

MECHANICAL. "Rook Run Cash Store," SPECIALITY Ladies', Misses' & Children's Shoes, CUSTOM MADE. JOUVIN'S BEST KID GLOVES. LA BELLE KID GLOVE, best \$1.25 Kid Glove sold in the country. STEEL & JACKSON.

SADDLES, BRIDLES, HARNESS, WHIPS, ROBES, HORSE COVERS, And every article in that line, for sale at the LOWEST PRICES. JOHN PERKINS, JR., 115 W. 11th St. ELKTON, MD.

THE CECIL NATIONAL BANK OF PORT DEPOSIT. Offers for sale the following Bonds and Stocks: Bonds of Cecil County. Bonds of Queen Ann's County. Bonds of Phil., Wil. & Balt. R.R. Bonds of Chester Creek R.R. Bonds of Delaware R.R. Bonds of Central R.R. of Iowa. Northern Pacific 7.00 Gold Bonds. 5 per cent interest allowed on Annual Special Dividend of Exchange drawn on all Parts of Europe and Passage Tickets by best lines furnished. J. B. RAMSAY, Cashier.

CARRIAGES! CARRIAGES! CARRIAGES! PORT DEPOSIT CARRIAGE FACTORY. The following are some of the styles kept on hand for sale, or made to order at short notice. Shifting & Standing-top and Open Buggies, JAGGERS, SULKIES, ROCKAWAYS, YORK WAGONS, EXPRESS WAGONS, Double & Single Carriages, of every style and finish, from the plainest to the most elaborate. Repairs promptly attended to at fair rates. W. W. NICKLE, Proprietor.

THE NEW STEAM Sash, Blind and Door Factory, IN PORT DEPOSIT, MD. Doors, Sash, Blinds, Mouldings, &c., on hand, and can furnish anything in my line at shortest notice. J. E. REYNOLDS.

S. S. RAMBO, SUCCESSOR TO NOLAND & CO., DEALER IN BUILDERS' HARDWARE. PORT DEPOSIT, MD. PAINTS AND OIL. FARMERS' IMPLEMENTS. Wheelwright and Blacksmith's Goods. Special to Blacksmiths and Wheelwrights.

FURNITURE. EVERY STYLE OF FURNITURE AT CITY PRICES. MARYLAND AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE. Fishing Property at Private Sale.

PORT DEPOSIT. WEST & YANNORT, CARPENTERS and BUILDERS, PORT DEPOSIT, MD. All kinds of styles of Building done by Contract, or Superintending. Best of References given. J. B. RAMSAY, Cashier.

SAASH DOORS, FRAMES. A Large Stock of READY-MADE WORK ALWAYS ON HAND. Door and Window Frames, Panel and Battin Doors, Sash and Mouldings, Turned Balusterings, Washboard Casings, Fancy Sawn Work for Porticos, Cornices, &c. Flooring, Siding & Dressed Lumber of ALL KINDS.

NOLAND & CO., PORT DEPOSIT, MD. CARDS. JAMES BLACK GROOME, ATTORNEY AT LAW. R. EUBEN HAINES, ATTORNEY AT LAW. DR. MUNGROVE, DENTIST, ELKTON, MARYLAND.

LUMBER! LUMBER! LUMBER! AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES. LATHS, PICKETS, BILL STUFF. WM. McCREERY, CHANGERS OF HOURS. Baltimore Railroad.

CHANGE OF HOURS. Baltimore Railroad. Port Deposit Branch Railroad. Phila., Wil. & Balt. Railroad.

WATERBOY'S FERTILIZERS. JOHN PATRIDGE.

FARM AND HOUSEHOLD. WHAT THEY ARE AND WHAT THEY SHOULD BE—HOW OUR FARMERS LIVE AND HOW THEY SHOULD LIVE. When we write and speak of American farm-houses, we do not intend to lay before our readers or our audiences an elaborately descriptive account of the luxurious suburban homes of wealthy merchants, or even of the cosy homes of wealthy stock-raisers, but they close to cities or far away in the rural districts.

When we write and speak of American farm-houses, we do not intend to lay before our readers or our audiences an elaborately descriptive account of the luxurious suburban homes of wealthy merchants, or even of the cosy homes of wealthy stock-raisers, but they close to cities or far away in the rural districts. Neither do we allude to the shanty of the backwoodsman, but to the homes of the small farmers of our land; and in doing so there is, unfortunately, more in the construction of them to find fault with, than to commend. The average farm-house of America needs constant repairs and modifications. It is built of wood; it has a damp, disagreeable cellar and a frouzy garret, not hot for use in Summer and too cold for comfort in Winter. The dairy is generally under the same roof. There is no under or surface drainage to the domicile; all waste water runs off, or lodges, as the surface of the ground admits. Seldom is there any attempt at a flower-bed, and if such has been laid out it is almost certain to be poorly kept. The poultry and the pigs contend for rights of ownership, while cows, oxen and horses struggle for supremacy at the water-trough and the hay-rack. Indoors there is not attempt at elegance, any even comfort is not attempted to. Frequent farm-houses stand in orchards, where, during the Summer and early autumn, there is a perfect plague of flies, caused by the fast-ripening and decaying fruit. These same flies throng into all parts of the house, through open door and windows, stain the walls and furniture covers, and retain to mind the sufferings of the ancient Egyptians. To render farm-houses comfortable, the appliances of City houses have, at least in some degree, to be used in them. For instance, every house should have an abundant supply of water under its roof. All windows and doors should be protected by fly-nets. The roof, and will thus compass end. By having rain and snow, water for washing and cooking is always on hand, while, also, much stop around the kitchen limits, high enough from the floor to admit of a wash-tub and slop-table under its level. This tank could be supplied from larger ones, which should be placed underground safe from freezing, and every such underground brick or cement outlet to be of cemented brick-work, and furnished with a force pump, to which flexible water pipes can at a moment be attached, so that in case of fire there is at once a substitute for an engine. Cases of fire in frequent occurrences, and in even a small farm the savings and hopes of years can be lost. In the matter of light, farm-houses are far behindhand. Miserable candles, or dangerously explosive oils are solely used and these are carried from point to point on candlesticks, or in hand-lamps. As gas is out of the reach of poor farmers the next best thing for them is to procure stationary lamps, and to allow such a number as will light comfortably all the house. Nothing is more cheerless than to have to grope about in dark old halls, or up gloomy staircases. Few farmers, too, live well, and that is entirely their own fault, as they are the grovers of all the market stuffs they ought to live on the fat of the land, and do so even at first cost. The meat of the farm housewife is pork and beans, and by way of change, leeks and pork, with, perhaps, a poor turkey on Thanksgiving Day, and occasionally a dish or two of ill-cooked vegetables. Who is to blame for this—the farmer or his wife? Generally both. There is no system of gardening or of poultry-keeping on the average American farm. Bees are too large for home consumption; veals and sheep are never thought of, while the idea of a fat Spring lamb is not to be entertained. Then American housewives are poor cooks, and are usually overdone with their cares. Farm houses have to be boarded and, in such a climate as ours, there is for the greater part of the year a heavy weekly washing to be got through. With all these difficulties to be got over, no effort should be spared to improve the farm homes of our country, and the first step to doing so appears to us to lie in introducing into farm-houses many of those labor-saving appliances for which America is deservedly noted; also by permanent improvements, and the use of good material to save at the outset all future expenses entailed by poor work and inferior materials. In erecting farm-houses timber should not be used. It is not lasting, and it involves either insurance expenses or a heavy loss some day or other by fire. Stone walls and cemented floors, with tiled ceilings covered in with neatly set and stained pine timbers are not expensive, but they are almost everlasting, and are fire proof, so that even should the furniture and doors and window shutters burn, the fire cannot communicate with other rooms or floors. The splendid fire department of modern cities is a step backwards rather than forwards, as it shows the falling off in the solidity and security of our modern buildings. In ancient days no buildings were erected that were not fire proof. No man needs economy more than the American farmer, and the needs of time, in money, in health and strength. Therefore we counsel him to take to himself of the improvements of the hour, and to strive to make the home of his choice a family temple of comfort and progress, and likewise to sell all the good things that he labors to produce, but rather first to live well and wholesomely, and then to supply cities from his superabundance. A Hint to Farmer Boys. If a farmer get a nice and exact account with the cattle, the fields, the orchards, and the crops with which he has annual dealings, just as his more careful brother merchant, he would find a spirit of business working into all his habits, and progress and push would inevitably follow. The loose notion seems to be that here are the fields, and there the building, and a living must somehow be got out of them. But that will not do in these days. Every agriculturist is bound to know what his farm yields him for his own consumption, and how much for sale; and then he will be able to get at any profits by ciphering the difference less the cost of cultivation.

CARE OF HORSES' LEGS.—Few men who handle horses give proper attention to the feet and legs. Especially is this the case on farms. Much time is spent of a morning in rubbing, brushing, and smoothing the hair on the sides and hips, but at no time are the feet examined and properly cared for. Now, be it known, that a feet of a horse require more care than the body. They need ten times as much, for in one respect they are almost the entire horse. All the grooming that can be done with a comb and brush on the horse's feet, should stand where his feet will be filthy. In this case the feet will become discolored, and then the legs will get badly out of it; and with bad feet and bad legs, there is not much else of the horse fit for anything. Stable prices generally are terribly severe on the feet and legs of horses; and unless the horse be well cared for, he will never where a horse can walk around, lie down, or roll over, they are not half so healthy and comfortable to the horse as the pasture in the country. N. British Agriculturist.

TO PHILA. DEL. TO BALTIMORE. Phila. & Baltimore Central R.R. CHANGE OF HOURS. Baltimore Railroad. Port Deposit Branch Railroad. Phila., Wil. & Balt. Railroad.

WATERBOY'S FERTILIZERS. JOHN PATRIDGE.

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES. BE MADE. FORD, AT ZION, PROFITABLE INVESTMENTS CAN BE MADE. IS SELLING SOME GOODS AT OTHERS BELOW. LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

Black Silk Grosgrain, Japanese Silk, in colors, Plaid Japanese Silk, Royal Silk Suitana, Handsome Silk Poplins, Popular Shades Mohair, Colored Chambray, Percals, White Velvet Cord, White Turkish Cloth, New pattern White Pique, Spring Walking Skirts, Handsome Shawls.

TO BUY Cheap Goods GO TO Ricards & Brown's NEW STORE, HAY VIEW, CECIL COUNTY, MARYLAND.

FOR COTTON CORN and HIGH PRICED TOBACCO. MARYLAND SUPER PHOSPHATE and TOBACCO SUSTAIN. JOSHUA HORNBER, JR., BALTIMORE, MD.

TERRELL & PORTER, IN THE HOLLOW. FRESH AND SALT MEATS. GANNED FRUITS, GRANBERIES, PRUNES, SPICES, SOAP, &c.

FINANCIAL. \$73 A YEAR IN GOLD! TO HOLDERS OF 5-20 BONDS AND INVESTORS GENERALLY. The Cecil National Bank of Port Deposit, OFFERS FOR SALE: 1st Mortgage Land Grant Gold Bonds of The Northern Pacific Railroad, bearing 7-30 per cent per annum, payable on the 1st of January and July, in Gold.

EQUIPMENT BONDS. CENTRAL RAILROAD OF IOWA. 85 in Currency & Accrued Interest, \$4,000 to the Mill of Constructed Road, A Light Debt and a Profitable Investment. PRINCIPAL PAYABLE IN GOLD AT THE END OF THIRTY YEARS. Interest at Seven per cent. IN GOLD, payable semi-annually on the 15th day of April and October, at the Company's Office, 32 Pine Street, New York City.

Free of Government Tax. The Central Railroad of Iowa, a trunk line, running for 253 miles through the fertile agricultural region in the north, with a heavy land and timber base, already developed, has been in operation since February last, and is now fully equipped with steam, water tanks, coal sheds and machinery. The net earnings in October, the ninth month after the road was opened for business, were \$21,000, after deducting all expenses for operation and repairs. The result in September, before the Chicago fire, which temporarily damaged the road, was even better. The company owns no doubtful bills, and the funds in hand for maintenance and construction amounts to over \$100,000. The earnings are sufficient to pay the interest upon this 10th day of October.

MANION HOUSE HOTEL, NORTH-WEST CORNER Fayette and St. Paul Streets, BALTIMORE. TERMS — \$1.50 PER DAY. (ESTABLISHED MARCH 23, 1853) FLETCHER E. MARINE, General Commission Merchant, No. 53 W. Pratt Street, BALTIMORE, MD.

WANTED ON CONSIGNMENT—WHEAT AND OATS, by F. E. MARINE, Commission Merchant, 53 W. Pratt Street. WANTED ON CONSIGNMENT—CLOVER, TIMOTHY and FLAX SEEDS, by F. E. MARINE, Commission Merchant, 53 W. Pratt Street.

FOR COTTON CORN and HIGH PRICED TOBACCO. MARYLAND SUPER PHOSPHATE and TOBACCO SUSTAIN. JOSHUA HORNBER, JR., BALTIMORE, MD.

MEDICAL. THE WHIG JOB PRINTING OFFICE, ELKTON, MD. Promptness! Beauty! Low Prices! THE JOB DEPARTMENT IS FITTED OUT WITH THE Latest Styles of New Type, And most approved Presses. And we are prepared to execute ALL KINDS OF PRINTING in as good style as can be done in the State. Business Men, consult your interest by Advertising on your Bill-Heads, Letter Heads, Envelopes and Cards. Keep your business before the people in a becoming and STYLISH MANNER, if you would insure their custom. Seldom miss breeds contempt. Every first-class business man ADVERTISES.

MISCELLANEOUS. CLOTHING!!! NEW STOCK FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING For Men's and Boys' Wear. ALSO, A FULL ASSORTMENT OF Gents' Furnishing Goods, HATS, CAPS, &c. JUST RECEIVED FROM THE CITY, AT THE TEMPLE OF FASHION, One door below the Howard House, north side of MAIN STREET, ELKTON, where you can buy 25 per cent cheaper than anywhere else. M. LIEBERMAN. NOTICE. JOHN M. FERGUSON, THOMAS PAGAN and others. In the Circuit Court for Cecil County, in Chancery. The object of this proceeding is to procure payment from John M. Ferguson, of the balance of purchase money for certain lands, lying and being in Cecil County, in the State of Maryland, and which were sold to him by George Eakin, Trustee in the case, on the 25th of September, 1852, and in default of such payment to obtain a decree for the real estate sold at the risk of the vendee.

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NOTICE. WILLIAM SHELLEY and WIFE ROBERT ROBERTS, MARY ANN ROBERTS, HIS WIFE, AND OTHERS. In the Circuit Court for Cecil County, in Chancery. The object of this proceeding is to procure a decree for the sale of a part of a tract of land, and the distribution and investment of the money arising from the proceeds of such sale, according to the respective interests of the parties interested in the said land.

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