

the debtor, and shall forthwith pay such debt to the public treasury, and the costs to the attorney prosecuting the suit, or be liable at the next court to execution, and the office bond of such sheriff, may be put in suit, for recovery of such money so by him received.—*ibid.* § 7.

7. Any security for any public debtor, his executor or administrator, after the time of payment is elapsed, or extended by the indulgence of the legislature, may give notice in writing to the principal debtor, that he requires him to give new security to the state for the debt and interest then due, and such principal debtor shall, within six weeks after such notice and request, give new bond to the state, with two good securities, for the payment of the debt and interest then due, which securities shall be approved of by the treasurer of the western shore; and to enable him to judge the better of their security, he may require a certificate of the assessment of their property, and may examine them on oath or affirmation (to be administered by him) touching their property, and the value thereof, or any incumbrance thereon; and the said treasurer is directed not to accept the new securities, unless he shall be fully satisfied that they are sufficient; and on his approving thereof, he shall endorse thereon that such new bond is given in lieu of the old, which shall then be cancelled, and such new bond shall be subject to the same mode of recovery as the first bond; and if the principal debtor shall refuse to give such new security as above directed, the said treasurer (on the request of the security, or his executor or administrator, and a copy of the said notice and request being lodged with him, with an affidavit thereof of the service) shall order an execution against the principal, on his bond for the whole debt and interest with costs.—*Nov. 1787, c. 40, § 2.*

8. Where any principal debtor to the state shall die, the time of payment being elapsed, or extended by the legislature, any security of such principal debtor, his executor or administrator, may give notice in writing to the executor or administrator of such principal debtor, in the same manner as notice might be given to the principal, if living, and on neglect thereof, the treasurer of the Western Shore, on request of such security, or his executor or administrator, and on a copy of notice and request, and affidavit of the service thereof, being lodged with him, shall order *scire facias* against the executor or administrator of such principal debtor on his bond for the whole debt and costs, and on judgment being obtained, the said treasurer shall issue execution thereon—*ibid.* § 3, see *the act of 1786, c. 52.*

DECLARATION OF RIGHTS.

1. **A**GREED to Nov. 3, 1776.

2. The