

Mr. Johnson from the committee to whom was referred the resolution in favor of Samuel Davis and William Gudgeon, of Kent county, reported that the committee had had the same under consideration, and were of opinion that it ought not to pass; which report was concurred in. The resolution was then read a second, and by special order a third time, dissented from and returned to the house of delegates.

Mr. Johnson offered the following message, which was read, assented to and sent to the house of delegates.

BY THE SENATE, Feb. 16, 1824.

*Gentlemen of the House of Delegates*—The senate have rejected the resolutions in favor of Samuel Davis and William Gudgeon, of Kent county, because they have ascertained that Davis is receiving a pension from the United States. This, however, not being Gudgeon's situation, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the senate, that he was a soldier in the revolution and is now in indigent circumstances; they will agree to a resolution restoring him to the pension list of the state.

By order,

W. KILTY, Clk.

Mr. Chambers from the committee to whom was referred the bill to repeal the fourth and fifth sections of an act, to relieve the people of this state as far as practicable from the evils arising from the demands made on the banks of this state for gold and silver by brokers, and to prohibit the officers of the several banks from buying and selling bank notes of the banks of this state, at a less price than their nominal value, passed at December session 1818, chapter 191—reported the same with the following amendment. Add at the end of the bill "as far as the same relates to the sale or disposition of foreign gold or silver coin:" which amendment was read and assented to. The bill was then read a third time as amended, passed and returned to the house of delegates.

Mr. Chambers from the committee to whom was referred the bill relative to making a public landing place and road, in Kent county, reported that the committee had had the same under consideration, and were of opinion that it ought not to pass. The bill was then read a third time, rejected and returned to the house of delegates.

Mr. Johnson from the committee to whom was referred the resolution in favor of Joseph Cressap, of Allegany county, reported that the committee had had the same under consideration, and were of opinion that it ought not to pass. The resolution was then read a second, and by special order a third time, dissented from and returned to the house of delegates.

Mr. President laid before the senate, a letter from Rezin Estep and John C. Weems, accompanied by certain documents relative to the divisional line between Anne Arundel and Calvert counties, which were read and referred to the committee to whom the bill for the establishment of the said line was referred.

The clerk of the House of Delegates, delivered a resolution in favor of Ramsey Waters, which was read the first time, and laid on the table. Also a bill entitled, An act to disseminate literature in this state, which was read the first time, and laid on the table. Also a bill entitled, An act for the relief of James W. Reeves, of Charles county, which was read the first time, and referred to Messrs. Claude, Orrell and Dickinson; and returned the bill relating to executions, endorsed, "will pass with the proposed amendments." Amendments proposed, after the word court, in the fourth line, insert "or by any justice of the peace," which amendment was read, and with the bill laid on the table.

Mr. Chambers asked and obtained leave to bring in a bill, entitled a supplement to the act for the establishment of Vestries for each Parish in this state; and it was ordered, that Messrs. Chambers, Brownley and Fenwick, should be a committee to prepare and report the same.

Mr. Chambers from the committee reported the said bill, and it was read the first time, and laid on the table.

The senate proceeded to the election of directors on the part of the state in the several banks—The ballot box being prepared, the ballots were deposited therein, sealed up and delivered to the committee of the senate, appointed to meet the committee of the house of delegates, who retired to the conference room, and after some time, returned and reported that the committee on counting the ballots had found, that for the Union Bank of Maryland, William Pinkney had 56 votes; Hezekiah Niles 27 votes; John P. Kennedy 32 votes and William Stansbury 29 votes. For the Commercial and Farmer's Bank, John Barney had 60 votes and Charles C. Egerton 60 votes. For the Mechanics Bank of Baltimore, Tobias E. Stansbury had 63 votes and William Stewart 63 votes. For the Farmer's Bank of Maryland, John Johnson had 63 votes; Nicholas Brewer 51 votes; James Shaw 2 votes; Alexander Magruder 1 vote and William H. Marriott 1 vote. For the Branch Bank at Easton, William Clark had 68 votes and Lambert W. Spencer 68 votes. For the Hager's Town Bank, Daniel Schnebly had 57 votes; John Buchanan 58 votes; Joseph I. Merrick 1 vote, and Joseph Gabby 1 vote. For the Elkton Bank, George Benston had 27 votes and Jeremiah Taylor 44 votes. Whereupon it was declared in the senate, that William Pinkney and John P. Kennedy for the Union Bank of Maryland; John Barney and Charles C. Egerton, for the Commercial and Farmer's Bank; Tobias E. Stansbury and William Stewart for the Mechanics Bank; John Johnson and Nicholas Brewer, for the Farmer's Bank of Maryland; William Clark and Lambert W. Spencer, for the Branch Bank at Easton; Daniel Schnebly and John Buchanan, for the Hager's Town Bank; and Jeremiah Taylor, for the Elkton Bank, were duly elected directors on the part of the state, in the several banks, for and during the time prescribed by law.

The senate adjourned until to-morrow morning 10 o'clock.