erick, Washington and Allegany, which said sounties shall, in like manner, together constitute, and be known, as the Third Gubernatorial District.

Sec. 7. He shall, at stated times, receive a compensation for his services, which shall not be increased or diminished during the term for which he shall have been elected, which compensation

shall be dollars per annum.

Sec. 8. No person holding the office of Governor, shall hold any other office or commission civil or military nor receive the perquisites, or any part of the perquisites, of any other office.

Sec. 9. He shall be the Commander-in-Chief of the army and navy of this State, and of the militia, except when they may be called into the service of the United States; and shall, (by and with the advice and con-ent of the Senate,) appoint and commission all the officers of the militia; and all commissions shall be in the name and by the authority of the State of Maryland, be sealed with the seal of the State, signed ny the Governor, and attested by the Secretary of State; and the seal of the State heretofore used as such, snall be the future seal of this State and be kept by the Governor and used by him officially.

Sec. 10. He may by proclamation, should the public exigencies require it, convene the Legislature at the seat of Government, or at a different place, should the seat of Government be at the time visited by any infectious disease, or be in the actual possession of a public enemy; and when assembled he shall, in writing, state to them the purposes for which they were assembled; but they shall transact no legislative business other than that for which they were so especially assembled. He shall reside at the seat of Government, and the city of Annapolis shall continue to be the seat of Government of this State.

Sec. 11. He shall, from time to time, give to the Legislature information in writing, of the state of the Government, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he may deem expedient.

Src. 12. He shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed.

Sec 13. He shall have power to grant nolle prosequies and, after conviction to grant reprieves, commutations and pardons, for all offences, except treason and cases of imprachment, upon such conditions, restrictions, and limitations as he may think proper, subject, nevertheless, to such regulations as may be provided by law relative to the manner of applying for pardons; and, under such rules as the legislature shall prescribe, he shall have power to remit fines and forfeitures. In cases of treason, he shall have power by and with the advice of the Senate, to grant reprieves and pardons; and he may, in the recess of the Senate. suspend the execution of the sentence until the next meeting of the Legislature, to which he shall report the case, and the Legislature shall either pardon or commute the sentence, direct the execution of the sentence, or grant a further reprieve. He shall annually communicate to the Legislature the number of also each case of reprieve, commutation and pardon granted for the same time, and he shall state the name of the convict, the crime of which he was convicted, the sentence and its date, and the date of the commutation, suspension, pardon or reprive.

Sec. 14. He shall have power to fill all vacancies in the civil offices of the government which may occur during the recess of the Legislature; and all such appointments, so made, shall be valid and remain good to the end of the first session of

the Legislature thereafter.

Sec. 15. He shall nominate and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, snall appoint all officers of the State whose offices are, or may be created by law, and whose appointment shall not be otherwise provided for by the Constitution and form of government, or by any law not inconsistent with the Constitution and form of government.

Sec. 16. He may remove any of the civil officers of the Government, of his appointment, upon satisfactory evidence of any malicasance in office, but shall report every such case to the Le-

gislature at the next session thereafter.

Sec. 17. He may call out the militia to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, and to enforce, if needs be, the execution of the laws.

Sec. 18. There shall be a contingent fund of dollars placed at the control of the Governor, to be expended by him for such purposes only as may appear to him necessary to the faithful discharge of his duties, and he shall report annually to the Legislature the amount expended, the object and purposes for which said amount so expended, was incurred.

Sec. 19. The Governor before he enters upon the duties of his office shall, in the presence of both Houses of the legislature, take and subscribe the following oath: I do solemnly swear or affirm upon the Holy Evangily of Almighty God that I will support the Constitution and laws of the State of Maryland, so help me God.

Sec. 20. There shall also be a Lieutenant Governor, who shall be chosen at every election for Governor, by the same persons, and in the same manner, and from the same gubernaturial district, who shall continue in office for the same time and possess the same qualifications. In voting for governor and lieutenant governor, the electors shall distinguish for whom they vote as lieutenant governor. (The lieutenant governor shall, by virtue of his office, be president of the Senate, and shall. when the Senate is equally divided give the casting vote.) In case of the death, resignation, removal from office, inabi ity or refusal of the governor to serve, or of his impeachment, or absence from the State, the lieutenant governor shall exercise the power and authority appertaining to the office of governor, until another be chosen at the periodical election, and be duly qualified, or until the governor impeached, absent or disabled, shall be acquitted, return, or disability be removed.

grant a further reprieve. He shall annually communicate to the Legislature the number of nolle prosequies granted during the year, and