

of the legislative halls & asking for adontance, that an
Amendment be made upon & given to the people. By the
Constitution the doors are locked & the legislature can not
enter their own halls, without the consent of the Govern.
The legislature would give us advantage, at once, if they
could act upon that work. At the last Session they tried
hard to give a part of it to the people, but failed, for want
of time to put it through the forms of legislation. The
people have, therefore, been deprived, for one whole year, of the
benefit of a measure which the legislature has approved. And
the measure (the Simplified Conveyancing) has been inadvertently
printed as an appendix to the laws passed at the last Session
of the legislature. And the people supposing them to be the
law, and actually using the simplified forms of Conveyancing,
which rang like forbidden fruit before their eyes. This measure
then, in its present Condition, is doing damage in misleading
the people & violating titles to property.

The Government then
have no other course left to enable them to give the people
the fruits of their labor, than to ask the Governor to convene
the legislature to act upon their work. There is every reason
why this should be done & not one reason why it should not.
If the legislature could not act upon the portion of our
work already committed to them, it is folly to suppose,
that they can act upon the far greater work now ready
for legislative action. And the legislature had only one
previous year business to act upon, whereas the next
will have two years business & so of every future legislature.
And it is the province of the legislature to the legislature
only to determine whether it can act upon measures or not,
at a regular Session. The next legislature, must therefore,
unlike previous to all discretion, turn us off; and an ap-
peal be again made to the Governor, as the legislature
cannot meet in extra Session without his Consent, until
the Constitution itself shall have expired with its chief
Command entirely disregarded by the Government which it
has installed. That it is the duty of every department
of the Government to co-operate in giving efficacy to this
Command of the Constitution, all must admit. Official
oaths are to support the whole Constitution & not part
of it. The power to the Governor to convene the Legi-
slature is too plain to be questioned. (Art. II, Sec. 16.; Art III,
Sec. 7.) The work to be done is an extraordinary work
and can only be done at an extra Session; as the Legislature
itself was determined. It does not come within the
scope of ordinary legislation. It is a matter out of
& beyond ordinary business of Government, specially
prescribed by the Constitution. The Constitutional limit
of the Session of the legislature was intended only
for ordinary business. It was thought, that for ordi-
nary purposes, an longer Session once in two years was
sufficient. The Constitution gave the legislature the