lin foreign to the Purpose: And if Col. Bland will stick to this, ne. I think all that is worth debating about, between us, is at an. End; for it must appear, from what I have already offer'd to the inaid Public, not only, that such an Act was Unnecessary, but that thiś the Nature of Things do not admit of a possibility for such an Act to be necessary. For how, in the Name of Wonder, can en, any Calamity, tho' set off with all the aggravations of Col. e to Bland's fruitful Pen, make it Necessary to take from the Poor ubs and Needy, and distribute the principal part of what is so rei taken, among the Rich and Wealthy; nay, among the Gainom ers by that very Calamity? That the Clergy are, and must roý be, Poor, I will borrow a Proof from Col. Bland, who fays, that they never generally receiv'd for one Year, so much as the an Hundred and Forty-four Pounds Current Money a piece: and And that they, who were to be Benefited by the Detriment tht. of the Clergy, are chiefly the Rich and Wealthy, and many gest of them great Gainers by the Calamity, has been sufficiently rty shewn already. This Point needs no farther illustration. on; However, take the following: If there had been a Proposal nts, for an Indulgence to fuch as were used to raise Tobacco to pay nts. ich their Levies with, and could not raise it in the Scarce Year, s to that they might be excused from paying any Thing that Year, provided they should be obliged to pay the full Value next ga→ ous Year, according to the Price which the Clergy had actually In+ fold the rest of their Income at, in the scarce Year; would not the Clergy have agreed to this? Was not this, or something like this, all that could be Necessary? And if so, could fing the Act which went so much farther, be Necessary? If there should be some Necessity for departing a little from the establish'd ich on; Rule of Right, as Col. Bland Justly calls it, Can there be any

Necessity for going Beyond the Demands of Real Necessity?

Yes,

t is

ign