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attornies, all such vessels and effects which shall be taken within his jurisdiction; and the ships of war of His Most Christian Majesty, or any convoy sailing under his authority, shall, upon all occasions, take under their protection all vessels belonging to the subjects, people or inhabitants of the said United States, or any of them, and holding the same course, or going the same way, and shall defend such vessels, as long as they hold the same course, or go the same way, against all attacks, force or violence, in the same manner as they ought to protect and defend the vessels belonging to the subjects of the Most Christian King.

# ARTICLE VII.

In like manner the faid United States, and their ships of war, sailing under their authority, shall protect and defend, conformably to the tenor of the preceding article, all the vessels and effects belonging to the subjects of the Most Christian King, and use all their endeavours to recover, and cause to be restored, the said vessels and effects that shall have been taken within the jurisdiction of the said United States, or any or them.

### ARTICLE VIII.

THE Most Christian King will employ his good offices and interposition with the King or Emperor of Morocco or Fez; the Regencies of Algiers, Tunis and Tripoly, or with any of them; and also with every other Prince, State or Power, of the coast of Barbary in Africa; and the subjects of the said King, Emperor, States and Powers, and each of them, in order to provide as fully and efficaciously as possible for the benefit, conveniency and safety of the said United States, and each of them, their subjects, people and inhabitants, and their vessels and effects, against all violence, insults, attacks or depredations, on the part of the said Princes, and States of Barbary, or their subjects.

#### ARTICLE IX.

THE subjects, inhabitants, merchants, commanders of ships, masters and mariners of the states, provinces and dominions of each party respectively, shall abstain and forbear to fish in all places possessed, or which shall be possessed by the other party; the Most Christian King's subjects shall not fish in the havens, bays, creeks, roads, coasts or places, which the said United States hold, or shall hereaster hold; and in like manner the subjects, people and inhabitants of the said United States, shall not fish in the havens, bays, creeks, roads, coasts or places, which the Most Christian King possesses, or shall hereaster posses; and if any ship or vessel shall be sound sishing, contrary to the tenor of this treaty, the said ship or vessel with its lading, (proof being made thereof) shall be confiscated; it is however understood, that the exclusion stipulated in the present article, shall take place only so long, and so far as the Most Christian King or the United States shall not in this respect have granted an exemption to some other nation.

## ARTICLE X.

THE United States, their citizens and inhabitants, shall never disturb the subjects of the Most Christian King in the enjoyment and exercise of the right of fishing on the Banks of Newsoundland, nor in the indefinite and exclusive right which belongs to them on that part of the coast of that island which is designed by the Treaty of Utrecht, nor in the right relative to all and each of the isles which belong to His Most Christian Majesty, the whole conformable to the true sense of the Treaties of Utrecht and Paris.

#### A R T I C L E XI.

It is agreed and concluded, that there shall never be any duty imposed on the exportation of the molasses that may be taken by the subjects of any of the United States, from the islands of America, which belong, or may hereaster appertain, to His Most Christian Majesty.

#### ARTICLE XII.

In compensation of the exemption stipulated by the preceding article, it is agreed and concluded, that there shall never be any duties imposed on the exportation of any kind of merchandize, which the subjects of His Most Christian Majesty may take from the countries and possessions, present, or suture, of any of the Thirteen United States, for the use of the islands which shall furnish molasses.

# ARTICLE XIII.

THE subjects and inhabitants of the said United States, or any one of them, shall not be reputed Aubains in France, and consequently shall be exempted from the Droit d'Aubaine, or other similar duty, under what name soever, they may by testament, donation or otherwise dispose of their goods, moveable and immoveable, in favour of such persons as to them shall seem good, and their heirs, subjects of the said United States, residing whether in France or elsewhere, may succeed them, ab intestat, without being obliged to obtain letters of naturalization, and without having the effect of this concession contested or impeded under pretext of any rights or preroga-