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court-martial, and every person so charged shall be tried as soon as a court-martial can conveniently be assembled.

ARTICLE 13. If any officer or private shall think himself injured by his lieutenant-colonel, or the commanding officer of the regiment or extra battalion, and shall, upon due application made to him, be refused redress, he may complain to the brigadier-general, who may, in his discretion, direct the inspector of the brigade to summon a brigade court-martial, that justice may be done.

ARTICLE 14. If any non-commissioned officer or private shall think himself injured by his captain, or other superior officer in the regiment, troop or company, to which he belongs, he may complain to the commanding officer of the regiment, who shall, at his discretion, summon a regimental court-martial for doing justice according to the nature of the case.

ARTICLE 15. The officer ordering the court-martial, or in his absence the next to him in rank, shall have full power of pardoning or mitigating any censures or penalties ordered to be inflicted on any officer, non-commissioned officer or private, for the breach of any of these articles, by such court-martial, excepting only where such censures or penalties are directed as satisfaction for injuries received by one officer from another; such sentence to be approved by the commander in chief, who is empowered to pardon or mitigate such sentence, or disapprove of the same, in case of cashiering only.

ARTICLE 16. The militia on the days of exercise may be detained under arms on duty in the field any time not exceeding six hours; provided they are not kept above three hours under arms at any one time without allowing them proper time to refresh themselves.

ARTICLE 17. All fines incurred by field-officers, in consequence of any breach of these articles, shall be paid into the hands of the inspectors of brigades, for the use of said brigades, under the direction of the brigadier thereof; and all fines incurred by platoon officers, non-commissioned officers and privates, in consequence of any breach of these articles, shall be paid into the hands of the lieutenant-colonel, or to such persons as the said inspector or lieutenant-colonel shall respectively appoint, within three weeks after they shall become due, but in case of any neglect or refusal to pay any of the said fines, the same shall be collected and levied in the manner herein after described.

VI. AND BE IT ENACTED, That in all cases where a militia-man may be draughted to perform a tour of duty under the laws of this state, he shall be considered as a soldier, and liable to all the duties as such, unless he shall furnish a substitute, and the lieutenant-colonel of the regiment, or commanding officer of the extra battalion, as the case may be, to which he may belong, shall be the sole judge of the qualification of said substitute, and may receive or reject him at his discretion, and if the said substitute should be rejected, the lieutenant-colonel may proceed to furnish one in the manner prescribed by the act to which this is a supplement, saving the right of appeal given by the said act.

Militia-men draughted considered as soldiers, &c.

VII. AND BE IT ENACTED, That all persons conscientiously scrupulous of bearing arms, and who refuse to do militia duty under this law, shall be liable to pay the sum of three dollars annually, to be recovered and applied by the lieutenant-colonel as other militia fines by this law are; and that the eighteenth section of the act to which this is a supplement shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

Certain persons to pay, &c.

VIII. AND BE IT ENACTED, That in all cases where there are extra battalions, the officer commanding every such extra battalion shall have the same powers that are by this law given to the lieutenant-colonel of any regiment; and on days of battalion meetings, the officer commanding shall have the same powers as the commandants of regiments of appointing courts-martial, and regulating the same.

Powers given to commanders of extra battalions.

IX. AND BE IT ENACTED, That if any by-stander shall interrupt, molest or insult, any officer or soldier while on duty at any muster, or shall be guilty of like conduct before any court as aforesaid, the commanding officer, or such court, may cause him to be confined for the day.

By-standers may be confined, &c.

X. AND BE IT ENACTED, That if a sudden invasion shall be made into any county in this state, or in case of an insurrection in any county, the commanding officer in such county is hereby authorized and required to order out the whole, or such part of his militia as he may think necessary, and in such manner as he may think best, for repelling such invasion or suppressing such insurrection, and shall call on the commanding officers of regiments in the adjacent counties for such aid as he may think necessary, who shall forthwith, in like manner, furnish the same; and it shall be the duty of the commanding officer aforesaid to communicate to the commander in chief, as soon as possible, information respecting the said insurrection or invasion; and for assembling the militia required upon such occasions, or by orders of the executive, the same measures shall be taken to summon them as

In case of invasion militia may be ordered out, &c.