

1. **O**N application of any person who shall think fit, to proceed in equity against any verdict or judgment rendered against him, in the county court, such court may take security from him, with two sufficient sureties, in not less than double the debt and costs recovered against him, for the due prosecution of a writ of injunction in that case, according to the form following:

“KNOW all men by these presents, that we, *A. B. C. D. and E. F.*
 “ of _____ county, are held and firmly bound unto *R. M.* of
 “ _____ &c. in the full and just sum of _____, to be paid to the
 “ said *R. M.* his executors, administrators or assigns: To the true pay-
 “ ment whereof, we bind ourselves, and every of us, our and every of our
 “ heirs, executors and administrators; jointly and severally, for and in the
 “ whole, firmly by these presents—sealed with our seals, and dated this
 “ _____ day of _____, Anno Domini, 17 _____.”

“WHEREAS the above bound, *A. B.* hath obtained an injunction
 “ to stay proceedings at law, on a judgment rendered against him in
 “ _____ county court, by _____ for _____: Now the condition of the a-
 “ bove obligation is such, that if the said *A. B.* shall prosecute the said
 “ writ of injunction with effect, and satisfy and pay as well the said
 “ _____ as all costs, damages and charges that shall accrue in
 “ the chancery court, or be occasioned by the delay of execution on the
 “ said judgment, unless the court of chancery shall decree to the contra-
 “ ry, and shall in all things obey such order and decree as the chancery
 “ court shall make in the premises, then the above obligation to be void
 “ and of none effect, else to be in full force and virtue.”—1723, c. 8,
 § 5.

2. Which bond shall be a sufficient *superfedeas* to stay proceedings, 'till a certificate is obtained out of chancery, either of the disallowance of an injunction in such case, or that such injunction hath not been sued out of chancery within two months, or is dissolved—*ibid.*

3. Whenever an application shall be made to the court of chancery by bill, in the usual manner, for an injunction to stay proceedings at law, the chancellor shall have full power and discretion to prescribe the penalty of a bond, which shall be executed to the plaintiff or plaintiffs at law, with a surety or sureties approved by the chancellor, before the said injunction shall be granted; that the condition of the said bond shall be, to perform such order or decree as the chancellor shall finally pass in the cause, on the hearing of both parties; and whenever an injunction shall be obtained from the court of chancery, by an executor or administrator, on filing a bill and executing a bond as aforesaid, the chancellor shall have full power and discretion to decree against such executor, &c. as equity and good conscience shall to him seem to require—1793, c. 75, § 3.