

29. It shall be lawful for the clerks of the several county courts, and they are hereby required, on application of the plaintiff or plaintiffs, in any judgments of their courts respectively, upon return of *nulla bona* by the sheriff or coroner, on a *fiere facias* issued in the county where such judgment hath been, or hereafter may be obtained, to issue executions on said judgments, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of any defendant, lying and being in any other county than that in which such judgment was or shall be obtained, which execution shall be directed to, and served by the sheriff or coroner, of the county in which such goods, &c. may be and lie, and returned to the court of the county of which he is sheriff or coroner; and it shall be sufficient for the plaintiff to entitle himself to the benefit of such execution, to produce before the court to which the same shall be returnable, a short copy of the judgment by him obtained, attested by the clerk of the court before which the same is had—1794, c. 54.

30. In every suit which shall or may hereafter be ordered or directed on any administration, testamentary, inspector's, collector's or sheriff's bond, the clerk shall, before the issuing of the writ, endorse thereon the name or names of the party or parties at whose instance, and for whose use the said suit was instituted—*ibid.* § 10.

31. In all cases hereafter, where any county court, or levy court, shall not meet at the time prescribed by law, or to which the same respectively may stand adjourned, the clerk shall adjourn the same, from day to day, until a meeting of the justices can be had as prescribed by law—1795, c. 55.

32. The clerk of the several counties in this state, shall, on or before the 10th day of Nov. annually hereafter, transmit to the treasurer of the Western Shore, a list of all such executions as may be issued under the authority of this act, and of the several sums of money which the sheriffs of their respective counties shall have acknowledged to have been received by them respectively for fines, penalties and forfeitures—1795, c. 74, § 5.

33. The clerk of the county court in which the recognizance of the father of an illegitimate child, may be filed, is authorized to issue *scire facias* thereon—see *fornication*, art. 5.

34. The clerk of every county shall, yearly, on or before the 1st day of April, certify, under his hand and seal of office, the amount of the assessable property in his county, and lodge one certificate thereof with the clerks of each county in his district, under the penalty of 50 dollars.—1796, c. 43, § 22.

35. The clerks of the respective county courts shall, under the penalty of 50 dollars for every omission or neglect, in the month of November yearly