BY THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES, DECEMBER 19, 1800.

Whereas by the insolvent acts passed this session, each insolvent, at the time he petitions for relief, is to pay a tax of five dollars each, which was intended for the chancellor, in consideration of the additional duties imposed on him: And whereas doubts are entertained whether, consistently with the bill of rights and the consistention, the money arising from said taxes can be paid over to the chancellor, and it being unreasonable that additional duties should be imposed on a public officer without compensation; therefore, RESOLVED, That the treasurer of the western shore pay to the chancellor the sum of five hundred dollars, in addition to his salary.

By order,

Which was read the first and second time by especial order and assented to.

The following message:

BY THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES, DECEMBER 19, 1800.

GENTLEMEN OF THE SENATE,

HAVING finished all the business on our table, we propose, with the concurrence of your house, to meet this eyening at 6 o'clock, in order that the laws passed this session may be signed and sealed.

By order,

W. HARWOOD, clk.

The following message and bill therein mentioned.

BY THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES, DECEMBER 19, 1800.

GENTLEMEN OF THE SENATE,

WE have received your answer to our message, and equally impressed with yourselves with the opinion, that each branch of this legislature have an equal constitutional power to act on this important and interesting subject, we shall only state, in a few words, why we conceive you do not adhere in your amendment to the principles on which you inform us it was originally grounded. We admire the principle laid down by the bill of rights, that every man having property in, a common interest with, and an attachment to, the community, ought to have the right of suffered to vote, unless he has property assessed by your amendment? We conceive not, for no one will by it be suffered to vote, unless he has property assessed to a certain amount; the consequence will then be, that those men who possessed every tie, except the mercenary qualification of fortune, to endear and to attach them to society, will be deprived of the right of suffrage, and we cannot, consistent with the principles of liberality and of nature, suppose that taxable property is the only interest or attachment that binds men to society; and when we restect that liberty is the common and natural right of all men, we cannot agree to sanction that doctrine which makes property the measure of it. Admitting your second objection in the fullest latitude, yet we conceive it cannot essect the principles of the bill to which it is applied; for it will be difficult to point out the man, however humble and obscure his situation, who does not consume some taxable article, and thereby contributes his mite to the support of government.

We cannot; being the representatives of an independent people, agree to make error, though fanctioned by

the example of other states, a rule for our conduct.

The advantages arising from the written evidence of the qualification of voters may be great, when compared with the offensive mode hitherto used, but on reflection you will find the confidence reposed in the people, by the

provisions of our bill, will remedy the evil now existing, and render all written evidence unnecessary.

We are happy to find, that by your amendment you meant not to exclude any person now constitutionally entitled, to the privilege of voting; on this subject permit us to refer you to the amendment itself, and only to obtain, that if words are there used to convey ideas in their general accepted sense, the consequence would be that no man, unless actually affested, could be admitted to vote.

Your second amendment we have agreed to, and return the bill for your reconsideration.

By order,

W. HARWOOD, clk.

Which were read.

And delivers the engrossed bills No. 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84 and 85, with the paper bills thereof; which engrossed bills were severally endorsed; "By the house of delegates, December 18, 1800: Read and assented to.

"By order,

W. HARWOOD, clk."

The following message was prepared, read, agreed to, and sent to the house of delegates by the clerk.

BY THE SENATE, DECEMBER 19, 1800.

GENTLEMEN,

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WE shall, agreeably to your proposition, adjourn until six o'clock this evening.

By order,

W. S. GREEN, clk.

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The fenate adjourns till fix o'clock.

POST MERIDIEM.

The fenate met.

The resolution in favour of the securities of William S. Bond, the amendments thereto, the resolution in favour of the securities of Dennis Griffith, the resolution in favour of the chancellor; the bill to empower the judges of the court of appeals to reinstate the cause of Job Garretson against Richard Gole, and the paper bills. No. 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84 and 85, were sent to the house of delegates by the clerk.