

lands, or hereafter to be granted, shall lie in the office six months after they shall be compounded on, after which times respectively, grants may issue, without notice, as required by the act of last session.—*April 1782, c. 38, § 2. (See above, art. 2.)*

4. Every certificate which lies in the office caveated, shall remain for six months after the 1st day of July next, after which time, if caveat be not prosecuted or subpoena taken out to bring the same to a full hearing, patent may issue.—*ibid. § 8.*

CERTIORARI.

ON any writ of *Certiorari*, issued out of the general court to any court in this state, in any civil cause, the allowance of any one of the judges of the said general court is not necessary, and every such writ shall be obeyed according to the command thereof and the law of the land.—*July 1779, c. 4, § 2.*

See Attachment, 28—General Court, 20.

CHANCELLOR.

THE chancellor ought to hold his commission during good behaviour, and shall be removed for misbehaviour, on conviction in a court of law, and may be removed by the governor, upon address of the general assembly, provided that two thirds of all the members of each house concur in such address.—*Decl. 30.*

2. No chancellor ought to hold any other office, civil or military, or receive fees or perquisites of any kind.—*ibid.*

3. One person of integrity and sound judgment in the law, shall be appointed chancellor.—*Const. 56.*

4. The great seal of this state shall be kept by the chancellor for the time being, and be by him affixed to all laws, commissions, grants, and other public testimonials, as has been heretofore practised in this state.—*ibid. 36.*

5. For the chancellor's power in hearing and determining causes for Alimony, see *Alimony.*

6. The