The Cecil Whig

ELKTON, DECEMBER 16, 1871.

☞ Mr. John C. Hindman is our regularly authorized Agent and Collector to procure subscriptions and advertising for *The Whig*.

A Present for Every Subscriber

FOR 1872.

To every *new* subscriber to **The Whig**, commencing any time between the present and 1st of January, 1872, for $2 in *advance*, we will send **The Whig** from the date of the first number mailed, and **Wood's Household Magazine** for one year, commencing with the January number of the latter; or the **American Stock Journal**, if preferred to the Household Magazine.

To every *old* subscriber, in arrears, who will pay up to the 1st of January, next, and forward $2 in *advance* for the year 1872, we will send either of the above named publications with THE WHIG, till the 1st of January, 1873.

WOOD'S HOUSEHOLD MAGAZINE *is one of the very best Family Magazines in the country. Included in its corps of contributors are the following popular writers: Horace Greeley, Rev. H. Ward Beecher, James Parton, Mrs. Stowe, Dr. Dio Lewis, Gail Hamilton, Theodore Tilton, etc., etc. A specimen copy of the* MAGAZINE *will be sent to any one addressing S. S. Wood & Co., Newburgh, New York.*

THE AMERICAN STOCK JOURNAL *is devoted to Farming and Stock Rearing and Management; and is one the best Agricultural Journals in the country.*

☞ *Subscribers who desire to receive the above premiums must comply strictly with the terms—which are* **invariably Cash in advance**—*and name the publication they wish to receive as a premium.*

☞ *The subscription price of the* HOUSEHOLD MAGAZINE *and* STOCK JOURNAL *is $1 a year, each; and this very liberal offer on our part places it in the power of every family in the county to procure a most excellent Monthly for one year,* FREE.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

Concert.—The Excelsior Musical Association will give a Concert of Sacred Music in Cherry Hill Methodist Church, on Wednesday evening, Dec. 20th, commencing at 7½ o'clock. Tickets, 25 cents. Proceeds for Church purposes.

Auction.—WIRT & ROBERTSON, having determined to discontinue the hardware business in Elkton, offer for sale, at auction, their entire stock. Sale to commence this (Saturday) evening, at 7 o'clock; and to continue every evening until the store is closed out. J. B. Asu, Auctioneer.

Sale of Real Estate.—J. M. Streett, trustee, sold on Tuesday, 5th inst., at private sale, a tract of land containing 35 acres with improvements, to W. R. Gifling, of Cecil county, for $1,500. This property is situated in Dublin District, near the slate quarries, and was formerly owned by Mrs. Stanefer.—*Bel Air Democrat.*

Local Miscellany.—Money sold at the Elkton Building Society on Saturday night last, for 12½ and 14 cents premium.

The Sabbath School of the Elkton Presbyterian Church will hold an anniversary celebration, on the evening of the 24th inst. Judging from the programme already published, the exercises will be very interesting and profitable.

Fair and Festival.—A grand Fair and Festival, under the auspices of the Presbyterian Fair Association, will be held in the Odd Fellows' Hall, Port Deposit, on the 19th, 20th, and 21st inst., afternoon and evening of each day. A large and beautiful assortment of useful and fancy articles will be found on hand, furnishing those who may patronize, a fine opportunity for purchasing Christmas presents for old and young folks. Supper served in the most tempting manner, from 6 to 9 o'clock each evening. Let everybody go who can.

We have been kindly furnished with a graphic description and score of a pigeon match which came off last week, on the suburbs of the town. The reporter has our thanks for his interest in supplying *The Whig* a special on the occasion; but his report is excluded by other matter of more general interest. "Pigeon matches," at the best, are a barbarous species of sport; sharing all the depravity, while lacking the excitement of, a dog-fight or bull bait.

Small Pox in Town.—Mr. Willam T. Brown, son of John E. Brown, Crier of the Circuit Court, has been sick several days with the small pox. The young man keeps a periodical and stationery store in town, and contracted the disease while in Philadelphia purchasing goods.

There used to be a clause in the Public School Law requiring each pupil to present the teacher with a physician's certificate that the child had been vaccinated. Is the clause retained in the present law, and if so, is the law strictly enforced? School Commissioners answer.

Proceedings of the Orphans' Court.—The Orphans' Court was in session on Tuesday and Wednesday of this week, and the following, among other business, was transacted:

Present—Hon. James McCauley, Chief Judge, and Hon. James M. Evans, Hon. James Lewis, Associate Judges.

The following bonds were duly examined and approved: Bond of Anna M. Martin administratrix of Edmund Martin; bond of Henry Reynolds, executor of Henry Lort; bond of Elizabeth T. Lort and Jas. Merrey, administrators of Francis W. Lort; bond of James D. Headly, administrator of Annie E. Headly; bond of M. Elsie Thomas, guardian of Viva M. and Margaret F. Thomas.

Sundry claims examined and passed.

Confirmation of sale in the Hill estate, W. P. Ewing, trustee.

The following inventories were duly examined and passed: Inventory of the goods and chattels of John Markee; inventory of the goods and chattels of Francis W. Lort; inventory of the goods and chattels of Annie E. Headly; inventory of the goods and chattels of Edmund Martin.

The following accounts were duly examined and passed: Second account of Minshall W. Fulton, executor of Wm. J. Gillespie; first account of Maria Mershon, guardian to Mary F. and Addie L. Mershon; second account of John E. Wilson, guardian to John N., Rachel F. and Alice A. Clark; 2d account of Thos. J. Laudin, guardian to Mary J. and Robert S. Brooking; first account of Ella C. Rutter and W. J. Jones, administrators of John L. Rutter; third account of James H. Maxwell, guardian to Sarah D. and Margaret E. Maxwell; first account of Joseph Booth, guardian to Mary Jane and James Thomas Greenwood.

The Court adjourned to meet in special session on Wednesday next, 20th inst.

The New Jail.—The "Old Jail" was a prolific theme for newspaper paragraphs, and Grand Jury anathemas, for a number of years, before the county authorities could muster courage to inaugurate steps to build a suitable prison to secure criminals of the county. The "dilapidated old jail" at length became so unsuitable for the purposes of a jail, that the Court threatened to send prisoners to Baltimore, and mulct the county, in a short time, for their keep, more than a new prison would cost. The County Commissioners were indicted by the Grand Jury, on one occasion, for maintaining such a nuisance as the old jail was finally pronounced to be.—Public opinion seemed to be unanimous in favor of a new jail, and strongly favored both a new jail and court house; but the County Commissioners fought shy of the necessary expense which new buildings would entail, and feared the responsibility which they imagined they would have to incur. The four years of war effectually put a stop to all thoughts of new public buildings till that "unpleasantness" was ended.

At the close of the rebellion, more active measures were taken to have the long-talked-of new jail built. A bill was prepared and passed by the legislature of 1866, authorizing the County Commissioners to build a new jail, or repair the old one, as in their discretion they deemed proper. Several hundred dollars of useless expenditure was put on the old structure, which was money virtually thrown away, but the Board of County Commissioners at that time seemed to shrink from the responsibility of undertaking to erect a new prison and sheriff's house for Cecil county, notwithstanding the general demand for this much needed improvement.

About this time our neighboring town of North East grew ambitious to become the seat of government, and talked of donating quite a large tract of ground on which to erect new county buildings. But nothing further than talk was done toward the proposed new buildings, and the Act of 1866 remained a dead letter on the statute books of the State.

Finally the legislature of 1870 passed an Act which gave the County Commissioners of Cecil county power to build a new jail, or repair the old one, and to remodel the court house; granting them authority at the same time to issue county bonds to the amount of $40,000 to pay for the proposed work; and under this law the Board of County Commissioners who took their seats in the fall of '69, composed of Messrs. H. H. Brady, John Mauldin and George Gillespie, ventured on the important work. New Castle, Delaware, jail was consequently inspected by the County Commissioners, and the plan of that model prison adopted for the proposed new structure for Cecil county. Mr. Samuel Sloan, Architect, of Philadelphia, was employed to make the drawings and specifications for a sheriff's house and jail, somewhat less in dimentions, but similar in plan, to the New Castle jail, which was pronounced by the builder to be a very inacurate draft in some respects.

Advertisements were published in the Spring of 1870, inviting proposals to erect the new building. A number of proposals were put in, differing widely in amount, and ranging from $24,000 to 39,000. The lowest bidder failing to give the required bond, after much delay, the County Commissioners concluded to abandon the contract plan, and keeping the work under their immediate supervision, purchase material, and employ a competent mechanic to superintend the work, who should be subject to the orders of the Board at all stages of its progress. Mr. Eli Sentman was employed for this important office, at a salary of six per cent on the entire cost of the work.

The next object of importance was a proper site on which to erect the new building. Public opinion was considerably divided on this point, many strongly favoring the spot on which the old structure stands. The Commissioners had pretty nearly settled down to this conclusion; but on further consideration and examination, a lot fronting on North street and the railroad, and containing about two acres and a half, was finally purchased of James B. Groome, Esq., for $2,500, the Commissioners concluding that the old jail and lot could be sold at a considerably higher figure than that paid for the lot purchased. This important point having been settled, advertisements were issued for proposals to excavate for cellar and foundations, and for masonry and other parts of the work, and material. Mr. Nicholas Larzalere was awarded the contract for excavating, and Mr. T. V. Rose, the masonry. Mr. John Gilpin furnished the common brick for the building, about 225,000, and McClennahan & Bro. the Port Deposit granite. During the Autumn of 1870 the masons commenced operations, and the cellar walls of the sheriff's house and prison, and the foundation of the yard wall were built, when the work was suspended till the opening of the Spring of 1871. Operations were then renewed with energy, and the building entirely completed in November, except some finishing touches by the painters.

The sheriff's house is faced with pressed brick on front and sides, is thirty-seven feet deep, connecting with the prison, and forty-two feet eight inches wide, and two stories and an attic. The basement walls rise about four and a half feet above the ground, surmounted by a cut stone water table, which projects 5 inches, and from this solid foundation the brick work rises. The main entrance to the sheriff's house is from North street, by a broad flight of cut stone steps, and by a capacious door, surmounted by a beautiful semi-circular colored transom, crimson, blue and white, entering a light and airy hall eight feet in width, and eleven feet five inches to ceiling. On the left hand is the parlor; in rear of this the dining-room, and on the right the sheriff's office, fitted up with convenient closets, coat hooks, etc., etc. In the rear of the sheriff's office is a commodious kitchen, fitted with a large range and forty-gallon circulating boiler, with cast iron sink, and the necessary accompaniment of pipes with stop-cocks, where hot and cold water can be drawn at will. In the partition between the kitchen and prison, a large cast iron tank is built, provided with regulating cock and ball, for the purpose of cleaning the sewer pipes in the lower tier of cells. The kitchen is also provided with every conceivable convenience in the way of pantries, closets, etc., with an outside entrance door, surmounted by a splendid colored glass transom. The inside wood work is handsomely grained, which two luxuries—grained work and stained glass—are scarcely out of place in a kitchen.—The parlor is handsomely walnut grained, and the other rooms on the first floor are oaked. The wood work of the entire building is very heavy, and elaborately moulded. The walls are finished with white coat all through the house, and the windows are what are termed twin-windows, furnished with inside walnut shutters. The rooms and chambers requiring them are fitted up with beautiful slate mantles. The dining-room is warmed by a Bibb heater, which also heats the room above. In the rear of the dining-room, a passage is run, into which an outside door opens, surmounted by a colored glass transom, similar to the kitchen entrance. From this passage a flight of stairs ascends to the second story, at the head of which another iron tank is built in the wall similar to the one in the kitchen from which pipe for the upper tier of pipes is supplied.—There are five chambers on the second floor, including a small apartment, in front, cut off of the passage. These chambers, are finished up in keeping with the lower story. There is a bath-room over the kitchen, fitted up in the most complete manner with hot and cold water pipes, stationary porcelain wash bowl, water closet, racks, closets, etc. The rooms on this floor are well supplied with closets and clothes presses, and every way fitted for comfort and convenience. Over the second story is fixed an iron tank with a capacity of 1,200 gallons, from which the building is supplied with water. The water is pumped from a well under the jail, by a Harrison lifting and forcing pump, capable of filling the tank in three hours. A nice airy dormitory or servants' room is fitted up in the attic, with commodious lumber apartment. Under the whole is a cellar, seven feet deep, with concrete and cemented floor, which conceals drain pipe that pass round the foundation walls and connect with a large drain pipe that empties into a street drain, thus insuring a dry cellar at all seasons. The jail is entered from the rear of the hall in the sheriff's house by a wide heavy grated iron door, on the inside, and a heavy ash door, strapped with iron, and secured by one lock, which fastens by a triple bolting apparatus that enters the iron frame at top, bottom and side. Similar doors secure the entrance from the corridor to the yard and the cellar of the sheriff's house, and also each cell. Inside of the jail we stand at the bottom of a corridor fifteen feet wide, running the whole length of the prison, and rising to the roof, over which is erected a square tower, or sky light, five by ten feet, with sash managed by cords that hoist and lower them from the corridor, which serve the purpose of lighting and ventilation. Large grated windows in the east gable end of the corridor also serve to light the building, making, what with less provision for the accommodation of sunlight, would be a gloomy prison house, an airy and cheerful looking place. The floor and corridor are laid with twelve inch iron joists, three feet eight inches apart, with corragated iron arches between them, covered with fifteen inches of concrete composed of broken stone combined into a solid mass by cement.—Over this is laid a floor of inch and quarter yellow pine. The cell floors and ceilings are laid with nine inch iron beams, placed on their sides, between which are four by four inch white-oak scantling to which the floors are nailed, and which no prisoner will ever be able to penetrate. There are ten cells on the lower floor, eight by nine feet in the clear and six on the upper or second floor. Two of the upper cells are nine by seventeen and a half feet each, and are intended for hospital purposes, and occasions where more room is required than is afforded by the ordinary sized cell. Each cell is supplied with an iron soil hopper, which empties into a six inch iron pipe, leading outside of the jail, where they intersect an eight inch pipe, running under the wall to a well, fifteen feet deep on the outside of said wall.—By means of a stop cock each cell is supplied with water. A large Chilson furnace in the cellar warms the prison with heated air. Each cell being fitted with a regulating register under the control of the inmate, and also a ventilation flue which supplies the cell constantly with a current of pure air, from a six inch flue built in the outside wall that connects with a twelve inch terra cotta pipe leading to a two feet ventilating flue in the centre wall between the sheriff's house and jail, terminating in a chimney above the roof. The height of stories are same as those of sheriff's house, first floor eleven feet five inches, and second ten feet. The walls between the cells are of brick, eighteen inches thick, and between the corridor and cells, twenty-two inches, of brick laid in cement. The sash of cell windows are wrought iron, set in a cast iron frames with inch and half cast steel bar in centre which passes through a heavy cross piece in the middle and is imbedded in the cast window frame at top and bottom. The sash can be open and shut at the pleasure of the prisoner. Each cell has an inside grated iron door and an inch and three quarters ash one, opening into the corridor, fastened by the same contrivance as the large doors above described. The upper tier of cells open on a gallery four feet wide, supported on iron flanges. The stair to the gallery is of iron, and the hand rail on either side of the stairway and running round the gallery is inch and half iron tubing

The cellar beneath the jail corridor is fourteen by forty-eight feet with concrete and cemented floor. Near the centre of this is placed the large cast iron furnace, which is intended to heat the entire jail. The yard wall of the jail runs thirty feet from the jail round three sides connecting with the prison at its intersection with the sheriff's house. It is built of heavy blocks of Port Deposit granite, two and a half feet at base and twenty inches at top, and twenty-two feet high, capped with long blocks of hewn stone rounded on top, so as to prevent the possibility of fastening a grappling hook in the wall.

The entire building is roofed with the best slate from the York County, Pa., quarries. It is one of the most complete, secure and comfortable prisons in the State and is a credit to the county and Board of Commissioner under whose administration it was put through. The complete and thorough finish of the work in every part, stamps Mr. Sentman, the superintendent, a master mechanic. There were doubtless some unnecessary expenses incurred in the construction and completion of the work, but it is a structure that looks like it would stand for centuries. The entire cost of the work was about $42,000.

Court Proceedings.—The regular December Term of the Circuit Court for this county met on Monday morning last, at 10 o'clock—Judge Stump on the bench.—Neither Judges Robinson or Wickes have yet arrived.

After swearing the Grand Jury, of which Mr. James O. McComick, of the Sixth District, was appointed foreman, the whole of the first day was occupied in the calling of the various dockets by the Clerk, entering judgments and making cases for trial.

On Tuesday morning the Court entered upon the trial of the case of Woodrow & Richardson, House Builders, of Havre de Grace, against W. W. Black, of Charlestown, and is still engaged with it at the close of our report, with the prospect of its occupying the remainder of the week. It is an action for damages sustained by the plaintiffs by reason of the defendant refusing to allow them to go on in the contract they had entered into with him to build a house near Charlestown. Damages alleged to be about $2,000. Judge Price and Jones for plaintiffs; H. McCullough and Constable for defendant.

In the case of the State *vs.* James B. Marrett, indicted at the last Term of Court for selling liquor to a minor, a plea of guilty was confessed, and he was fined $50 and costs and his license suppressed.—Upon the recommendation of numerous citizens, however, the Court subsequently ordered the Clerk to issue a new license to him.

On motion of James B. Groome, Esq., Mr. A. Preston Gilbert, of Harford county, and on motion of Clinton McCullough, Esq., Mr. H. W. Vickers, of Kent county, were admitted to practice law in this Court.

Court will probably adjourn on Thursday or Friday next, until the 2d of January.

Robbery.—On Sunday evening last, while the family were at church, the house of Mr. J. A. Rankin was entered, and five gold watches and one silver watch stolen. Mr. Rankin is a watch maker, and has his work shop in one of the lower story front rooms, of his residence, on east end of main street. The burglars tried to effect an entrance at two of the back windows, which were reached by climbing on the porch roof; a slat was broken out of one of the blinds and a blind of the other window opened, but the sash were fastened down with springs, and could not be opened with out breaking the glass. An entrance was finally effected through the front door, by breaking a hole through one of the side lights, and springing the dead latch. A lamp was burning in the house, when the family went out, and the thieves must have been well acquainted with the premises and family, and knew that no person was in the house at the time, the burglary was effected. A transient resident of Elkton, William H. Wallace, who was reported to have been seen the same evening the robbery occured, at the gate or on the street, in the neighborhood of the house, was apprehended the next day, and had a hearing before Justice Howard, but the magistrate did not deem the evidence sufficient to hold the accused, and he was released. Our town is convenient to large cities and is visited by a great many strangers, some of whom are doubtless professional thieves. Every year we have a periodical robbery or two. Some times several houses are entered, one or two nights in succession, and nothing more is seen or heard of the thieves till the period arrives for another visit.—People are very liable to attach suspicion from every slight circumstances, and doubtless innocent persons are after accused of crimes they are entire strangers to. A stranger acting in a mysterious and suspicious manner was stopped by the Sheriff a few days since, at the depot, and questioned as to his business and actions, but he was released after a few questions had been put to him which he did not answer, however.

Our own residence was honored by a visit on Saturday morning last. About seven o'clock on coming down stairs and entering the dining-room a candle was found burning in a candlestick on a stand. Further investigation discovered a side door from the kitchen slightly open and another door at the entrance of a back alley, was also unbolted. Both doors fasten with bolts on the inside, and could not be opened from the outside. The candle too, was a piece left in the candlestick the night before, and not enough of it to burn more than a few minutes. How the morning visitor effected an entrance was not exactly apparent, but probably by a window, in the second story, the blind of which was found open. During the day it was discovered that a couple of canton flannel skirts that were cut out but not made, and the remnant of goods the garments were cut from, all of which were left on the work stand, the night before, where the candle was found burning, were gone. The thief was rather late in commencing operations, and was scared off with this small booty.

Moral—fasten your houses securely and keep a loaded gun or substantial club convenient.

The New Paper Mill.—A correspondent of the Oxford *Press* writes thus of the new paper mill of Messrs. Wells & Ramsey, building at the old Octoraro Forge, in this county.

The mill consists of a building 58 by 95 feet, three stories high, and a machine house attached 28 by 115 feet one story high; all built of stone and covered with cypress shingles. There is also a bleach house in course of erection, 30 feet square, two stories high. The building was contracted for and built by Jacob Heidelbaugh & Co. The power is first class, having 14 feet head and fall. The stock engines are four in number; two of them to carry 700 pounds each, and the other two 500; are geared with belts and driven with a fifty-six inch Leffel Turbine water-wheel. The machine is a sixty-two inch Fourdineer, driven with a twenty,six inch Leffel Turbine. The mill is being fitted up with all of the most approved machinery, at an estimated cost of $75,000, and will be capable of turning out from one and a half to two and a half tons of paper every twenty-four hours.

NORTH EAST ITEMS.

Entertainment.—The North East Sunday School, now propose to give their entertainment on next Friday evening, 23d instant.

Funeral.—The funeral of Miss Mary Ann Tull, late of Wilmington, Delaware, transpired in the M. E. Church here, on Tuesday morning 12th inst. Rev. Mr. Todd, of Grace M. E. Church, Wilmington, officiated. Her remains were enterred in the M. E. Cemetery.

Ice.—Several houses, in our vicinity, have recently been filled with clear, solid ice, about four inches thick.

Temperature.—There was a considerable rise in the temperature in the early part of this week. Monday and Tuesday were truly mild and lovely winter days.

Skating.—The recent freezing term has prepared fine ice, on the creek and ponds adjacent to our village, for skating, and the young folk's have enjoyed it hugely.

Flour Mills.—A visit to the North East Flour Mills, a few days since, convinced us that their business was very brisk. All was bustle and stir. We were informed that orders were in hand for two hundred bls. of flour.

Brick Burning.—The North East Fire Brick Manufacturing Company, during last week, burned a kiln of furnace brick, and stove tile.

New Culvert.—Last Friday evening, the work on the new culvert, on Main street, was completed, except the coping stone for the side walls. It is a great improvement.

RISING SUN ITEMS.

Accident.—On Tuesday last, as the train was passing the depot, going south, one of the brakesmen, named Baily, in attempting to jump on the train, after it had started, missed his step, fell and was caught between the platform and cars. The moving train rolled him around between the two several times, but fortunately he fell under the platform and away from the track, escapeing with a severe bruising.

Ice.—Has been quite plenty and all our citizens having icehouses have been enabled to fill them with a superior article—an unusual thing in this month.

Money.—At last meeting of our Building Association $1,000 was sold at 33 per cent. premium, and $1,000 at 30 per cent.

Good Roads are among our present blessings. This, no doubt, is owing to the fact, that Supervisor's can't work this season of the year.

Lively.—From the number of applications for the use of our new Public Hall, we anticipate a lively winter, in the way of entertainments. Something new for us, and we hope they may all be successful.

Around.—The dulcimer man—the drug man—the tobacco man—the catfish man—and the man that runs for the Afghan.

It should not be forgotten that LEVIS will move into the new Glass-Front Store on the first of January, when a "Grand Opening" will take place, nor that now is an excellent time to procure bargains.

Preparatory to Invoicing.—Epplay at Reese is running down his stock much below regular prices.

Go Early to CHRIS P. WARD's sale, for Bargains, on Monday, December 18th, to commence at 10 o'clock, positive.

FOURTH DISTRICT ITEMS.

Road Repairing.—At a meeting of the committee (consisting of Messrs. Chas. A. Murphy, Waid, Sentman, Steel, Wollaston, and Wildman,) appointed by the citizens of this District, to take into consideration, the bad condition of the Telegraph road, from the Fox Chase to the Delaware line, and adopt measures for its immediate repair, it was resolved that the Committe issue an invitation to all persons interested to subscribe any amount they may please, to be paid in money, material or labor to the repairs of the worst portion of said road. They also appointed, Wm. Waid to Superintend the repairs, and they ask the people to turn out on Monday the 18th inst., with teams to haul stone, gravel, &c. This road runs through the whole length of our county and is the most public thoroughfare we have, and the worst repaired. The Commissioners have been asked, time and again, to take it into consideration, but they have always turned a deaf ear to it. Now that the people have taken it in hand we hope to see it put in a passable condition; about four hundred dollars have already been subscribed for that purpose.

A Bald Eagle crossed our District, near Fair Hill, on Friday last, flying low enough to be reached by any common shot gun. All who saw the majestic bird agreed that it was full 6 feet from tip to tip.

Big Elk Singing School changed its night pro-tem, in order that all might attend the Concert at Cherry Hill, on Wednesday evening next, the 21st. It will be held in, and gotten up expressly for the benefit of the Methodist Church of that thriving and temperate village.

Accident.—On Tuesday last, Michael Sentman and his son Andrew, while on their way to Wilmington market, and were descending a steep hill near McLaughlin's mill, one side of the wagon tongue became detached from the axle, throwing the front wheel under the body so far as to upset the wagon. The father's nose was badly cut (nearly broken) by the splintered bows; he was also badly hurt on one shoulder. The son was thrown out front several feet, but escaped unhurt. The horses ran nearly a mile and were caught and brought back.—The father was taken home by a neighbor; the son furnished with another wagon, reloaded and went on to market.

Kindly Feeling.—Good neighbors voluntarily turned out on the same day and cut, hauled, and completely filled with ice, W. Anderson's ice-house, himself and family being all sick, with typhoid fever.

Slaughtered.—Within a mile circle, this week, over fifty hogs have squealed their last squeal, and an unusual quantity of pork is retained in every household, on account of the very low price in market.

LETTER FROM BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 11, 1871.

MR. EDITOR:—If I could head this communication with "Letter from the West," I would feel more certain of a welcome.—You know how it was with the prophet, and so I fear Baltimore is not far enough away from you.

Notwithstanding your proximity to Baltimore, I doubt very much whether one in a dozen of your readers, is thoroughly informed in regard to its commercial importance. I judge few are aware that in foreign imports Baltimore will, in all probability, this year, rank number two of the cities of the Union; yet such is the fact.—The rapid strides she is making, in the matter of foreign imports, is truly wonderful. The importations of sugar and coffee, during the current year, are second only to New York; and if they continue to increase at the same ratio, in another twelve months—in these two articles—New York will be fairly beaten.

This immense wrowth is to a great extent owing to the outrageous charges levied upon masters of vessels entering the Port of New York. Here matters are better regulated, and ship masters fairly dealt with.

But sugar and coffee are but dull topics; and although sugar is sweet, we have something here in Baltimore—not of foreign importation either—far surpassing it; of course I refer to the fair ladies,—suffragists excepted—and think I can safely make the assertion that "There are more handsome ladies in Baltimore, than can be boasted of be any other city of its population, in this or any other country. If you dont believe me, come and see for yourself.

On the evening of Thanksgiving Day, I went to hear a lecture by the Rev. B. F. Price, formerly pastor of the Elkton M. E. Church. It was a very pleasant hour I spent listening to the Rev. gentleman's recollections of his boyhood days. The lecture was chaste and beautifully written, and intensely interesting throughout.—Why is it he has never delivered it in Elkton? Does the "prophet rule" apply here too?

Politics are sound asleep here, both Republican and "Opossum."

The leading topic is the Wharton trial; or, as I consider it, "The Wharton persecution."

The weather is unusually cold for the season; ice plenty, and the skate trade lively.

More anon.

The Useful and Beautiful.—Christmas is near at hand, and presents are much sought after. Every person should visit ALRICH before purchasing. There everything can be had—from a Gold Watch to a Silver Thimble. Don't fail to call before going elsewhere.

Notice.—People have learned it will pay to travel some distance to the EMPIRE STORE. It would be well for such to make an *early* start, as the crowd in the after part of the day is sometimes so great as to make it difficult to wait on all; but additional help is secured.

Old Newspapers for sale at this office.

Mr. H. H Makinson, of Port Deposit, is selling off his entire stock of Furniture, at reduced rates, to close out business in that place. [tf

Alrich is selling out his entire stock of Clocks Watches Jewelry spectacles, Silver and plated ware, at reduced rates, to close out stock. [tf

"Improve each shining hour"—
And go to REESE's every day,
For anything sweet or sour.

NOTICE.

PETER CALDWELL
vs.
DEBORAH B. BROWN & ELIZABETH W. CROTHERS

In the Circuit Court for Cecil county. In chancery. No. 310.

ORDERED, This seventh day of December, 1871, that the sale made and reported by Reuben Haines, Trustee for the sale of the real estate of Elizabeth W. Crothers, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the fourteenth day of February, 1872; provided, a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published at Elkton, once a week for one month before the tenth day of January, 1872.

The Report states the amount of sales to be $800.00.

DAVID SCOTT, Clerk.

True copy; test,
DAVID SCOTT,
Dec 9, 1871—3m Clerk.

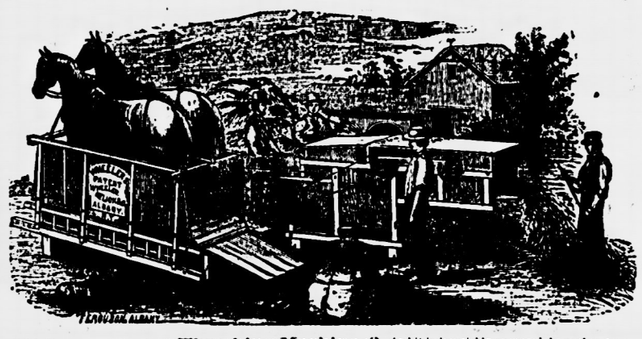
EVERY ONE TO HIS BUSINESS.

The Knights of the Yard Stick and Flat Measure to Mrs. Calico and Mslasses; the Tailor to his Goose, &c.

Sewing Machines of any kind, as to NAME, STYLE OR PRICE, supplied by the undersigned, and no advice given unless asked for. B. E. Lodore.

☞ Subscriptions taken for the "American Agriculturist, $1.00 per annum. [Oct 14—6m*

THIS WAY, GENTLEMEN! FARMERS AND THRASHERMEN LOOK TO YOUR INTERESTS.



'Tis often asked why **Michener** sells so many **Thrashing Machines?** And it is invariably answered by saying because he sells the **Best.** He sells the **CELEBRATED WHEELER, MELICK & CO.'S HORSE POWERS,** of different kinds. Also, **Thrashers and Shakers, Thrashers and Cleaners,** EXCELSIOR HAY TEDDERS, ITHICA HAY RAKES, WALKER HAY RAKES, KEYSTONE CLOVER HULLERS CORN SHELLERS, with and without Fans, MOWERS and REAPERS of the most approved kinds. All of which are offered at Prices and on Terms to suit the times, and warranted as represented, or no sale. REPAIRS ALWAYS ON HAND.

A. J. MICHENER, Agent,
COLORA P. O., CECIL COUNTY, MD.

Aug 26—tf

WILMINGTON.

L. H. FOULK,
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
BOOTS and SHOES.

Having taken the entire interest in the old stand formerly occupied by NICHOLSON & FOULK, at 102 West 2d Street, Wilmington, Del., and laid in a large stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

I invite the public to give me a call. Having spent eleven years in the business, I feel assured I can please all tastes.

All orders will receive my special attention.

L. H. FOULK,
102 West 2nd Street, Wilmington, Del.

April 9, 1870—tf

THE CHRISTMAS
HOLIDAYS,
1871.

To the Citizens of Elkton & vicinity.

We have the honor to call your attention to the following facts:—

The Young Folks demand a share of your attention during the Holidays!

We promise to furnish you with

TOYS,
MASKS,
AND
HOLIDAY GOODS,

of any and all descriptions, at the lowest living prices. The arrangements we have made with foreign manufacturers, and our facilities for having our goods

IMPORTED DIRECT,

enable us to compete successfully with the

NEW YORK & PHILADELPHIA DEALERS

We invite you to visit our establishment, and shall be pleased to have you examine our stock, and after a thorough investigation of the goods and prices, we feel confident you will become our patron.

ADAMS & BROTHER,
506 MARKET STREET,
WILMINGTON, DEL.

Nov 25, 1871—tf

THOS. Y. de NORMANDIE,
302 Market St.,
WILMINGTON, DELAWARE,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

China, Glass, Queensware,

SOLID SILVERWARE,

Fine Plated Goods,

IVORY HANDLE CUTLERY,
EITHER AMERICAN OR FOREIGN.

Hard Rubber Handle Knives,
THE MOST SERVICEABLE YET MADE.

SOLID STEEL KNIFE,

Blade and handle forged in one piece, and heavily plated, making the most beautiful as well as cheapest and most serviceable plated knife in the market. A great favorite with all.

FINE FANCY GOODS,
Suitable for Bridal or Holiday Gifts, in endless variety.

Toilet, Tea, and Dinner Sets,
OF FINE DECORATED CHINA.

GOLD BAND AND WHITE CHINA
Dinner, Tea, and Toilet Ware.
WHITE STONEWARE
OF ALL THE BEST MAKES.

CUT, ENGRAVED AND PRESSED
GLASSWARE
OF EVERY DECRIPTION, AND AT

Prices that will defy Competition

HAVING RECENTLY ADDED TO MY STOCK A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

SOLID SILVER GOODS,

No House in Philadelphia or New York presents a greater variety from which to select all articles of Table Ware

The Prices will always be as LOW.—First-Class Goods can be furnished as A careful inspection of the Goods, and a rigid examination of Prices, is earnestly invited.

All Solid Silver Ware will be sold as low as TIFFANY & Co., and BALL, BLACK & Co., of New York; BAILY & Co., of Philadelphia, or any other House, having any reputation for honesty and fair-dealing.

☞ *EVERY ARTICLE WILL BE GUARANTEED TO BE EXACTLY AS REPRESENTED.*

Call and examine these Goods before purchasing.

THOS. Y. de NORMANDIE,
302 Market Stre Wilmington, Del.

May 23, 1870—1y.

COE'S SUPER-PHOSPHATE.

E. Frank Coe's Ammoniated Bone Super-Phosphate For sale by JOHN CARRICK.

CARPETS AND DRY GOODS.

GRANVILLE WORRELL,

220 & 222 MARKET STREET,

WILMINGTON, DEL.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF GOODS IN THE STATE,

And one of the Best Assorted Stocks in the country.

☞ The patronage of the residents of Cecil county respectfully solicited.

ALL GOODS WARRANTED AS REPRESENTED.

GRANVILLE WORRELL,
Sept 9, 1871—3m 220 & 222 MARKET STREET.

GRAND OPENING FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING!
AT DE WOLF'S,
308 MARKET STREET, WILMINGTON, DEL.
HAVING THE
Largest and Best Selected Stock of Gents', Youths' and Boys' WEAR
to be found in any establishment in the city. I am determined to compete with any Philadelphia House, in PRICES, having purchased all my stock before the great rise in Woolen Goods.

A LARGE STOCK OF
Black and Blue Beaver and Fancy Cassimere Suits.
Fur Beaver, Black and Blue Beaver, Chinchilla and Melton Overcoats.
A GOOD OVERCOAT FOR $10.

☞ Call and examine for yourself. [oct 7, 1871—3m

PREPARING to MOVE!

A Rare Chance to Buy Cheap Goods!

LEVIS
IS SELLING OFF VERY LOW,
PREPARING TO MOVE ON THE 1ST OF JANUARY. TO HIS
NEW GLASS-FRONT STORE,

Dec 2, 1871

WILMINGTON.

NEW PREPARATIONS.

E. BRINGHURST & CO.

desire to call the attention of physicians and others interested, to the following new preparations of their own manufacture, which are destined to occupy a prominent position as the most popular of the NUTRITIVE TONICS.

Wine and Beef,
each tablespoonful representing the nourishing constituents of one ounce of fresh Beef, with the gentle stimulating properties of Pure Cherry Wine.

Wine of Beef and Iron,
containing the same as the above with the addition of three grains of Citrate of Iron in each tablespoonful.

Elixir of Beef,
each tablespoonful representing the nourishment of one ounce of fresh Beef, with a dessert-spoonful of Finest French Brandy.

Elixir of Beef, Iron and Calisaya,
each tablespoonful of which contains the nourishing properties of one ounce of fresh Beef, three grains of Pyrophosphate of Iron, eight grains of Calisaya Bark, with Finest French Brandy.

The above elegant preparations are palatable and grateful to the taste, acceptable to the stomach and uniform in strength, having for their basis pure Extract of Beef, the nutritive and restorative value of which in debilitated conditions of the system is well established. They are eminently adapted for the treatment of those suffering from the debility resulting from protracted illness, in the sinking stages of typhoid and other fevers, in the exhaustion and fatigue arising from excessive work, loss of appetite, impaired digestion and dyspepsia. As a restorative and invigorator they are invaluable for the convalescent, in the debility accompanying old age, in the rapid growth of children, and in all forms of general debility attended by defective nutrition, nervous prostration, and an impoverished condition of the blood.

PREPARED AND SOLD WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BY

E. Bringhurst & Co.,
Cor. 6th & Market Sts.,
aug 5, 1871—10m WILMINGTON, DEL.

Valuable Town Lot & Houses,
IN ELKTON FOR SALE.

The subscriber will sell, on very reasonable terms, the VACANT LOT in Elkton, at the corner of Main and Bow streets, and the ground on Bow street, running north, and including the two BRICK HOUSES, now occupied by E. Wesley Janney and Willis Rutter.

The Lot fronts 40 feet on Main street, and is one of the most desirable locations in Elkton, as a place of business.

Persons wishing to secure an eligible stand for business in Elkton are invited to examine the premises.

☞ The property will be sold in lots to suit purchasers; and a plat of the same can be seen at the office of H. McCullough, from whom information can be obtained in regard to price and terms of sale. Or if bids, addressed, to the undersigned, at 193 Front street, New York, will receive prompt attention. JOHN MOORE.

Feb 11, 1871—tf

GRAIN BAGS and Tarred Rope Yarn for sale by JOHN PARTRIDGE.

WILMINGTON.

PICTURE FRAMES, &C.

F. McMONAGLE,
MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
Picture Frames, Looking Glasses,
CURTAIN CORNICES,
And WALL BRACKETS.
The Best and Cheapest Assortment of
PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES
IN THE STATE.
Entire satisfaction guaranteed in quality and price.
ODD FELLOWS' HALL,
Corner Third & King Streets,
WILMINGTON, DEL.

Nov 18, 1871—y

BANKING HOUSE
OF
JOHN McLEAR & SON,
NO. 602 MARKET STREET,
WILMINGTON, DEL.

DEPOSITS Received from Individuals, Firms, Banks and Corporations, and Interest allowed. Checks payable on presentation, without notice, the same as at a National