

lity the laws of the general government; made in conformity to the constitution of the United States.

Resolved, That the Federal Union exists in a solemn compact entered into by the voluntary consent of the people of the United States, and of each and every State, and that therefore, no State can claim the right to secede from, or violate that compact; and however grievous may be the supposed or real burthens of a State, the only legitimate remedy is in the wise and faithful exercise of the elective franchise, and the solemn responsibility of the public agents.

Resolved, That the doctrine, that a State has power to nullify a law of the General Government, is revolutionary in its character, and in its nature calculated to overthrow the great temple of American Liberty;—such a course cannot absolve that allegiance which the people of this Union, owe to the supremacy of the laws.

Resolved, That in levying and collecting duties, imposts and excises, while the general good should be the primary object; a special regard ought to be had to the end, that the interest and prosperity of every section of the country should be equally consulted and its burthens proportionably distributed.

Resolved, That the first object of the American people should be, to cherish the most ardent attachment to the constitution and laws of this Union; and as a first and paramount object of a free people, we should use every honorable means to preserve the honor and integrity of the union.

Resolved, That the Governor be requested to transmit copies of the foregoing preamble and resolutions to the president of the United States, and to the Executives of the several states.

DAVID T. DISNEY,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

SAMUEL R. MILLER,

Speaker of the Senate.

February 25th, 1833.