

Warrant of Ten Thousand Acres, to Charles Lowe, and Philip Kay, Esqrs; dated May 20, 1726, returnable with all convenient Speed.

Thus Located. Memorandum, the former Entry is still continued; that is, to say, Five Thousand Acres next adjoining unto his Lordship's Manour of Ten Thousand Acres, the other Five Thousand Acres, to be laid in the Fork of *Manocasy* on *Potomack* Side, above Mr. *Carroll's* Tract of Ten Thousand Acres in the Fork, to be found good and convenient there, otherwise on *Conogochiego* as aforesaid, this 24th Day of *November*, 1724.

The Deposition of Col. *John Rider*, is as follows, viz.

That he being accidentally in Conversation with one *James Hays*, Deputy Surveyor of *Dorset* County; and in Discourse, inquiring of him, concerning vacant Land, at the Head of *Nanticoke* River, he informed him, that Esq; *Lloyd* had entered most of the vacant Lands thereabouts, and had begun a Survey for the said Esq; *Lloyd*, upon an Island, at *Marsby-hope*. Some Time afterwards, he falling into Discourse with one *Capt. Nutter*, he told this Deponant, that no Lands were to be taken up thereabouts, until Esq; *Lloyd's* Survey was finished. And the Deponant further declares, that the aforesaid *James Hays*, informed him, that the Locations of Esq; *Lloyd*, extended from where about *Capt. Charles Nutter* lives, unto *Marsby-Hope*. And further says not,

*Jurat Coram me,*

4th Day of *August*, 1732.

*Robert Gordon.*

*John Rider.*

Mr. *Peter Taylor* affirms, That *Philemon Lloyd*, Esq; in the Year 1719, cautioned *James Hays*, late Deputy Surveyor of *Dorchester* County, as the said *Hays* informed him, not to Survey or lay out for any Person, save him the said *Philemon Lloyd*, any Lands betwixt *Howling-Creek*, in *Dorchester* County, and the Fortieth Degree of *Northern* Latitude, or as far as the Lord Proprietary's Claims extended: Further, the said *Taylor* insists, That several People turned Tenants to the Government of *Pennsylvania*, even some, who had Warrants out of his Lordship's Land-Office, the Surveyor aforesaid, having refused to execute Warrants, by Means of the said *Lloyd's* Caution: That the said *Lloyd* having run out some Lines, including some Plantations, several People quitted their Habitations, rather than be Tenants under him, as they alledged. And the said *Peter Taylor* further affirms, That in some Conversation between Esq; *Lloyd*, and himself, about Two Years since, (and after the Death of the said *Hays*,) the said *Lloyd* acquainted him, that he should continue the like Cautions; and that he hath never understood, that Esq; *Lloyd* hath to this Time, quitted his Pretensions to the said Cautions.

The Bill, intituled, *An Act for emitting Paper Currency*, sent to the Upper House, and the following Message:

By the Lower House of Assembly, August 5, 1732.

May it please your Honours,

This House hath considered the Amendments proposed by your Honours, to the Paper Currency Bill, and cannot agree, that the Governor, or President, shall appoint the Commissioners or Trustees; because, that in all Acts of Parliament concerning Money, where Commissioners are appointed to put the Act in Execution, they the Commissioners are always inserted in the Acts themselves, and not appointed by the King: And in the Acts for emitting Bills of Credit, in our Neighbouring Colonies, the same Method is observed: Besides, as the Publick Faith of this Province is engaged to support the Bills of Credit, this House believes it would be more agreeable to his Excellency himself, to have the Commissioners appointed by both House, than by him, in Regard, that no Branch of the Prerogative is infringed by it; and his Excellency will be entirely clear of any Imputation of appointing Persons unfit for so important a Trust reposed in them, in Case any Corruption or Mismanagement shall happen.

This House agrees, That all his Lordship's Rents of any kind, and Alienation Fines, be excepted, but conceives it hard, that Fines and Forfeitures for Breaches of the Peace, or any Penal Laws, should not be discharged in Bills of Credit, and therefore propose, to restrain the Proviso; to Rents of all kinds, and Alienation Fines, and the Duties payable for Tobacco and Tonnage, being already excepted.

This House cannot agree to the Proviso proposed by your Honours, that the Act shall not be put in Execution, till his Lordship's Approbation thereof be published; but propose, that instead thereof, the Time be lengthen'd Eighteen Months after the End of this Session, before the Act be put in Execution; which this House conceives, will be a sufficient Time for his Lordship to consider it. This House proposes Eighteen Months, the rather, because that the Right Honourable his Lordship's Grand-Father, in *September*, 1681, promised and engaged to the Assembly, that in his Lordship's Absence out of this Province, his Lordship would signify his Assent or Dissent to any Laws, within Eighteen Months after passing them, as appears by the Journal of the Assembly, then held.

Sign'd per Order, M. Macnemar, Cl. Lo. Ho.

Was sent to the Upper House by Col. *Ward*, and *Capt. Blackstone*. They return, and say they delivered the same.

The Report from the Committee of Accounts concerning Mr. *Knight*, refer'd to be considered next Assembly.

Mr. *Beale* from the Committee to regulate Officers Fees, delivers to Mr. Speaker, the following Report:

At a Conference held at the House of Mr. *George Neilson*, in *Annapolis*, August 5, 1732.

*Philemon Lloyd*, Esq;  
The Hon. Col. *M. F. Ward*,  
*Michael Howard*, Esq;

} of the Upper House.

*John*