ANNUAL STATEMENT

OF THE

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

OF THE

BOARD OF SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS OF CECIL CO.,

FOR THE YEAR 1870-71.

The following report will exhibit the condition of the schools in Cecil county for the year beginning October 1, 1870, and ending September 30, 1871.

The column in regard to pupils shows the number of different pupils during the year.

There are in operation six schools for colored children. The tax appropriated by law specially to those schools is utterly insufficient, and the Board of Commissioners have made large additions to this amount to sustain the schools; $192.58 was the whole amount, even with the large levy of 1870. The amount paid to these schools is embraced in the Treasurer's report, under the head of Quarterly accounts; but in the report of the schools must be added, as there are no full reports of these schools for the year in the Secretary's hands, and amounts to, as will appear, $715.79, exclusive of $250 paid for school house at Conowingo.

The headings of the columns will show to what particular part of the expenses they refer. The full cost of each school for the four terms of the year is given, and the tax-payers can see where the money levied upon them goes, and how it is applied. It is but just to say that the present school system is working well, and gives promise of greater efficiency in the future.

There is a constant demand made for new school houses, which are greatly needed; but with the means placed in their hands, the Board are as yet utterly unable to meet these just requirements. Some of the houses in the Third and Fifth districts require to be replaced, and others extensive repairs to make them suitable for school purposes; while in the First there is pressing need for at least one new school house.

The Board feel that they have an important trust committed to their charge; and while laboring honestly to fulfil it, ask a fair interpretation of, as well as a close examination into, their acts, and the hearty support of the friends of Public Education in the county.

Election Districts	Schools	Number of different pupils for the year	Teachers' Salaries	Incidental Expenses	Book Fees	Cost of Books	Balance paid each School	Amount paid for new School Houses and Furniture	Special Repairs
District 1.	No. 1	65	$382.00	$40.11	$95.00		$327.11		
	" 2	110	500.00	60.74	150.00		491.74		
	" 3	46	356.00	27.20	90.00		293.20		
	" 4	121	700.00	52.46	191.50		650.96		
	" 5	56	324.00	42.41	56.00		310.41		
	" 6	102	780.00	75.68	221.00		631.68		
		513	3,222.00	298.60	815.50		2,705.10	200.25	
District 2.	No. 1	53	327.00	98.20	51.00	71.75	394.30		
	" 2	67	344.00	29.56	86.50	90.80	277.06		
	" 3	97	760.00	65.30	171.00	58.72	654.30		
	" 4	40	319.00	46.16	75.50	125.40	319.05		
	" 5	120	1,173.92	97.05	267.73	229.84	983.61		
	" 6	39	327.00	49.13	42.00	99.80	323.13		
	" 7	43	247.00	18.80	51.55	33.80	211.25		
	" 8	15	330.00	84.02	34.00	27.98	370.02		
		458	3,877.92	509.38	781.88	711.66	3,565.42		
District 3.	No. 1	34	330.00	21.20	40.00	18.52	301.20		
	" 2	185	1,280.00	103.84	400.00	290.89	973.83		
	" 3	81	375.00	33.67	100.50	91.50	310.17		
	" 4	63	350.00	20.22	80.00	70.27	300.22		
	" 5	38	749.00	29.01	90.00	61.31	727.01		
	" 6	55	362.76	23.80	121.00	19.50	291.80		
	" 7	54	382.00	40.65	140.00	48.56	282.65		
	" 8	61	382.00	7.20	124.50	150.20	275.70		
	" 9	14	80.00	12.10	14.00	10.21	78.10		
					Colored	37.47			
		590	3,890.00	290.66	1,125.00	811.62	3,053.66		
District 4.	No. 1	119	753.56	42.63	280.00		516.19		
	" 2	58	320.00	28.20	113.00		234.20		
	" 3	81	418.20	52.41	177.50		293.11		
	" 4	73	340.00	52.38	125.00		273.38		
	" 5	73	415.00	65.37	163.00		317.37		
	" 6	79	679.00	58.97	217.00		460.97		
	" 7	50	341.00	49.77	98.00		292.77	150.00	
	" 8		Vacant.					120.00	
	" 9	51	351.00	31.87	115.00		270.87	600.00	
	" 10	40	334.00	20.35	86.00		268.35		
		624	4,020.76	401.98	1,374.50		3,047.21	870.00	
District 5.	No. 1	47	334.00	15.10	80.00		269.10		
	" 2	49	333.00	14.25	63.00		284.25		
	" 3	56	357.00	9.97	76.00		290.73		
	" 4	59	321.00	82.50	42.00		360.31		
	" 5	138	1,145.00	59.14	264.00		940.14		
	" 6	67	374.00	33.54	93.50		314.04		
	" 7	54	341.00	22.31	82.00		281.31		
	" 8	48	314.00	37.99	78.00		273.99		
	" 9	79	613.00	37.91	172.00		508.91		
	" 10	49	357.00	76.11	116.00		317.11		
	" 11	72	374.00	53.17	120.00		306.17		
	" 12	59	320.00	28.40	62.00		287.40		
	" 13	10	72.30	1.15	10.00		63.45	612.00	
		756	5,274.00	567.34	1,261.50		4,517.61	612.00	
District 6.	No. 1	57	340.00	25.31	84.75	31.42	329.56		
	" 2	54	356.00	41.61	85.00	27.27	335.61		
	" 3	82	485.00	40.97	161.00	60.84	321.07		
	" 4	52	430.64	32.06	150.13	60.42	312.57		
	" 5	89	445.00	24.70	114.16	34.38	315.54		
	" 6	91	375.00	40.19	152.00	72.21	341.18		
	" 7	74	320.00	34.84	112.50	37.11	281.23		
	" 8	51	331.00	24.80	91.00	44.29	261.80	1,000.00	
	" 9	73	405.00	46.95	160.00	70.96	281.95	900.00	
	" 10	45	331.00	58.56	59.50	65.63	313.93		
		675	4,073.64	451.00	1,170.10	506.55	3,318.89	1,900.00	
District 7.	No. 1	95	740.00	59.91	142.00	131.92	657.91		
	" 2	62	375.00	33.95	90.00	47.81	320.65		
	" 3	93	428.33	21.90	100.50	47.68	310.73		
	" 4	61	340.00	33.79	80.00	36.12	292.79		
	" 5	202	1,910.00	367.39	601.00	316.39	1,776.39	175.50	
	" 6	78	320.00	21.76	103.50	24.29	287.26		
	" 7	62	388.00	10.27	98.50	31.32	338.77		
		743	4,501.33	548.91	1,216.50	644.53	3,933.77	175.50	
District 8.	No. 1	105	780.00	50.21	181.50	150.83	658.71	421.20	
	" 2	74	620.00	58.15	114.00	93.05	561.15	1,271.97	
	" 3	102	780.00	132.42	135.50	125.73	771.19	1,219.54	
	" 4	68	755.00	82.58	97.00	72.10	720.58	250.00	
		349	2,915.00	323.36	530.00	441.71	2,717.65	1,175.69	
District 9.	No. 1	46	334.00	20.50	88.00	32.21	294.50		
	" 2	71	437.51	47.71	153.00	76.05	356.22		
	" 3	101	704.28	33.87	204.50	110.98	533.67	600.00	
	" 4	86	405.00	24.78	170.79	60.57	259.99		
	" 5	47	341.00	28.26	91.00	24.02	277.28	1,051.08	233.91
	" 6	47	334.00	24.70	85.50	29.06	273.20		
		398	2,557.79	179.82	797.79	439.10	1,950.82	1,651.08	233.91
TOTALS		5,063	$34,102.04	$3,522.17	$9,082.77	$4,383.28	$28,888.81	$9,617.52	$233.91

To be added—First district	222.69
" " —Eighth "	14.38
" " —Colored schools	715.79
	$29,941.60

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS FOR SCHOOL PURPOSES FOR THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30th, 1871.

RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand September 30th, 1870	$1,711.19
State Free School Fund	16,389.42
Interest on Investment	36.51
County levy	32,578.81
Borrowed money	1,000.00
	$51,715.93

DISBURSEMENTS.

Teachers' Salaries	$29,941.60
Incidentals	503.78
Books and Stationery	2,811.70
New School Houses	9,617.52
Repairs	400.81
Interest	1,728.99
Salary of Examiner	1,500.00
Per diem of School Commissioners	371.70
Loans paid	1,000.00
Amount omitted in 1870	516.76
Balance	125.07
	$51,715.93

It is due alike to the School Commissioners of the county who have held the office since the new school law went into operation in 1868, and the tax-payers to make the following statement.

The Board of School Commissioners commenced operations in May, 1868, with a debt of $8,775.00; $5,175.87 of this was money due J. Tome by the former Board, the balance due for three school houses, two of which were partially paid for.

Since that time the School Commissioners have built and paid for twelve entirely new school houses, and partially paid for two new ones, built before their entrance into office; all these houses are of the best character; the judgment of the Board being that it is wise economy to build houses in the best manner. There are two more new school houses built, but not yet paid for.

Six school houses have been greatly enlarged or otherwise modified, rendering them more complete for school purposes.

This has been accomplished by an expenditure of $21,339.76 for this purpose alone. This is exclusive of the incidental repairs constantly needed in the schools.

These school houses are as follows:

	New.	Altered and repaired.
First district	1	1
Second "	1	1
Fourth "	3	0
Sixth "	1	1
Seventh "	2	2
Eighth "	2	1
Ninth "	2	0

The following statement will give a fair idea of the financial condition of the Board:

Borrowed money	$17,333.34
Due for Books—J. W. Bond & Co.	2,315.06
Sower, Barnes & Potts	1,510.37
Amount paid for School Houses since May, 1868	21,888.76

In view of the difficulties in remodeling the system of Public Schools, in accordance with the amended school law, and the amount of work performed, the tax-payer and all interested in the prosperity of Public Schools have little reason to complain. The gentlemen of the Board do not plead exemption from the mistakes made by men, but they do claim that they have endeavored to fulfil the duties devolving upon them with fidelity and fairness. That they have not been able to answer all the demands made upon them for new buildings and more complete facilities, in regard to school accommodations, is due far more to lack of means than to any backwardness in the discharge of their duty, or want of interest in the welfare of Public Schools.

All of which is respectfully submitted. By order.

JOHN SQUIER,
SECRETARY AND TREASURER.

January 20, 1872—3w

CLOTHING!!!

NEW STOCK

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING

For Men's and Boys' Wear.

ALSO, A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

HATS, CAPS, &c.

JUST RECEIVED FROM THE CITY, AT THE

TEMPLE OF FASHION,

One door below the Howard House, north side of

MAIN STREET, ELKTON,

where you can buy 20 per cent. cheaper than anywhere else. ☞Call and see me.

M. LIEBERMAN.

Oct 21, 1871—y

Money Cannot Buy It!!

FOR SIGHT IS PRICELESS!

But the Diamond Spectacles will Preserve it.

TRADE MARK

IF YOU VALUE YOUR EYESIGHT, USE THESE

PERFECT LENSES,

Ground from Minute Crystal Pebbles, melted together, and derive their name "Diamond" on account of their HARDNESS and BRILLIANCY. They will last many years without change, and are warranted superior to all others, manufactured by J. E. SPENCER & CO., N. Y.

CAUTION.—None genuine unless stamped with our trade mark.

WM. J. ALRICH, Jeweler and Optician, Sole Agent for Elkton, Md., from whom can only be obtained. No peddlers employed. [may 6, 1871—1y

---

COE'S SUPER-PHOSPHATE.

E. Frank Coe's Ammoniated Bone Super-Phosphate For sale by JOHN PARTRIDGE.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.

The County Commissioners of Cecil county will meet at their office, in the Court House, in Elkton, on Tuesday and Wednesday, the 13th and 14th, and on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, the 20th, 21st and 22nd, and on Tuesday and Wednesday, the 27th and 28th days of February, next, for the purpose of making Transfers and Correcting Assessments, and notice is hereby given that after the 28th day of February, next, no alteration will be made in any assessment for the year 1872.

By order. WM. T. MILLER, Clerk
Commissioners of Cecil county.

Persons making application for transfers of property will be required to comply with the following sections of the Code, Article 81:

SEC. 18. Whenever any person shall make application for any allowance or deduction on account of the sale, transfer, alteration, loss or removal of any property, or the collection or payment of any public or private security or money, the County Commissioners, or appeal Tax Court, shall interrogate him on oath in reference thereto, and the disposal of the same, and especially inquire of him to whom the same has been sold or transferred, and the amount of the purchase money, or the money collected, and how the same has been invested.

SEC. 19. They shall also interrogate said person on oath, in reference to any acquisition or investment made by him and not already assessed, and the amount of all such acquisitions and investments shall be added to his assessable property, and if he refuses to answer, no allowance or deduction shall be made on his assessment.

Jan 13, 1872—4t

NOTICE TO COLLECTORS,

The Collectors of the several Districts are hereby notified to make their return of New Assessments for the year 1872, on the 28th day February, next, and to make at that time a return of all insolvencies, with the reasons for so returning the same.

ASSESSING DOGS.

Notice is hereby given to Collectors and to the owners of Dogs, that all the Dogs and Slats in the several Districts, two months old and upwards, shall be assessed under the Act of 1867, chapter 267, Taxing Dogs and Slats, between the 1st day of February and the 1st day of March, next, and the owner of every taxable Dog or Slut, assessed between those dates, shall be held accountable for the tax assessed to him, whether he shall afterwards part with the Dog or Slut or not, and said assessment to be returned by the several Collectors to the office of the County Commissioners, on or before the 2nd day of March, next. By order.

WM. T. MILLER, Clerk
Jan 13, 1872—3w Commissioners of Cecil county.

LOST OR MISLAID,

A SCHOLARSHIP in Dickinson College, Carlisle, Pa., No 611, for the term of Four Years. All persons are hereby notified not to negotiate for the same, as I have made application for a duplicate certificate.

E. D. McCLENAHAN,
Jan 20, 1872—3w Port Deposit, Md.

PORT DEPOSIT.

"Rock Run Cash Store,"

SPECIALITY

IN

Ladies', Misses' & Children's Shoes,

CUSTOM-MADE.

Good assortment of

JOUVIN'S BEST KID GLOVES.

Also, the Celebrated

LA BELLE KID GLOVE,

best $1.25 Kid Glove sold in the country.

STEEL & JACKSON.

may 6, 1871—tf

THE CECIL NATIONAL BANK

OF PORT DEPOSIT,

Offers for sale the following Bonds and Stock:

Bonds of Cecil county.

Bonds of Queen Ann's county.

Bonds of Phil., Wil. & Balt. R.R.

Bonds of Chester Creek R.R.
Guaranteed by Phil., Wil. & Balt. R.R.

Bonds of Delaware R.R.
Guaranteed by Phil., Wil. & Balt. R.R.

Bonds of Central R.R. of Iowa.
INTEREST PAYABLE SEMI-ANNUALLY

Stock of Phil., Wil. & Balt. R.R.

Northern Pacific 7.30 Gold Bonds.
A favorite investment, paying 7.3-10 *per cent interest in gold.*

3 per cent interest allowed on Annual Special Deposits.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE drawn on all parts of Europe and Passage Tickets by best lines furnished.

J. B. RAMSAY,
Feb 11, 1871—1y Cashier.

W. W. NICKLE,

PORT DEPOSIT, MD.,

CARRIAGE Manufactory.

Shifting & Standing-top and Open Buggies,

JAGGERS, SULKIES,

ROCKAWAYS,

YORK WAGONS, Express Wagons,

AND ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF

Double & Single Carriages,

of every style and finish, from the plainest to the most elaborate, made to order, at short notice, of the best material, by experienced workmen.

Each piece of work, built and sent out by this Factory is designed as an advertisement of the durability, style, finish and material of the vehicle, and purchasers may, therefore, be assured that they will, in every case, get the best.

A STOCK OF CARRIAGES

will be kept on hand for sale, guaranteed to be as represented, and equal in all respects to work of the same grade, built to order.

☞Personal supervision given to all work.

PRICES REASONABLE.

REPAIRING promptly attended to at fair rates.

mar 11, 1871—1y

THE NEW STEAM

Sash, Blind and Door Factory,

IN

PORT DEPOSIT, MD.

The undersigned having assumed the entire control of this Mill, takes this method of informing the public that he is now prepared with the best of machinery and the best mechanics to furnish

DOORS, SASH,

WINDOW & DOOR FRAMES,

Shutters, Blinds, Casings, &c.

Mouldings of all Kinds & Patterns.

SCROLL SAWING AND TURNING.

Cornice, Brackets & Fancy Sawing.

RIPPING & PLANING

DONE AT SHORTEST TIME.

Builders and all persons contemplating building will find it to their advantage to give me a call. As with small expenses and facilities of machinery, &c., &c., equal to any, I am satisfied that I can give entire satisfaction, not only in workmanship and material, but also in PRICE. I have a large lot of

Doors, Sash, Blinds, Mouldings, &c.,

on hand, and can furnish anything in my line at shortest notice.

J. E. REYNOLDS.

april 9, 1870—tf

☞BelairÆgis and Oxford Press please change.

S. S. RAMBO,

SUCCESSOR TO

NOLAND & CO.,

PORT DEPOSIT, MD.,

DEALER IN

BUILDERS' HARDWARE.

Nails, Locks, Hinges, Screws, Bolts, Sash Cord and Weights, etc.

TOOLS.

Broad, Post and Chopping Axes, Hatchets, Chisels, Planes, Saws, Squares, Drawing Knives, Masons' and Plasterer's Tools, etc.

PAINTS AND OIL.

Lewis' White Lead, Pecora Metallic Paint, of all colors, Linseed, Lard and Lubricating Oils, Varnishes, Lightning Drier, Japan, Glass and Putty, etc.

CUTLERY.

Pocket and Table Cutlery, Carving Knives and Forks, Scissors, Plated Spoons and Forks.

FARMERS' IMPLEMENTS.

Shovels, Spades, Rakes, Hoes, Forks, Picks, Mattocks, Cultivator Teeth, etc.

Wheelwright and Blacksmith's Goods.

Putman & Globe's Horse Nails, Files, Rasps, Ives Burdon's Horse Shoes, Finished Shafts, Dearborn Bows, Spokes, Rims, Carriage Wheels and Bolts, &c., &c.

Special to Blacksmiths and Wheelwrights.

I am prepared to furnish, on very short notice, at city prices,

BAR IRON

and all other articles used in first-class Blacksmith and Wheelwright shops. Try me, and convince yourselves that I will do all that I advertise.

It is my intention to keep everything that is generally to be found in a first class Hardware Store, which I will sell at

VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

Call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere, and be convinced that you can buy as cheap at home as in the city.

April 22, 1871—tf

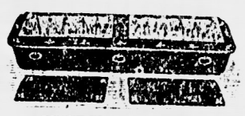
CECIL FURNITURE

Warerooms,

PORT DEPOSIT, MD.

EVERY STYLE OF FURNITURE

AT CITY PRICES.



UNDERTAKING.

I am prepared to furnish METALLIC BURIAL CASES, and all other Coffins, on short notice, and at reasonable prices.

HENRY H. MARKINSON.

april 17, 1870—tf

PERSICATOR,

RODONDA GUANO

ALSO,

Peruvian & American Guano.

For sale by

John Partridge.

PORT DEPOSIT.

T. D. WEST. J. G. VANNORT.

WEST & VANNORT,

Carpenters and Builders.

PORT DEPOSIT, MD.

All kinds and styles of Building done by Contract, or Superintendence. Best of references given. Prices. [mar 4, 1871—1y

CARDS.

JAMES BLACK GROOME,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Offers his Professional Services to the public.
OFFICE—On Main Street, opposite National Bank, Elkton, Md. [Jan 4, 1862—tf.

REUBEN HAINES,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

ELKTON, MD.,

Offers his Professional services to the public. Prompt and careful attention given to all Law and Chancery business entrusted to him.

OFFICE—Main street, (building formerly occupied by Earle & Creswell.) may 2, 1868—tf

DR. MUSGROVE,

DENTIST,

ELKTON, MARYLAND.

OFFICE—Opposite the Presbyterian Church.

W. J. JONES. L. MARSHALL HAINES.

JONES & HAINES,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

ELKTON, CECIL COUNTY, MD.

Having associated ourselves for the practice of our profession, we will give prompt and careful attention to all Law and Chancery business placed in our hands.—Business intrusted to either will receive the attention of both. [Jan 6, 1872—tf

LUMBER.

LUMBER!

LUMBER!

Having purchased the Lumber Yard of Hill & Alexander, I am prepared to fill orders for all kinds of

SEASONED

LUMBER,

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

LATHS, PICKETS,

No. 1 CYPRESS and White Pine Shingles.

Always on hand.

BILL STUFF

Cut to order at short notice and low rates.

WM. McCRERY.

June 3, 1871—tf

CHANGE OF HOURS.

Philadelphia, Wilmington and

BALTIMORE RAILROAD.

CARS LEAVE ELKTON,

For Baltimore:		For Philadelphia:	
1st Train,	10.46 A.M.	1st Train,	9.41 A.M.
24 "	6.00	24 "	4.50 P.M.
24 "	1.32 P.M.	24 "	6.24

BENJ. WELLS, Agent.

april, 1870

Port Deposit Branch Railroad.

TRAINS RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Leave Port Deposit, 6.20, 8.20 and 11.10 A.M., and 1.40 and 6.10 P.M.

Leave Perryville, 7.50, 9.06 and 11.45 A.M., and 4.05 and 7.00 P.M.

Phila., Wil. & Balt. Railroad.

Trains leave North East station as follows:

(Sundays excepted.)

TO PHILADELPHIA.		TO BALTIMORE.	
1st Train,	9.26 A.M.	1st Train,	10.59 A.M.
24 "	4.56 P.M.	24 "	6.13 P.M.
24 " (daily)	9.21 P.M.	24 " (daily)	1.45 A.M.

W. D. ALEXANDER, Agent.

april, 1870

Phila. & Baltimore Central R.R.

CHANGE OF HOUR.

On and after Sunday, Jan. 7th, 1872, Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PHILADELPHIA, from Depot of P., W. & B. R. R., corner Broad street and Washington avenue.

For Port Deposit at 8.7 A.M. and 4.20 P.M. For Oxford at 7 A.M., 4.20 and 7 P.M., (Wednesdays and Saturdays only at 2.30 P.M.) For Chadd's Ford and Chester Creek R. R. at 7 and 10 A.M., 4.20 and 7 P.M., (Wednesdays and Saturdays only at 2.30 P.M.) Train leaving Philadelphia at 7 A.M. connects at Port Deposit for Baltimore. Trains leaving Philadelphia at 10 A.M. and 4.20 P.M. Port Deposit 9.25 A.M., Oxford 6.10 A.M., connect at Chadd's Ford Junction with the Wilmington and Reading Railroad.

LEAVE FOR PHILADELPHIA—

Port Deposit	9.25 A.M. and 4.25 P.M.
(on arrival of trains from Baltimore.)	
Rowlandsville	9.35 A.M. and 4.5 P.M.
Colora	9.50 A.M. and 4.50 P.M.
Rising Sun	10 A.M. and 5.02 P.M.
Oxford	6.10 and 10.30 A.M.
" (Sundays only)	4.45 P.M.

LEAVE FOR BALTIMORE—

Rising Sun	10.29 A.M. and 8.10 P.M.
Colora	10.37 A.M. and 7.37 P.M.
Rowlandsville	10.52 A.M. and 7.47 P.M.

Passengers are allowed to take wearing apparel only, as Baggage, and the Company will not in any case be responsible for an amount exceeding one hundred dollars, unless a special contract is made for the same.

HENRY WOOD,
June 10, 1871 General Superintendent.

J. W. PURNER,

(Successor to Joseph Wells & Son,)

At the Old Stand, East Elkton.

AS USUAL, A GOOD SUPPLY OF

Fresh and Salt Meat,

FISH,

Fruits and Vegetables,

FLOUR, FEED & PROVISIONS

GENERALLY.

Good Stock always on hand.

☞Nothing left undone to please customers.

Elkton, march 11, 1871—tf

STANTON & MOORE,

(*SUCCESSORS TO WM. McCRERY,*)

DEALERS IN

TOBACCO AND CIGARS,

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

IN THE "HOLLOW."

SIGN of the "RED POSTS,"

OPPOSITE THE "BEE HIVE."

april 1, 1871—tf

NOTICE TO GUNNERS.

All persons are forbid trespassing, with Dog or Gun on the premises of the subscriber, known as the Hesck town and Marcus farm.

T. POOLE.

Oct 21, 1871—6m*

FARM AND HOUSEHOLD.

PRESENT HINTS FOR FARMERS.

It is said that the Chinese are in the habit of settling up and balancing all their accounts, with whosoever they have had any dealings, on the first of the year. A good idea, as I think, and worthy of adoption by all in every land. Particularly should remember all small accounts, and those who are living at a distance, and cannot call on us in person for their duties.

If we are farmers, as I suppose a majority of the readers of the *Telegraph* are, this is the best of all times in the year to review the failures of the past, and take steps to avoid them in the future. A great help in this is a *diary*, the fuller in particulars the better. Once acquire the habit of penning a few lines at the close of the day's labors and it is no task. Besides it is a most efficient help in disciplining the mind. My friend, if you do not now keep a diary let me advise you to begin in January, 1872. My word for it, you will be surprised to find so much information condensed in a few lines. You will acquire a habit of conciseness, of directness, that nine times in ten will show itself in the general management of your business; for it will set you thinking, comparing, reasoning from cause to effect. The American farmer thinks as a class perhaps more than those of any other nation. Still there is room for far more brain-work.

How satisfactory to any farmer must be the knowledge of the fact that in a few moments he can tell what it cost him to raise one hundred bushels of corn seven years ago, what he got a bushel for what he sold, and what the average price he had received in the past ten years. So with all his crops. He who keeps a compact, concise diary for a few years, will be able to tell just the crop that one year with another pays best. If he is observing and has failures, as almost all will have more or less, he will find those failures noted and the probable cause for them stated. In this way a diary enlarges the mind, as it enables one to definitely remember more *facts* than he otherwise would or could. However retentive our minds may be, we cannot recollect all we see, or all we hear; but the pen will fasten the fact where we can call up the subject at our leisure. For years I have kept a diary; I have quite a pile of books that have been filled in this way, and not one of them would I exchange or sell for four times its cost, and this I think you will find to be the case with all who keep them. If it were not taking up too much valuable room, I would like to tell you just how much work I laid out upon a piece of corn in 1864. Suffice it to say the piece contained eight acres, was interval land on Tiffin river, ten years cleared from heavy timber; nine years seeded to grass; soil sandy loam. The whole cost of raising that crop was a fraction less than fourteen cents per bushel of ears, seventy pounds. The corn was nearly all sold in the village, one mile and a quarter distant, for sixty-five cents a bushel. This was the best paying crop of corn I ever had. Other crops have cost more than they brought.

Almost all farmers have a back door where the soap-suds and dish-water are thrown, and I think the largest half have no under-ground drain. Reader, have you such a place? Is the ground bare for two or three rods, producing nothing but a bad smell in hot water? Take the advice of an old farmer, and do not let another spring pass without setting out near the foot of the drain, or edge of the waste land a thrifty grafted apple-tree. I know of several such that produce one year with another more apples than an agerage of six trees in the orchard, and the apples are fairer and freer from the marks of insects.

In a few years one such tree will pay you good interests on the acre of land surrounding your buildings, and somehow, in hot weather much of the bad smell will have disappeared. No disadvantage in that.

I have a chest of tools, and for many years I have been in the habit of fixing up my different farm implements some pleasant winter days; and some stormy days I work in the shop. For years I have calculated to have all my tools perfectly repaired and ready for instant use by the first of April coming. I do not advise you my friend to do this. I only say that this habit has saved me a great many dollars. I am growing old now and my farming days I fear are mostly over, but I would be very glad to suggest some things, whereby younger men might profit from my experience. With heavy pork at $4.00 per hundred, wheat $1.30 per bushel, oats 33 cents and greenbacks almost as good as gold, old prices seem coming again, and little things must be looked after if we would prosper.—*Germantown Telegraph.*

PORK CHOPS.—Cut them rather thin, and cook them thoroughly. They are more savory if dipped in yolk of egg, and stewed over with sage and onion finely chopped and mixed with bread crumbs previous to frying.

MAN AND WIFE—HOW TO LIVE HAPPY.—Thomas Jefferson wrote the following excellent advice. There is a great deal of human nature and good sense in it:

"Harmony in the married state is the very first object to be aimed at. Nothing can preserve affections uninterrupted but a firm resolution never to differ in will, and a determination in each to consider the love of the other as of more value than any object whatever on which the wish had been fixed. How light, in fact, is the sacrifice of any other wish when weighed against the affections of one with whom we are to pass our whole life. And though opposition in a single instance will hardly of itself produce alienation, yet every one has his pouch into which all these little oppositions are put; while that is filling, the alienation is insensibly going on, and when filled it is complete. It would puzzle either to say why; because no one difference of opinion has been marked enough to produce a serious effect by itself. But he finds his affections wearied out by a constant stream of little checks and obstacles. Other sources of discontent, very common indeed, are the little cross-purposes of husband and wife; in common conversation, a disposition in either to criticise and question whatever the other says, a desire always to demonstrate and make him feel himself in the wrong, especially in sympathy. Nothing is so goading. Much better, therefore, if our companion views a thing in a light different from what we do to leave him in quiet possessions of his view. What is the use of rectifying him if the thing be unimportant; and if important, let it pass for the present, and wait for a softer moment and more conciliatory occasion of revising the subject together. It is wonderful how many persons are rendered unhappy by inattention to these little rules of prudence."

AN IMPERIAL MARRIAGE.—The Emperor of China is contemplating marriage, and has imported a pair of elephants to assist at the ceremony. His future consort is undergoing a careful training in the etiquette of court life. For three years the looms of Nankin, Hongchon and Canton have been engaged on the silks and satins for her bridal trousseau, and just now they are announced as completed, at a cost of half a million in our money.—When the bride-groom, who has the sun for his emblem, goes forth in a car drawn by elephants, his bride represents the moon, is to be borne to her place in a palanquin composed entirely of strings of pearls.

DRY GOODS and GROCERIES.

TO BUY

Cheap Goods

GO TO

Ricards & Brown's

NEW STORE,

BAY VIEW,

CECIL COUNTY, MARYLAND.

Oct 28, 1871—6m

BULLEY'S

BRICK MEETING HOUSE.

THE

NE PLUS ULTRA

CASH STORE,

BRICK MEETING HOUSE,

HAS A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS,

HOSIERY, SHIRTS, DRAWERS,

PIECE GOODS, BOOTS and SHOES,

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, WINDOW SHADES,

GLASS-WARE, TIN-WARE, LAMPS, BRUSHES,

TABLE CUTLERY, CROCKERY-WARE, &c.

Which are sold cheaper than they can be bought elsewhere. I invite all to call and examine my stock, as I am determined to sell cheaper than the cheapest.

☞Do not forget the NE PLUS ULTRA STORE, in the Grove, for there Bargains can be had.

J. C. WILSON,
June 17, 1871—tf PROPRIETOR.

FORD, AT ZION,

IS REDUCING STOCK,

SELLING SOME GOODS AT, AND OTHERS BELOW

COST.

PROFITABLE INVESTMENTS CAN

NOW

BE MADE.

Jan 6, 1872—6w

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

Black Silk Grosgain,

Japanese Silk, in colors,

Japanese Robes,

Plaid Japanese Silk,

Royal Silk Sultana,

Handsome Silk Poplins,

Popular Shades Mohairs,

Colored Chambrays,

Percals,

White Velvet Cord,

White Turkish Cloth,

New patterns White Pique,

Spring Walking Skirts,

Handsome Shawls.

WITH FULL STOCK OF

White Goods,

Gloves and Hosiery,

Dress Trimmings, &c.

FOR SALE, CASH PRICES.

BROWN & BRO.,

april 15, 1871—tf

PHILLIPS' SHOES.

Phillips' Button Boots;

Phillips' Lace Boots,

FOR LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDREN.

☞Every pair guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Oct 28, 1871. R. C. Levis.

FERTILIZERS.

Peruvian Guano, Mexican Guano,

Rhodes Super Phosphate,
Mora Phillips' do.
Wheatn's Raw Bone do.
Baugh's do. do.
Tucker & Clark's pure Bone Dust,

and other Fertilizers. For sale by

JOHN PARTRIDGE.

Sept 1, 1866

MEDICINAL.

VINEGAR BITTERS

VEGETABLE FREE FROM ALCOHOL

PURELY DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA

EUREKA

VINEGAR BITTERS

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & Co., Druggists and Gen. Agts. San Francisco, Cal., and 32 and 34 Commerce St., N.Y.

MILLIONS Bear Testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.

They are not a vile Fancy Drink, made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors dosed, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants.

They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and A LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to directions and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by m