

FERRIES.

The justices of Anne Arundel county court empowered to grant a licence for regulating, as a county ferry, a public ferry then about to be erected over South river, where a road laid out by law from the city of Annapolis to the city of Washington crosses the said river. *Ibid.* ch. 69.

Where new ferries have been set up by individuals, since the act of 1781, the county courts are empowered to establish and regulate such ferries. 1799, ch. 83, § 2.

Where, by the lawful alteration of an old road, or the opening of a new one, a ferry shall be deemed necessary by the county courts, such courts may establish and regulate such ferry, and give licence for keeping the same, &c. *Ibid.* § 3.

Penalty on persons keeping ferry after the first day of April, 1800, without licence. *Ibid.* § 4.

Provision for condemning land for the purpose of ferries, where the proprietors refuse or neglect to take out licence within the time therein mentioned. *Ibid.* § 5.

The court empowered to have the necessary buildings erected, and the ferry rented out. *Ibid.*

FIELD-OFFICERS.

No field-officer of the militia shall be eligible as a senator, delegate or member of the council. Const. 45.

FIERI FACIAS.

Provision made for taking property at an appraisement, where the defendant, on a *feri facias* being issued, shews all his personal estate. 1716, ch. 16.

Sheriffs taking goods in execution for officers fees shall proceed in the same manner as by *feri facias* under the above act. 1724, ch. 21, § 3.

Directions respecting the return of *nulla bona* on a writ of *feri facias* before suit on an administration bond. 1720, ch. 24.

Respecting the issuing of *feri facias* against the goods of insolvent debtors, acquired by descent, &c. 1774, ch. 28, § 6.

See INSOLVENT DEBTORS.

For the recovery of money due on patents. November, 1781; ch. 20, § 4.

For the recovery of money due to the bank of Maryland. 1790, ch. 5, § 13.

To the bank of Columbia, 1793, ch. 30, § 14.

See BANKS. EXECUTION.

From the chancery court. 1785, ch. 72, § 25, 27, 32.

See CHANCERY.

On actions of replevin. 1790, ch. 53, § 4.

See REPLEVIN.

By a justice of the peace after judgment on warrant. 1791, ch. 68, § 1.

See SMALL DEBTS.

Against the property of apprentices having absconded. 1793, ch. 45, § 7.

See APPRENTICES.

On a return of *nulla bona* in the county where the judgment was obtained, the execution may be issued to the county where the goods, &c. of the defendant are. 1794, ch. 54, § 9.

The plaintiff to produce before the court to which it is returnable; a short copy of the judgment, attested by the clerk of the court where it was obtained. *Ibid.*

A writ of *feri facias* may issue on a judgment against executors or administrators, on which their own goods, or those of the deceased, may be taken. 1798, No. 101, ch. 8, § 9.

Appraisers not to be summoned on writs of *feri facias* issued by a justice of the peace. 1799, ch. 86.

FINES AND FORFEITURES.

The right of imposing them recognised. Decl. 13.

Excessive fines ought not to be imposed. *Ibid.* 22.

Bills inflicting fines for the reformation of morals, or to enforce the execution of the laws, by which an incidental revenue may arise, shall not be accounted money bills. Const. 11.

All penalties and forfeitures heretofore going to the king or proprietary shall go to the state, save only such as the general assembly may abolish, or otherwise provide for. *Ibid.* 53.

Persons committed for any fine, &c. incurred by the breach of any law, shall not be relieved from confinement under the insolvent act. November, 1792, ch. 51.

All fines, &c. by any law then in force, or hereafter to be inflicted, and no mode of recovery directed to be recovered as follows: Where not exceeding § 5, in the name of the State and the informer, with costs, before a justice of the peace in the county; where exceeding that sum, in the county courts, by indictment or action of debt, in the name of the state and the informer. February, 1777, ch. 6.

The mode of prosecution to be by indictment, in acts which direct it to be by bill, plaint or information. November, 1792, ch. 20.

Manner of enforcing payment of the fines recovered before justices of the peace. February, 1777, ch. 6.

Of those recovered by indictment. *Ibid.* 1795, ch. 74.

No prosecution or suit shall be commenced for any fine, penalty or forfeiture, unless within one year from the offence. February, 1777, ch. 6.

Directions for the recovery of common law fines and forfeited recognizances. *Ibid.* ch. 13.

Lists of fines to be returned by the clerks to the governor and council. *Ibid.* § 4.

No fees to be received by the attorney general or his deputies for executions issued for fines, &c. 1791, ch. 63.

Manner of collecting and paying fines, &c. under the act for licensing ordinary keepers. March, 1780, ch. 94, § 3, 20.

The whole, or any part of any fine, &c. imposed in any court of law, may be remitted by the governor and council, provided, if it be certain, and not in the discretion of the court, that the case of the person be stated in writing by the court imposing such fine, and a recommendation be made for a remission of the whole or some part by the court. April, 1782, ch. 42, § 3.

The members remitting such fine shall cause the case of the party to be entered at large on the proceedings, and subscribe their names thereto. *Ibid.*

No *nolle prosequi* shall be granted by the governor in case of any prosecution by indictment or indictment for the recovery of any fine, penalty or forfeiture only. *Ibid.* § 4.

The judgment of forfeiture of property in cases of treason shall be as heretofore. *Ibid.* § 6.

Every fine, penalty or forfeiture, for any offence, (except treason at common law, or by any act of assembly,) imposed by the general or any county courts on the eastern shore, or any judge or justice thereof, shall be paid to the treasurer of that shore for the use of Washington college. 1794, ch. 7, § 4.

A similar application of the fines, &c. on the western shore for the use of Saint John's college. *Ibid.* ch. 37, § 81.

The commissioners of the city of Washington empowered to enforce their regulations by penalties not exceeding § 10, to be recovered before a justice of the peace. 1791, ch. 45, § 19.

Fines to be recovered by action of debt or indictment, viz. On millers taking greater toll than is therein allowed, 1000 lbs. tobacco. 1704, ch. 16, § 6.

On overseers neglecting when appointed to clear the roads, 500 lbs. tobacco. *Ibid.* ch. 21, § 4.

On clerks omitting to issue warrants therefor, 1000 lbs. tobacco. *Ibid.*