The Cecil Whig

ELKTON, MARCH 4, 1871.

☞ Mr. John C. Hindman is our regularly authorized Agent and Collector to procure subscriptions and advertising for *The Whig*.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

Murdoch.—As the fourth in the Star Course provided for Elkton by the Lecture Committee, James E. Murdoch, gave an entertainment of his remarkable readings on Tuesday evening last at the Odd Fellows' Hall. His selections were from Othello, Pickwick, and miscellaneous pieces. His execution was in his usual power and style of elocution, which never fails to charm his hearers.

Thorough-bred Horses.—We advertise this week, at public sale, by A. R. Magraw, administrator, the finest lot of thorough-bred horses, we presume, that were ever put up at auction in Cecil county. The farmers of the county should by all means secure some of the best of this stock, for the improvement of horses in this part of the country. By a little effort in this direction, a superior stock of horses might soon give place to the present lunk-head breed, with double the money value of the present stock.

Grace Greenwood.—Such a universal desire has been expressed to hear this gifted lady again in Elkton, that she has been engaged to deliver the closing lecture of the Star Course, and on Monday evening next, March 6th, she will speak on "The Heroic in Common Life." All who heard "Indoors" can imagine the rare intellectual treat in store for them, when we say that competent critics consider the lecture announced for Monday night as the most entertaining, touching and beautiful that the fair poet-lecturer has ever delivered. We hope she may have a crowded house.

Public Sales Next Week.—Wm. J. Jones, Attorney, will sell real estate near Cecilton, at the Court House door, on Tuesday next, 7th inst.

W. E. Heisler, on his premises, near Newark, Del., on same day, stock, farm implements, ect.

Mrs. Ricards, Bay View, Wednesday, March 8th, stock and farm implements.

George Chandler, at North East, Saturday, 4th, (to-day), stock, farm implements, household goods, and a variety of other goods.

Jas. A. Campbell and E. S. Biddle, on Chestnut Hill road 3 miles from Elkton, stock and farm implements, Saturday 11th inst.

Sudden Deaths.—On Saturday afternoon last John T. Miller, residing on the old plank road, 2 miles from Elkton, was stricken with paralysis while in Elkton, and was conveyed to his home, where he expired about 10 o'clock P. M.

Mrs. Martha A. Brown, relict of the late Edmund Brown, was also attacked suddenly on Saturday night last, with apoplexy of the lungs and expired in half an hour after the attack.

On last Friday evening a lunatic, who had been confined in jail, at this place, for some weeks, died very suddenly. His mental affliction is reported to have been of the wildest type. His name was J. C. Newton, and was from Sassafras Neck.—Coroner Brown summoned a jury and held an inquest over the body on Saturday.

We have still to record another sudden stroke of the Destroyer. An aged colored man, named Richard Thomas, who has been in the employ of Jas. E. Barroll, Esq., of this town, fell dead on Tuesday morning last, while standing by the pump at Mr. Barroll's residence.

Local Miscellany.—Money sold at the Mutual Building Association on Saturday night last, for $1.36 cents premium on $60, and for $1.12 premium on $400.

In view of the handsome premium which the loans of the Elkton Building Associations invariably command, and the comparatively low figures obtained for money sold by the Cherry Hill Society, it has been suggested that it would be a good move to incorporate the Cherry Hill Association with the Mutual, of Elkton, as an independent series of the latter society. Both societies are organized on the same principal, and it is the opinion of those who have considered the subject, that such an arrangement would be mutually beneficial.

The Young People's Association will meet in the M. E. Church on Friday evening next at 7½ o'clock. An agreeable entertainment will doubtless be provided. All are invited.

A fine skiff is advertised in this issue.—See advertising columns.

The Havre de Grace *Republican* states that one of our citizens, engaged in the milling business, has visited that town and secured a contract that it will take some years to fill.

Death of a Former Citizen of Cecil.—J. Philip Roman, of Cumberland, Allegany county, Md., died in that town on Tuesday morning last. He was raised at Rowlandsville in this county, where his father and brothers were engaged in the Iron business for many years. He removed to Western Maryland while a young man, where he acquired considerable eminence as a lawyer and politician. In the latter walk, however, he never was very successful. The deceased was of a good stock, both as to brain and muscle, his father, Jos. Roman, being one of the most go-a-head, forty-horse power, steam engine of a man that we ever knew.

Jacob P. Roman, the name by which he was best known in this county, was the youngest member of a family of five brothers and three sisters, all dead but one, a half brother, who resides in the Eighth District of this county.

The deceased became wealthy by his profession and speculations in business. It is said that the boy is father to the man.—This may be so under some circumstances, but to have attempted to cast the horoscope of J. Philip Roman, or to use his boyhood cognomen, Jacob P., the best philosopher of character would have attributed to him anything but an influential and eminent future, for without exception we think he was the most devilish school-boy we ever knew, and as dull as many other boys who have become eminent men, at his lessons.

The deceased was of Quaker family, his father having removed to this county from New London, Chester county, Pa., and commenced the manufacture of sheet-iron, at Rowlandsville, on the Octoraro. The sheet works he established now belong to McCullough Iron Company, and have been re-built and greatly enlarged with all the modern improvements attached, and are among the finest sheet iron mills in the State.

The family were ardent Whigs and Abolitionists in politics, taking a leading part in the log-cabin and hard-cider campaigns of 1840-41. The subject of this sketch we believe deserted his family creed, both politically and religiously, when he attained wealth and position in Western Maryland, and joined the slave driving Democracy, which, after the decline and fall of the old Whig party, set up a self-constituted claim to Aristocracy, denouncing all manual labor as servile and plebeian while idleness and immorality were held as conferring distinction and claim to patrician blood.

J. W. Purner has succeeded Messrs. Wells & Son, in the provision business. His advetisement will appear next week.

The Emigration Project.—An attempt was made to form the nucleus of a colony to settle in one of the western Territories, on Monday last, pursuant to published notice in *The Whig*, but nothing definite was done. Mr. Donovan, of St. Josephs, was in town, and was invited to give the meeting some information in regard to forming colonies to settle in the west, and other matters connected with western life, which he did in a very satisfactory manner.

A committee was appointed to draft a plan of organization which they submitted in the form of resolutions, that are published in part below, but they amount to nothing, as will be readily perceived.

Resolved, That this society shall be called the Eureka Colonization Society, with a President, Vice-President, Treasurer, Secretary, and a committtee to act as Executive Committee.

Resolved, That each member pay five dollars, for current expenses, and also hold subject to the care of the Treasurer one hundred and fifty dollars for a purchase fund for the land to be bought, and that said money shall be refunded if the land is not settled within a reasonable time prescribed by the committee.

Resolved, That the object of the colony shall be to settle on Government or other cheap lands, to the end that men may engage in various industries and pursuits, have homes of their own, and that churches and schools may be convenient.

Resolved, That persons wishing to become members must be temperate and of good moral character.

On motion, the Executive Committee were empowered to invite new members to join, provided that each member upon initiation shall pay the sum of five dollars and their names transcribed to the regulation book.

Motion to adjourn sine die to meet again after due notice in county papers.

A number of letters had been received from parties desiring to emigrate, which were read, and which showed a real interest in the project of emigration to the west in the mode proposed—that is, in communities which affords each other mutual assistance and company. The following letter created a great deal of amusement, when read, and it is so unique that we publish it, omitting name and P. O. address:

Not being able to be present at your meeting and personally represent my wishes and views in regard to your proposed colonization society, I thought I would communicate by letter a few things I would like to say.

And first, I am very much pleased with the idea, as any one would be who may desire to emigrate to the west. I fully and heartly endorse the proposition to allow no intoxicating liquor sold in the colony.

In regard to location, it would be well to select a place not much north of our own latitude, say the southern part of Nebraska or Colorado.

I hardly need say that I would like to be one of your number; that you may well presume. I am an ordinary minister, and could attend to all the duties in that line; besides, I am a physician, graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, and would practice, provided you have no other physician along. I wish, however, to devote my time principally to agricultural pursuits. My oldest son is an attorney at law, and could represent that profession. My youngest son could conduct the drug business. My daughter could teach if her services were required in that direction. So you see my family could contribute no little toward forming a colony.

Besides, several have expressed to me their desire to enter into an arrangement of the kind you propose, as every one must see the advantage of settling with colonies if they contemplate going west.

Please inform me as to the result of your deliberations, the rules and contitions, &c.

PORT DEPOSIT ITEMS.

—March made his bow, Wednesday morning, with a clear sky, wind N. W., mercury at 50 deg., and air pure and bracing,—a delightful and invigorating Spring day.

—On Monday morning the river was tolerably clear of ice. Some ice has been running down since, but the stream is open for navigation.

—Our village has awakened from its winter's sleep, and presents signs of vigorous animation. The quarries, both sash factories and the foundry, are in full operation, as is also the grain mill at the north, and the saw mill at the south end of the town. We have here five establishments, with steam as the motor.

—Mr. Wm. Killman has erected a handsome dwelling, near Rock Run, which is about ready for the plasterers. Mr. R. Thomas has raised the dwelling (lately purchased from Mr. Long) two feet, put new floors on first story, and added a back building, twenty feet square. Messrs. West & Vannort are laying the foundation for four dwellings adjoining the "Old Papaw" M. E. Church, now used as a public school. Other dwellings are talked of, and many more are needed. "Moving day" is not far off, and there are some families here who have to move, but as yet have no house to move into.

—Mr. J. M. McClenahan is filling up his lot on the west side of the street, opposite the Gilmore property; Mr. W. P. Ewing is excavating his lots on High street; Mr. Tome is still going eastward, at the lower part of his bank property, to obtain filling for his wharves and a place for a stable.—The mud machine, which commenced to clean his docks, last fall, resumed labor Monday morning, and has about completed the contract.

—Sometime since, a little son of Mr. Jas. Rice broke his arm. He had recovered, and was using it freely, but the poor little fellow, by some mischance, re-broke it on Monday.

—Josh Billings is to excite the risibles of the Knights of Pythias and others at Odd Fellows' Hall, on the 15th, and H. V. McCully, of Philadelphia, gives amusing and instructive readings, at the same place, on the 24th.

—We have had an epidemic cough during the month of February, which spares neither age, sex, nor condition, but clings rather to the Caucasian. Brown's mixture and hoarhound have failed, and we are hunting a panacea. Help us.

—Two hundred and fifteen votes were cast at our Town election last Monday afternoon. About thirty candidates were voted for, and the five following were elected: John Vannort, Jos. B. Pugh, Ed. S. West, Brinton Jackson and J. Tome.

—Money sold, Wednesday night, at Building Association, No. 1, for 15½ per cent premium:

PILOT TOWN ITEMS.

Accident.—Charles Cutler, son of C. B. Cutler, Esq., while engaged in shelling corn, on Saturday last, with a patent corn sheller, had his left arm broken about two inches below the shoulder.

The River.—The river is rising, the ice passing off quietly, and the pilots are preparing for rafting.

Railroad.—The work is still progressing. The contractors expect to finish the road as far as Wild Cat Rock by the 1st of May. I understand they are working at Turkey Hill, above Safe Harbor, Pa.

Surgical Operation.—Edward C. Reed, of Fairfield, Pa., had a minnie ball extracted from near the spine, by Dr. M. Glacken. It entered the hip, and was flattened when taken out. It had been there nearly seven years. He received the wound at the battle of the Wilderness, which had always been extremely painful. The patient is improving since the operation.

Best French Calf Boots made by A. S. Mason, for $8.00, Cash.

CHESAPEAKE CITY ITEMS.

Fire.—About 1½ o'clock on Tuesday morning last, the citizens of Chesapeake were aroused from their slumbers by the cry of fire. Flames were discovered issueing from the rear of the Manor House, but before it had made much headway the flames were extinguished. The wind was blowing briskly from the northwest at the time, and had it not been for the timely warning and prompt action of the citizens, we would no doubt have had to record another destructive fire in this town. It is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary.

Election of Delegates.—The Good Templars have elected the following delegates to attend the Cecil county Temperance Convention, to be held at North East, March 14th: Clara Bosee, Lizzie Reed, Mary E. Johnson, Joseph H. Brooks, J. M. Reed, A. P. Barwick and Wm. Crouch.

Personal.—Rev. James Esgate, whose health has so far failed as to provent him from preaching, intends, after Conference, to remove to his farm in Dorchester county.

Religious.—Rev. H. G. Simpers, of North East, will fill the appointments here and on Bohemia Manor, on Saturday next.

Indisposed.—Miss Martha Biddle, Principal of the Bayard school, has not been able to attend to her school for some weeks past, on account of a severe attack of rheumatism.

RISING SUN ITEMS.

Sale of Property.—A. Constable, Esq., as Trustee, sold at the Maryland House, Feb. 24, two farms belonging to the estate of John Krauss, deceased. The first situated near here, containing 25 acres, was sold to Joseph H. Lincoln, for $2,710. The second situated in 8th District, was sold to Jonathan Krauss, for $2,820.

Accident—Reuben Reynolds while returning from a sale in Lancaster county, on the 27th of February, was thrown out of his buggy, near Lee's Bridge, and had his arm broken near the wrist joint.

Spring.—The warm weather and bright sun denotes the return of spring. The wheat begins to look green and thrifty.—Some farmers have commenced plowing.

Fresh Fish.—The roads for several days have indicated the return of the finny tripe, being nearly hub deep, rough and sticky; and on Monday the "yellow ned" put in an appearance.

Closed.—Job Haines having become the owner of the Cecil House, has closed the same as a hotel. The sign post was sawed down on Thursday afternoon. This leaves us *only* two hotels.

CECILTON ITEMS.

Accident.—Mrs. Janny Rowan, in attempting to frighten her little child to prevent it from falling down stairs, fell herself, receiving some painful injuries thereby.

Concert.—The colored folks held a concert in the village, on Friday night of last week, for the benefit of their new church. A considerable sum was realized. Great praise was awarded them for their singing.

Fishing.—The early fishermen appear to be doing well, judging from their shipments this week.

CHARLESTOWN, March 2d, 1871.

FRIEND EWING:—I desire to insert in your paper, this week, the demonstration of kindness and friendship of the people in this section of Cecil—Principio and Charlestown, principally. Taking myself and family by surprise about noon yesterday, many horses and carriages in procession, and some on foot, with baskets and bags of provisions, each and all really enjoying themselves around the bountiful tables, spread with good things. A handsome gift to my wife, and greenbacks in an envelope, under my plate, as I sat down to dinner, turning it out on my lap, and considering so many blessings coming in so suddenly, the crowd of people, in both of the large rooms, joining with me in singing "Praise God from whom all blessings flow," &c. It was truly a social, pleasant time; but more than this, in singing our songs of Zion and having prayer, it seemed to be a good religious time. Thank God for kind friends. These things came to me in time of need, and my family and I appreciate this donation visit, as many real valuables were left. It is the prayer of my heart, that as I am about to move away, Charlestown Circuit may have one of the best preachers in Wilmington Conference sent to them the coming year.

No more at present. JOSEPH DARE,

A TALE OF ELKTON.

It was near midnight. The last loafer had knocked the ashes from his pipe, and slowly bent his steps homeward. The streets were silent; all nature was hushed; darkness enshrouded the town, and the few last lingering rays of the moon were reflected in a pool of water, from which the hogs had retired. A single light shone out upon the street through the half-open blinds of an humble dwelling. A young woman with dishevelled locks and weird looks, stood by the bedside of her sleeping innocent babe, with a glittering instrument in her hand. Quick as thought, without a moment's warning she cut—— for her little darling a dress of that beautiful Plaid Muslin, for which she only paid 25 cents; the whole piece of Ruffling which she put on it cost only 50 cents, and the Ribbon and Velvet only 6 to 12 cents per yard.

Gents Hose, 10 to 12 cents; a Necktie from 20 cents upward. No wonder the old fogies cry enough.

Push along; keep moving! is the motto of the enterprising people of Elkton to-day. Look at the blessings we enjoy. Look at our public buildings,—our hall, our court house, our jail, and our innumerable ditty pig pens. Look at this Gingham for 12 cts; these Prints at 10 to 12 cts. per yard; this yard-wide Muslin for 12 to 15 cts; and all goods so cheap. Look to your interest, and these cheap goods. Look to the outlet of the Auction Rooms—this shield to protect the people from extortion and ruin. Aye, cluster around the cheap store like politicians around a "Fifteenth Amendment" on election day, and buy your goods where everybody admits they get them the cheapest, at MARGARET MCCLELLAND'S Store, next door to the Exchange Hotel, Elkton.

The Bee Hive will remove on Monday to B. F. May's store house, on Main street, directly opposite the Court House, lately occupied by Wm. McClelland.

Geo. B. Passmore sells Osage Orange Quicks at $2.75 per M. first quality; $2.00 per M. second quality.—Persons desiring information respecting size, &c., are respectfully referred to JOHN S. EVERIST, Port Deposit; D. P. CAMERON, Principio; or ELIAS P. PASSMORE, Bay View. Orders solicited without delay. See adv.

There is an old proverb which says, "Blood will tell." That maxim applies to trade as well as to stock; and LEVIS verifies its truth every week in his steady line of business these tight money times. A good article is a good bargain, and everybody has made up their mind that they can find it at LEVIS'.

On Monday, two doors below.

Persons wishing to purchase a SEWING MACHINE would do well to examine the ORIGINAL HOME MACHINE, The Agent at Elkton, and a Wgon running to different parts of the county with Machines and giving instructions to purchaser. For further information call on the Agent. BURTON.

Buy your Dry Goods and Groceries at BURTON'S. His new Goods at reduced prices speak for themselves.

Migratory—THE BEE HIVE.

MARRIED.

PURNER—ROE.—In Philadelphia, on the evening of February 23d, 1871, by the Rev. R. H. Allen, D. D., J. W. PURNER and Mrs. SUE P. ROE, both of this county.

DIED.

PARTRIDGE.—On the 22d of February, at his home, in Elkton, HENRY PARTRIDGE formerly of Baltimore City, aged 58 years.

HICKEY.—At Philadelphia, on Friday, the 10th of February, ANNIE LOVETT, youngest daughter of Ann S. and the late James L. Hickey, formerly of this place.

WOODROW.—At Rising Sun, on March 1st, THOMAS D., infant son of Jacob H. and Matilda Woodrow, aged 7 months.

THE BEST GILLING TWINE. For sale by E. BROWN & BRO.

☞ The above communication by Mr. Ellis, addressed through *The Whig* to our citizens, is of vital importance to this entire community and county. The advantages of having an institution for the education of boys, located here, similar to the Wesleyan Female College, will strike every one with much force. And we have learned that suitable buildings and grounds can be purchased, located near the town, for a very reasonable sum. The grounds are beautifully laid out and planted with shade trees, and the buildings are well adapted—with slight changes inside, possibly—for such a school as is contemplated. Elkton is a most appropriate site for such an institution of learning, and the buildings and grounds, which it is in contemplation to purchase, are far superior for the purpose intended, to any that can be found anywhere on this Peninsula. We hope that an earnest effort will be made by our citizens to secure the location of the proposed college at this place.

MR. EDITOR:—I deem it proper in this manner to lay before the citizens of Elkton and its vicinity the following statement:

At the late Peninsula Convention of the Ministers and Laymen of the Methodist Episcopal Church, held at Smyrna, Delaware, on the 14th, 15th, and 16th of November, last, while the subject of education was under consideration, the necessity and propriety of some provision for a more thorough academical training of the youth of the Church on the Peninsula was admitted, and the Convention determined, by a resolution that immediate steps should be taken by the Church on the Peninsula for the establishment of a first class Academy for boys; where they may receive a thorough preparation for business or for college.

The design of the convention and the Church is the establishment of a school for young men, somewhat similar to the Wesleyan College for young ladies, in Wilmington, Delaware.

After the passage of the resolution, a committee was appointed to receive propositions from towns, villages or counties, for the location of the proposed Academy—composed of Rev. Wesley Kenney, of Odessa; Rev. William Urie, of Smyrna; Rev. H. S. Thompson; J. Taylor Gause, of Wilmington; F. A. Ellis, of Elkton; T. Mallileu, of Queen Anne's Co.; and Wm. M. Shakespeare, of Dover.

At a meeting of the Committee, held at Smyrna, Delaware, on the 8th of February last, distinct propositions were made by committees from Dover, Smyrna and Port Deposit.

A committee from Dover, with Gov. Saulsbury at the head of it, urged the selection of that city as the proper location and tendered the purchase and donation of a lot in the town, and pecuniary contribution, but the amount indefinite.

A Committee from Smyrna tendered a lot in the town, and pecuniary contributions to nearly $4,000.

A committee from Port Deposit tendered pecuniary contributions of not less than $8,000, and perhaps as high as $15,000.

A member of the committee was authorized to tender a lot of land at Centreville, Maryland.

I was without a distinct proposition to submit from Elkton; but suggested the possibility of obtaining a transfer of the Academy Buildings and lot in Elkton,—in reference to which I had submitted a communication to the Board of Trustees, to which I had no reply.

The Committee having received the several propositions, adjourned to meet again at Dover, on Wednesday the 8th day of March, instant.

The Committee have no authority to determine the location, but are charged with the duty of receiving propositions and embobying them in the form of a report to the Conference, which assembles at Dover, on Monday next, which body will determine the question of location, as well as other preliminaries. The whole matter is therefore still open.

Since my return from the meeting of the Committee at Smyrna I have learned that the Board of Trustees of the Academy doubt their authority to make any such transfer of the property. Another objection to that arrangement presents itself in the want of sufficient grounds and the impropriety of that location.

In conversation with numbers of our citizens I find a very general desire to have Elkton selected as the place at which to establish the proposed Academy. The advantages to the place are too apparent to need enumeration. The anxiety manifested by other towns to receive it is sufficient.

The question presents itself—What can Elkton do in the matter?

With this view I respectfully ask all persons who feel any interest in the matter to meet me at my office on Monday afternoon next, the 6th of March, at 3 o'clock, at which time and place I will state the considerations that induce the belief that Elkton may, with any degree of local interest, be determined upon by the Conference.

Every business man in the place is interested in the matter. F. A. ELLIS.

THE MARKETS.

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY.

Elkton Markets.

WHITE WHEAT	$1 10a1 40
RED WHEAT	1 10a1 40
WHITE CORN,	70a70
YELLOW CORN	70a70
OATS	52@56
CLOVERSEED,	7 00@7 50

CLEAR AND HARMLESS AS WATER.

Nattan's Crystal Discovery for the Hair.

A perfectly clear preparation, in one bottle, easily applied as water for restoring to gray Hair its natural color and youthful appearance; to eradicate and prevent dandruff; to promote the growth of the Hair and stop its falling.

IT IS ENTIRELY harmless and PERFECTLY FREE from any poisonous substance, and will, therefore, take the place of all the dirty and unpleasant preparations now in use. Numerous testimonials have been sent up from many of our most prominent citizens, some of which are subjoined; in everything in which the articles now in use are objectionable, CRYSTAL DISCOVERY is perfect; it is warranted to contain neither Sugar of Lead, Sulphur or Nitrate of Silver. Clear and clean as water, it does not soil the clothes or scalp; it is agreeably perfumed, and is one of the best dressings for the hair in use; it restores the color of the hair MORE PERFECTLY AND UNIFORMLY than any other preparation, and always does so, in from three to ten days. Virtually feeling the roots of the hair with the nourishing qualities necessary to its growth and healthy condition, it restores the decay and induces a new growth of the hair more positively than anything else. The application of this wonderful discovery also produces a pleasant and cooling effect on the scalp, and gives the hair a pleasant and elegant appearance.

WASHINGTON, August 5th, 1870.

MR. ARTHUR NATTANS—Dear Sir: I do not hesitate to say that your Crystal Discovery deserves to supercede all other preparations claiming to restore the growth and color of the hair. I have used it a week now, and my hair has already resumed its natural shade, and has ceased falling almost entirely. I cheerfully recommend it. Respectfully, MRS. ANNIE MOURAIN.

☞ We call special attention to the fact that a limited number of trial bottles will be given away gratuitously to those wishing to try. You will notice that in purchasing this course, our aim is to convince by the actual merits of the article. ARTHUR NATTANS, Inventor and Proprietor, Washington, D. C.

Feb 4, 1871—1y

For sale by H. H. MITCHELL, Elkton, and N. B. MORRISON, North East.

THE OLD ESTABLISHED

FURNITURE

and **BEDDING WAREROOMS** of **H. R. LEWIS** are the cheapest in the city. He is now selling **PARLOR SUITS** in **PLUSH, Hair Cloth, Reps** and **Terry; Walnut Chamber Suits** in Oil or Varnish; **Cottage Furniture,** all styles; **Bedding** and **Mattresses,** various sizes; cheaper than Auction prices; **Carpets,** every variety.

Come and see and be convinced. You will save money by giving us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

H. R. LEWIS,
No. 1430 and 1434 Market Street,
Next door to corner 15th street. PHILADELPHIA.
Feb 25, 1871—3m

PACIFIC GUANO COMPANY'S
Capital $1,000,000.
SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO

certified by those who have used it to yield more than Peruvian Guano, and costing about half as much.

See advertisement in another column. For sale by
apr 19 JOHN PARTRIDGE, Elkton.

COAL of superior quality, for sale by JOHN PARTRIDGE.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Deafness, Blindness & Catarrh.

J. ISAACS, M. D., 805 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Oculist and Aurist, Professor in the Medical College of Pennsylvania, of the Eye and Ear. Persons afflicted with diseases of the EYE, EAR, or CATARRH will be scientifically treated and cured, if curable. He has been permanently located in the city for 8 years, and makes the above specialities in his practice. The Medical faculty is invited, as he has no secrets in his mode of treatment.

☞ Artificial eyes inserted without pain. No charges made for examination.

Jan 27, 1869—1y

MYSTIC WATER FROM DAVID'S WELL.

The great DIURETIC, TONIC and ALTERATIVE remedy of the AGE, holds in solution the PROTOXIDE of IRON and other valuable compounds, and is being proved by the unerring test of repeated trials, as one of the best known REMEDIES FOR KIDNEY DISEASES, DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUSNESS, LIVER COMPLAINTS, CATARRHAL AFFECTIONS, CONSUMPTION, in its early stages, DIABETES, INTESTINAL DISORDERS, and GENERAL DEBILITY. It purifies and enriches the blood, increases the appetite, promotes digestion, stimulates the secretions and vitalizes the nervous system. It is HIGHLY RECOMMENDED by PHYSICIANS, and the testimonials of invalids reveal its secret powers. It is sold at the low price of $100 per box of one dozen quart bottles, delivered at Bristol, Pa., to be expressed to any point.

D. S. CADWALLADER, 1005 Race St., Philadelphia.

☞ The HEALING INSTITUTE at DAVID'S WELL is designed to accommodate patients during all seasons of the year, who prefer drinking the MYSTIC WATER from the WELL. [Feb 4, 1871—3m

A BLESSING TO LADIES.

Duponco's Golden Pills for Females

ARE PERFECTLY HARMLESS.
AND NEVER FAIL.

To immediately relieve and permanently cure suppressed or difficult menstruation, remove obstructions, &c.

One lady writes, she would be willing to pay $5 a box for them rather than be without them.

Another lady writes, *Duponco's Golden Pills* relieved me in "two days," without any inconvenience, like magic.

"Beware of Counterfeits." The genuine is now put up in large white boxes, containing "double quantity" of Pills, and upon each box you will find the U. S. Revenue Stamp printed from my *private die*, upon which you will find the words DUPONCO'S GOLDEN PERIODICAL PILLS, in (white) letters. None genuine without that stamp. The small *red and yellow boxes* are no longer used, because of their being counterfeited.

Price $1 per Box. Six Boxes, $5.

Sold at DR. MITCHELL'S DRUG STORE, Elkton, Md.

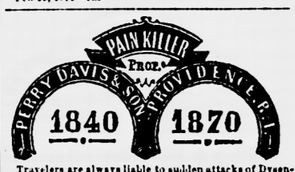
By sending $1 through the Elkton Post Office, can have the Pills sent (confidentially) by mail, to any part of the country, free of postage.

Sold also by SMITH & PAINTER, Wilmington; H. M. BRICKLEY, Chester, and by S. D. HOWE, Proprietor, Nov 12, 1870—1y New York.

Unanswerable Arguments.

Established facts are silent arguments which neither pen nor tongue can shake, and it is upon established facts that the reputation of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, as a health-preserving elixir, and a wholesome and powerful remedy, is based. When witnesses come forward in crowds, year after year, and reiterate the same statements in relation to the beneficial effects of a medicine UPON THEMSELVES, disbelief in its efficacy is LITERALLY IMPOSSIBLE. The credentials of this unequaled tonic and alterative, extending over a period of nearly twenty years, include individuals of every class, and residents of every clime, and refer to the most prevalent among the complaints which afflict and harass the human family. Either a multitude of people, strangers to each other, have annually been seized with an insane and motiveless desire to deceive the public, or Hostetter's Bitters, for no less than a fifth of a century, have been affording such relief to sufferers from indigestion, fever and ague, biliousness, general debility, and nervous disorders, as no other preparation has ever imparted. To-day, while the eyes of the reader are upon these lines, tens of thousands of persons, of both sexes, are relying upon the Bitters as a sure defense against the ailments which the present season engenders, and their confidence is not misplaced. The local potions which interested dealers sometimes endeavor to foist upon the sick in its stead, are everywhere meeting the fate that is due to fraud and imposture, while the demand for the great vegetable specific is constantly increasing.

Feb 11, 1871—1m



Travelers are always liable to sudden attacks of Dysentery and Cholera Morbus, and these occurring when absent from home, are very unpleasant. The PAIN KILLER may always be relied upon in such cases. As soon as you feel the symptoms, take one teaspoonful in a gill of new milk and molasses and a gill of hot water, stir well together and drink hot. Repeat the dose every hour until relieved. If the pains be severe, bathe the bowels and back with the medicine clear.

In cases of Asthma and Phthisic, take a teaspoonful in a gill of hot water sweetened well with molasses; also, bathe the throat and stomach faithfully with the medicine, clear.

Dr. Sweet says it takes out the soreness in cases of lonesetting faster than anything he ever applied.

Fishermen so often exposed to hunts by having their skin pierced with hooks, and fins of fish, can be relieved by bathing with the Pain Killer as soon as the accident occurs; in this way the anguish is soon abated; bathe as often as once in five minutes, say three or four times, and you will seldom have any trouble.

The bites and scratches of dogs and cats are soon cured by bathing with the Pain Killer clear.

Feb 18, 1871—1m

DR. SCHENCK advises Consumptive to Go to Florida in Winter.

Having for the last thirty-five years devoted my whole time and attention to the study of lung diseases and consumption, I feel that I understand fully the course that ought to be pursued to restore a healthy action of diseased lungs to healthy soundness. The first and most important step is for the patient to avoid taking cold, and the best of all places on this continent for this purpose in winter, is Florida, well down in the State, where the temperature is regular, and not subject to such variations as in more Northern latitudes. Palatka is a point I can recommend. A good hotel is kept there by Peterman. Last winter I saw several persons there whose lungs had been badly diseased, but who, under the healing influence of the climate and my medicine, were getting well.

One hundred miles further down the river is a point which I would prefer to Palatka, as the temperature is more even and the air dry and bracing. Mellonville and Enterprise are located there. I should decided preference to Mellonville. It is two miles from river or lake, and it seems almost impossible to take cold there. The tables in Florida might be better, and patients complain at times, but that is a good sign, as it indicates a return of appetite, and when this is the case they generally increase in flesh, and then the lungs must heal.

Jacksonville, Hibernia, Green Cove, and many other places in various parts of Florida, can be safely recommended to consumptives, in winter. My reasons for saying so are that patients are less liable to take cold there than where there is less even temperature, and it is not necessary to say that where a consumptive person exposes himself to frequent colds, he is certain to die shortly. Therefore my advice is, to well down into the State out of the reach of pervading east winds and fogs. Jacksonville, or almost any other of the localities I have named, will benefit those who are troubled with a torpid liver, a disordered stomach, deranged bowels, sore throat or cough, but for those whose lungs are diseased a more southern point is earnestly recommended.

For fifteen years prior to 1869, I was professionally in New York, Boston, Baltimore and Philadelphia every week, where I saw and examined on an average five hundred patients a week. A practice so extensive, embracing every possible phase of lung disease, has enabled me to understand the disease fully, and hence, my caution in regard to taking cold. A person may take large quantities of "Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills," and yet die if he does not avoid taking cold.

In Florida, nearly everybody is using Schenck's Mandrake Pills, for the climate is most likely to produce bilious habits than more northern latitudes. It is a well established fact that natives of Florida rarely die of consumption, especially those of the southern part. On the other hand, in New England, one-third, at least, of the population die of this terrible disease. In the Middle States it does not prevail so largely, still there are many thousands of cases there. What a vast percentage of life would be saved if consumptives were as easily alarmed in regard to taking fresh cold as they are about scarlet fever, small pox, &c. But they are not.—They take what they term a little cold, which they are credulous enough to believe will wear off in a few days. They pay no attention to it, and hence it lays the foundation for another and another still, until the lungs are diseased beyond all hope for cure.

My advice to persons whose lungs are affected even slightly is, to lay in a stock of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Schenck's Mandrake Pills and go to Florida. I recommend these particular medicines because I am thoroughly acquainted with their action. I know that where they are used in strict accordance with my directions they will do the work that is required. This accomplished, nature will do the rest. The physician who prescribes for cold, cough or nightsweats, and then advises the patient to walk or ride out every day, will be sure to have a corpse on his hands before long.

My plan is to give my three medicines, in accordance with the printed directions, except in some cases where a freer use of the Mandrake Pills is necessary. My object is to give tone to the stomach—to get up a good appetite. It is always a good sign when a patient begins to grow hungry. I have hopes of such. With a relish for food and the gratification of that relish comes good blood, and with it more flesh, which is closely followed by a healing of the lungs. Then the cough loosens and slacken, the creeping chills and clammy night-sweats no longer prostrate and annoy, and the patient gets well, provided he avoids taking cold.

Now there are many consumptives who have not the means to go to Florida. The question may be asked, Is there no hope for such? Certainly there is. My advice to such is, and ever has been, to stay in a warm room during the winter, with a temperature of about seventy degrees, which should be kept regularly at that point, by means of a thermometer. Let such a patient take his exercise within the limits of the room by walking up and down as much as his strength will permit, in order to keep up a healthy circulation of the blood. I have cured thousands by this system, and can do so again. Consumption is easily cured as any other disease if it is taken in time, and the proper kind of treatment is pursued. The fact stands undisputed on record that Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Mandrake Pills and Seaweed Tonic have cured very many of what seemed to be hopeless cases of consumption. Before you will you will be almost certain to find some poor consumptive who has been rescued from the very jaws of death by their use.

So far as the Mandrake Pills are concerned, everybody should keep a supply of them on hand. They act on the liver better than calomel, and leave none of its hurtful effects behind. In fact they are excellent in all cases where a purgative medicine is required. If you have partaken too freely of fruit and diarrhœa ensues, a dose of the Mandrake will cure you. If you are subject to sick headache, take a dose of the Mandrakes and they will cure you in two hours. If you would obviate the effect of a change of water, or the too free indulgence in fruit, take one of the Mandrakes every night or every other night, and you may then drink water or eat watermelons, pears, apples, plums, peaches or corn, without the risk of being made sick by them. They will protect those who live in damp situations against chills and fevers. Try them. They are perfectly harmless. They can do you good only.

I have abandoned my professional visits to Boston and New York, but continue to see patients at my office, No. 15 N. SIXTH Street, Philadelphia, every Saturday, from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M. Those who wish a thorough examination with the Respirometer will be charged five dollars. The Respirometer declares the exact condition of the lungs, and patients can readily learn whether they are curable or not. But I desire it distinctly understood that the value of my medicine depends entirely upon their being taken strictly according to directions.

In conclusion, I will say that when persons take my medicines and their systems are brought into a healthy condition thereby, they are not so liable to take cold, yet no one with diseased lungs can bear a sudden change of atmosphere without the liability of greater or less irritation of the bronchial tubes.

Full directions in all languages accompany my medicines, so explicit and clear that any one can use them without consulting me, and can be bought from any druggist.

J. H. SCHENCK, M. D.,
Oct 29, 1870—1y No. 15 N. SIXTH St., Philadelphia.

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Sept 17, 1870—8m

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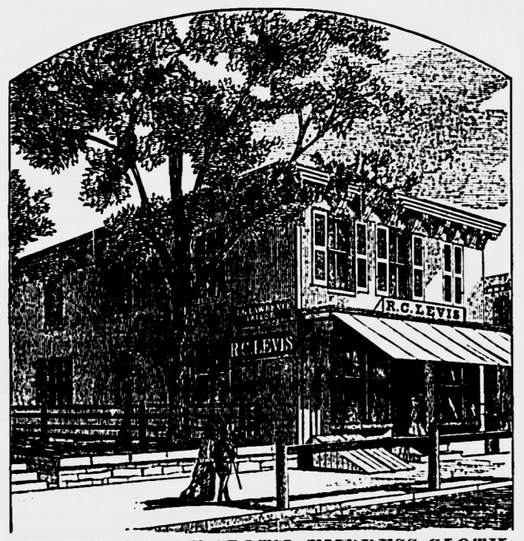

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5,000 " Oats.
100 Tons Hay.

FOR SALE.

500 Tons Pure