

12. All that space of time from the 1 day of July, 1777, to the passing of this act, shall not be considered as part of the time limited by law for bringing or prosecuting any action or suit for recovery of any debt due by judgment, bond, bill, note, account, contract, or otherwise, and this act and the special matter may be given in evidence on the general replication.---Oct. 1780, c. 5, § 14.

13. All claims upon this state by any citizen thereof, which have arisen before the 10 day of Jan. 1785, shall be brought in, liquidated and settled, on or before the 10 day of Nov. 1785, and no claim against the state by any citizen thereof, which did arise on any account, before the said 10 day of Jan. 1785, shall, after the said 10 day of Nov. 1785, be passed or settled by the auditor or intendant, or paid by this state, saving to infants, *non compos mentis*, or feme covert, or persons out of this state, one year after the disability removed, or the person so being out of the state returns, to bring in and settle such claim.—1784, c. 65.

14. All claims upon this state by any citizen thereof, (except claims for the depreciation and pay of the army previous to the 1 day of Aug. 1780) which have arisen before the said 10 day of Jan. 1785, may be brought in passed and settled, by the auditor-general or intendant, on or before the 1 day of June 1786, and paid by this state, and no claim against this state as aforesaid, which shall not be brought in and settled agreeably to the directions of this act, shall be paid by this state, unless the person having such claim be an infant, &c. or in some foreign country, in which cases one year shall be allowed in bringing in such claim after the disability removed or the return of such person to this or some one of the United States, as the case may be.---1785, c. 10, § 2, 3.

15. All claims against this state, on account of property confiscated, depreciation and pay of the army, or otherwise, by any citizen thereof, or any citizen of the United States, or their executors or administrators, which have arisen before the time limited by law for bringing them in, may be brought in, passed and settled by the auditor-general, on or before the 1 day of Sep. 1787, and shall be paid by this state as by law directed, provided it be made appear by oath, affirmation, or otherwise to the satisfaction of the auditor-general, that for want of sufficient notice, or from some unavoidable impediment, they could not bring in their claims within the time heretofore limited by law.---1786, c. 18, § 2.

16. All prosecutions and actions for the recovery of any penalty or damages for any breach of this act, shall be commenced within one year after the offence committed, or damage done, and not afterwards; and all actions commenced against any person or persons making any seizure under this act, or doing any thing in consequence of the provisions in this act, shall be brought within 1 year after the seizure made, or act done, and not afterwards.---1789, c. 26, § 63.

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