

From which deduct the balance in the treasury on the 1st December, 1819,	\$2,857 19
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From which also deduct the probable amount of receipts, as estimated to December, 1820,	\$253,807 95
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Also the amount received from the United States, on the 4th December, 1819,	\$131,409 76
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Deficit to be provided for agreeably to the aforesaid summary estimate	\$31,409 76
From the depression of Bank Stock your committee are of opinion that a sale of either vested or un-	
subscribed shares of the state to the several banks, ought not to be resorted to, to supply the above deficit,	
nor can any calculation be made of receiving from lotteries, in the current year, any aid beyond what is	
contained in the estimate reported by the treasurer, of the probable receipts for the current year.	
In the treasurer's estimate of the probable demand on the treasury for the current year, in the item of	
salaries to the commissioners of lotteries and their clerks, amounting to \$4,600, your committee are of	
opinion that these offices ought to be abolished, particularly when the duties to be performed in the pre-	
sent year, from a great variety of circumstances combined, will be very inconsiderable. Your committee	
are of opinion that the duties ought to be transferred to the treasurer. With this view, your committee	
report a bill. The office of commissioners and their clerk should this bill pass, the item of this demand	
on the treasury, will be reduced \$4,600, which, deducted from the foregoing deficit, will leave a deficit	
of \$26,809 76 cents to be provided for.	
With a view of ascertaining what further sum might reasonably be calculated upon to be received from	
the state claim against the general government, in addition to the \$180,000 already received, they were	
informed by the agent of the state that items of the claim were principally,	
For pay rolls,	155,338
Supplies,	126,166
Drafted militia,	5,859
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Whole amount,	\$287,363
That the \$180,000 received might with some certainty, be considered as extinguishing the item of pay	
rolls, and a portion of the item of supplies so as to leave a balance still due from the general government	
of \$108,025, of which balance it was stated a sum equal at least to the deficit of \$31,409 76 cents might	
reasonably, and with considerable confidence, be expected to be received in the current year. And here	
the committee would remark that the same industry, perseverance, ability and attention of the agent of	
the state, which were exercised by him in obtaining the payment of \$180,000 from the general govern-	
ment, will in the opinion of your committee, eventually secure the payment of the balance, and that too	
perhaps in the current year. In the event of this amount being received, and the offices of commission-	
ers and the clerks be abolished, there will remain in the treasury, in December 1820, over and above the	
treasurer's estimates of demands on the treasury, the balance in specie of \$4,300, that is, the difference	\$31,409 76
between the treasurer's deficit of	<hr/>
And the reduced deficit	26,809 76
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	\$4,600 00

This balance, in the view the committee have presented, will remain in the treasury after the payment of all the probable demands on the treasury in the current year, as contained in the reported estimate of the treasurer, including the payment in full of the principal and interest of the bank loans of 1817 and 1818, reimbursable in 1820, amounting to \$72,080.

Should the reasonable, and in a great degree, the confident expectation of the committee and agent of the state not be realized in obtaining any portion of the balance of the claim against the general government, which they feel assured will not be the case, to meet the possible but improbable event, your committee would propose that of the bank loans and interest, (amounting to \$72,080) one half (amounting to \$36,040) should be made payable in the current year. By thus reducing the estimate of the probable demands on the treasury which include the whole of the principal and interest, (amounting to \$72,080) to half that sum, instead of the treasury estimate of a deficit of \$31,409 76, it will leave a balance in favour of the treasury of

To which add the reduction of the salaries of the lottery commissioners, &c. of

The balance in favour of the treasury will amount to, (subject to the future appropriation of the legislature,) \$9,230 17

Thus the amount of appropriations, to December, 1819, then unpaid; the probable demands on the treasury to December 1820, (including the whole amount of the bank loans and interest, and the journals of the present session and the session of 1820, (deducting the amount in the treasury in December 1819) is estimated at \$253,807 95

Deduct half of the bank loans and interest 36,040

Amount of appropriations, &c. and one half of the principal and interest of the bank loans \$217,767 95

Which deducted from the probable receipts in the treasury, including the \$100,000 received from the general government, amounting to \$222,398 12, leaves, by this operation in the treasury, \$4,630 17

To which add the reduction of the salaries of lottery commissioners, &c. as stated above, 4,600

Leaves in the treasury, subject to future appropriation, \$9,230 17

From the foregoing view, in the event of the amount of the estimated deficit \$31,409 76, being received from the general government, of which the committee entertain little doubt, and the passage of the bill herewith reported, the treasury will be competent to meet the payment of the whole of the principal and interest of the bank loans. Should, however, the event be unexpectedly otherwise, the