

Value of the goods soe thieved or stolen away and the stolen
goods returned to the party or parties grieved thereby and by
and by putting in the King and uttipping to many times
with the court before some such matter is tryed. That the Judge
not exceeding the worth of the court. That always the Judge the
Value of the goods soe thieved and taken away and if any
such person soe convicted have not sufficient goods and chattels
or be a servant where by he is unable to have goods and
chattels to satisfy and pay the sum sold in every such case
such person or persons shall receive the corporall punishment
as aforesaid and satisfy the sum sold and pay the conviction by
lawful order.

And be it hereby enacted and de-
clared by the Authority aforesaid and Council aforesaid that the
time of service of a free person shall not be counted as aforesaid not having goods
and chattels as aforesaid shall commence from the time of his con-
viction as aforesaid and the time of service of a servant shall
as aforesaid shall commence at the expiration of such time of
servitude to which at the time of his conviction he is bound
bound which time of servitude for satisfaction for the stolen
goods and returned as aforesaid shall be adjudged by such court
court either to the party grieved or any other person the
court shall order such person to that will then and there
pay or secure to be paid the sum sold and costs aforesaid at
the discretion of the court and if any person or persons shall
receive or take part of such stolen goods or assist the person