

fender, being duly convicted thereof, shall suffer death, or such other punishment as by a general court-martial shall be inflicted on him.

ARTICLE 12. Any person who shall cast away his arms and ammunition shall suffer such punishment as shall be ordered by the sentence of a general court-martial.

ARTICLE 13. Any person who shall make known the watch-word to any person who is not entitled to receive it according to the rules and discipline of war, or shall presume to give a parole or watch-word different from what he received, shall suffer death, or such other punishment as shall be ordered by the sentence of a general court-martial.

ARTICLE 14. All officers and privates are to behave themselves orderly in quarters, and on their march; and whosoever shall commit any waste or spoil, or shall maliciously destroy any property whatsoever belonging to the people of this or any of the United States, unless properly authorised and directed to annoy rebels or other enemies in arms against any of the said states, he or they that shall be found guilty of offending herein shall (besides such penalties as they are liable to by law) be punished, according to the nature and degree of the offence; by the judgment of a regimental or general court-martial.

ARTICLE 15. Whosoever shall relieve the enemy with money, victuals or ammunition, or shall knowingly harbour or protect an enemy, shall suffer death, or such other punishment as by a general court-martial shall be inflicted.

ARTICLE 16. Whosoever shall be convicted of holding correspondence with, or giving intelligence to the enemy, either directly or indirectly, shall suffer death, or such other punishment as by a general court-martial shall be inflicted.

ARTICLE 17. If any officer or private shall leave his post or colours, to go in search of plunder, he shall, upon being convicted thereof before a general court-martial, suffer death, or such other punishment as by a general court-martial shall be inflicted.

ARTICLE 18. If any commander of any garrison, fortress or post, shall be compelled, by the officers or privates under his command, to give up to the enemy, or to abandon it, the commissioned officers, non-commissioned officers or privates, who shall be convicted of having so offended, shall suffer death, or such other punishment as shall be inflicted upon them by the sentence of a general court-martial.

ARTICLE 19. All sutlers and retainers to a camp, and all persons whatsoever, serving with draughts or any other part of the militia of this state in the field, are to be subject to orders according to the rules and discipline of war.

ARTICLE 20. Officers having brevets or commissions of a prior date to those of the regiment in which they now serve, may take place in courts-martial; and on detachments, when composed of different corps, according to the ranks given them in their brevets or dates of their former commissions; but in the regiment, troop or company to which such brevet officers and those who have commissions of a prior date do belong, they shall do duty and take rank both on courts-martial and on detachments which shall be composed only of their own corps, according to the commissions by which they are mustered in the said corps.

ARTICLE 21. If upon marches, guards, or in quarters, different corps shall happen to join or do duty together, the eldest officer by