The Cecil Whig

ELKTON, MARCH 9, 1872.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

Local Miscellany.—The Elkton Building Society meets to-night.

Rev. J. McIntire will preach in the Presbyterian Church to-morow.

The Mutual Building Association, at its last meeting, sold money at $1.25 premium.

I. D. Davis and S. Kennard Miller have succeeded Wm. McCrery, in the lumber business, at the east end of town.

The Presbyterian Church, of Elkton, has been holding a series of extra meetings for the past two weeks.

Messrs. Curtis & Bro., owners of Spring Lawn paper mill, near Newark, Del., we learn, have formed a co-partnership, in the paper business, with McGargie & Bro., of Philadelphia.

At the sale of personal property of Mr. Gillmore, four cows sold from $46.00 to $67.50; one horse, $128.50; a two-horse wagon, $43.50; shoats, $4 apiece. Sorrel mare not sold.

One of the Marley Paper Mill wagons was overtaken by the heavy snow squall, on Monday, on the old plank road, near Lewisville, and turned over, where it was still lying when our informant passed, on Thursday morning.

The Young Men's Christian Association of Elkton is eliciting some discussion as to the policy of excluding or admitting worldly members as officers of the Institution.—*Practically* it will not matter; theoretically it presents a fine field for discussion.

Prof. H. M. Williams, who is teaching several classes dancing, in Elkton, was unable to attend his classes this week, on account of sickness. In a letter to Mr. Falls he expects to be able to report for duty on Monday next.

The snow, the intense cold, and the furious squall, as recorded by our correspondents, were all experienced in this locality. Navigation was again closed. On Thursday the wind fell, and the weather moderated considerably.

The Band had a fine entertainment, on Saturday night last, at the Hall, but owing to the inclemency of the weather, their audience was small, and the enterprise did not clear expenses. They propose to give a concert during Court, which commences on the 18th instant.

Sixty thousand dollars has been subscribed on the east side of the river to the stock of the Peach Bottom Railroad, and a survey will now be made. One-half of the amount of the demand notes given by the subscribers at the time of subscribing is now called for by the Directors.

Mr. Thos. B. Marrett, formerly of Elkton, but now of St. Paul, is now home on a visit. Judging from his appearance, western life agrees with him, and he reports himself well pleased with it. Rev. J. J. Timanus, also a former resident, paid Elkton a flying visit this week. He looks better than ever—and is still single.

Enigmas and charades must invariably be accompanied with the answers; and not only the answer to the "whole" should be given, but the charade or enigma should be entirely worked out and sent along, in order that we may see at a glance whether they are correct. Sometimes these contributions are mis-spelled, and then, of course, they must be laid aside.

Lecture.—Dr. R. M. LePoer, of Baltimore, will lecture in the Zion Presbyterian Church, on Monday, March 11th, at 7½ P. M. Subject: Temperance. Admission, free. All that enjoy "a feast of reason and flow of soul," are requested to be present.

He will also lecture on the same subject, in the M. E. Church, of Lewisville, on Tuesday 12th inst., at 7½ o'clock, P. M.

Land Sales.—James M. Gillmore has sold his farm, in the 4th District of this county—which was advertised in *The Whig*—containing 50 acres, to Enoch Ferguson, of Elkton, for $3,200.

Jesse J. Boulden, formerly of this county, has sold his farm, near Lewisville, Pa., to George J. Mackey, of the same place, for $4,200. The farm contained 56 acres, with good buildings.

Y. M. C. A.—The first monthly meeting, of the Young Men's Christian Association, will be held in the lecture room of the M. E. Church, on Tuesday evening, 12th inst., at 7½ P. M. Committees will please be prepared to make their reports. The President, Dr. R. C. Mackall, will address the meeting. The public are cordially invited to attend. By order

B. E. LODORE, Sec.

The Cashe Machine Company.—The firm of Cashe & Co., machinists, whose works were situated near Newark, Del., and who were the inventors of a thrashing machine which has gained considerable celebrity, have dissolved, and the concern has been converted into a joint stock company, with the above name. The new company went into operation on Monday, 4th inst. Its officers are: President—F. A. Curtis; Treasurer—G. G. Kerr. Directors—F. A. Curtis, Jacob Cashe, John Pilling, J. H. Ray and C. McLaughlin. General Superintendent—Jacob Cashe.

New Paper.—The young ladies of Miss Kinzie's school, kept in the front room of *The Whig* building, issue an amateur paper, which they call *The Engleside*, that sparkles like the bright eyes of its fair editors.—The following "local" from *The Engleside* will serve as a specimen, which, while imparting useful information, does not hesitate to administer a sharp reproof to some people who blunder:

"It is surprising that the public can not distinguish the difference between a school-room and a printing office. Can we not procure a professor to preside exclusively over this 'ology,' and teach the public that the front room of *The Whig* building is not occupied by type-setters?"

The Railroad Fever Again.—Elkton is attacked periodically with this fever of enterprise and public spirit, but generally recovers without any perceptible change manifesting itself in the town and surroundings. Just now it is going through this periodic experience. The Legislature has been petitioned to place the State aid, granted the Elkton and Massey's cross roads Railroad, at the disposal of the Elkton and Middletown road; and this enterprise has been supplemented by a movement to build a railroad from Elkton to Lewisville Pa., and thence to tap the Wilmington and Western railroad. A meeting to consider this project was held at Lewisville on Wednesday last, in answer to a call signed by the most influential and enterprising men on and adjacent to the line of the proposed road. The meeting on Wednesday appointed Messrs. I. D. Carter, Chas. H. Duckett, Arthur A. Mackie, V. S. Caleb, James McCrery and E. A. Sweetapple, a committee to make arrangements for a survey of the route; and also Messrs. G. W. Kerr, Linton Stephens, D. S. W. Jackson, Robt. H. Hudson, Robt. J. Lynch, Greenfield and Cuthbert Hayes, a committee on survey of Wilmington and Elkton road, via Lewisville. An adjournment was held on Friday (yesterday) to charter, and perfect preliminary arrangements necessary to advance the cause. After repeated efforts to do so, since some latent vitality in the project, which we trust may nurse into life before the ides of March, the hard headed men of the

Court.—The March Term of the Circuit Court for this county, will commence on Monday, the 18th inst. The following is a list of jurors:

GRAND JURORS.	PETIT JURORS.
Samuel Hanna,	Adam R. Magraw,
John B. Arrison,	George W. Janney,
Robert P. Barr,	William T. Purdy,
David Z. Evans,	William Richards,
John H. Young,	John F. Stephens,
Jere. Rittenhouse,	Esma P. Bowen,
Lewis T. Todd,	John E. Gillespie,
David Statts,	Wm. T. Richards,
Isaac Evans,	Samuel Tosh,
William F. Baldwin,	John Peach,
F. Howard Eldridge,	John P. Evans,
Job Haines,	John Archibald,
James M. Budd,	W. W. Henderson,
Amos E. Clendenin,	James A. Gatchell,
John Hammersmith,	Daniel Bratton,
Chas. R. McNamee,	John Owens,
Edmund Brown, Jr.	John P. Vanneman,
Samuel J. Gatchell,	Chandler Matthews,
William Fears,	George W. Denny,
William H. Ewing,	A. C. Richardson,
William R. Gilpin,	Townsend Poole,
Thomas Cleaver,	Thomas L. Bonsal,
Joseph H. Steele.	Jeremiah Watson,
	George W. Moore,
	E. W. Lockwood.

Petitions for Change in the Corporation Law of Elkton.—Two petitions asking for important changes in the charter of Elkton were in circulation the early part of the week. The first we saw was in charge of Dr. Ellis, and had but few signatures attached, the most of whom were members of the Board of Town Commissioners.—This petition asked the Legislature to invest the Town Commissioners with more ample powers to widen and straighten streets, curb, &c., &c., and also to grant power to the Board to establish a library, with a librarian at an annual salary. In view of the curbing process that has been conducted by the present Board, we are inclined to think the property holders feel more inclined to restrict the powers of the Commissioners, in this respect, than at large them. Consequently, petition No. 2, which followed No. 1, immediately, and was being circulated by Mr. Oliver, proposed to restrict the annual levy of town tax to 20 cents on the $100, which amount should require a majority vote of the Board to levy. A two-thirds vote of the Board might levy 30 cents, and a unanimous vote of the Board was required to levy the maximum sum of 40 cents, fixed by the charter; and this maximum sum to be levied in no two successive years. This petition was numerously signed by the principal property owners of the town, and we hope that Mr. Groome will take it in charge and exert his influence earnestly in procuring the proposed amendment to the charter.

The town affairs of Elkton, as small and insignificant as they are, have become as foul a ring corruption as the municipal affairs of New York or Philadelphia. To the limit of the law the property is taxed annually, and the money squandered so uselessly, that as far as serving the property-holders is concerned, it might about as well be stolen in the Tammany style.—As a specimen of ring management, some five or six hundred dollars worth of the very choicest curbing is now scattered along the edge of the commons, back of the town. This curbing might be used to advantage, on Church street,—a street near the centre of the town, and leading to the Methodist burying ground and public school, and also one of the principal thoroughfares for people passing from that quarter of the town into Main street. Since the property holders will have the bill to foot, and have this lot of useless curbing on hand, it ought to be used on some street where the public would at least derive some benefit from it, and not be planted out on the borders of the commons, to make rubbing-posts for the Back street pigs.

NORTH EAST ITEMS.

Fruit Prospect.—The probability is that most kinds of fruit has been injured to some extent, in the bud or germ, in this vicinity, by the very severe freezing of the recent winter; especially peaches, they being among the most tender.

Land Sale.—Last week Mr. James Johnson purchased from Mrs. Logan, the farm situated on the Bay View road, about one mile north of our railroad station, for $3,300.

Fresh Fish.—Last Friday some fine pearch made an appearance in our street, caught, we learn, by hauling seine in our waters.

Improvements.—Mr. R. L. Thomas' large double frame dwelling, on Church street, is closed in. Other improvements in that street are contemplated. Mr. S. M. Atkinson has put up a fine portico and very neat paling in front of his residence.

Moving.—Many changes of residence have recently been made in our community. The prospect is that there will be a failure in supply of dwellings to meet the pressing demand this Spring.

Snow Storm.—After a number of cold bright days, on Saturday, at 7 o'cloed, A.M. the heaviest snow storm for several years, set in, continuing all day resulting in a fall of several inches.

Religious.—On last Sabbath morning, Rev. B. F. Price, pastor of M. E. Church, delivered the most sound, clear, and appropriate sermon that we have heard from him. Text, Galatians, 4: 4, 5, 6. He officiated at night.

Temperance.—On last Tuesday night, Rev. B. F. Price, in the absence of the expected Minister, delivered an address on Temperance, in the M. E. Church, in our town.

Heavy Squall.—One of the most severe and sudden snow squalls for years came up in this vicinity on Monday afternoon last, followed by a rapid fall in temperature and very cold weather.

CECILTON ITEMS.

—March came in with every indication of Spring; but the weather changed suddenly, and on Saturday we had an "old fashioned snow storm," which covered the ground to the depth of several inches; and on Sunday a good opportunity was afforded the lovers of sleigh-riding, to enjoy what they deem a great luxury. High winds have prevailed since Monday, with the weather extremely cold.

—Rev. Mr. Hammersley, our beloved pastor, has returned to this appointment, very much to the gratification of his flock.

—The Westminister church at George-Town, is to be dedicated on 24th, inst.

—This neighborhood generally so blessed with health, has become much excited recently over the appearance of small pox. A colored man living in Grove Neck named Zach Piner was visiting at Wilmington, and while there, he contracted the disease. On arriving at home he complained of being ill, and the Dr. being called in, pronounced his sickness a case of small pox. The attack was very light, and he is recovering.

—Thomas Phrazer, who resides in Grove Neck, had his leg broken last week, by a tree falling on him, while cutting wood for W. Ward.

—Farmers are somewhat concerned about the appearance of the wheat. The Winter being so severe, and very little snow to protect it from the frost it seems lifeless and yellow.

—Hard times is the continual outcry, with frequent sheriff's sales to confirm it.

LOOK! CECIL COUNTY. LOOK!—Every one who has not tried the "Wilmington City Soap," should begin at once. If you do not try a bar for next wash-day, you are fined half price. Buy a bar, and save the *fine*.

FOURTH DISTRICT ITEMS.

Sale of a House and Lot.—Mr. Lewis C. Martindell has sold his house and lot in Cowantown, to Samuel B. Dennis, for $1,000. Mr. M. paid $1,600 for it a few years since.

Accident.—Isaac Gray made a narrow escape from being killed, a few days since, while engaged in sawing pickets, at Baldwin's saw mill. A piece of wood was caught by the saw, (a circular one,) and thrown with great force, striking Mr. Gray on the left breast and knocking him senseless; he was found directly afterwards by one of his men, who conveyed him to his house, where, we learn, he is doing well.

Storm and Cold Weather.—Winter is loth to leave us, as the present week has proven. Last Saturday brought to us one of the severest snow storms that we have had this winter, making about five inches on the ground; on Monday evening we were visited by a regular "Nor' Wester," which brought the thermometer down to 6° on Tuesday morning. March has come to us as a lion; perhaps it may get a little milder before the first of April.

Contract.—Our enterprising mill-wright, William Spratt, of Poplar Hill, has gone to Bockford, Illinois, to begin operations on a large mill which he has contracted to put up at that place. He has taken fifteen men with him, and expects to be gone nine months.

Coal Oil Explosion.—A family living in a house, known as the "Bee Hive," near the Rock Church, had a narrow escape from being burned to death a few evenings ago. The woman of the house was sick at the time and confined to her bed. Her husband lighted a coal oil lamp and left it in her room, while he went on an errand to the cellar. While in the cellar, he heard an explosion, and on returning to the sick chamber, found the lamp had exploded and set fire to the bed. The sick woman was rescued before she sustained any injury; the bed and clothes were consumed before the fire could be extinguished.

That Whistle, at Providence paper mill, is a regular terrifier to horses who are not accustomed to its screeches. The engineer would do well to blow it as seldom and short as possible.

Religious.—The revival at Baldwin's Mills is still going on. About thirty persons have professed religion at these meetings. Rev. J. W. Weston, the newly appointed minister for Cherry Hill and Wesley, will preach his first sermon at the former place, to-morrow morning. Rev. Jas. Dare will leave for his new appointment, at Delmar, next Thursday, the 14th. Mr. Dare leaves a large number of friends in this vicinity who will always remember him with pleasure.

Fell Dead.—Last Saturday morning, while Dennis Dwyer was proceeding to his work, at Marley paper mill, on horse-back, his horse stumbled and fell down, and died in a few minutes afterwards.

PORT DEPOSIT ITEMS.

—Snow and very cold weather have predominated in this latitude for some days. The mercury is reported to have fallen to zero, and the weather feels as if it had staid there.

—The friends of Mr. Tome will be glad to learn of his rapid convalescence. He has even ventured into his office, and will be prepared to show his genial countenance upon the street, as soon as the opening Spring will bring warmth to our now frozen region.

—Some prowling vagabond, a short time since, cut with a knife, through the coat and vest of Mr. Charles Martin, near Odd Fellows' Hall, as he was passing, without a word being spoken.

—Another enterprising fellow, whose errand was not bootless, took a pair of new boots from the parlor of Mr. E. D. McClenahan, just as that gentleman was in the act of retiring.

—The new Presbyterian minister, Mr. Elcock, has entered upon his duties as pastor of that church, here. Rev. T. E. Martindale was returned to the Methodist Church, by his Conference, and will resume his work this week. Rev. Mr. Martin, the Episcopal clergyman, is going about doing good, and will doubtless take a good congregation to his church, when it is completed, in the early Spring.

—It is reported that Mr. John Long will cease business as a restaurant keeper, this month, and that Mr. G. M. Anderson will occupy the place with his drugs and chemicals.

—The Homestead Association sold their money at 20 per cent. No. 1. Building Association failed to sell because of the absence of a quorum of directors.

—At the town election, held Feb. 26th, the old Board, with one exception, was re-elected. Mr. T. C. Bond was chosen to occupy the post of the retired alderman.—It is said that the town is to be treated to a new charter, by the present Legislature, which provides for an increase of two members of the Board of Commissioners, and will allow those persons, adjoining the town, part of whose town property is subject to tax, to vote at town elections. None but the Board are thought to know any other changes. The heel of a Legislative session is a good time for the knowing to spring questions.

RISING SUN ITEMS.

Cold.—The intense cold of the last few days, has astonished the "oldest inhabitant;" he don't remember the like ever before.

Fire.—On Wednesday morning, the sparks or cinders, from the freight locomotive, ignited some straw about Bonsal's warehouse, and fire extended to the building. Fortunately Mr. Ward and others subduedit, before any serious damage was done.

Commenced.—Operations at the new paper mill, at Octoraro. The first load of manilla wrapping paper was sent to the depot on Tuesday last.

Rats.—A gentleman residing on the "Ridge," a few miles above here, had both fore feet of his mare severely cut about the top of the hoofs, by *rats*, a few nights ago. The blood attracted his attention in the morning. Severe weather will tell even on rats.

Reading—By Prof. McCully, on Friday last, was quite a treat; a good audience attended.

Musical.—Prof. Maxwell, with two musicians from Baltimore, gave a vocal and instrumental concert in the Hall, on Wednesday evening. All are graduates of the Baltimore Blind Institute.

Our Citizens are making ready for the many Spring changes.

Query.

MR. EDITOR:—Does carrying the U. S. mails give a man the privilege to wheel over and walk over other persons at will? If it does, we complain not; if it does not, we protest against it. If you cannot answer this question, perhaps Postmaster General Creawell can, and *will* answer it, in a manner unsatisfactory to the party most concerned. SUFFERER.

We have a full stock of Goods, and are receiving additional supplies every week. We are selling at as low prices as is possible—exclusively for cash. We think it the best system, and if properly adjusted, pays both buyer and seller. Certainly, goods can be handled at a much less rate of profit. R. G. REBER, Elkton.

Y. M. C. A.—The Proposed Change in the Constitution.

MR. EDITOR:—Your last issue contains an article, over the signature of "Church Member," in which the writer advocates that the Constitution of the Young Men's Christian Association "shall be so changed that any man of a good moral character shall be eligible to office after the present officers' terms shall expire; or "that an associate member shall have all the rights and privileges that an active member shall have, removing all distinctions, whatever."

Now, we beg leave, most respectfully, to differ somewhat from the views above expressed. The Constitution now provides that to become an *active* member the person must hold membership in some evangelical denomination. All of the work of the Association is christian in its character. Its workings and contemplated operations partake of a deeply religious and charitable nature. A large proportion of the work to be done is such that no man is prepared for, or willing to perform, without the qualification named above—that of being a live and active member of some christian church. This, we think, the author, or any other church member, will admit. Then, if this be true, does not the inconsistency of his argument appear, when he wishes to take persons, making no profession of christianity, whatever, and place them at the head of a christian Institution, having for its object the accomplishment of such grand work as the above organization? One of the specific objects the Association contemplates, is the benefit and improvement of the very class whom "Church Member" would make eligible to office. If, then, they are fully qualified, in every respect, to "run" the Association, what need of effort in their behalf? To use "Church Member's" own argument, "They that are whole need not a physician; but they that are sick."

Allow this proposed change to be made, and does any one suppose the offices, with all their religious duties, *could* be filled by the associate membership? Not any more than the official board of a church could be formed of non-professors. It would be no lack of intellectual capacity, but of religious interest, that would disqualify them. Placing associate members in these positions, would be similar to taking a non-believer from the street and putting him in the pulpit; and the former would be about as consistent as the latter.

Again; I would ask, if this Society should fall into the hands of the associates, as "Church Member," in his zeal, would allow, what would become of the name?—That, surely, would have to be dropped; for they would not wish to sail under false colors, and they could not do otherwise under the cognomen of the Young Men's Christian Association.

We would not be understood to be opposed to giving the associates more "rights and privileges" than the Constitution now grants them. We would place them on committees with active members, and assign them such work as they could and would willingly perform; but we would not make them eligible to offices for which they are entirely unsuited, the duties of which must of necessity be distasteful to them.

We entirely agree with "Church Member," that "the more earnest, true, christian piety instilled into a work of this kind the better," without which those "good influences" will be lacking, and the organization itself prove a dead failure.

WELL-WISHER.

[Another communication, in reply to the article above referred to, was handed in at a late hour on Friday, and failed to get into type. It advances about the same line of argument, however, as the above.]

Faculty.

"But let love be without dissimulation."

MR. EDITOR:—In your last issue we notice a paragraph in the North East items which reads thus:

"*Religious.*—On last Sabbath, in the absence of the pastor of the M. E. Church, Rev. John Ford preached in the morning, and *Mr. Kyle* had charge in the evening."

Now we do not wish to be understood as criticising or fault-finding, but for the coolness in which the matter was treated, we just wish to state the fact that the Mr. Kyle spoken of was legally appointed by the Quarterly Conference as a licensed exhorter, and as such, was in discharge of his duty, by appointment. But because he belongs to the faculty of Rolling-Millers, he could not be recognized in his official capacity.—It is an evident fact that Rolling Mill children cannot attend Sabbath-school in North East, with any degree of satisfaction, as the finger of scorn is pointed at them by the *little* aristocracy of the town; hence but few of the Rolling Mill children attend the school.

From the foregoing paragraph, it is not difficult for the inquiring mind to ascertain where this spirit of aristocracy arises. Is it not from the *parents* of those children, and leaders of the church? Now we hold that it is the duty of all parents to teach their children to love their neighbors as themselves, and not to cultivate in them a spirit like that of the *Pharisee*, who thanked his God that he was not like the poor publican.

We would also respectfully request that your worthy correspondent of Elk Neck would give us his modus operandi of spreading lime. He informs us he landed and spread fifteen hundred bushels, in one day, with three teams. Will he please inform us if it was quick lime or slacked? As we use considerable of the article, the information would be very instructive, and thankfully received.—As we have never discovered how to spread quick lime correctly as it should be, and as a general thing the farmers of Cecil county put about 40 bushels of quick lime per acre; consequently, according to his experience of quick lime, three teams would land and spread 37½ acres per day; or if forty-five bushels per acre, 33⅓ acres; if fifty bushels per acre, 30 acres per day; which vastly exceeds anything in our experience.

Resolutions.

CECILTON, March 4th, 1872.

Sassafras Lodge, No. 117, I. O. of G. T., have passed the following resolutions:

Resolved, that this Lodge does endorse the lecture of Dr. R. M. LePoer, delivered in Zion M. E. Church, Cecilton, on February 20th, 1872.

Resolved, that we extend a vote of thanks to Dr. LePoer, for his able and eloquent exposition of the deadly effects of alcohol when used as a beverage, and the fearful ravage created by the rum trade under the present license system.

Resolved, that this Lodge view as an insult, the bad behavior of some young men, of this neighborhood, on the occasion of the lecture above referred to; and their attempts to intimidate and annoy the meeting and the speaker on the said occasion, was a disgrace to themselves and their families, and a scandal to the neighborhood.

Resolved, that this Lodge does appeal to the moral sense of the community to express its disapprobation of such conduct, so that in the future the neighborhood and the house of God may not again be wontonly outraged in a similar manner.

Orders for flour, feed, etc., from CAMPBELL & VINSINGER, may be left at "THE BEE HIVE" and at E. BROWN & BRO's. 98

A fine assortment of Spring Goods arrived at WILSON'S.

"To Beat Grant."

Schurz is reported as saying in the Senate: "I shall not go over to the Democrats. I have never thought of going over to the Democrats, and I do not think of it now; but what I do think of, is this, that there will be an opportunity of opposing the re-election of the President without voting for a Democratic candidate. I think there will be an opportunity of voting for as good a Republican as there is on this floor without voting for General Grant."

The one name of infamy in American history is that of Benedict Arnold. But Arnold did not propose to go over to the British lines. He could have rendered the enemy very trivial service by doing so.—What he did propose was to beat Washington, who had incurred his displeasure. This could be best done by helping the British to break the American lines. Accordingly, instead of going frankly and openly over to the British, Benedict Arnold staid in West Point and kept the American flag floating bravely over him, while he plotted to overwhelm the patriot forces in order to beat Washington. He had as little sympathy with the Red Coats as Schurz has with the Democrats, but his hate was at a white heat to beat Washington, just as that of Schurz is to beat Grant. Arnold knew the justice of his country's cause as well while toiling to sacrifice it as he did while fighing to uphold it, and so does Schurz. But with Arnold patriotism and manliness gave way before his personal resentment, and he fully expected to escape infamy by success, but he was disappointed, as Schurz will be.

"I shall not go over to the Democrats," says Schurz. Formally, of course not, yet a thousand fold more really when by claiming to be a Republican he may render them a thousand fold more service than by formally going over to them.

The Republican masses will, through their popularly elected Convention, nominate their candidate for President. The indications confessedly are that it will be General Grant. The Cincinnati Convention will nominate a renegade Republican in opposition, and if the Democrats accept him it will be with the determination to secure a Democratic Congress, and to find in him a President in accord therewith. Schurz will support this scheme, but will "not go over to the Democrats." This paragon of conscientiousness, as he certainly is if we accept his own modest account of himself, finds a ready salve for his conscience when any perfidy becomes necessary "to beat Grant."

St. Louis Democrat.

What Dyspepsia may End In.

Indigestion is not dangerous, say the faculty. Perhaps not in itself, while it remains mere indigestion; but look at the consequences to which it may lead, and often does lead when it becomes a chronic disease. A spark of fire is a small thing. A pressure of the foot will put it out: a breath will extinguish it. Yet it may fire a powder mill, or kindle a flame that will consume a city. In like manner indigestion may produce gastritis, cancer of the stomach, congestion of the bowels, apoplexy, liver disease, and many other dangerous maladies. Is it not wise, then, to check it in the germ? Nothing is more clearly and indisputably established than that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will eradicate dyspepsia in all its stages. The true policy, however, is to extinguish it in the first stages with this wholesome, powerful, and infallible tonic and alterative. It is easier to quench a spark than a flame, and it is easier to cure dyspepsia when it is first developed, than when it has made headway by neglect, and become complicated with other ailments. There is not the shadow of a doubt that the Bitters are as directly antagonistic to dyspepsia as water is to fire. There are thousands of cases on record proving this fact. The remedy is safe and agreeable. All the liquors of commerce prescribed as stimulants leave a sting behind. But the sting is taken out of the spirituous basis of this great remedy by vegetable medication, and, moreover, the stimulant thus medicated is of exceptional purity. Of all tonics taken as safeguards or remedies for fever and ague, bilious remittents, and other epidemics, it is the only one that can uniformly be depended on. [mar 2, 1872—1m

Opened this week a fine assortment of all kinds Trimmings, at WILSON'S.

Register of Sales

Advertised in The Whig, or for which handbills have been printed at this office:

March.

J. W. Purner, near Hart's Meeting house, stock and farming utensils, &c.	11
J. C. Murray, near Bay View, Stock Sheep.	12
T. V. Rose, near Nowland's Corner, farm stock and utensils.	13
Ellis M. Terry, near Nowland's Corner, stock, farming utensils.	16
Jacob Rambo, near Elkton, stock and farming implements.	18
John F. Grant, near Nowland's Corner, stock, and farming utensils, &c.	20
Jos. R. Thomas, Executor of C. Cosgrove, stock and household goods.	21

SPRING AND ITS PLAGUES.

We need not enlarge upon the terrors of miasmatic disease; for all who dwell in the country, especially if near swamps, dark forests, or newly constructed canals, or mill dams, are sure to be made *tremblingly* alive to them every Spring and Autumn. On this side of the Atlantic, Spring opens about one month later than under like latitudes in Europe: and we need give no other apology for again calling attention to the advertisement of Paschell's Fever and Ague Mixture, in another column. The blood-poisoning "blue certain," that spreads death through the crowded courts and alleys of Capitals, is only more deadly in degree than the pearly mantle of field and valley that every eve and morning penetrates the skin, permeates the lungs, and even descends with our saliva to the stomach, surcharged with the effluvia of dying leaves which preserve some little remnant of vitality under the blanket of snow, or the shelter of the forest. This is the time for gentle, very gentle tonics, and there is none better than Paschall's Fever and Ague Mixture, prophylatic in occasional, and curative in more regular, doses.

EVERYBODY'S JOURNAL
A MONTHLY
PAPER FOR YOUNG MEN.
Fifty Cents a Year.
EVERYBODY'S JOURNAL
PUBLISHED BY
JOHN WANAMAKER,
At S. E. cor. 6th & Market Sts.
PHILADELPHIA.

Enigma.

I am composed of 33 letters.
My 19, 15, 33, 7 is a flower.
My 28, 31, 4 13, 18 is one of the U. S.
My 30, 9, 14, 2, 27 is a fabulous stream.
My 22, 10, 12, 3, 10 is a color.
My 33, 2, 7, 32, 28, 31, 5 was a general in the late war.
My 29, 4, 22, 18, 24, 5 is a biped.
My 1, 12, 17, 25, 4, 27 is a boy's name.
My 11, 23, 24, 32 is an entrance.
My 21, 20, 19 is a preposition.
My 6, 31, 13 is the name of a river.
My 8, 20, 26, 31, 1, 15 is vegetable.
My whole is in a flourishing condition.

HATTIE.

Charades.

1. My first is an animal of the deer species. My second is a large weight. My whole is a town of Maryland, which should have been the location of the Wilmington Conference Boys' Academy.

2. My first is a part of the human body. My second is a river in Italy. My third is what we keep preserves in. My fourth is an article. My fifth is the Latin for a small animal. My whole is a large animal.

"PIP."

Levis has completed the appointments of his new store, by fitting it up with plush seated counter stools, fastened to the floor, in front of the dry goods counters, the top of city style. The ladies will appreciate this improvement, which is especially for their accommodation and comfort. The appointments and style in all his arrangements are in harmony with the quality and style of goods on sale, at the "Glass Front."

Pure Ground Bone.—We are prepared to receive orders for our Pure Ground Bone, by the single Ton or Car load, and shall be glad to have those interested to call at the Mill and examine our stock and the process of its manufacture. Samples sent by mail when desired.

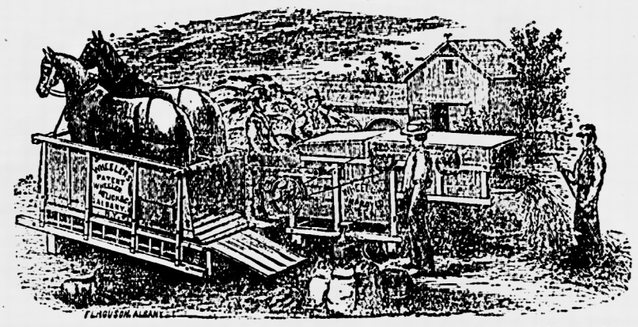
THOS. WARING & BRO., Colora, Md.

Mr. H. H Makinson, of Port Deposit, is selling off his entire stock of Furniture, at reduced rates, to close out business in that place. [tf

The best Hose in the county, for 12½ cts., at WILSON'S.

—This item is from an agricultural journal: "Don't let your cattle stray; they wander to the most mysterious places. We once saw a cow hide in a shoemaker's shop."

THIS WAY, GENTLEMEN! FARMERS AND THRASHERMEN LOOK TO YOUR INTERESTS.



'Tis often asked why **Michener** sells so many **Thrashing Machines?** And it is invariably answered by saying because he sells the **Best.** He sells the **CELEBRATED WHEELER, MELICK & CO.'S HORSE POWERS,** of different kinds; Also, **Thrashers and Shakers, Thrashers and Cleaners,** EXCELSIOR HAY TEDDERS, ITHICA HAY RAKES, WALLER HAY RAKES, KEYSTONE CLOVER HULLERS CORN SHELLERS, with and without Fans, MOWERS and REAPERS of the most approved kinds. Also, **Cucumber Pumps.** All of which are offered at Prices and on Terms to suit the times, and warranted as represented, or no sale. REPAIRS ALWAYS ON HAND.

A. J. MICHENER, Agent,
COLORA P. O., CECIL COUNTY, MD.

Aug 26—tf

WILMINGTON.

L. H. FOULK,
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
BOOTS and SHOES.

Having taken the entire interest in the old stand formerly occupied by NICHOLSON & FOULK, at 102 West 2d Street, Wilmington, Del., and laid in a large stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

I invite the public to give me a call. Having spent eleven years in the business, I feel assured I can please all tastes.

All orders will receive my special attention.

L. H. FOULK,
102 West 2nd Street, Wilmington, Del.

april 9, 1870—tf

Adams & Bro.'s
GREAT
VARIETY STORE,
506 MARKET STREET, 506
SHOULD BE VISITED BY
Every Housekeeper
IN THE LAND. EVERY ARTICLE YOU CAN GET AT
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
Our Stock and Variety enable us to sell
LOWER THAN ANY STORE IN THE CITY.
Each of our Departments are complete with the following
DRY GOODS, Trimmings,
CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS,
WINDOW SHADES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
CROCKERY, GLASS AND TIN-WARE,
CLOCKS, LOOKING GLASSES,
Toys, Masks and Fire-Works.

☞Do not forget to call and be convinced that this is the

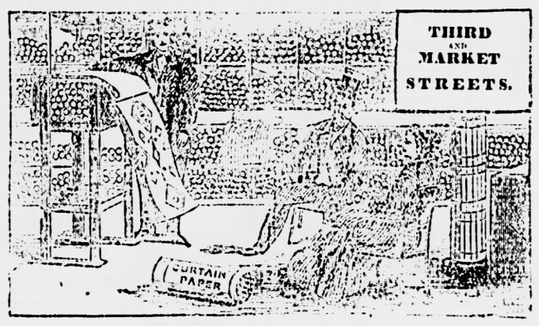
Cheap Store of Delaware.

Jan 27, 1872—

THOS. Y. de NORMANDIE,
302 Market St.,
WILMINGTON, DELAWARE,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
China, Glass, Queensware,
SOLID SILVERWARE,
Fine Plated Goods,
IVORY HANDLE CUTLERY,
EITHER AMERICAN OR FOREIGN.
Hard Rubber Handle Knives,
THE MOST SERVICEABLE YET MADE.
SOLID STEEL KNIFE,
Blade and handle forged in one piece, and heavily plated, making the most beautiful as well as cheapest and most serviceable plated knife in the market. A great favorite with all.
FINE FANCY GOODS,
Suitable for Bridal or Holiday Gifts, in endless variety
Toilet, Tea, and Dinner Sets,
OF FINE DECORATED CHINA.
GOLD BAND AND WHITE CHINA
Dinner, Tea, and Toilet Ware.
WHITE STONEWARE
OF ALL THE BEST MAKES.
CUT, ENGRAVED AND PRESSED
GLASSWARE
OF EVERY DECRIPTION, AND AT
Prices that will defy Competition
HAVING RECENTLY ADDED TO MY STOCK A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
SOLID SILVER GOODS,
No House in Philadelphia or New York presents a greater variety from which to select all articles of Table Ware
The Prices will always be as Low.—First-Class Goods can be furnished as A careful inspection of the Goods, and a rigid examination of Prices, is earnestly invited.
All Solid Silver Ware will be sold as low as TIFFANY & Co., and BALL, BLACK & Co., of New York; BAILY & Co., of Philadelphia, or any other House, having any reputation for honesty and fair-dealing.
☞ *EVERY ARTICLE WILL BE GUARANTEED TO BE EXACTLY AS REPRESENTED.*
Call and examine those Goods before purchasing.
THOS. Y. de NORMANDIE,
302 Market Stre Wilmington, Del.

May 28 1870—1y

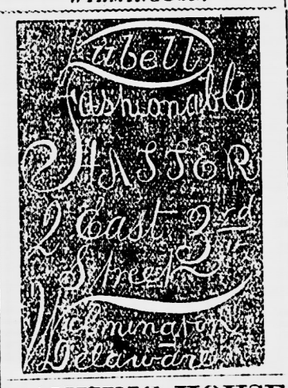
COAL.—The Celebrated Baltimore Company Coal for Family Use, on hand and for sale. D. SCOTT & BRO



WE INVITE ATTENTION TO OUR
IMMENSE STOCK OF WELL SELECTED WALL PAPERS.
LOOK AT OUR PRICE LIST:
Glazed Papers only . . . . . 25 cents per piece.
Unglazed " . . 10, 12, 16, 18 and 25 " " "
☞SEND FOR SAMPLES.
NONE BUT SKILLED WORKMEN EMPLOYED.
J. R. HOLT,
THIRD and MARKET STREETS,
mar 2, 1872—3m WILMINGTON, DEL.

WILMINGTON.
1872.
CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS,
MATTINGS, RUGS AND MATS.
A FULL & COMPLETE ASSORTMENT on hand;
TO WHICH WILL BE ADDED
ALL THE NOVELTIES OF THE SEASON,
AS THEY ARRIVE FROM EUROPE.
PRICES GUARANTEED AS LOW AS ANY RELIABLE HOUSE IN THE COUNTRY.
GRANVILLE WORRELL,
220 & 222 MARKET STREET,
WILMINGTON, DEL.
Jan 27, 1872.

WILMINGTON.



BANKING HOUSE
OF
JOHN McLEAR & SON,
NO. 602 MARKET STREET,
WILMINGTON, DEL.
DEPOSITS Received from Individuals, Firms, Banks and Corporations, and interest allowed. Checks payable on presentation, without notice, the same as at a National Bank.
COLLECTIONS MADE on all accessible points in the United States, Canada and Europe. Dividends, Interest and Coupons collected and promptly accounted for.
ORDERS PROMPTLY executed for the purchase or sale of U. S. Bonds, Delaware State Bonds, Wilmington City Loans, Bank and Railroad Stocks, on commission. Also, the 7.30 Gold Bonds of the Northern Pacific Railroad Co.
DRAFTS for any amount, payable on demand in England, Ireland, Scotland, Germany, France, and other countries, issued at lowest rates of exchange.
INFORMATION furnished, and purchases or exchanges of Securities made for investors. JOHN McLEAR & SON.
Nov 25, 1871—tf

PICTURE FRAMES, &C.
F. McMONAGLE,
MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
Picture Frames, Looking Glasses,
CURTAIN CORNICES,
And WALL BRACKETS.
The Best and Cheapest Assortment of
PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES
IN THE STATE.
Entire satisfaction guaranteed in quality and price.
ODD FELLOWS' HALL,
Corner Third & King Streets,
WILMINGTON, DEL.
Nov 18,1871—y

NOTICE TO FARMERS.
THE subscribers have constantly on hand and for sale, the following valuable Fertilizers, viz:
Meco Phillip's Super-Phosphate.
Baugh & Sons' do
Hemon & Co's do
Fine Ground Bones (best quality.)
"A A" Mexican Guano.
Lodi Co's Poudrette.
—ALSO.—
Salt by the Sack, Fine and Coarse, together with a large stock of