Public General Laws.

[CHAPTER 18.]

AN ACT TO REPEAL SECTION 234 OF ARTICLE 27 OF THE CODE OF PUBLIC GENERAL LAWS, TITLE "CRIMES AND PUNISHMENTS," SUB-TITLE "RECEIVING STOLEN GOODS, MONEY OR SECURITIES," AS AMENDED BY CHAPTER 546 OF THE ACTS OF THE ASSEMBLY OF 1892, AND TO RE-ENACT THE SAME WITH AMENDMENTS.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section 234 of Article 27 of the Code of Public General Laws, title "Crimes and Punishments," sub-title "Receiving Stolen Goods, Money or Securities," as amended by Chapter 546 of the Acts of Assembly of 1892, be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted so as to read as follows:

Section 234. Every person who shall be convicted of the crime of receiving any stolen money, goods or chattels, knowing the same to be stolen, or of the crime of receiving any bond, bill obligatory, bill of exchange, promissory note for the payment of money, bank note, paper bill of credit or certificate granted by or under the authority of this State or of the United States, or any of them, knowing the same to be stolen, shall restore such money, goods or chattels or things taken and received to the owner thereof or make restitution to the value of the whole or such part thereof as shall not be restored, and shall be sentenced to undergo confinement in the penitentiary, or in the House of Correction, or in jail, in the discretion of the court imposing sentence, for not more than ten years. And such receiver may be prosecuted and punished, although the principal offender or offenders shall not have been convicted.

Section 2. And be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to in any way interfere with, affect or modify the prosecution and punishment of offenders for any offense committed prior to the passage of this act.

Section 3. And be it enacted, That this act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

Approved February 27, 1902.

JOHN WALTER SMITH,
Governor.

JOHN HUBNER,
President of the Senate.
NOBLE L. MITCHELL,
Speaker of the House of Delegates.

[CHAPTER 69.]

AN ACT TO ADD AN ADDITIONAL SECTION TO ARTICLE 43 OF THE CODE OF PUBLIC GENERAL LAWS, TITLE "HEALTH," SUB-TITLE "INSPECTION OF FOOD AND DRINK," AS PROVIDED BY CHAPTER 604 OF THE ACTS OF 1890, TO FOLLOW SECTION 55, AND TO BE KNOWN AS SECTION 55A.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That an additional section is hereby added to Article 43 of the Code of Public General Laws, title "Health," sub-title "Inspection of Food and Drink," to follow Section 55, as provided in Chapter 604 in the Acts of 1890, and to be known as Section 55A, to read as follows:

Section 55A. No person shall kill for human food or shall carry or offer to any butcher or at any slaughter house to be killed for human food, any female animal within 30 days before the time for the delivery of its young, or within 30 days thereafter, or any animal that is so far disabled by sickness as to be unable to walk, or any animal known to said person to be diseased or injured to be unfit for human food; and whenever any of said animals shall be found at any place where animals are usually killed for human food the burden of proving that such animal was not intended for human food shall rest on the party charged, and any person violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars.

Section 2. And be it enacted, That this act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

Approved March 20, 1902.

JOHN WALTER SMITH,
Governor.

JOHN HUBNER,
President of the Senate.
NOBLE L. MITCHELL,
Speaker of the House of Delegates.

[CHAPTER 101.]

AN ACT TO ADD FOUR ADDITIONAL SECTIONS TO ARTICLE 27 OF THE CODE OF PUBLIC GENERAL LAWS, TITLE "CRIMES AND PUNISHMENTS," SUB-TITLE "HEALTH—WORKSHOPS AND FACTORIES, SWEATING SYSTEM," AS THE SAME WAS AMENDED BY CHAPTER 302, ACTS OF 1894, AND CHAPTER 487, ACTS OF 1896, SUCH FOUR ADDITIONAL SECTIONS TO BE KNOWN RESPECTIVELY AS SECTIONS 149EE, 149FF, 149GG AND 149HH, AND TO COME IN IMMEDIATELY AFTER SECTION 149D OF THE ARTICLE.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Article 27 of the Code of Public General Laws, title "Crimes and Punishments," sub-title "Health—Workshops and Factories, Sweating System," as the same was amended by Chapter 302, Acts of 1894, and Chapter 487 of the Acts of 1896, be and is hereby amended by the addition of four new sections to be added thereto, to be known respectively as Sections 149EE, 149FF, 149GG and 149HH, and to come in immediately after 149D of said article and to read as follows:

Section 149EE. No room or apartment in any tenement or dwelling house shall be used except by the immediate members of the family living therein, which shall be limited to a husband and wife, their children or the children of either, for the manufacture of coats, vests, trousers, knee pants, overalls, cloaks, hats, caps, suspenders, pesaps, blouses, waists, waistbands, underwear, neckwear, furs for trimmings, for garments, shirts, purses, feathers, artificial flowers, cigarettes or cigars. No room or apartment in any tenement or dwelling house shall be used by any family or part of family until a permit shall first have been obtained from the chief of the Bureau of Industrial Statistics stating the maximum number of persons allowed to be employed therein. Such permit shall not be granted until an inspection of such premises has been made by the inspector or his assistant, named by the chief of the Bureau of Industrial Statistics, and such permit may be revoked by the said chief of the Bureau of Industrial Statistics at any time the health of the community or of those so employed may require it. All factories, persons, firms or corporations now engaged in such manufacture in such tenement or dwelling house or other building shall apply for said permit on or before July 1, 1902, and annually thereafter at the same date. The said permit shall be posted in a conspicuous place in the room or one of the rooms to which it relates. Every person, firm or corporation contracting for the manufacture of any of the articles mentioned in this section or giving out the incomplete material from which they or any of them are to be made, or to be whole or partially finished, or employing persons in any tenement or dwelling house or other building to make, whole or partly finish, the articles mentioned in this section, shall keep a written register of the names and addresses of all persons to whom such work is given to be made, or to whom they may have contracted to do the same. Such register shall be produced for inspection and a copy thereof shall be furnished on demand made by the chief of the Bureau of Industrial Statistics or one of his deputies.

Section 149FF. That the chief of the Bureau of Industrial Statistics or his assistant, or any inspector, shall have authority to enter any room in any tenement or dwelling house, workshop, manufacturing establishment, mill, factory or place where any goods are manufactured for the purpose of inspection. The person, firm or corporation owning or controlling or managing such places shall furnish access to and information in regard to such places to the said chief of the Bureau of Industrial Statistics or his deputies at any and all reasonable times while work is being carried on.

Section 149GG. That the chief of the Bureau of Industrial Statistics shall appoint two deputies or assistants, whose duty it shall be to make such inspections of the tenements, dwelling houses, factories, workshops, mills and such other places as he may designate, and do such other work as the said chief of the Bureau of Industrial Statistics shall designate.

Section 149HH. Any person, firm or corporation who shall in any manner violate the provisions of the preceding sections, numbered respectively 149EE, 149FF and 149GG, or who shall refuse to give such information, access to the chief of the Bureau of Industrial Statistics or his deputies, or secure such permit as provided, shall upon conviction in any court of competent jurisdiction be fined not less than five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, or imprisoned not less than ten days nor more than one year, or both, in the discretion of the court; such fines to be collected as other fines are collected by law.

Section 2. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That this act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

Approved March 27, 1902.

JOHN WALTER SMITH,
Governor.

JOHN HUBNER,
President of the Senate.
NOBLE L. MITCHELL,
Speaker of the House of Delegates.

[CHAPTER 119.]

AN ACT TO REPEAL AND RE-ENACT WITH AMENDMENTS SECTION 22A OF ARTICLE 75 OF THE CODE OF PUBLIC GENERAL LAWS, TITLE "PLEADING, PRACTICE AND PROCESS OF LAW."

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section No. 22A of Article No. 75 of the Code of Public General Laws, title "Pleading, Practice and Process of Law," as enacted by Chapter No. 367 of the Acts of 1896, be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted so as to read as follows:

Section 22A. Whenever any insurance company of surety or bonding company of any kind whatsoever shall have a duly accredited agent in any county or city of this State resident therein and shall become obligated by its policy or other contract, express or implied, to any resident of any such county or city the said company may sue or be sued on such policy as it has contracted in the same manner as if resident in such city or county by causing process to be served on such resident agent, which shall be as effective in law and equity as if such service had been made on the president, director or directors of such company; and the judgment rendered in such case shall have the same force and effect as other judgments would or could have.

Section 2. And be it enacted, That this act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

Approved April 8, 1902.

JOHN WALTER SMITH,
Governor.

JOHN HUBNER,
President of the Senate.
NOBLE L. MITCHELL,
Speaker of the House of Delegates.

[CHAPTER 121.]

AN ACT TO ADD AN ADDITIONAL SECTION TO ARTICLE 27 OF THE CODE OF PUBLIC GENERAL LAWS OF MARYLAND, TITLE "CRIMES AND PUNISHMENTS," SUB-TITLE "FRAUD," BY ADDING A NEW SECTION THERETO, TO BE KNOWN AS SECTION 119A.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That an additional section be added to Article 27 of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland, title "Crimes and Punishments," sub-title "Fraud," to be known as Section 119A and to read as follows:

119A. Any person or corporation engaged in the business of selling drugs, medicines, chemicals or preparations for medical use, or of compounding or dispensing physicians' prescriptions, who shall, in person or by his or its agents or employes, or as agent or employe of some other person, knowingly sell or deliver to any person a drug, medicine, chemical preparation for medicinal use recognized or authorized by the latest edition of the United States Pharmacopœa, or prepared according to the private formula of some individual or firm other or different from the drug, medicine, chemical or preparation for medicinal use recognized or authorized by the latest edition of the United States Pharmacopœa, or prepared according to the private formula of some individual or firm, ordered or called for by such person, or called for in a physician's prescription, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, or by not less than one month nor more than twelve months' imprisonment, or by both; and any person so convicted shall forfeit the right to practice pharmacy under any certificate or registration issued under the laws of this State.

Approved March 27, 1902.

JOHN WALTER SMITH,
Governor.

JOHN HUBNER,
President of the Senate.
NOBLE L. MITCHELL,
Speaker of the House of Delegates.

[CHAPTER 123.]

AN ACT TO ADD FOUR ADDITIONAL SECTIONS TO ARTICLE 14 OF THE CODE OF PUBLIC GENERAL LAWS OF MARYLAND, ENTITLED "BILLS OF LADING, STORAGE AND ELEVATOR RECEIPTS," SAID SECTIONS TO BE KNOWN AS SECTIONS 1A, 1B, 1C AND 1D, RESPECTIVELY.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That four additional sections be and are hereby added to Article 14 of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland, entitled "Bills of Lading, Storage and Elevator Receipts," said additional sections to be known as Sections 1A, 1B, 1C and 1D, respectively.

1A. If any bill of lading or any receipt, voucher or acknowledgment whatsoever, shall be issued for future or without of a bill of lading for goods, chattels or commodities of any kind to be transported on land or water, or on both, shall contain the word "order" inserted before or after the name of the consignee, or if there shall be on such bill of lading, receipt, voucher or acknowledgment, any printed or written matter indicating that the goods, chattels or commodities named therein are to be delivered only upon the order or indorsement of the consignee or other party named, such bill of lading or instrument shall be known as an "order" bill of lading. All "order" bills of lading shall be and they are hereby constituted and declared to be negotiable instruments and securities in the same sense as bills of exchange and promissory notes and full and complete title to the property in said instruments mentioned or described, and all rights and remedies incident to such title or arising under or inseparable from the said instruments, shall inure to and be vested in each and every bona fide holder thereof for value altogether unaffected by any rights or equities whatsoever of the original consignor or any other prior holders of or parties to the same, of which such bona fide holder for value shall not have had actual notice at the time to become such. No conditions, clauses or provisions inserted in or attached to any "order" bill of lading shall in any manner limit the negotiability thereof, and every such condition, clause or provision purporting to limit such negotiability shall be void.

1B. If any "order" bill of lading shall contain the words "Notify A. B." or any other words calling for notice to be given to any person of the arrival of the goods, chattels or commodities at a point of destination, such words shall not be construed to imply that any holder of such instruments with notice of any rights or equities of such person so to be notified in the said goods, chattels or commodities.

1C. If any person or corporation, or any agent of any person or corporation having issued any "order" bill of lading shall deliver or permit to be delivered the goods, chattels or commodities mentioned in such bill of lading, without requiring the surrender of such bill of lading and without cancelling the same by writing or stamping on the face thereof in a conspicuous manner the word "Cancelled," or in case of partial delivery, without indorsing on such bill of lading the quantity and description of the goods, chattels or commodities so delivered, the said bill of lading shall be deemed to be and continue as an outstanding obligation of the said person or corporation, to the same extent as though the goods, chattels or commodities had not been delivered, and such person or corporation shall be and continue to be liable for the delivery of the said goods, chattels or commodities to any present or subsequent holder of such bill of lading who became or shall have become such holder for value and without notice of the delivery of the goods, chattels or commodities.

1D. No person or corporation, or agent or officer of any agent or corporation, conducting the business of transporting any goods, chattels or commodities of any kind on land or water, or on both, shall decline or refuse to issue an "order" bill of lading for goods, chattels or commodities offered to it for transportation, if the shipper or consignor of such goods, chattels or commodities shall verbally or in writing request the issue of such "order" bill of lading. And any person or corporation, or any agent or officer of any person or corporation, wilfully violating this section, or any provision thereof, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars, in the case of a corporation, and in the case of an individual of not more than one hundred dollars.

Approved April 8, 1902.

JOHN WALTER SMITH,
Governor.

JOHN HUBNER,
President of the Senate.
NOBLE L. MITCHELL,
Speaker of the House of Delegates.

[CHAPTER 136.]

AN ACT TO REPEAL SECTIONS 145, 146, 147, 148 AND 149 OF ARTICLE 33, PUBLIC GENERAL LAWS OF MARYLAND, ENTITLED "ELECTIONS," SUB-TITLE "NOMINATIONS BY PETITION," AND TO ADD AND RE-ENACTED BY THE ACTS OF 1898, CHAPTER 388, AND TO RE-ENACT THE SAME WITH AMENDMENTS.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Sections 145, 146, 147, 148 and 149 of Article 33, Public General Laws of Maryland, entitled "Elections," sub-title "Nominations by Petition," as amended and re-enacted by the Acts of 1898, Chapter 388, be and the same are hereby repealed and re-enacted with amendments so as to read as follows, viz.:

145. The First Congressional district shall be composed of Worcester county, Somerset county, Wicomico county, Dorchester county, Talbot county, Queen Anne's county, Caroline county, Kent county and Cecil county, and shall be entitled to choose one representative in the House of Representatives.

146. The Second Congressional district shall be composed of the Fifteenth and Sixteenth wards of Baltimore city, and such parts of the remaining wards of the city, as are included in the election districts of Harford county, Carroll county and Baltimore county, and shall be entitled to choose one representative in the House of Representatives.

147. The Third Congressional district shall be composed of the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth and Twelfth wards of Baltimore city and the Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh and Thirteenth election precincts of the Eighteenth ward of Baltimore city, as said wards are constituted by the Act of 1901, Chapter 4, and shall be entitled to choose one representative in the House of Representatives.

148. The Fourth Congressional district shall be composed of the Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Thirteenth, Fourteenth, Seventeenth, Nineteenth and Twenty-fifth wards of Baltimore city and the First, Second, Third and Twelfth election precincts of the Eighteenth ward of Baltimore city, as said wards are constituted by the Act of 1901, Chapter 4, and all St. Mary's county, Charles county, Calvert county, Prince George's county, Anne Arundel county and Howard county, and shall be entitled to choose one representative in the House of Representatives.

Approved April 8, 1902.

JOHN WALTER SMITH,
Governor.

JOHN HUBNER,
President of the Senate.
NOBLE L. MITCHELL,
Speaker of the House of Delegates.

[CHAPTER 144.]

AN ACT TO REPEAL SECTION 92 OF ARTICLE 5 OF THE CODE OF PUBLIC GENERAL LAWS OF MARYLAND, TITLE "APPEALS AND ERROR," SUB-TITLE "APPEALS FROM JUSTICES OF THE PEACE," AND TO RE-ENACT THE SAME WITH AMENDMENTS.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section 92 of Article 5 of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland, title "Appeals and Error," sub-title "Appeals from Justices of the Peace," be repealed and re-enacted so as to read as follows:

92. Before any of the Circuit Courts of this State or the Baltimore City Court shall proceed to hear or try cases brought to their respective courts by appeal from the judgments of justices of the peace, they shall first be satisfied that all costs incurred in the judgment and proceeding before the justice aforesaid have been paid by the appellant, or that the appellant has given bond, conditioned for the payment of the same, if he does not prosecute his appeal successfully.

Section 2. And be it enacted, That this act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

Approved April 8, 1902.

JOHN WALTER SMITH,
Governor.

JOHN HUBNER,
President of the Senate.
NOBLE L. MITCHELL,
Speaker of the House of Delegates.

[CHAPTER 150.]

AN ACT TO ADD A NEW SECTION TO ARTICLE 27 OF THE CODE OF PUBLIC GENERAL LAWS OF MARYLAND, TITLE "CRIMES AND PUNISHMENTS," MAKING THE NEW SUB-TITLE "RAILROAD OBSTRUCTION—INTERFERING WITH SIGNALS," MAKING IT A FELONY TO INTERFERE WITH THE SIGNALS GOVERNING THE MOVEMENT OF RAILROAD TRAINS AND PRESCRIBING THE PENALTY THEREFOR, AND TO BE KNOWN AS SECTION 231B.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That a new section, to be known as Section 231B, be and the same is hereby added to Article 27 of the Code of Public General Laws, title "Crimes and Punishments," sub-title "Obstructing Railroad—Interfering with Signals," said section to follow 231A of said article, and to read as follows:

Section 231B. Any person other than the duly authorized employes of any railroad company who shall interfere with the signals by which the movements of the trains of such railroad company are governed, by giving what is known as a train signal to start any train when at rest or to stop any train when in motion, such person so offending shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof be sentenced to the Maryland House of Correction or the county or city jail for not more than six months.

Approved April 8, 1902.

JOHN WALTER SMITH,
Governor.

JOHN HUBNER,
President of the Senate.
NOBLE L. MITCHELL,
Speaker of the House of Delegates.

Public General Laws.

[CHAPTER 133.]

AN ACT TO REPEAL AND RE-ENACT WITH AMENDMENT SECTIONS 20 AND 21 OF ARTICLE 33 OF THE CODE OF PUBLIC GENERAL LAWS, TITLE "ELECTIONS," SUB-TITLE "REGISTRATION," AND TO ADD A NEW SECTION TO SAID ARTICLE TO COME IN AFTER SECTION 25A, AND TO BE KNOWN AS SECTION 25B, RELATING TO THE REGISTRATION OF PERSONS REMOVING INTO THIS STATE FROM OTHER STATES, DISTRICT OR TERRITORY, AND TO REPEAL AND RE-ENACT WITH AMENDMENTS SECTION 42 OF SAID ARTICLE, SUB-TITLE "NOMINATIONS," AND TO REPEAL AND RE-ENACT WITH AMENDMENTS SECTIONS 50 AND 52 OF SAID ARTICLE, SUB-TITLE "BALLOT AND BALLOT BOXES," AND TO REPEAL AND RE-ENACT WITH AMENDMENTS SECTION 133 OF SAID ARTICLE, SUB-TITLE "CONTESTED ELECTIONS."

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Sections 20 and 21 of Article 33 of the Code of Public General Laws, title "Elections," sub-title "Registration," be and the same are hereby repealed and re-enacted with amendments, and that a new section be and the same is hereby added to said Article, sub-title "Registration," to come in after Section 25A, and to be known as Section 25B, and that Section 42 of said Article, sub-title "Nominations," be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted with amendments, and that Sections 50 and 52 of said Article, sub-title "Ballots and Ballot Boxes," be and the same are hereby repealed and re-enacted with amendments, and that Section 133 of said Article, sub-title "Contested Elections," be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted with amendments, and that said repealed and re-enacted Sections 20 and 21, and said new Section 25B, and said repealed and re-enacted Sections 42, 50, 52 and 133 shall severally read as follows:

Section 20. Before separating on the last day said Board of Registry shall make out and deliver to two of their number of opposite politics a list of the registered addresses of all those who have been registered as qualified voters, whom either one of the officers of registration suspects not to be qualified voters, or against whom any voter of the ward or county may have made complaint as above provided. If said Board of Registry shall, however, know that any person so complained of is a qualified voter, then such name need not be put upon the list of suspected persons unless required by a member of the Board.

The officers of registration to whom such list has been delivered shall, on or before Friday next following, cause the same to be served by registered the mail, duly stamped, to the address as given in the registry of each person who is upon the suspected list, requiring such person to appear before the Board of Registry on the Tuesday following, giving the time of such session, and show cause why his name should not be erased from such registers. Such notice and list of suspected persons shall be furnished for this purpose by the Board of Supervisors. A similar notice shall be served by said officers upon all persons who have made complaint against any voter, if he cannot be found at the place designated upon said registers the notice may be left there, such place can be found. The officers of registration are authorized to employ temporarily as such, as hereinafter provided, who wilfully neglects to perform his duty touching such scrutiny shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be imprisoned in jail not less than six months nor more than twelve months.

In case of wilful neglect of duty on the part of said officers the Board of Registry may appoint a temporary clerk, belonging to the same party, and administer to him the usual oath of office, and said temporary clerk shall perform all the duties of the office until the disability of the other officer is removed. And it shall also be the duty of each of the other officers of registration, in so far as may be in his power, to inform himself as to all persons whose names may be on such suspected list.

Section 21. On Tuesday three weeks preceding such regular election said Board of Registry shall again meet at the place designated, and they shall remain in session during the hours prescribed by Section 18, for the purpose of revising their registry, and no new name shall be added. At the beginning of the session the officers of registration to whom such name has been delivered shall make an affidavit as to the mailing of the notices sent by them, and to whom directed and when and as to the personal service of such notice, and shall be ready at the time of the same at his place of residence so designated; and if any person to whom such notice was sent shall appear before the Board of Registry during that session and make and sign an affidavit in substance as follows: "I do solemnly swear that I am a citizen of the United States and that I have resided in the ——precinct of the ——ward in the city of ——, or ——district of ——county, in the State of Maryland, from the ——day of ——, 19—, and have resided in this State ever since, and that I have not since acquired a legal residence giving me the right to vote elsewhere." If it is charged that he has been convicted of an famous crime, or that he is not a qualified voter, shall refuse to make such affidavit, or shall fail to satisfy the said Board of Registry that he has never been so convicted, or, if convicted, that he was pardoned at a time fixed. Then affidavit shall be entered and signed before one of such Board of Registry, and it shall be preserved and filed in the office of the said Board of Supervisors of Elections.

Thereupon said Board of Registry shall further examine him and shall also swear the officer of registration and any other person or persons and hear him upon the question, and they shall also have the power to examine on oath any other witness that may appear or be produced before them in regard to the qualifications of the voter, after such examination or inquiry that they may deem proper; and if, after such further examination and hearing, the majority of said Board are of the opinion that such person is not a qualified voter in such precinct they shall draw a line in red ink through his name and shall write the letter "R" on the line opposite his name in written, but so that the name and said letter shall remain legible, which memorandum, in case of any registration, shall indicate that the voter so stricken off is not entitled to be registered, and such person shall not be entitled to vote unless his name is restored as hereinafter provided. But if the said Board of Registry find the person so notified to appear at such session has not yet attained and shall show cause why his name should not be erased from the register, the name shall be retained in the register, and if the majority of the Board are satisfied, of their own knowledge or upon competent testimony, that such person is entitled to be registered, they shall write the letter "R" and under the head of "Remarks," opposite such name erased, shall be stated the facts as to such erasure, the date of such hearing, the name and signature of the person giving the same and such evidence on which it is made.

Section 25B. All persons who after the passage of this act shall remove into any county of this State from any other county in this State or other State, district or territory shall indicate their intent to become citizens and residents of this State by registering their names and residences in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court for the several counties and by the Clerk of the Superior Court of Baltimore City, as the case may be, which shall contain their name, residence, age and occupation; and the intent of such persons to become citizens and residents of this State shall be deemed and taken to be complete when so entered in such record book by the Clerk of the Circuit Court for the county or of the Superior Court of Baltimore City, as the case may be, into which county or city such person shall so remove from any other State, district or territory. And no person coming into this State from any other State, district or territory shall be entitled to registration as a legal voter of this State until one year after his intent to become such legal voter shall be thus evidenced by his entry and registration in such county or a duly certified copy thereof shall be the only competent and admissible evidence of such entry. And the Clerk of the Superior Court of Baltimore City and the several courts of the several counties shall immediately upon the passage of this act procure a suitable record book for such registration, and shall keep the same alphabetically under the names of such persons. For every person so registered under the provisions of this section they shall be entitled to receive the same fees as are now allowed by law, and the same shall be paid by said clerks and the County Commissioners of the respective counties, and certified by said clerks shall be evidence of the right of such persons to registration as legal voters according to law, and each person so registered shall be entitled to such certified copy upon demand without charge.

Section 42. Except in cases provided for by Section 8, and in cases of special elections for vacancies in office caused by death, resignation or otherwise, such certificates of nomination shall be filed, respectively, not more than twenty and not less than ten days, and with the Board of Supervisors of Elections not less than fifteen days before the day of election.

Section 50. The form and arrangement of the ballots shall be as follows: All ballots shall contain the name of every candidate whose nomination for any office shall have been duly certified to and filed according to the provisions of this article and not withdrawn in accordance herewith. The names of candidates for United States Senator, the names of candidates for Presidential Electors, be arranged alphabetically, according to their surname, under the designation of the office. Above the name of each candidate for Senator, Elector, shall be printed the name of the political party or principle which the candidate represents, as is duly contained in the certificate of nomination or nomination papers (said designation of the party, however, shall consist solely of the party or party and nothing more). To the name of each candidate for State office or candidate for Congress shall be added the name of the county or city in which the candidate resides. Ballots shall be so printed as to give to each voter a clear opportunity to designate by a cross (X) to a square at the right of the name of each candidate, and at the right of each proposition his choice of candidates and his answer to such question. If a candidate is named for the same office on two or more certificates of nomination his name shall be printed on the ballot but once, and to the right of the name of said candidate shall be added the names of each of the parties or principles which the candidate represents. When the name of a political party is given in connection with the name of a candidate nominated, as provided in Section 38 of this article, it shall be stated on the ballot to the right of the name of the candidate; but if there shall have been any nomination for the same office by a convention or primary election claiming the same party name, duly certified, as hereinbefore provided, the word "Independent" shall precede the party name, and if the candidate is nominated under the provisions of the said Section 38, to be printed to the right of the name of each candidate, except Presidential Electors. If the same party name shall be claimed on behalf of nominations made by more than one convention or primary election and duly certified as aforesaid, the officers by whom the ballot is to be prepared, or a majority of them, shall determine which nominees are justly entitled to the party name, and the word "Independent" shall precede the party name of the other nominees. The names of candidates for the office of Electors of President and Vice-President of the United States shall be arranged in groups, as presented in the several certificates of nomination papers, and the several groups shall be arranged in such order of the surnames of the candidates for President as the several Boards of Supervisors shall prescribe in the city of Baltimore and in the several counties, respectively. If candidates for Presidential Electors are nominated at large and for the several Congressional districts the name and place of residence of the candidates at large shall be put at the head of each group, and the names of the other candidates, with their places of residence, including the number of the Congressional district in which they reside, shall follow in numerical order. The surname of the candidates of each political party for the office of President and Vice-President, with the party name at the right of the surname, shall be placed above the group of candidates for electors of such party. There shall be left at the right of the surnames of the candidates for President and Vice-President so formed as to include both names and to the right of the name of each elector a sufficient clear square in which each voter may designate by a cross (X) his choice for electors. All candidates for office shall, as far as possible, be placed in one column, but when the names to be printed upon the ticket are over thirty-six then another column shall be added in which names shall be printed, and when two or more columns are used the same number of names shall, as far as possible, be printed in each column and the initial letter of the given or Christian name of the several candidates in each column shall be printed directly beneath each other in a vertical line, and the initial letter of the respective party designations of said several candidates shall be printed directly beneath each other in a vertical line. A constitutional amendment or any question to be submitted to the popular vote shall be printed in a separate column, to follow immediately after the names of candidates.

Section 52. All said ballots in all elections in and throughout the State of Maryland, including all the counties thereof and Baltimore city, shall be printed in the same uniform type upon plain white printing paper of ordinary book weight, in black ink, and the names of all candidates and their several party designations shall be printed upon all ballots which may be used in any and all elections in every county of the State and in the city of Baltimore, in the following type, to wit: in clear, plain, bold and legible Roman capitals, twelve point, generally known as pica type, one-eighth of an inch high or in depth; and the printing of said names of said candidates and of their respective party designations shall also be uniform in style and appearance throughout the ballot; and it shall be the duty of the Board of Supervisors of Elections for Baltimore City and of the Board of Supervisors of Elections for each county to cause all ballots to be used by the voters of said city and of the several counties to be printed in manner and form as aforesaid. On the back and outside of all ballots shall be printed the words "Official Ballot For," followed by the designation of the polling place for which it is prepared, the date of the election and a facsimile of the signature of the president of the Board of Supervisors of Elections by whom the ballots has been prepared. Said ballot shall be printed on the same leaf, with a detachable stub or coupon, one inch high and three inches long, at the upper right-hand corner of the ballot and binding on the upper edge thereof, but separated therefrom by a line running along the entire edge of the ballot, and shall be furnished for this purpose by the Board of Supervisors. A similar notice shall be served by said officers upon all persons who have made complaint against any voter, and if he cannot be found at the place designated upon said registers the notice may be left there, such place can be found. The officers of registration are authorized to employ temporarily as such, as hereinafter provided, who wilfully neglects to perform his duty touching such scrutiny shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be imprisoned in jail not less than six months nor more than twelve months.

In case of wilful neglect of duty on the part of said officers the Board of Registry may appoint a temporary clerk, belonging to the same party, and administer to him the usual oath of office, and said temporary clerk shall perform all the duties of the office until the disability of the other officer is removed. And it shall also be the duty of each of the other officers of registration, in so far as may be in his power, to inform himself as to all persons whose names may be on such suspected list.

Section 52. On Tuesday three weeks preceding such regular election said Board of Registry shall again meet at the place designated, and they shall remain in session during the hours prescribed by Section 18, for the purpose of revising their registry, and no new name shall be added. At the beginning of the session the officers of registration to whom such name has been delivered shall make an affidavit as to the mailing of the notices sent by them, and to whom directed and when and as to the personal service of such notice, and shall be ready at the time of the same at his place of residence so designated; and if any person to whom such notice was sent shall appear before the Board of Registry during that session and make and sign an affidavit in substance as follows: "I do solemnly swear that I am a citizen of the United States and that I have resided in the ——precinct of the ——ward in the city of ——, or ——district of ——county, in the State of Maryland, from the ——day of ——, 19—, and have resided in this State ever since, and that I have not since acquired a legal residence giving me the right to vote elsewhere." If it is charged that he has been convicted of an famous crime, or that he is not a qualified voter, shall refuse to make such affidavit, or shall fail to satisfy the said Board of Registry that he has never been so convicted, or, if convicted, that he was pardoned at a time fixed. Then affidavit shall be entered and signed before one of such Board of Registry, and it shall be preserved and filed in the office of the said Board of Supervisors of Elections.

Thereupon said Board of Registry shall further examine him and shall also swear the officer of registration and any other person or persons and hear him upon the question, and they shall also have the power to examine on oath any other witness that may appear or be produced before them in regard to the qualifications of the voter, after such examination or inquiry that they may deem proper; and if, after such further examination and hearing, the majority of said Board are of the opinion that such person is not a qualified voter in such precinct they shall draw a line in red ink through his name and shall write the letter "R" on the line opposite his name in written, but so that the name and said letter shall remain legible, which memorandum, in case of any registration, shall indicate that the voter so stricken off is not entitled to be registered, and such person shall not be entitled to vote unless his name is restored as hereinafter provided. But if the said Board of Registry find the person so notified to appear at such session has not yet attained and shown cause why his name should not be erased from the register, the name shall be retained in the register, and if the majority of the Board are satisfied, of their own knowledge or upon competent testimony, that such person is entitled to be registered, they shall write the letter "R" and under the head of "Remarks," opposite such name erased, shall be stated the facts as to such erasure, the date of such hearing, the name and signature of the person giving the same and such evidence on which it is made.

Section 133. All persons who after the passage of this act shall remove into any county of this State from any other county in this State or other State, district or territory shall indicate their intent to become citizens and residents of this State by registering their names and residences in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court for the several counties and by the Clerk of the Superior Court of Baltimore City, which shall contain their name, residence, age and occupation; and the intent of such persons to become citizens and residents of this State shall be deemed and taken to be complete when so entered in such record book by the Clerk of the Circuit Court for the county or of the Superior Court of Baltimore City, as the case may be, into which county or city such person shall so remove from any other State, district or territory. And no person coming into this State from any other State, district or territory shall be entitled to registration as a legal voter of this State until one year after his intent to become such legal voter shall be thus evidenced by his entry and registration in such county or a duly certified copy thereof shall be the only competent and admissible evidence of such entry. And the Clerk of the Superior Court of Baltimore City and the several courts of the several counties shall immediately upon the passage of this act procure a suitable record book for such registration, and shall keep the same alphabetically under the names of such persons. For every person so registered under the provisions of this section they shall be entitled to receive the same fees as are now allowed by law, and the same shall be paid by said clerks and the County Commissioners of the respective counties, and certified by said clerks shall be evidence of the right of such persons to registration as legal voters according to law, and each person so registered shall be entitled to such certified copy upon demand without charge.

Section 42. Except in cases provided for by Section 8, and in cases of special elections for vacancies in office caused by death, resignation or otherwise, such certificates of nomination shall be filed, respectively, not more than twenty and not less than ten days, and with the Board of Supervisors of Elections not less than fifteen days before the day of election.

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