Interest. And we cannot but be of Opinion, that the open and unrestrained Practice of sending Youth to Force in Popular Seminaries for Education, has this pernicious Scheme in View; we therefore think it to be incompent on a Protestant Legislature to guard against the Consequences of that dangerous Practice, as it is noted a that there is in those Seminaries a Root of Enmity irreconcileable to his Majesty's Government, and the Religion of his Kingdoms. Having thus shewn the general Instuence of the Popish Faction, and the Counternance and Encouragement that have been given it, and consequently the Propriety and Necessay of our Remonstrances, we proceed to elucidate those particular Facts which were the Subject of our

fanne Aldreit. To goegin then with the Affair of the Criminal in St. Mary's County, of which we shall now give a minate Detail, though we before thought the Particulars unnecessary: This Offender had, by repeated Acts of Valsiny, rendered himself to obnoxious to the Neighbourhood he lived in, that when he fled from the Julice due to the Crime he last perpetrated, and for which he was afterwards condemned, a Contribution of Three Thouland Pounds of Tobacco was given to apprehend him; after his Condemnation those Persons or it me of the Principal of them, who had contributed towards this Sum for apprehending him, were applielit, to solliest his Pardon, which they refused; the Man had hitherto professed himself a Protestant, and was attended for some Time in Goal by a Minister of the Church of England; afterwards a Jesuit was adtatted to him, and he became a Profelyte to the Church of Rome: The Persons, or some of the Principal of them, who considered to have him apprehended, and who had been before applied to in vain, now follicit his Pardon and obtain it. This is a bare Recital of Facts, which we shall submit to your Excellency with the most Comment, that the Circumitance of his becoming a Profelyte to the Church of Rome, remarkable as it was, was unknown to your Excellency till our Address gave you the Information of it, altho' those Gentlemen of the firmed Loyalty and Attachment to his Majesty, one of them especially who is a Lawyer and a Judge, did or ought to have known, if the Doctrine in the before cited Proclamation is true, that the Person they recommended to your Excellency's Clemency, as well as the Jesuit who perverted him,

With respect to the two Instances in Prince-George's County, brought by us to prove the Prevalence of the Popish Faction, we see no Reason to retract what we have said: It is certain that the Matter mentioned to your Excellency as one Inducement to yield to the Sollicitation in Behalf of the former, Pye, was without Foundation: Since the Fact, he was so far from alledging any Thing against Crawford, when he was called upon by a Grand-Jury to give his Testimony, that he declared he did not even know him; and as the cellency has not assured us that the Application of the Protestant Gentlemen, in the Neighbourhood of these Persons, was immediately from themselves, we think we have Room to suspect, that their Names might have been made use of without their Privity and Consent; and we are the rather induced to believe this, as we are well assured by the annexed Deposition, that in the latter Instance of Bevan's Wise, the Party these Mr. Reartist, was not of the Number of those at whose earnest Request a Pardon was granted. We have been the more particular in observing upon these Instances, with a Design, that such as may

have prefumed to give partial and delutive Informations of them to your Excellency, may be detected and confured.

It was by no Means our Intention, by our Address, to prescribe Limits to your Excellency's Clemency, to controvert your Power of Pardoning Delinquents, or invade or infringe any other the undoubted Rights of the Supreme Magistrate: But when we see these Powers exercised against the true Spirit of a British Constitution, we presume it to be our undoubted Right to remonstrate against it; and we can assure your Excellency, that, in doing so, in these particular Instances, we have not acted against the Sense and Desire of our Conditions.

As year Excellency is at a Lofs to know what the Expectations of the People were, with respect to the Attorney General Home Darmal, Esq; and the Judge his Brother, we hope we shall not offend in acquainting you that they are no other, than that they should be Removed from those Places of Trust and Profit they think it and these Expectations of the People, we think far from being unreasonable. It may be true, that shave a nitrogeneral to the Established Church; but it is no less true, that since their Conformity they have a windered Proofs, by no Means equivocal, of their Attachment to, and Continuance in, their old Religious Financials. The Attorney-General, for Instance, sent his Son to a Popish Seminary for his Education, and the Wives and Children of Both continue in the open and public Profession and Exercise of the Popish Religion. Thus we refer it to your Excellency's Consideration, whether these Gentlemen have rendered themselves shally obnoxious to the People: And we assure your Excellency that we do not know, nor can believe, while the Fasts here mentioned are in Sight, that they are lawfully qualified to hold any Employment.