Considerations have induced us to give them the Goods mentioned in the Account to you herewish, and to promise to send the Interpreter, with a larger Present, to there F is Obio in the Spring; you will therefore take Care, at this Session, to come to such Sent will enable us to make good our Engagements.

November 25th, 1747.

ARTHONY PALMER, Prefaces

Examined by

RICHARD PATERS, Secr.

A MESSAGE to the Prefident and Council from the Assembly.

May it please the President and Council,

Let have taken into our Confideration your Message of the 25th of November less, concerning the Treaty held with the Indians from Obio: The Importance of these Indians towards the continuing and cultivating the good Understanding which hath so long subsided between this Government and the Six Nations we observe, from the Treaty, depends presty much on the Account they give of themselves; however, as they are a Part of the Six Nations, who very probably, in this calamitous Time, are often in Want of Necessaries to ocquire their Livel hood, we approve of the Present you have thought at to make them, and also of the Account you have sent the Six Nations of a larger Present intended for them in the Spring; and we shall take the Care which is necessary to enable you to suffil that En-

gagement.

Permit us however to add, that we think it will be necessary to press their Union amongst themselves; and that they will do well to have due Regard to the Opinion of their old and experienced Men, whose Advice, from the Account they give, seems to have been laid and experienced Men, whose Advice, from the Account they give, seems to have been laid and Most of us, you are sensible, are Men of peaceable Principles, and the Presents we gave, and those formerly given on Behalf of this Government, so far as we have understood, were so supply them with Necessaries towards acquiring a Livelihood, and to cultivate a Friendship between us; and not to encourage their entering into a War. This we think most for the King's Interest, and the Peace and Sasety of his Colonies in America; it being well known, this wars once begun amongst them are not to be ended without great Difficulty, and are attended with 60 much Bloodshed and Cruelty, as usually excites Revenge and lake Inhumanity from the Indians in the French Interest, against those in Amity with us, and against others the King's Subjects

We observe from Conrad Weiser's Letter, which you were pleased to order to be laid before us, the Indians continue their Complaints of the Irjuries they have received by the carrying of Rum amongst them; and we therefore hope you will endeavour to prevent this for the success.

by directing the Laws provided against this Abuse to be duly put in Execution.

As to that Part of the Message we have mentioned, which relates to Governor Shirley's Letter and Proposals, we are not informed of any further Accounts received from him fance our last Meeting; and therefore our Sentiments on that Occasion at this Time will, we presume, he of little Use.

Signed by Order of the House,

11th Mo. 9, 1747.

John Kinery, Speaker.

Dear Sir,

Dy this I let you know, that I arrived at my House on the 21st of this Instant, and round my Family, Thanks be to God, in a much better Condition than when I less them: My youngest Child is yet very bad with the Cough; the rest is mending very much. The Day before yesterday Sbickelimy arrived, who is in good Health, with the remaining Part of his Family: I delivered the Presents to him; he is very thankful to the Government for the Charing bestowed on him; he will set out Tomorrow Morning for Shamakin: He brought no particular New Maria the Six Notice. This Evening John Goal, with the Indian from Obit, arrived the Patterness: They reposted every