brother or sister, then to the brothers and sisters of the half blood CHAP. 191. and their descendants, in equal degree, equally; and if no brother or sister of the whole or half blood, or any descendant from such brother or sister, then to the father, and if no father living, then to the mother, and if no mother living, then to the grandfather on the part of the father, and if no such grandfather living, then to the descendants of such grandfather in equal degree, equally; and if no such grandfather, or any descendant from him, then to the grandfather on the part of the mother; and if no such grandfather, then to his descendants in equal degree, equally; and so on without end, alternating the next male paternal ancestor, and his descendants, and the next male maternal ancestor, and his descendants, and giving preference to the paternal ancestor, and his descendants; and if there be no descendants or kindred of the in- If there be no testate as aforesaid, to take the estate, then the same shall go to kindred of the inthe husband or wife, as the case may be, and if the husband or estate than the wife he dead, then to his or her kindred in the like course as if the husband or wife be dead, then to his or her kindred in the like course as if the hus such husband or wife had survived the intestate, and then had died, entitled to the estate by purchase; and if the intestate has had more husbands or wives than one, and all shall die before such intestate, then the estate shall be equally divided among the kindred of the several husbands or wives in equal degree, equally.

2. And be it enacted, That no right in the inheritance shall ac-no right in the inheritance shall ac-recent in children crue to or vest in any person other than to children of the intestine intestate, tate, and their descendants, unless such person is in being, and capable in law to take as heir at the time of the intestate's death, but any child or descendant of the intestate, born after the death of the intestate, shall have the same right of inheritance as if born

before the death of the intestate. 3. And be it enacted, That there shall be no distinction between tween brothers of brothers and sisters of the whole and half blood all being descentible whole and half blood on the part scendants of the dants of the same father where the estate descended on the part scendants of the parent from of the father, nor shall there be any distingtion between brothers whom the entate and sisters of the whole and half blood al. ing descendants of the same mother, where the estate descended on the part of the

4. And be it enacted, That if in the descending or collateral considered in the line, any father or mother may be dead, the child or children of same degree as such father or mother shall, by representation, be considered in mother would have been if living the same degree as the father or mother would have been if living, 🗞 and shall have the same share of the estate as the father or mother, if living, would have been entitled to, and no more; and in such case, where there are more children than one, the share aforesaid shall be equally divided among such children; provided that there be no representations admitted among collaterals, after brothers' and sisters' children.

45. And be it enacted, That any child or children of the intes-Children having tate, or their issue, having received from the intestate any real tate may elect to estate by way of advancement, may elect to come into partition on on bringing the same into with the other parceners, on bringing such advancement, or the hotel pot with the value thereof at the time such advancement was received, into entate descended hotchpot with the estate descended; but such child or children, or their issue, shall not be entitled to claim a share by descent, without bringing such advancement, or the value thereof as aforesaid,

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