

6. The said justices shall allow every person legally summoned to give evidence before them, 5s. current money for every day's attendance, and if such witness resides out of the said county, the said justices may allow him for so many days itinerant charges as they shall think reasonable, at the rate of 5s. per day, to be paid in the same manner as allowances to witnesses in criminal cases are, or shall be by law, directed to be paid.—*ibid.* § 9.

7. If any free male person, or any male servant or apprentice, shall be convicted before the said justices of any of the crimes following, to wit: any felony, with or without benefit of clergy; or manslaughter; or petty larceny; or an assault; with an intent to rob, murder, or commit a rape; or sodomy; or breaking a dwelling-house in the day time, with an intent to murder or commit a felony therein; or breaking a store house, warehouse, or other out-house, in the day or night, with an intent to commit murder or felony therein; or receiving stolen goods, knowing them to be stolen; or forgery or perjury, at common law, or by act of assembly, or by statute introduced into this state before the 4th day of July 1776; or subornation of perjury; or of being accessory to any of the said crimes to which by law there can be an accessory; the said judges may pass such judgment as the law requires for such crimes; or they may, in their discretion, adjudge any free male person, or any male servant or apprentice, convicted before them of any of the crimes above enumerated, to serve and labour for any time, in their discretion, not exceeding 7 years for the same crime, on the public roads of the said county, or in making, repairing, or cleaning the streets or basin of Baltimore-town; and the said justices may procure a proper place or places for the confinement of such criminals, and may appoint and employ a fit and proper person or persons to take care of such criminals, and to keep them (and if necessary secure them in irons) to constant and hard labour, according to their age, health, and strength of body, and to cause the said criminals to be clothed with necessary and coarse apparel, and fed with bread and coarse meat, and water, and not allowed any kind of strong liquor, except only as a medicine, by the prescription of a physician, who may be employed by the said justices to attend and furnish medicines to the said criminals; and the said justices may compel any of the said criminals to wear such badge or mark of distinction as they shall direct; and any one of the said justices may order any of the said criminals to be close confined, and whipped not exceeding 39 lashes, for any misconduct, or refusal or neglect to labour; and to be fed with bread and water only, for such time as the said justices shall direct.—*ibid.* § 10.

8. If any free female person, or any female servant or apprentice, shall be convicted before the said justices of any of the crimes above enumerated, the said justices may pass such judgment as the law requires for such crime, or they may, in their discretion, adjudge such free female person, or female servant or apprentice, convicted before them of any of the crimes