the enemy; and he is hereby authorised to draw on the treasurer of the Western Shere, for the pay, rations and forage, of the said dragoces and officers, out of any unappropriated money in the trea-By order, WM. R. LAMBDIN, Clk.

Which was read the first and second time by special order; and the further consideration therrof

postponed until Monday next.

Mr. Jones from the committee, delivers the following report:

The committee to whom was referred the petition of Richard Taylor, of Montgomery county, an old revolutionary soldier, beg leave to report that they have taken the same into consideration, and

find the facts therein stated to be true; they therefore submit the following resolution:

Resolved, That the treasurer of the Western Shore be, and he is hereby authorised and directed. to pay unto Richard Taylor, of Montgomery county, or his order, annually, in quarterly payments, sum of money equal to the half pay of a private, as a remuneration for his services during the re-JOHN STEVENS, Jr. Clk. By order,

Beale Randall, Esquire, a delegate returned for Baltimore county, appeared, qualified, and took.

The clerk of the senate delivers the following message:

BY THE SENATE, December 10, 1814.

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates,
In accordance with your message of this day, proposing to go immediately into an election of a register of wills for Caroline county, we agree forthwith to proceed to supply that vacancy. Thomas Culbreth is put in nomination by the senate, in addition to the gentleman named by your. house; and we have appointed Messrs. Hollingsworth and Hebb to join the gentlemen designated by you to count the ballots, and report the result thereof.

By order,

THOS. ROGERS, Clk.

Which was read.

The house proceeded to ballot for a register of wills for Caroline county. The ballots being deosited in the ballot box, the gentlemen named to strike retired to the conference room to examine hem, and after some time returned and reported, that John Young had forty-six votes, and Thenas Culbreth eighteen votes. Whereupon, Resolved, That John Young, be and he is hereby reommended to the governor to be commissioned as register of wills for Caroline county.

The speaker laid before the house the following communication from the executive council:

To the Honorable the General Assembly of Maryland.
COUNCIL CHAMBER, December 10, 1814.

sentlemen,

On addressing you at the opening of the present session, it is to be regretted that the aspect of our

iblic affairs, affords little cause for congratulation.

The appearance of the enemy on our coast early in the summer, as was predicted by the legislaure at their last session, rendered it necessary to make the best preparation for defence of which the tate was capable. Accordingly the militia of the counties most liable to invasion, were called into ctual service; and as the situation of the country became more alarming, such a portion of the roops as could with prudence be spared from the third division (two thousand of them having harched, agreeably to the president's requisition of April for the defence of Baltimore) were also irected to hold themselves in readiness to repair at a moment's notice to the scene of danger.

These armaments together with the incidental purchase and transportation of military stores and rovisions have necessarily required very considerable disbursements: Yet, if we advert to the deultory kind of warfare which the enemy is pursuing, and consider the harassing service to which ur men must consequently be exposed, it is presumed that the expenditures will not be found in

ompatible with the most judicious economy.

In compliance with the requisition of the president on the executive, dated the 4th of July, for he state to furnish six thousand troops for the general defence, orders were issued to the different rigadiers, to organise and cause to proceed to the designated rendezvous, their respective quotas. These orders were obeyed with as much promptitude, as our present militia system is ca able of enforcing. On the 19th of August last, we received a letter (of which No. 1, is a copy). om the general commanding the tenth military district, stating that he had been authorised by the resident to accept on behalf of the United States, all the militia then in service, under the authority f the state of Maryland, as well elsewhere, as at Annapolis. Giving to this communication the postruction which the liberality of its proposition appeared to justify, and which seemed so conge ial with the spirit of the constitution, which provides for the general defence, the executive of Maland, on the 17th of October, wrote the letter marked No. 2, to the secretary of war, requesting splicit information as to the time when the acceptance of our militia took effect; they also referred im to the act of congress, passed on the 18th of April last, which provides that the expences incirced in cases of calls on the militia made by the authority of any state or territory which may be proved by the president, shall be adjusted and paid by the United States. Conscious that our alls on the militia had been made exclusively for the purpose of repelling invasion, which might asonably be considered one of the cases contemplated by the above recited act, it could not be pre-med that the president would hesitate to sanction them. In this just expectation, we have, howeer been disappointed. No notice having been taken of our first application to the secretary, it was peated on the 11th ultimo, but an answer from him has not yet been received.

Of the loans authorised by the resolution of May, 1813, for four hundred and fifty thousand—four undred, and thirty-six thousand have been obtained. Of this sum, one hundred and twenty-seven ousand two hundred and ten dollars and twenty three cents have been expended under the approriation of one hundred and eighty thousand dollars for the purchase of arms; and one hundred nd seventy four thousand eight hundred and one dollars and twenty three cents in defraying the