Slavery into the Colony than is to be found there at present; if the Argument about the Constitution be rightly urged; if the Clergy can make a Breach in it by Petitioning the Crown, 11 or having recourse to Courts of Judicature; I am afraid Inan justice, under the Name of Charity, Necessity, or some other .; hc good-natur'd Term, but by no Means under so ill-sounding atè Title as that of Rapacity is like to become Constitutional. ıd-And if so, the Clergy cannot possibly have any Provision, but ive what is totally precarious, not certain or establish'd in any - 23 Degree whatsoever, except the mere Will and Pleasure of some, not who have been pleased to shew their ill-will, not to Individumc als, but to that Body of Men, can merit such an Appellation. br-I do not know whether it is safe for me to meddle on so nice led a Point, in which I may easily Wade out of my Depth: However, I will venture a few Words, not as declaring what is, or what is not, Constitutional, (I leave that to those wifer on, Heads who are every Day to be met with) but what possibly ırn may be Right; and is so, for any Thing that I know to the der contrary; and I will hope that my Ignorance, if I mistake, to may be excused by the mildness of the Administration. I have .eal heard that one of the revised Laws, making some Alteration hat in Land Affairs, because it contradicted a Law confirm'd by ndthe Royal Assent, laid sometime Dormant and Unobserv'd for tly want of the like Assent. I have Reason to believe, that a Inpower to pass Laws that interfer'd with any confirm'd by his 20× Majesty without a suspending Clause, was never claim'd by the ed, Assembly, till very lately, when they passed several Laws of onthis kind in respect to the Clergy: And if so, the passing such es. Laws must appear in the Light of an Innovation; the removal gy, of which must be no less than adhering to, and preserving the Old Constitution. I look not on the Colony as a little indeore pendent ery