" And in all other Matters Civil and Criminal, to use and exercise all or any Jurisdiction and Authority, for the Administration of Justice and " Conservation of our Peace within the said Island, as any Justice of Peace " in England, may or ought to use and exercise, by virtue of his Commission " for the Peace; and further ( as there shall be Cause ) to hold a Court or <sup>16</sup> Courts, and in the faid Courts to award Process, hold Pleas, and to hear and finally determine all Actions and Causes whatsoever Civil, happening " and arising between any the Inhabitants of the said Island, not exceeding " in Damages, or Demand the value of One Thousand Weight of Tobacco; as also to hear and finally determine all Misdemeanours and Offences, what-" foever Criminal, happening or committed within the said Island, and to " award Execution thereupon, so that the said Crimes extend not to the " Questioning of any One for his Life or Member: And all Matters or Causes whatsoever aforesaid, to hear and determine in the most summary, and " equal Way that he may, according to the Laws of this Province established " or to be established, after Publication thereor in the said Island, and in De-" fault thereof, then according to the Laws of England, as near as he shall " be able to judge." We hope these will be sufficient to shew your Lordship the Antiquity of what we contend for, without troubling you with further Instances. This then (may it please your Lordship) being so early an Inducement to our Ancestors, to come and relide here under the happy Circumstances of being bound by such Laws, as they were bound by in England, or such as should be made here by their Content, no doubt was what much encouraged them to hazard their Lives and Fortunes, amongst unknown Nations of Barbarians, from whom and with whom they were oblig'd to purchase and cultivate Terms of Peace, by paying them for their Possessions, supplying them with English Manufacturies, and being generally obliging to the Heads of their Nations, till by a wonderful Providence they are become an inconsiderable People in themselves, amongst us; how strong they may be in their Alliances abroad upon the Continent, no English-Man can know: We therefore yet buy our Lands of them, when they demand pay, as neither thinking it just to refuse it, nor safe, to provoke a People whose Interest we know not.

We find in the Records of 1647. Page 143, fundry Depositions taken in open Assembly, whereby it is prov'd that fundry the Inhabitants of the Province, declared they would depart the Province for fear of the great Charges, for Payment of Soldiers Wages, like to light upon the Country; to which Inhabitants, the Honourable Leonard Calvert, Governour, (his then Lordship's Brother ) faid, that his own Estate and his Brothers should pay the Soldiers, and that no other Charge should come upon the Country more than the 60 Pounds of Tobacco per Hogshead; and further said, (if that wou'd not do ) he would engage his Lordship's Country for the Sarisfying of the Sol-And we find in the same Book, ( Page 273, Anno 1649, ) an Act for the Support of the Lord Proprietary, whereby Ten Shillings per Hogshead is imposed on the Exportations of Tohacco therein mention'd to his Lordship, One Half whereof to be employed towards the Satisfaction of all Interest, Arrears and Claim, touching the late Recovery and Defence of the Province, until they should be fully discharged; and also that Sixteen Cows and a Bull, should be railed by Assessment upon the Inhabitants, within Two Years, in Consideration of his Lordship's Stock distributed towards the Defence of the Province: And also another Act in the same Page, touching the Lord Proprietary's Stock of Cattle and other Estate within the Province,

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