

C H A P. XXXIII.

An ACT for the relief of Elam Bailey, of Baltimore county. Lib. Passed 28th of Dec. 1793.

JG. No. 2. fol. 29.

WHEREAS it is represented to this general assembly, that the turnpike road leading from Baltimore-town to Ellicott's lower mills, runs through the lands of Elam Bailey, and that the valuation of the damages sustained by him in the premises was made by a jury in his absence, and without any previous notice being given him of the time and place appointed for the meeting of such jury: And whereas the said Elam Bailey further representeth, that he hath been greatly injured in his property by the said turnpike road running through his land, and that he is also aggrieved by the valuation of the jury so made in his absence; and the general assembly, being desirous of affording relief,

Preamble.

II. BE IT ENACTED, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the commissioners of review of the turnpike roads in Baltimore county, on the application of the said Elam Bailey, may issue their warrant, directed to the sheriff of Baltimore county, commanding him to summon and return a jury of good and lawful men of his county, to be and appear before one or more justices of the peace for the said county, on the land of the said Elam Bailey, at a certain day in the said warrant expressed, giving the said Elam Bailey five days previous notice; which jury, upon their oath, to be administered by some justice of the peace, shall inquire what damages the said Elam Bailey will sustain by reason and occasion of carrying such road over and through his said land; and the said jury are hereby required to consider the convenience and benefit, and the disadvantages, if any, by reason of such road passing through such land; and the said sheriff shall return the inquest of the jury, under his and their hands and seals, to the commissioners of review.

Commissioners may issue their warrant, &c.

III. AND BE IT ENACTED, That the valuation so to be made in virtue of this act shall be deemed, taken and received, by the aforesaid commissioners, in lieu of the former valuation made in the case of the said Elam Bailey, and instead thereof.

Valuation to be received, &c.

C H A P. XXXIV.

An ACT to define and ascertain the powers of the governor on the subject therein mentioned. Lib. JG. No. 2. fol. 30.

WHEREAS by the thirty-third article of the constitution and form of government, the governor is authorized to order and compel any vessel to ride quarantine, if such vessel, or the port from which she shall have come, shall, on strong grounds, be suspected to be infected with the plague: And whereas circumstances may render it necessary that other and more effectual steps should be pursued for preventing the introduction of the plague, or other malignant contagious diseases, into this state, and doubts may arise whether the power communicated by the above article may be competent to such future exigencies; for removal whereof,

Preamble.

II. BE IT ENACTED, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That whensoever and as often as the governor for the time being shall have strong grounds to apprehend from the information of physicians, or otherwise, that there is danger of the plague, or other malignant contagious disease, being introduced into this state from foreign parts, or from any of the United States, he shall be and he is hereby authorized and empowered to compel any vessel coming to any of our ports, shores or harbours, to ride quarantine, and to forbid, either by land or by water, all intercourse or communication between this state and the place affected, or to lay such intercourse under such regulations and restrictions as he may think adviseable; and to take all measures, and do all things, which may appear to him to be necessary for giving effect to the objects of this act.

Governor may compel vessels to ride quarantine, &c.

C H A P. XXXV.

An ACT respecting the stealing and counterfeiting of bank notes or checks. Lib. JG. No. 2. fol. 30.

BE IT ENACTED, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That if any person or persons shall steal, or take by robbery, any of the notes of any bank established, or that may be established, under a charter from the government of the United States, or of any particular state, it shall be deemed and construed to be felony, of the same nature and in the same degree as if the offender had stolen, or taken by robbery, any other goods of like value with the money due on such bank note, and such offender shall suffer such punishment as he should or might have done if he had stolen, or taken by robbery, other goods of the like value with the money due on such note.

Stealing bank notes deemed felony, &c.