

state house to the government house; when on motion by Mr. W. Duvall the whole was referred to the 1st of June next.

On the second reading of the bill to repeal all such parts of the constitution and form of government as relate to the election of four delegates from each county. Mr. Lake moved to strike out the words "two delegates" and insert "three" in lieu thereof, when Mr. Ely moved, and the question was put, that the same be referred to the 1st of June next.

The yeas and nays being required appeared as follow:

**AFFIRMATIVE.**—messrs. Speaker, Leigh, Gough, Fenwick, Ireland, Hodges, Linthecum, Dalrymple, Weems, Miller, Edelin, Rogerson, Garner, J. I. H. Worthington, Johnson, Ely, Dennis, Semmes, E. B. Duvall, Wootton, Clarke, Hughes, Carroll, Meconiken, Turbut, Fisher, Kemp, Whiteford, Sewell, Steele, Kershner, Gabby, Peter, Kilgour, Williams, W. Duvall, Bruce, M' Mahon, McHenry—39.

**NEGATIVE.**—messrs. Millard, Gale, Howard, C. R. Stewart, Iglehart, Chesley, Loockerman, Lloyd, Martin, Spencer, Jones, Bratton, Dashiell, Lake, Willis, Hutson, Henderson, Gerry, Hopper, Moffett, Nicholson, Slemaker, Franklin, Riley, Norris, Elijah Barwick, Douglass, Boon, Edward Barwick, W. Stewart, W. G. D. Worthington, Bowles, Merrick—33.

Resolved in the affirmative.

The clerk of the senate delivers the bill to enable Joseph Smith, of Anne Arundel county, to purchase and hold real property within this state, endorsed, will pass, with the proposed amendment, which amendment was assented to and the bill ordered to be engrossed; and the bill authorising the commissioners to lay out a road in Montgomery and Anne Arundel counties, endorsed, "will pass." Ordered to be engrossed.

The house according to the order of the day proceeded to the second reading of the bill to incorporate the Fells' Point Beneficial Society. On motion by Mr. Kilgour, the question was put, that the following be inserted after the fifth clause: "Provided, that each member shall be liable to be sued in his individual capacity for the debts and engagements of the corporation, and that his property be liable to execution therefor." Determined in the negative.

On motion by Mr. Stewart, the following was inserted. Provided each member of this corporation shall be individually liable for the debts to be contracted, or that shall be contracted by the directors thereof by virtue of their corporate powers. The bill was then passed and sent to the senate.

On motion by Mr. Nicholson, ordered, that the committee on pensions and revolutionary claims, be instructed to enquire into the expediency of fixing by law the nett amount of annual income which shall disqualify any applicant from being placed on the pension list of this state, and that the said committee report by bill or otherwise.

The bill to exempt from distress for rent negroes, slaves or servants which are not bona fide the property of the persons liable to such rent, and the bill to provide for taking the bond of Sheppard C. Leakin, were read the second time, passed and sent to the senate.

Mr. Gabby reports a bill entitled, an act to authorise the levy court of Washington county to levy a sum of money for the erection of a bridge over the Antieatam at Frederick Zigler's ford.

The report in favor of Charles Carroll, was read the second time, and the question put, that the house assent to the resolution therein contained. Resolved in the affirmative.

On motion by Mr. Fenwick, the following resolutions were read:

The legislature of Maryland view with just pride and satisfaction, the able and efficient administration of the General Government in all its various departments, and repose entire confidence in the wisdom, virtue and ability of the executive, both as to the internal and external relations of this nation.

They reciprocate the magnanimous feeling and applaud the firm and decided stand which the chief magistrate has taken in his late message to the congress of the United States, against the arrogant and despotic pretensions of the allied sovereigns of Europe, in attempting to interpose their authority by force in the internal concerns of independent nations, and more especially the operation of such a measure upon our sister republics of South America and Mexico, they can but view all such unholy coalitions against the liberty and independence of any and every people with indignation and abhorrence. First—As it tends to establish the odious doctrine of foreign intervention and control; thereby subverting the principle of self-government, the true basis of real liberty. Secondly—As it evinces the disposition and intention of those self-styled legitimates to subject the human race to their uncontrolled dominion, and to establish the divine right of kings over the will of the people and representative government. And lastly—As it serves as an awful warning to ourselves, that we too may be a necessary victim to consummate their unhallowed purposes. Therefore,

Resolved, That we will support any measures which the national government may deem proper to pursue, to avert the projected attempt of such coalitions, and prevent the interposition of any foreign power in the contest between Spain and the republics of South America and Mexico; as we can but consider any such attempt or intervention as an evidence of decided hostility against the principles of our own government, and as manifestly endangering the liberty and independence of this nation.

Resolved; That any such contest in which we may be involved, we pledge our lives and fortunes to maintain as the great cause of mankind and the holy conflict of liberty and reason, against tyranny and oppression.

Resolved, That we view with deep interest the noble struggle of the Greeks as worthy the descendants of their illustrious ancestors. That we sincerely sympathise in their sufferings, and offer our most ardent wishes for their success.