

issued under the authority of this state, they shall direct the treasurer of the western shore to issue a certificate or certificates, as the case may be, for the sum or sums for which the original certificate or certificates were granted, to bear the same interest as the original certificate, from the time from which it shall be made appear to have been due.—*Nov. 1792, c. 38, § 2.*

2. No certificate shall issue from the treasury before the party applying shall execute a bond, with two good sureties, to be approved by the treasurer, to indemnify the state against payment of the certificate alleged to be lost; which bond, shall be a lien upon the real estate of some one of the obligors to the full value of the penalty of said bond; and the estate, so to be bound, shall be specified to the treasurer, and endorsed on the back of the bond at the time of the taking thereof, and the treasurer shall annually transmit a list of such liens to the several counties where such lands may be, there to be recorded at the expence of the party owning such land.—*ibid. § 3.*

3. But the person losing his certificate shall not be entitled to a new certificate unless it appears to the satisfaction of the governor and council that the certificate lost was genuine, and not forged or counterfeit.—*ibid. § 4.*

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### M A G A Z I N E S A N D V E S S E L S.

**I**F any subject or inhabitant of this state shall, within or without this state, and if any person shall, within this state, wilfully and maliciously burn or destroy, or attempt or conspire to burn or destroy, any magazine of provisions, or of military or naval stores, belonging to this state, or the United States, or any of them; and if any person shall wilfully and maliciously burn or destroy, or attempt or conspire to burn, or destroy, or shall wilfully betray, or voluntarily yield or deliver, or attempt or conspire to betray, yield or deliver, to the enemy, any vessel belonging to the United States, or to this or any other of the United States, or to any subject of this or any other of the United States, and shall be thereof convicted in the general court of this state, or shall stand mute, or peremptorily challenge above twenty of the pannel, such person, his aider or abettor, shall suffer death as a felon without benefit of clergy.—*Nov. 1777, c. 1. See Maryland insurance fire company, 16, 17, 24.*

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### M A G I S T R A T E S.

**T**H E courts are authorized and required to observe the demeanour of all practitioners of the law before them, as well as all ministerial officers