On the 10th of December, a motion was made by Mr. A regraman, a member for Dorlet county, for leave to bring in a bir to repeal an a providing funds for the encouragement and citablishes noof Washington College, and to repeal a considerable pair of the ait for founding a consige on the Western-Shore.

This motion was temported and opposed with confiderable arder on to hisdes—Mr. Chale particularly, in the course of his arguments against it, made also of expressions so extremely from that they could hardly fail of deeply wounding his

advertaries.

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We are not to suppose, however, that he escared wholly free Limitels—Mr. Waggaman and his adherents, did not fail to report with equal rancor, though perhaps with less essect, and toms of reproach, tich as legislators use, were scattered very linerally on both fides—On a division of the House on the previous question the numbers were, for its being put 30, and aranit it 34—Thus was this very important question, on which without the interposition of the Senate, the happiness of our posterity might in a great measure have depended, decided by a majority of one only.

Mr. Waggaman was not dispirited by this defeat, nor as it is often observed, did his disappointment in this his favorite plan, render him careless as to the adoption of another, though

deb anectual.

He immediately move I for leave to bring in a bill to suspend the operation of leveral acts of Allembiy, as far as they related to the granting money to the use of the University of Maryland, and to apply it to the exigences of government for a limited

time, in ease of our taxes.

This likewise produced some arguments, but he had unfortunately touched on a string which vibrated in sull unison with the feelings of several members of the House, who embraced every opportunity of saving money for the present, whatever might be the future consequence—In vain was it urged that an injury would be done to the contributors to the college, and that the State v as under an obligation as one of the contracting parties of preserving its faith with the other.—The proposition of ealing the taxes was a bait too tempting to be relisted, and the motion was carried by 32 against 29.

The bill was accordingly brought in on the 17th, and on the same day a memorial from the Visitors and Governors of

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Washington