

4. In all cases where any collector shall have collected any sum or sums of money for the use of the poor of his county, and shall neglect to pay over the same to the trustees of the said poor, or other person or persons authorized by law to receive the same, at the time required by this act, it shall be lawful, and the several county courts are required, upon motion made on behalf of the said trustees of the poor of the respective counties, or other person or persons authorized to receive the money levied for their use, to order a judgment to be entered, and an immediate execution to issue thereon against the person or property of such collector, to levy and compel the payment of such sum of money so due and payable, provided, that ten days previous notice of such intention be delivered in writing to such collector, or left at his place of abode, and proof thereof be made to the satisfaction of such court to which such application shall be made, and provided also, if such collector shall in person, or by attorney, desire a jury to be impannelled to ascertain the sum in his hands so due and payable, the said court shall direct a jury to be immediately charged, to try and ascertain between the state and the said party, whether the said collector is chargeable with, and liable to pay, any and what sum or sums of money to such trustees or other person or persons authorized to receive the same for the use of the poor of the said county, and upon such verdict of the jury to pass judgment, in the name of the state, against the said collector, upon which there shall be no writ of error, supersedeas or appeal; and to award execution thereon as upon all other cases of judgments had in the said court—*ibid.* § 3.

5. It shall be lawful for the said justices to impose any assessment or rate for the making and finishing necessary repairs to the court house of their county, not exceeding 100l. current money in any one year, or for making and finishing necessary repairs to their county prison, not exceeding 150l. like money in any one year, or for the full and complete repair of any one bridge in their county, not exceeding 30l. like money in any one year, or for the erecting and building of any one new bridge in their county, not exceeding 100l. like money in any one year.—*ibid.* § 4.

6. For the manner in which bridges erected over water dividing two counties, shall be repaired. See *Bridges*, Art. 2.

7. If the levy court of either county shall in such case neglect or refuse to make appointment of a commissioner to contract with workmen to repair such bridges, after one month's previous notice in writing given them by the levy court of the county or counties jointly interested as aforesaid, the levy court of the other county or counties may and shall proceed, on such neglect or refusal, to appoint 2 or 3 commissioners in their own county or counties, as the case may require, to make such contract, who shall proceed to contract with the lowest bidder, and the levy court of the county contracting shall transmit an account of the full amount