local Option District.

A full line of White Goods and Notions just received at C. M. BOULDEN'S, and will be sold at bottom prices for CASH.

Chesapeake City Items.

Religious.—The Rev. G. R. Bristor, pastor of the M. E. Church, preached his first sermon, at his new appointment, on Sabbath morning last, to an attentive and well pleased congregation.

Died.—Willie G., infant son of Mr. Geo. Clever, on Saturday night, 22d inst., and was buried at Bethel Cemetery, on Wednesday morning, 26th inst.

Moving Day.—The 25th day of March proved to be quite a stormy day; but, notwithstanding the storm, our town was enlivened by the many teams going to and fro, and families leaving their old homes in search of new ones.

Temperance.—A public temperance meeting is to be held in the Good Templars' Hall, on Monday evening next, 31st inst.—These meetings are held frequently and are both very interesting and instructive; always bearing a religious character as well as temperance.

Sunk.—A sloop loaded with grain, was sunk in the canal on Monday last, being run into and cut by a loaded barge.

Weather.—The warm, Spring-like days of last week, started the truckers and gardeners to begin their work, in preparation for early vegetables. But fickle March with his cold winds and storms, and ice, have sent them all back this week, to seek their more comfortable arm chairs by the fire side.

Miscellaneous.—An unusual high tide on Wednesday night.——Roads are bad again.——Oysters are now selling at 75c. to $1 per bushel.——Herring at 25c. per dozen.——Business has been rather dull in town this week—so say the merchants.

Markets.—Flour per bbl., $10@10.50; potatoes $1.25@1.40, per bu.; butter 30@35c., per lb.; eggs 20c. per doz.; lard 10@12c., per lb.; sugar-cured hams 17c. per lb.; shoulders 9@10c., per lb.: fresh beef 12½@16c., per lb.

Fourth District Items.

Contract Closed.—The contract made by Messrs. Riddle, Wilson and others for the removing of the timber from a portion of the "Peterson Estate," closed on Tuesday last, the work has been in progress just four years, the tract containing probably 40 acres, of the best timber in this District, Hundreds of cords of wood have been cut off it; thousands of feet of valuable hickory, and white oak, have been taken off, toward the last at prices almost to suit the purchasers, and turning it into such a wreck, that any one who had known the woods four years ago, would be amply paid by giving it one more visit.

Accident.—Mr. George Canan, had his foot very badly hurt on Monday last. He was driving a heavily loaded wagon at a moving, when attempting to get upon the wagon while in motion, his foot slipped under the wheel, which passed directly over it. Dr. Carter dressed the wound, but it will take a long while for him to recover.

Died.—On Sunday morning last, in Philadelphia of Consumption, Daniel R. Titus, aged 23 years and 9 months. He was a resident of this county until within the last three years, during which time he studied law in Illinois, and was about to be admitted to the bar; but sickness compelled him to start for Cecil. He only reached Philadelphia, where he lingered a few weeks and died. Interred at St. John's. He was respected and loved by all who knew him.

Port Deposit Items.

Arrival.—The schooner "Bershela," arrived here from Baltimore, on Monday last; will sail for Washington, D. C., with lumber from Bond Bros & Co. This is the first boat which has visited us since the river froze up in December last.

Going to Work.—The sash factory, formerly of Noland & Co., now J. Howard Pugh & Co., will start on the 31st inst.—Mr. Noland, we are informed, will remain as superintendent of the mill.

Spring has again made its appearance with its variety of weather. This is a season enjoyed by most people and we think the residents of Port Deposit hail *this* Spring with especial joy since the Winter has been passed by them with the constant dread of an involintary voyage down the bay. The question is frequently asked, "how much damage has the river done to your town," in reply we might say, it is almost impossible to make a correct estimate of the loss. Many persons have lost more or less. Among the heaviest loosers are Davis & Pugh, J. Tome & Co., and the Railroad Company. The loss of the first party is principally in the repiling and damage by dirt of their lumber; some was broken and perhaps a very small portion passed out with the ice. J. Tome & Co. lost in hay and straw, to the amount of several hundred dollars and their warehouse was also considerably injured. Much credit is due to the managing partner of this firm for placing everything of a perishable nature in the upper stories of the warehouse. The railroad sustained some injury, and the company was put to considerable expense in clearing off the ice. Noland & Co.'s lumber was washed out of place and scattered about to quite an extent.—The carpenter shops of West & Carroll and West & Vannort, were both moved from their foundations. The former was throw across the main track of the Port Deposit & Columbia Railroad, compelling the trains to pass on the siding opposite.

Moving.—The twenty-fifth, as doubtlers many know, was a very unpleasant day for changing residence. We noticed quite a number of wagons loaded with furniture, enjoying (?) the luxury of a March rain.—F. M. Alexander has removed his shop to Middletown.

Mad Dog.—A dog which acted very strangely on Monday last, bit a little son of Wm. Parker of this borough. The little fellow struck the dog, which is generally assigned as the cause of the attack, which resulted in the boy receiving a severe wound in his hand. On the same day a dog, answering the description of the one above refered to, entered the yard of W. T. Patton, about a mile out of town. Mr. P., seeing a strange dog there, attempted to frighten him away, by throwing a stone at him, but as soon as the dog saw him throw, he rushed at him tearing his clothes badly but not inflicting any wound. Mr. P. attempted to kick his antagonist, but missed him, after which the dog passed on at a slow pace. Whether this dog was affected with hydraphobia or not, we cannot say, but his conduct certainly does not speak well for his character.

☞A rhyming friend hands us the following:

BURR came to town to prove by rule
That men are not mere monkeys;
That lengthened lips above the ear
Don't prove our fathers donkeys.

But soon he jumped from Darwin's track,
And switched off on another,
And sought to prove by Gospel texts
That Cuff's nor man, nor brother.

'Tis rather stale, my honored BURR,
This world is onward moving;
The negro is a citizen,
With all your Gospel proving.

Better sit down, my honored BURR!
Accept the situation:
Your Lecofsco-Gospel-preach
Don't suit the Yankee nation.

The Proprietor of the Glass Front has been absent in New York this week, laying in Sring Stock of fresh importations. Go to the Dry Goods Emporium of LEVIS, if you want to see the fine and beautiful from beyond the ocean.

North East Items.

Sale of Real Estate.—J. J. Simpson has sold his dwelling, blacksmith and wheelright shop, situated on the south end of Main street. James Roney, purchaser.—Mr. Simpson removes to the Brick Meeting House to engage in the hotel business. A gentleman well calculated for the business.

House Robbed.—On Sunday evening last, during church hours, and while the occupants were out, J. Dawson's house was entered, situated on Main street. The entrance was effected by climbing up over the kitchen porch and getting in the window. Some clothing and jewelry were taken; the thief safely making his escape. Some suspicious-looking characters had, and are still looking around town, who are closely watched. They may meet with a warm reception before they depart.

Moving Day.—Tuesday, the 25th instant, the day set apart in Maryland for that unenviable necessity, was celebrated in our town to the fullest extent.

Cecil Fire Brick Company again resumos operations this week. They have made considerable additions to their establishment, and in view of the business and energy of the parties concerned, we anticipate a success.

A Valuable Horse belonging to Thomas Reed, of our village, was so seriously injured by being improperly haltered, that he died soon after being discovered.

Building and Loan Association of North East, held their 5th Annual Meeting on Monday evening last. Officers elected for the ensuing year:—President, Wm. Scotten; Vice-President, John W. Simpers; Treasurer, J. T. Stout; Secretary, Wm. D. Alexander; Directors, Alfred Ford, John A. Rutter, John W. Nowland, Richard L. Thomas, Chas. W. Simpers, Geo. Moore, Wm. D. Alexander, Dr. Morrison and Jas. Roney. $1,100 was sold at 5 and 3 per cent premiums. The association is in a prosperous condition.

Rising Sun Items.

Storm.—On Tuesday and Wednesday we had a good old fashioned storm. Wednesday was a true March day. All kinds of weather but sunshiny.

Lost.—The freight train on the P. & B. C. R. R., on Tuesday night, after passing the Oxford depot, and being reported all right, the hands quietly run the train into the car house and put up out of the storm. Not being reported at this station in due time, the telegraph operators commenced hunting for them and kept it up all night, and only in the morning discovered there whereabouts. The operators were slightly indignant of their nights work, and the R. R. Superintendent immensely so.

Sale.—The farm of John W. Buckly was sold at assignees' sale, on 24th instant, at this place, to John Tosh. 81 acres for $50 per acre; considered very cheap.

Local Option.—Our city fathers are giving us the "Option" of walking in any part of south Queen street, or risking our limbs on the demoralized side walk to the depot. Each have their "rickers."

Moving day here was very quiet; plenty to move, but all being in a string and one refusing to move, blocked the game. The landlord of "Ye Centre House" has agreed in consideration of sundry payments, to start the machine on Monday next, when we will have a moving day all to ourselves.

Plowing.—Several of our farmers have commenced operations in this line. Others are making arrangements to husk their corn, in hopes to get it off in time to put in an oats crop, a few talk of leaving it until after harvest. Farmers' clubs being divided in opinion as to which is best.

Success.—The vocal and instrumental concert, under the direction of Prof. Vansrdale, in our town hall, last week, was quite a success. The entertainment by the members of the Good Templars' Lodge, was "an immense thing." A number of the members displaying abilities that would insure them an engagement at Cornerose & Dixies' minstrel opera house. The best joke was making everybody pay, and so raising plenty of stamps.

Mad Dogs are still the rage, "only more so." One was shot by Mr. Kirk at College Green, a short time ago. One, only a few days ago at John Keilholtz's, and several others have been seen, but not closely interviewed. Kill all stray dogs, if sheep should increase; better to be overrun with sheep than mad dogs.

Pilot Town Items.

Railroad.—The grading of the Columbia & Port Deposit railroad, as you are aware, was finished to Peach Bottom by Buck & Kaveny; above that point Mr. Sweeny has a contract. He has done considerable work; but the rock is scarcely touched.—Next come Buck & Kaveny, I think, two miles; their contract has the most formidable points to work off. They have been working all Winter, and I think will have the ballast done in six weeks. They made a through cut through the Eddy rock, 88 feet deep. It is down to grade. Just above the cut they had to build a foundation for the road, 50 ft. under the water.—This they accomplished by a derrick and contrivance similar to a patent hay fork, which unloosed the grapples when the stone reached the bottom. The stone used were large. Some would weigh two tons. Mr. Kaveny uses nitro-glycerine altogether for blasting, which has seven times as much force as powder, but is extremely dangerous. He has not had an accident so far. It costs $1.35 per pound. They receive it in square tin cans. After they are emptied, they will scarcely bear any force to come in contact with them without exploding. They put them in the river and put a cap and fuze in them and explode them to prevent accidents. After one had been exploded under water, the blacksmith, a colored man, took a piece of the tin to carry some embers to his forge; an explosion followed—the smith losing part of one ear—and considerable of his color. Next to Buck & Kaveny comes Freeland, from the Hawk Rock to the foot of Culley's, two miles; then McGovern & Sales, who have three miles. I should think it would take 10 months to finish up their contracts.—They use powder for blasting.

Break Up.—The ice just above McCalls, still bridges the river from shore to shore. There is a large quantity of timber in the ice. I noticed a fine spar about 70 ft long, and saw a number of logs and large cakes of ice coming out from under the gorge. It was a splendid view just at the foot of Culley's Falls, to see the miniature ice bergs dashing down the falls, some of them ten feet above the water. They would turn completely over, then pass into some eddy and disappear.

Moving.—Those who enjoy moving have had a disagreeable week for their diversion. Our Host of Oakwood, formally of New Texas, took possession amid sleet and rain, accompanied by about 20 anti-optionists, from Fulton township—who appeared to have treated their good resolutions.

Sale of Real Estate.—Barclay Reynolds and Job Haines, Assignees of J. W. Buckly, Jr. and wife, sold on Monday last, the old Coal Tanyard property, near West Nottingham Presbyterian Church, to Mr. John Tosh, for $50 an acre. The property contained 81 acres, and was improved with a good brick dwelling, frame barn and tenant house.

For The Cecil Whig.

The Essay and the Bible.

MR. EDITOR:—Most readers of the lately published Essay on Female Education must have shared our grief at the bold irreverence of its language towards some portions of the Bible and some of the sacred writers. This feeling is intensified by learning that the writer is an instructor of youth, that it was read before a Teachers' Association and that it was published by request.

According to this writer the Bible account of the creation of our first parents, is "an old Hebrew myth" unworthy of credit, which represents God as blundering in creating Adam alone at the first and then Eve to mend the matter. David is styled "a bloody despot," and Solomon, "a gilded coward."

"Moses made the same mistake of most old time lawgivers in teaching the subjection of women; permitting the husband to divorce the wife at will while she had no remedy against him. Christ was a true philosopher and taught the equality of women, but christianity borrowing as much of its faith from judaism and paganism as from Christ, forgot this part of histeaching; and Paul, forgetting his great exempler, surrendered coward like (?!) to the dictum of Apollo and accepted the very principle which wrought the ruin of Greece, female subserviency."

Now, though it sounds rather sophomoric to ascribe the downfall of the ancient empires to "female subserviency," we do not deny that it existed as one of many causes.

We also heartily concur in his demand of equaly educational advantages for males and females. But we solemnly and earnestly protest against such gross and gratuitous denunciation of sacred writers, and against such attempts to set them so at variance with Christ as is calculated, if not intended, to bring discredit upon the whole of divine revelation.

The writer is evidently unwilling to appear a teacher of blank infidelity, for he advocates a certain "broad, christianity," and, in opposition to Moses and Paul, he applauds our Saviour as a "true philosopher," because he taught the equality of women and forbade divorce, except for one cause. But if the essayist will use a little more biblical research and will compare Mat. XIX. and Mark X. with the latter part of the second chapter of Genesis, he will find our Saviour appealing to Moses, and quoting the words of that so-called "old Hebrew myth" to convince the Pharisees and to sustain his own doctrine of the equality of the sexes and the unlawfulness of divorce.

Knowing what he had taught in his sermon on the Mount, on this subject while interpreting the laws of Moses and freeing them from their false constructions, the Pharisees came tempting and asking, "Is it lawful for a man to put away his wife for any cause?" Evidently their design was to show that he taught a doctrine on this subject different from that of Moses that they might accuse him of heresy.

"He answered and said unto them, What did Moses command you? And they said Moses suffered to write a bill of divorcement and to put her away.

And he answered and said unto them, Have ye not read that he which made them at the beginning, made them male and female? And said, For this cause shall a man leave father and mother and shall cleave unto his wife, and they twain shall be one flesh. Wherefore they are no more twain but one flesh. What therefore God hath joined together let not man put asunder.

They say unto him, Why then did Moses command to give a writing of divorcement and to put her away? He said unto them, Moses because of the hardness of your hearts suffered you to put away your wives; but from the beginning it was not so."

Thus our Saviour disposes of the apparent difference between him and Moses, by saying that Moses gave them that law of of divorce, not to express his own views, or to encourage the sundering of the marriage tie, but "because of the hardness of their hearts," and to regulate and restrain an evil which he could not abolish, owing to the practice and character of the Jewish people. Then for ascertaining the real views of Moses on this subject he refers to and quotes from the Second chapter of Genesis, where Moses represents God as creating one man and forming from him, and for him, one woman only; thus affording no opportunity either for polygamy or for divorce with the hope of a second marriage—and as pronouncing the wedded pair one and inseparable in the bonds of wedlock. Thus our Lord represents the view of creation and marriage given by Moses in the Book of Genesis as high authority and in perfect harmony with his own.—Thus he baffled his wily foes in their design of setting his doctrines in opposition to those of Moses.

With what consistency then does the writer referred to reject and denounce Moses and accept Christ where Christ himself shows that his own teaching agrees and is the same with that of Moses?

Did Christ thus quote and refer to the second chapter of Genesis as to an incredible *myth*, or as to an inspired narrative, which Pharisees and all others should accept as indicating the will of God with respect to marriage? Let it be remembered that Christ always spoke of Moses with the highest respect, quoted him as the highest authority and showed that his own teaching agreed with his, so that the rejection of the one is also the rejection of the other.

"They have Moses and the prophets, let them hear them. If they hear not Moses and the prophets, neither will they be persuaded though one rose from the dead.

Had ye believed Moses, ye would have believed me. But if ye believe not his writings how can ye believe my words."

The essayist will do well to ponder this question. For our own part we are well satisfied with our Saviour's good opinion of the authority of Moses, and we think that his account of woman as formed from Adam, who was created in the image of God, quite as honoring to the fair sex, as that of some would be philosophers who derive her remotely from the shellfish and immediately from the orangoutang. Nor can we see how it can aid the cause of female education and emancipation to discredit a book which has done more for the elevation and salvation of woman than all other writings whatever. J. E. A.

THE PHILADELPHIA CATTLE MARKET.—The demand for Beef Cattle was quite active this week and prices favored sellers. Sales of extra at 8@8¼c.; choice at 7¾@7¾c.; fair to good at 6¾@7¼c.; and common at 4¾@5c. per lb. Receipts, 2000 head. Cows and Calves were dull at $25@60. Receipts, 200 head. Sheep attracted much attention at full figures. Sale of extra at 8c.; fair to choice at 6¾@7¼c.; and common at 5@6¾c. Receipts, 9000 head. Hogs were slow to move, and prices were rather weak. Sales of corn fed at $8@8.25. Receipts, 6000 head.

—The Spanish Republic has abolished slavery in Porto Rica.

House and Lot for sale or to rent, Apply to C. M. BOULDEN.

DIED.

RAWLINGS.—On Monday, March 24th, after a lingering illness, ROBERT RAWLINGS, age 64 years.

LOW.—At Rock Springs, on Thursday, 20th inst., SARAH LOW, aged 34 years.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A BLESSING TO LADIES.

DUPONCO'S Golden Pills for Females

ARE PERFECTLY HARMLESS,

AND NEVER FAIL

to immediately relieve and permanently cure suppressed or difficult menstruation, remove obstructions, &c.

One lady writes, she would be willing to pay $5 a box for them rather then be without them.

Another lady writes, *Duponco's Golden Pills* relieved me in "two days," without any inconvenience, like magic.

"Beware of Counterfeits." The genuine is now put up in large white boxes, containing "double quantity" of Pills, and upon each box you will find the U. S. Revenue Stamp printed from my *private die*, upon which you will find the words DUPONCO'S GOLDEN PERIODICAL PILLS, in (white) letters. None genuine without that stamp. The small red and yellow boxes are no longer used, because of their being counterfeited.

Price, $1 per Box. Six Boxes, $5.

Sold at DR. MITCHELL'S DRUG STORE, Elkton, Md.

By sending $1 through the Elkton Post Office, can have the Pills sent (confidentially) by mail, to any part of the country, free of postage.

Sold also by SMITH & PAINTER, Wilmington; H. M. BRICKLEY, Chester, and by S. D. HOWE, Proprietor, New York.

mar 29, 1873—1y

THE MARKETS.

Elkton Markets.

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY.

WHEAT	1 80@2 00
WHITE CORN	50@50
YELLOW CORN	50@52
OATS	40@43

Baltimore Markets.

FLOUR.—Western Super at $5,25@$5,62½; do. Extra at $7@7,50; do. family at $9,50. Northwestern spring wheat Extra at $7,50@$7,75. Howard Street Super, $5,00@625; Howard Street Common to Fair Extra, $6,50@7.00; Howard Street Good to Choice do. $7,25@7,75; Howard Street Family, $8,00@10,50.

WHEAT.—There is an improved demand for the better grades of Wheat and the market is firm, at slightly advanced figures. Good Pennsylvania red at 185 cents, and 600 to 700 bushels Maryland at 195@212 cents for good red to choice amber.

CORN.—The market is firm for all descriptions, Southern white at 62@63 cents and do. yellow at 60 cts.

OATS.—Are quiet and steady, with light receipts. Southern 47@49 cents, bright Western 49 cents. Mixed Western 46@48 cents.

BALTIMORE HAY AND STRAW MARKET.—The demand for Hay is fairly active, and the market firm. We quote Western and Pennsylvania as ranging from $27 to $31, with an occasional sale of very choice at $32, and Maryland at $30@35, the latter for choice Cecil county. We quote Rye Straw at $25@27 per ton of 2,000 pounds.

REAL ESTATE.

2 ROOMS TO LET. Possession at once.
Mar 8—4w Inquire of M. LIEBERMAN.

FOR SALE.

A NO-TOP BUGGY, in excellent condition, upon liberal Terms. Apply to J. H. JAMAR.
Mar. 15, 1873—4w.

WHEELRIGHT SHOP FOR RENT, LOW,

In the village of Zion. One of the best business stands in the County. Apply to GEO. W. GOODNOW.
Mar. 15, 1873—2w.

FOR RENT.

A SMALL HOUSE, on Main street, next to Captain Pearce's. Apply to R. D. JAMAR.
Feb 8, 1873

FOR RENT IN ELKTON.

DWELLING and STORE HOUSE connected, opposite the Court House. Location one of the best in the town. Will be let jointly or separately. Immediate possession. Apply to B. F. MAY, or, E. E. EWING, Elkton.
Mar 8, 1873—1m

FOR RENT.

A COMFORTABLE DWELLING, containing 12 rooms. Garden; large Grounds filled with Trees and Fruits of various kinds. Stable and Carriage house.—Within ten minutes walk of Elkton Depot.
Inquire of REUBEN HAINES,
mar 8—4w Attorney at Law.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

THE RESTAURANT now occupied by Mrs. Philip Becker. The best location in the town of Elkton. The house will be thoroughly repaired, and sold on terms to suit. Apply to REUBEN HAINES,
Attorney for the owner,
Mar 15—tf Elkton, Md.

ATTORNEY'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of a power given to the undersigned, as Attorney in the mortgage of Samuel B. McCullough to Andrew Donnell, dated January 27th, 1872, and recorded in Liber D. S., No. 7, folio 567, &c., one of the Mortgage, &c. Record Books of Cecil county, the undersigned, as Attorney for the said Andrew Donnell, will offer at Public Sale, at the Court House door, in Elkton, Cecil county, Maryland, on

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 2nd, 1873,

AT 2 O'CLOCK P. M., ALL THAT

REAL ESTATE,

situate, lying and being in the 8th Election District of Cecil county, aforesaid, and upon which the said Samuel B. McCullough now resides, containing

96 1-4 Acres of Land, more or less.

The improvements consist of a substantial STONE HOUSE; Frame Barn, with slate roof, and Frame Wagon House.

The land is of superior quality.

TERMS CASH on day of sale. Cost of Deed to be paid by purchaser.

REUBEN HAINES, Attorney,
for Andrew Donnell.
Mar. 1, 1873—ts S. BURNS, Auctioneer.

ATTORNEY'S SALE.

Under and by virtue of authority, contained in a deed of Mortgage from Thomas Grubb and Alice M. Grubb, his wife, to Jacob Tome, dated the fifth day of January, 1872, and recorded among the Mortgage Records of Cecil county, aforesaid, in Liber D. S., No. 7, folio 522, &c., I will sell at the Court House door, in the town of Elkton,

On Tuesday, the First day of April, 1873,

AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK A. M., ALL THE

REAL ESTATE,

particularly described in said deed of Mortgage, consisting of

1st. All that TRACT or PARCEL

OF LAND, known as "*Addition to Dougherty's Endeavor,*" containing

220 ACRES and 16 Perches,

more or less, which was conveyed to said Thomas Grubb by Otho Scott and Henry Wesley and wife, by deed dated the 16th of March, 1859, and recorded among the Land Records of Cecil county, aforesaid, in Liber W. H. R., No. 2, folio 58, &c.

2d. ALL THAT TRACT of LAND,

CONTAINING

107 ACRES, MORE or LESS,

conveyed to said Thomas Grubb and Nancy K. Grubb, by deed dated December 16th, 1857, and recorded among the Land Records of Cecil county, aforesaid, in Liber H. H. M., No. 9, folio 207, &c.

These Lands are among the most valuable in the county; situate in the Eighth District of Cecil county, along the Pennsylvania line, in a healthy and improving neighborhood, in a high state of cultivation, well supplied with Buildings, comprising Brick Dwelling House, two fine large Barns, several good Tenant Houses, Store House and Blacksmith Shop. The farms will be sold separately or together as best suits the desires of purchasers.

3d. Four Lots in Ark Haven,

Nos. 2, 3, 5 and 6. Two of them well known as the ARK HAVEN HOTEL property.

TERMS.—Ten thousand five hundred dollars of the purchase money will be required in cash on day of sale; the residue will be subject to arrangement between the purchaser and the undersigned.

W. J. JONES,
Mar 8 1873—ts Attorney for Mortgagee.

BEST THING IN THE WEST.

Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fee R. R.

LANDS!

THREE MILLION ACRES,

Situated in and near the Arkansas Valley, the Finest Portion of Kansas!

Eleven years' Credit. Seven per Cent. Interest.—22½ per cent. reduction to settlers who improve.

A FREE PASS TO LAND BUYERS.

THE FACTS about this Grant are—Low Prices, Long Credit, and a Rebate to settlers of nearly one-fourth; a Rich Soil and Splendid Climate; short and mild Winters; early planting, and no wintering of Stock; plenty of Rainfall, and just at the right season; Coal, Stone, and Brick on the line; Cheap Rates on Lumber, Coal, &c.; no Lands owned by Speculators; Homesteads and Pre-emptions now abundant; a first-class Railroad on the line of a great Through Route; Products will pay for Land and Improvements.

It is the best opportunity ever offered to the public, through the recent completion of the Road.

For Circulars and general information, address

A. E. TOUZALIN,
Manager Land Department,
TOPEKA, KAN.
Or, E. E. EWING,
Jan 25, 1873—3m ELKTON, MD.

CARPET WEAVING.

The subscriber, residing about one mile north of North East Depot, on the road leading to Bay View, is prepared to furnish WARP and WEAVE CARPETS, with neatness and dispatch. CHAS. H. WEAVER.
Mar. 15, 1873—3w.

NOTICE.

All persons having claims against Cecil county will file the same in the County Commissioners' Office, on or before the 8th day of April, next, or be excluded from the benefit of the Levy of 1873. By order.

WM. T. MILLER,
Mar 22, 1873—3w Clerk.

WING & SON'S PIANOS.

[Successors to DOANE, WING & CUSHING.]

"THE AMERICAN PIANO."

FIRST PREMIUMS. {Illinois State Fair, 1870. Ohio State Fair, 1871 & 1872. Alabama State Fair, 1871. Texas State Fair, 1872. Numerous County Fairs.

From Mr. Edward Hoffman, the celebrated Pianist.

"I conscientiously believe that your Piano is in every respect *a most magnificent instrument.*"

From the "Independent."

"The American Piano has deservedly become a