

and may be lawful for his said Lordship, his Heirs and Successors, or the Governor for the Time being, from time to time to grant any such One Hundred Acres fit to build a Forge Mill and Conveniencies, for an Iron Work aforesaid, together with free Egress and Regress to the said Mill, thro' any Man's Land next adjacent, by Virtue of the Writ aforesaid returned, to be paid to the Owner of the said Land so found and returned as aforesaid, and which Grant shall be good and available in Law to the Grantee or Grantees, against all Persons whatever.

PROVIDED always, that before any Person or Persons shall have such Grant, they shall enter into Bond, with two sufficient Sureties, in the Sum of *One Hundred Pounds Sterling*, with Condition to begin to build the said Forge, Mill and Conveniencies for the Iron Work as aforesaid, within Six Months then next to come, and finish the same within Four Years after such beginning.

ALL such Workmen or Labourers as shall be by such Undertakers constantly employed in the carrying on such useful and beneficial Works, shall be exempt from paying of Levies, for the first Four Years after their being employed in such Work, as aforesaid, Provided that the Number of such Workmen exceed not Eighty for any one Iron Work.

PROVIDED always, that in case such Undertaker shall not prosecute such Iron Work to the running of Pigs fit for Transportation, within Seven Years after being seized of the Land, by Virtue of such Writ, then it shall and may be lawful, for any Person or Persons who were disseized of such Land, to enter upon and be reinstated in the same, to all Intents and Purposes, as if such Writ had never been obtained, and without being obliged to return any Part of the purchase Money for the same

Passed October } ACT declaring the Punishment for
11th, 1720. } burning of Court Houses.

ANY Person or Persons whatsoever, who shall be convict of wilfully burning any Court House within the Province, wherein any Records actually or usually are kept, (altho' the same be not a Mansion House) or such other House, for the burning whereof the Offenders might heretofore have had the Benefit of Clergy, shall have Judgment to suffer Death, in the same Manner as if such Offender had been convict of maliciously and wilfully burning a Mansion House; any Law, Statute or Usage to the Contrary notwithstanding.