to any Indian Town, is the only Remedy to prevent that Trade; and a just Antone to the Traders; for nothing else will do. It is an Abomination before. God and Man., so say nothing of the particular Consequences, it is altogether hurtful to the Public; for what dithe Supplies we can give them to carry on the War, is not half sufficient; they must buy the greatest part with their Hunting, and it they meet with Rum they will buy that before any Thing, and not only drink away their Skins but their Cloathing, and every Thing what they may get of us. In short, the inconveniencies occasioned by that Trade are innumerable; at this very Time the English and French Party will fall out in their Drunkenness, and murder one another, and the English will be charged with the Mischief thereof. I must leave of before I wear out your Patience: I remain,

SIR, Your wery dutiful

P. S. Scarwhady told Chickeling at my House very privately, that Peter Charteer and his Company had accepted of the French Hatchet; but kept it in their Bosom, 'till they would see what Interest they could make in favour of the French.

Philadelphia, January 25, 1747.  $SIR_{s}$ Have the Pleasure to inform you, that the Indians seated on the Branches of Okto, and to the South and West of Lake Erie, Places within the Bounds of Virginia, Maryland, and Pennsylvania, have this last Summer shewn great Zeal for his Majesty's Interest in those Parts, and by their seasonable Declaration of War have prevented some very bad Designs of the Governor of Canada, which would otherwise have taken Effect: This came to be known first by a Letter sent to this Government from some of the Six Nations, and other Indians, seated at Canayiahaga, a Place on or near the River Conde, which runs into the Lake Erie; who fent down a French Scalp in token of their having begun Hostiliues against the French and their Indiani. The Traders afterwards confirmed this, with this further Circumstance, that the French Governor had sent the Hachet to those Indians, and that they had rejected it; at the same Time letting the French Governor know that they were heartily for the English, and would fight for them, and not against them: This determined our Government to give them a'l the Encouragement possible, and while they were deliberating in what Manner to convey to the Indians a Quantity of Goods bought for their Use, ten Warriors living at Ohio came fortunately to Flitadesphia, to remonstrate against the Backwardness of the English, and to tell them plainly, that unleis they alter'd their Conduct, the French would soon be uppermost in their Parcs. As they address'd themselves to the Governors of all the Provinces, and were told that they should be made acquainted with their Complaints, the Council, in Discharge of their Promise, and confidering that your Province is equally with ours exposed to Danger, should these Indians, for want of proper Encouragement, go over to the French, have thought it their Duty to fend you a Copy of the Treaty held with these Obio Warriors, and of the Message of the Council, and of the Answer of our Assembly, wherein they promise to enable the Council to suits their Engagements of sending them a Present by Mr. Weiser in the Spring, the they were then supplied with a considerable Quantity of Powder and Lead and Cloatning, to help them through the Winter; and most earnestly request that you would lay these Matters before your An me bly, and recommend it to them to join with this Province and that of Virginia, in making Present to these Indians; and if it shall be thought proper, that there may be appointed one or more Persons, with full power, to join with Mr. Weiser in any Measures that may be there thought to be most conducive to the public Good.

Mr. Weiser was ordered to accompany and take care of the Indians, in their Return to Obio, as far as the inhabited part of the Country; and from what pair d between those Indians and Chickelimy, a rerson of Character at Shamokin, who happened to be at Mr. Weiser's on their coming there; and likewise from what was said by the principal Indian, Schaenbady, at parting with Mr. Weiser, of all which he wrote an Account, which is copied and sent herewith. I cannot think but the Person or Persons who go to Obio may do extraordinary Service, with. I cannot think but the Person of the Southern Provinces, since they will thereby be if they are well supported by an Union of the Southern Provinces, since they will thereby be

[May Seff. 1748.]

CONTROLS REPORTED HAVE BEEN ALLER HAVE