

1862.

the large sum of four hundred and eleven thousand and two hundred and thirty one dollars and eighty eight cents (\$411,231.88.) This fact owes its existence solely to the reckless ^{and prodigal} expenditures of the Legislature of 1860.

I transmit herewith a communication from the Secretary of the Interior, in reference to the new apportionment of Members of the House of Representatives in the Congress of the United States. From it you will perceive that the number of Representatives from this State has been reduced to five; and that, therefore, it will be your duty to divide the State into the requisite number of Congressional Districts. I transmit, also, a statement from the same Department in regard to the population of our State, which will be found of value in the labor of forming the new Districts.

I herewith transmit a copy of the Joint Resolution of Congress to amend the Constitution of the United States; approved March 2, 1861. I submitted the same to the Legislature at its special session in Frederick city; and I believe it received action in one Branch thereof. But it was never finally acted upon, and I deem it my duty to transmit it to you, and to urge the propriety of giving it your prompt attention.

The National Sanitary Commission, at a meeting held at Washington on the 12th of September, 1861, resolved "that the Sanitary Commission urge the adoption, on the part of the several State Legislatures, of a uniform system of Medical examination for Military service." A copy of this resolution has been forwarded to me, and I submit it for your consideration.

The Reports of the Commissioner on the