

CURSING, SWEARING AND DRUNKENNESS.

three months, or be imprisoned one month without bail. *Ibid.* § 7.

Magistrates, &c. assaulted in the execution of this act, and bringing their actions, to recover treble damages. *Ibid.* § 8.

Persons sued for any thing done in the execution of this act may plead the general issue, &c. and on nonsuit of the plaintiff shall have treble costs. *Ibid.* § 9.

Prosecutions, &c. for the said offences to be made within ten days after the fact. *Ibid.* § 13.

DAMAGES.

DAMAGES to be recovered on the reversal of a judgment on a conviction of perjury. 1692, ch. 16, § 3, 4.

Clerks refusing, (when paid or secured their fees,) to make out a transcript of proceedings on appeal, liable to the damages sustained by the appellant. 1713, ch. 4, § 5.

Damages to be paid to the owners for horses unlawfully kept, rode, &c. 1715, ch. 31, § 5.

— For carrying servants out of the state. *Ibid.* ch. 19, § 3, 4.

Treble damages to be recovered for enticing out of the state apprentices, servants, &c. *Ibid.* § 5.

— For dealing with servants or slaves. *Ibid.* ch. 44, § 12, 13.

Treble damages to be recovered for beating or assaulting any magistrate or other person in the execution of this act. 1723, ch. 16, § 8.

Damages to be recovered on protested bills of exchange. 1785, ch. 38, § 1, 3.

See BILLS OF EXCHANGE.

Writs of inquiry for the ascertaining of damages on an interlocutory judgment to be executed in court. 1794, ch. 46, § 2.

Directions respecting the costs and damages arising on former petitions for freedom. 1796, ch. 67, § 25, 26, 27.

See ATTORNEYS' PETITIONS.

Ministers committing waste on the glebe-lands, &c. to pay treble damages, which may be recovered by the vestry. 1798, ch. 24, § 10.

DATE.

Deeds, acknowledged and enrolled, shall have relation, as to the passing or conveying the premises, from the day of the date thereof. November, 1766, ch. 14, § 5.

Deeds ordered to be recorded by the chancellor, after the time elapsed, shall not affect purchasers or creditors after the date, and before such recording. 1785, ch. 72, § 11.

DEBTS.

Regulations respecting debts due in this state to bankrupts in England. 1704, ch. 29.

— Respecting assignments, &c. of property by persons residing out of the state, and being indebted therein. 1753, ch. 36.

See BANKRUPTS.

— Respecting debts due to and from British merchants. 1786, ch. 49.

See BRITISH SUBJECTS.

— Time limited for bringing actions for debts. 1715, ch. 23.

See LIMITATION OF ACTIONS.

Debts, thereafter contracted, for gold and silver, how to be paid. June, 1780, ch. 28, § 1, 2, 3.

— Bills of credit not to be a legal tender. *Ibid.* § 4, October, 1780, ch. 5, § 2.

DEBTS.

Aids for the suspension of suits for certain debts for limited times. October, 1780, ch. 5, § 15, April, 1782, ch. 55.

Debts, how to be recovered by attachment. 1715, ch. 40, 1795, ch. 56.

See ATTACHMENT.

Executors and administrators to return an inventory of debts due to the deceased, distinguishing the separate and desperate. 1798, No. 101, ch. 6, § 8.

Directions for a sale, where there is not property to pay the debts due from a deceased person's estate. *Ibid.* ch. 8, § 3, 4.

— Manner of conducting suits for debts due from such estates. *Ibid.* ch. 8, § 7, 8, 9.

— Manner of paying such debts by executors or administrators. *Ibid.* § 10, 17, ch. 9, § 13, ch. 10, § 2, 4, 5, ch. 14, § 6.

Duty and power of the agent respecting public debts. 1799, ch. 80.

For other matters, see AGENT. DESPERATE DEBTS. INSOLVENT DEBTORS. PUBLIC CREDITORS, and SMALL DEBTS.

DECLARATION.

Manner of sending a copy with the writ for speedy trial. 1763, ch. 23.

— How to be filed, and a copy sent or set up, for obtaining attachment. 1715, ch. 40, 1795, ch. 56.

DECLARATION OF RIGHTS.

Manner of altering, changing or abolishing, the declaration of rights, or any part of it. Decl. 42, Const. 59.

An alteration made in the 36th article, to wit: That the people called Quakers, those called Nicolites or New Quakers, those called Tunkers, and those called Menonists, holding it unlawful to take an oath on any occasion, shall be allowed to take their solemn affirmation, as witnesses, in the manner that quakers have been heretofore allowed to affirm, which affirmation shall be of the same avail as an oath to all intents and purposes whatever. 1797, ch. 118, confirmed by 1798, ch. 83.

DECREASE.

No profit or loss shall accrue to executors or administrators by the increase or decrease of the estates under their care. 1785, ch. 80, § 8, 1798, No. 101, ch. 8, § 2.

Guardians shall account for the profit and increase of the estates under their care, and shall not be answerable for any loss or decrease sustained without their faults. 1785, ch. 80, § 9, 1798, No. 101, ch. 12, § 9.

DECREE.

A decree of the chancellor for a conveyance, release or acquittance, shall, (in case of refusal or neglect to comply,) have in all courts the same effect as if executed. 1785, ch. 72, § 13.

— Directions for serving copies of decrees, and obtaining execution thereon. *Ibid.* § 25.

Judgments and decrees against the estate of a deceased person shall be wholly discharged before any part of other claims. 1798, No. 101, ch. 8, § 17.

— What shall be the voucher or proof thereof. *Ibid.* ch. 9, § 1.

The orphans courts may enforce obedience to their decrees in the same ample manner as the chancellor. *Ibid.* ch. 15, § 12.

Manner of decreeing in the orphans court. *Ibid.* § 17.

— Of enforcing the decrees therein. *Ibid.* § 20.

— Of appealing therefrom. *Ibid.* § 18, 19.

DEED.