OHAP

7. And in case letters testamentary shall be granted to an executor above eighteen, and under twenty-one years of age, the bond by him executed for faithful performance shall be binding as

if he were of full age.

8. No married woman shall be entitled to letters testamentary, but the same, or letters of administration, shall be granted, in the same manner as if she had not been named in the will, unless her husband shall, with two fureties, give bond as aforesaid, to be recorded and sued as aforefaid, for her faithful performance; and the bond of any executrix, who is unmarried, and above eighteen, given as aforefaid, shall be binding in the same manner as if she were of the full age of twenty-one years.

1. NO letters of administration shall be granted to a person infamous as aforesaid, or to an ideot, CHAP. 5. funatic, or person non compos mentis, or to a person who is not a citizen of the United States, or To whom, and under eighteen years of age; and any question respecting infamy, soundness of mind, citizenship under what ciror age, may be heard and established as if the same respected a person named as an executor.

2. Whenever any person hath died intestate, leaving in this state goods, chattels, or personal ters of adminiestate, letters of administration may forthwith be granted by the orphans court of the county granted. wherein was the party's mansion-house or residence; or in case he or she had no mansion or residence within the state, letters shall be granted in the county where the party died; and in case the party neither had mansion or residence, nor died within the state, letters may be granted in the county wherein lies, or is supposed to lie, a confiderable part of the party's personal

3. It shall be incumbent on any person applying for such letters, to prove such dying intestate to the satisfaction of the court, unless the same be notorious; and the court may examine such person, on oath or affirmation, touching the time, place, and manner of the death, and whether or not the party dying left any will; and if fuch dying intestate be not proved to the fatisfaction of the court, no letters of administration shall be granted; no such letters shall be granted until at least twenty days after the death of the supposed intestate, and at least seven days after application for the same.

4. If such letters shall be granted, and a will for the disposing of the personal estate of the deceased shall afterwards be proved according to law, and an executor or executrix, or executors, named therein, shall apply for letters testamentary within thirty days thereafter, and shall be capable of the same, and shall execute a bond as aforefaid, letters testamentary shall be accordingly granted, and the same shall be construed as a revocation of the letters of administration; provided nevertheless, that all acts done by any administrator or administratrix according to law, before any actual or implied revocation of the letters of administration, shall be valid and effectual; and provided, that the executor, executrix or executors, so obtaining letters testamentary, finall thereby be authorised to prosecute any actions at law or equity, commenced by the administrator, administratrix or administrators, and to obtain judgment in his, her or their own names, and likewife to defend any fuit, as aforefaid, commenced against the faid administrator, administratrix or administrators; and the granting letters testamentary in such case shall not be construed to affect any suit, as aforesaid, commenced against the administrator, administratrix or administrators, but the plaintiff or plaintiffs shall be allowed to profecute the same unto judgement; nor shall the granting such letters testamentary be construed to affect any suit brought by the administrator, administratrix or administrators, but the same shall be prosecuted unto judgement, unless the executor, executrix or executors, shall come into court, and pray that the same be struck off, or discontinued; and the executor, executive or executors, shall have the benefit of all judgments obtained by the administrator, administratrix or administrators, and shall be bound by all judgments obtained against them, unless the same shall be shewn to have been obtained by fraud, and fet afide by the court in which the judgment was rendered, upon fuch fuggestion of fraud, either upon an examination in a summary manner into the fact, or by directing an issue to try the same, or unless the said executor shall shew to the court that there are good grounds to open the judgment, in which case the court shall and they are hereby authorised to spen the faid judgment for future litigation; and with respect to the allowance of costs, all administrators shall be on the same footing as if letters testamentary had not been granted, and the same rules in making the executor or executors plaintiffs or defendants shall be observed as are directed by the act of one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, chapter eighty.

3. And in all cases where letters tostamentary shall be granted as aforesaid, it shall be the duty of the administrators to exhibit to the orphans court their accounts, without delay, and to deliver whe executor, on demand, all the goods, chattels and personal estate, in their possession, belonging to the deceased, and on failure, their administration bonds shall be liable to be put in

t by the executors, or the executors may obtain an order for the purpose.

6. In case any executor, executrix, administrator or administratrix, shall die before the estate shall be fully administered, letters of administration de bonis non shall be granted to the person enutled agreeably to the rules herein before laid down, and the proceedings shall in all respects be the same as if administration had been originally granted; and in no case shall the executor of an executor be entitled, as executor, to administration de benis non of the first deceased; and the letters, bond and oath, of an administrator de benis non, shall be in the form herein before directed, except that the words " not already administered," shall be added in the proper places.

7. The qualification of an administrator or administratrix shall, in all respects, be the same as those of an executor; and the proceedings, to exclude such as prima facie appear entitled to the administration of the estate of an intestate, shall in all respects be the same as herein before directed for excluding any person named in a will as executor or executrix, provided that it shall not be necessary so to proceed, in case the party be out of the state, or in case of administration to be granted to any, except relations, or to collateral relations, more remote than brothers or filters of the intestate; and no relations, except a widow, child, grand-child, father, brother, lifter or mother, thall be confidered as entitled, unless he or the shall apply for the same.

8. If the intestate be a married woman, it shall not as heretofore be necessary for her husband to take our letters of administration, but all her choses in action shall devolve upon her husband, in the same manner as if he had taken out such letters; provided, that if he shall not, in his life-

stration may be