

Mr. Mayer, from the committee on judicial proceedings, to which was recommitted the bill entitled, an act to require Justices of the Peace to compute the time for the stay of execution under *supersedeas* from the rendition of the judgment, reported that the committee had had said bill again under consideration, and were of opinion that the amendments heretofore assented to by the senate ought to be reconsidered and dissented from, and that the bill ought to pass, with the following amendments,

Which were read and assented to:

Add as a second section the following:

And be it enacted, That in all cases wherein judgment shall be rendered in the County Courts of this state at the second term after the defendant or defendants shall have been arrested on the *capias ad respondendum*, under the act, entitled, "an act to prevent unnecessary accumulation of costs on all actions or suits at law in the County Courts of this state" and its supplements, and the same shall be superseded, that the stay of execution, as allowed by law under such *supersedeas*, shall be reckoned and computed from the first Thursday of the term next ensuing the said second term, when such judgment shall be rendered and not from the date or filing of such *supersedeas*.

Amend the bill by striking out all the words of the title after the words "an act," and insert "relating to the computation of the stay of execution on judgments."

On motion of Mr. Mayer,

The said amendments heretofore reported and assented to, were read, reconsidered, and dissented from.

The bill was then read the third time and passed.

The senate adjourned until to morrow morning 10 o'clock.

TUESDAY, February 24th, 1835.

The Senate met. Present the same Senators as on yesterday. The proceedings of yesterday were read.

The bill entitled, An act to require justices of the peace to compute the time for the stay of execution under *supersedeas* from the rendition of the judgment passed by the Senate on yesterday, with certain amendments,