Maryland Journal

TOWSON, MD.

Saturday, April 26, 1890.

FACT AND FANCY.

There is no dampness so oppressive as the dampness of a crying woman.—*Atchison Globe.*

We wonder if the burglar who has a fondness for art prefers steal engravings. [*Boston Post.*

There was never a crank born that a shrewd worker didn't turn "it" to his own uses. [*Ashland Press.*

"Put not your trust in riches," but there's no objection to your putting your riches in trusts. [*Yonkers Statesman.*

When a girl elopes with her coachman some other man is saved from getting a mighty poor wife.—*Buffalo Express.*

"A Rising Young Man" is the title of a new novel. The hero probably sat down upon a bent pin.—*Texas Siftings.*

There are four varieties in society—the lovers, the ambitious, observers and fools.—The fools are happiest.—*Tuine.*

He—I am sure you would like my brother. She—I have no doubt I should. I am told you two are so different.—*The Epoch.*

Widows are like the lights which have always burned—they catch fire more easily than others.—*Anti Adulteration Journal.*

"Will you marry me, Ethel?" said the youth. "My family is all that one could wish for——"

"Then why do you want me?"—*Life.*

A man's better-half lays down the rules in the house, but she usually allows her husband to lay down the carpets.—*Danville Breeze.*

"What do you find is the first requisite in business?"

"Pluck," returned the dealer in live goose feathers.—*Harpers' Bazar.*

The man who will go into a crowded barber shop on Saturday night and, when his turn comes, get a hair cut, is not fit to live. [*Lawrence American.*

Probably the most harmless man in the world is the man who talks a great deal about the number of girls he smiles at in the course of the day.—*Atchison Globe.*

Archbishop Ryan, who is to be the editor-in-chief of the *American Catholic Review*, begin ning with the July number, is one of the most enlightened and progressive prelates in the Catholic Church of America.

Many a man pretends that he cannot understand a reference to the Bible, but that he can comprehend the remotest joke alluding to cards, though the chances are he knows as much about one as he does the other.

Protecting Monopolist—See here, this may suit the people's interests, but it doesn't suit mine. You'll leave it alone. See?

Sir John—As your contributions keep us in office your will is our law.—*Toronto Grip.*

"Hi, there, go to the right?" shouted the clerk to the unfortunate man who wanted to pay his bill at the Gas Office.

"Oh, I didn't know, from the way you folks carry on, citizens had are right here, Thank you."

You cannot get the ordinary Englishman to see that there is anything ridiculous or improper in calling a very wealthy man "My Lord" and giving him the right to exercise a moderate influence upon the making of laws. [*London Edition N. Y. Herald.*

"Mama, I know the gentleman's name that called to see Aunt Ellie last night and nobody told me either."

"Well, then, what is it Bobbie?"

"Why, George, don't. I heard her say George don't in the parlor four or five times hand running. That's what his name is."

A Russian lady proposes, in the columns of a Russian newspaper, that the women of Russia and France should join in forming a corps of amazons to fight the amazons of Dahomey.—There is no doubt that the European amazons, if provided with a handsome uniform, would fight Bravely.—*Paris Edition Herald.*

The Rev. Mr. Wiggns—It has been only a short time ago that I read of a drunkard who, in attempting to blow out a lamp, caught fire and was entirely consumed—a genuine case of spontaneous combustion. There is a lesson in that, my besotted friend.

The Besotted—There is, for a fact. He had no business lettin' hissef get so dry. [*Terre Haute Express.*

☞Truly one half the world does not know anything of the other half. Yesterday while the superintendent of a mission Sunday School was rhapsodizing about the beauty of things in general the parents of one of the scholars were trying to find means to bury their child and another boy was absent because he had no shoes to wear.

☞The farmers are moving to disenthrall themselves from tax oppression, but they are gunning in squads and will bag no game until they pull themselves together and move in a solid army. Their relief is in their own hands whenever they choose to demand it. [*Philadelphia Times.*

☞Chief Arthur, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, is in favor of the eight-hour day, provided the workmen ask pay for only eight hours.

A KIND FRIEND

is what they call that Famous Remedy Red Flag Oil. It quickly cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Sores and all pain. It is good for man or beast.

No other medicine has won for itself such confidence as Dr. Lee's Liver Regulator. It is the best combination for the cure of all Kidney and Liver Complaints.

Trial bottles free at MARLEY'S BROS. DRUG STORE, Towson.

GLORIOUS RECORD.

Since the introduction of the Famous Puritan Cough and Consumption Cure in this vicinity the death rate from Consumption has decreased wonderful. It never fails to effect a cure. Price 25 cents. Try it.

Dr. Lee's Liver Regulator has done more to relieve the suffering of mankind than all other medicines. It cures all Stomach and Liver troubles.

Trial bottles free at MARLEY BROS. DRUG STORE, Towson.

EVERY HOME SHOULD HAVE IT.

It is not always convenient to call a Physician for every little ailment. Having Red Flag (Oil) in the house you have a Physician always at hand, it kills Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Burns, Bruises and all Aches and Pains. Price 25 cents.

There are few things in this life of which we may be certain, but this is one, of them Puritan Cough and Consumption Cure has no equal for Coughs, Colds and Consumption. Price 25 cents.

At MARLEY BROS. Drug Store, Towson.

May 11.—1y

CALVERT HARDWARE CO.,

345 N. CALVERT ST.,

ONE SQUARE SOUTH OF CALVERT STATION.

BUILDERS' AND GENERAL HARDWARE,

CARPENTERS' TOOLS,

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY.

PLATED WARE.

ALSO, BEST LUMP LIME FOR WHITEWASHING.

TEXAS ALUM BUILDING LIME.

ROSENDALE & PORTLAND CEMENTS,

CALCINED AND LAND PLASTER, HAIR, ETC.

LOWEST PRICES GUARANTEED.

EXTRA DISCOUNT for large QUANTITIES.

March 22.—3m

FOR SALE CHEAP.

TO A PROMPT PURCHASER,

A VERY DESIRABLE LITTLE PLACE OF

FORTY ACRES,

WITH GOOD IMPROVEMENTS,

WITHIN A FEW MINUTES' WALK OF LOCH RAVEN STATION, M. C. R. R.

☞Good land, beautiful situation and altogether an attractive place.

H. C. TURNBULL, Jr.,

5 E. Lexington St., Baltimore.

Oct. 12.—tf

COLE'S LIVERY STABLES

Towsontown.

HORSES and TEAMS for hire at reasonable prices.

Conveyances for Pic-Nics and Parties a specialty.

HACKS FOR HIRE FOR WEDDINGS AND FUNERALS.

STAGE LINE connects with trains at Lutherville.

WM. P. COLE, Proprietor.

Jan. 18, '90.—tf

Public Local Law.

PUBLIC LOCAL LAW.

BALTIMORE COUNTY HIGH LICENSE.

CHAPTER 334.

[PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY OF THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.]

AN ACT

To regulate the sale and the granting of Licenses for the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors in Baltimore County.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That no person shall hereafter sell, offer for sale, or keep for sale in Baltimore county, any intoxicating liquors of any kind without having previously obtained a license therefor as hereinafter provided. But this Act shall not apply to sales made by any person under a provision of law requiring him to sell personal property, or for sales of cider or native wines by the makers thereof, in the unbroken or original package and not to be drunk on the premises.

Sec. 2. And be it enacted, That all licenses to sell spirituous and fermented liquors shall expire on the first day of May next ensuing the date of their issue, and shall be issued for twelve, nine, six or three months, and for no other times.

Sec. 3. And be it enacted, That any person desiring to obtain a license to sell spirituous or fermented liquors in Baltimore county shall, on or before the first day of April, if he desires a license for twelve months; on or before the first day of July, if he desires a license for nine months; on or before the first day of October, if he desires a license for six months; on or before the first day of January, if he desires a license for three months, file an application in writing with the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Baltimore County, in which he shall state—1st, the name and residence of the applicant and how long he has resided there; 2d, that he is a citizen of the United States, and has been for twelve months next preceding the filing of such application a bona-fide resident of the State of Maryland and for three months preceding the filing of such application a bona-fide resident of Baltimore county; 3d, the place of birth of the applicant, and if a naturalized citizen when and where he was naturalized; 4th, the name of the owner of the premises upon which the business licensed is to be carried on; 5th, that the applicant is not, or if the application is by a firm, that none of the applicants are in any manner pecuniarily interested in the profits of any business conducted at any other place in the said county, where any spirituous or fermented liquors are sold or kept for sale; 6th, the kind of license desired, whether to sell in quantities not less than a pint, and not to be drunk on the premises, or by the drink and in quantities of more than quart; 7th, the particular place where the business is to be conducted under the license sought, specifying the same by definite designation and description; 8th, that no person except the applicant or applicants is in any manner pecuniarily interested in the business petitioned to be licensed, and that no other person shall be in any manner pecuniarily interested therein during the continuance of the license asked for; 9th, that the applicants have not nor has any of them had a license for the sale of intoxicating or spirituous or fermented liquors in this State revoked, nor have they nor any of them been convicted of any crime within two years preceding the filing of said petition, and which said application shall be verified by the affidavit of the applicant, made before the Clerk of the Court, to whom the application is made; and if any false statement is made in any part of said application, the applicant or applicants shall be deemed guilty of perjury, and upon indictment and conviction shall be punished accordingly, and any license issued upon such application shall be suppressed.

Sec. 4. And be it enacted, That there shall be annexed to said application a certificate signed by at least ten reputable taxpayers, bona fide residents of the neighborhood, in which the applicant proposes to conduct the business under the license applied for, in which the persons certifying shall each state his residence or place of business; that he is over twenty-one years of age; how long he has known the applicant, that he believes the statement contained in the applicat on to be true; that from his knowledge of the applicant or applicants and his acquaintance with him or them he believes the applicant or applicants is or are a proper person or persons to have the privilege of selling spirituous or fermented liquors, and he accordingly recommends the issuing of the license applied for.

Sec. 5. And be it enacted, That upon the filing of such application and certificate the applicants shall pay to the Clerk with whom the same are filed, the sum of $2 to be applied to paying the expense of advertising as hereinafter provided for, and thereupon such Clerk shall, upon the first day of April, if such license is for twelve months; on the first day of July, if such license is for nine months; on the first day of October, if such license is for six months; or on the first day of January, if such license is for three months, publish a notice in some newspaper published in the said county, for two successive weeks, giving notice that the applicant or applicants have filed such application, specifying the kind of license applied for and the place where the business is to be conducted, and stating that unless cause is shown in writing to the contrary, on or before the fifteenth day of April, July, October or January next ensuing, as the case may be, the license applied for will be issued, provided the applicant complies with the requirements of this law requisite thereto as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 6. And be it enacted, That if any person shall file in writing with such Clerk any reason why the license applied for should not be granted, such Clerk shall forthwith present the application and certificate and the objection to a Judge of the Circuit Court of said county, and such Judge shall proceed to hear and determine the question as to whether the license applied for shall be issued or not after giving such notice to the applicant and objector as such Judge shall deem reasonable, and shall award the cost of such hearing as such Judge shall deem equitable and just.

Sec. 7. And be it enacted, That the said Clerk, in giving the notices required by Section 5 of this Act, shall embrace in one notice all the names of all the persons whose application shall have been filed at the time of giving such notice, separating them only so far as to make such notice easily intelligible to the public; and if either of the days for the giving of such notice shall be a Sunday, then such notice shall be given upon the next succeeding day, or as soon thereafter as practicable, so as to secure two weekly insertions of such notice in a newspaper before the time fixed for cause to be shown against the issuance of the license applied for.

Sec. 8. And be it enacted, That the Clerk of the Court who receives the said application, certificates and affidavits, shall file and carefully preserve the same, and after giving the said notice, if no cause be shown to the contrary, or if cause be shown and the said Judge shall direct in writing the license to be issued, shall issue to such applicant or applicants the license applied for upon receiving from the applicant or applicants the following sums, or license fees, viz:—If the license is for 12 months and to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by the drink, or in quantities not more than a gallon, the sum of $200. If the license is for 12 months and to sell spirituous and fermented liquors in quantities not less than a pint and not to be drunk on the premises, the said Clerk shall enquire of the applicant under oath to be by such Clerk administered as to the value of the stock of spirituous or fermented liquors he intended to keep on hand in the business he proposes to conduct under the license applied for, and if it shall appear from the statement then made under oath that the value of the applicant's stock of spirituous or fermented liquors will not exceed $1,000, the license fee shall be $200; if more than $1,000 and not exceeding $2,000, the license fee shall be $300; if more than $2,000, the license fee shall be $350.

Sec. 9. And be it enacted, That if the license applied for shall be for nine, six or three months, then the license fee shall be for three-fourths, one-half or one-fourth of the amounts severally specified for the twelve months licenses enumerated in the preceding Section.

Sec. 10. And be it enacted, That no person having a license under the provisions of this Act shall sell or give away any spirituous or fermented liquors on the Sabbath day commo ly called Sunday; nor upon any day upon which elections are now or may be hereafter held by law required to be held; nor shall he sell or give any spirituous or fermented liquors to any minor, nor to any other person for the purpose of being drunk by a minor; nor shall he knowingly sell or give any spirituous or fermented liquors to any drunkard; nor shall he sell or give any spirituous or fermented liquors to any person whose parent, guardian, husband or wife, shall have given such licensee a notice in writing under oath that such person is of intemperate habits; nor shall he sell or give any spirituous or fermented liquors at his place of business between the hours of 12 o'clock midnight and six o'clock A. M. at any time.

Sec. 11. And be it enacted, That no person having a license to sell spirituous or fermented liquors in quantities less than a quart at any place shall place or maintain, or permit to be placed or maintained, any screen, blind, curtain, partition, or any obstruction that will interfere with a view of the business conducted on the premises.

Sec. 12. And be it enacted, That every person receiving a license under this Act to sell spirituous or fermented liquors, shall frame his license under glass, and place the same so that it shall at all times be conspicuous and easily read in his chief place of making sales, and no license issued under this Act shall authorize sales by any person who shall neglect this requirement.

Sec. 13. And be it enacted, That if any person shall hereafter be convicted of selling spirituous or fermented liquors without having procured a license therefor under the provisions of this Act, he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than $300, one-half of said fine to be paid to the informer or informers, or undergo imprisonment in jail for not less than three months, nor more than twelve months, or be both fined and imprisoned, in the discretion of the Court.

Sec. 14. And be it enacted, That if any person having a license under the provisions of this Act, shall violate any of the provisions of this Act, upon conviction thereof, except in the cases enumerated in the next preceding Section, he shall for the first offense pay a fine of not less than $50, nor more than $200, and on the conviction of a second offense he shall pay a fine of not less than $100, nor more than $200, and his license shall be suppressed.

Sec. 15. And be it enacted, That if any person having a license under the provisions of this Act, shall sell or barter any spirituous or fermented liquors of any kind to any person who is a minor or under twenty-one years of age, or shall sell or barter to any person such spirituous or fermented liquors for the purpose of being drunk by any person who is a minor or under twenty-one years of age, or shall give to any such person who is a minor or under twenty-one years of age, any spirituous or fermented liquors, or shall allow upon the premises occupied by him any person who is under twenty-one years of age to drink any such spirituous or fermented liquors sold or bartered or given by him, he shall on conviction for the first offense pay a fine of not less than $50, nor more than $200, and for the second offense he shall pay a fine of not less than $50, nor more than $200, together with the costs of prosecution, or be confined in jail for not less than one month nor more than six months, or be both fined and imprisoned, at the discretion of the Court; and it shall be the duty of the Court before whom such person shall be convicted to suppress his or her license.

Sec. 16. And be it enacted, That one-fourth of all moneys paid to the said Clerk for license fees under the provisions of this Act, shall be held by him for the use of the State, and paid over and accounted for as money received for license as has been heretofore accounted for, and the remainder thereof shall be paid by him to the Treasurer of Baltimore county for county uses.

Sec. 17. And be it enacted, That the provisions of this Act shall not be construed to authorize the issue of license to sell spirituous or fermented liquors at any place in said county where the sale of spirituous or fermented liquors is not now authorized by existing law.

Sec. 18. And be it enacted, That druggists and apothecaries shall not be required to obtain license under provisions of this Act, but they shall not sell intoxicating liquors except on the written prescription of a regular physician, nor more than once in any one prescription of the physician; and every druggist and apothecary shall keep a book for the special purpose, and enter therein the date of every sale of intoxicating liquors made by him, the person to whom sold, the kind, quantity, and price thereof, and the purpose for which it was sold; and any failure to comply with the provisions of this Section or to produce the book before any Court of justice when required so to do, shall render such druggist or apothecary so failing liable to the same penalties as if he had sold intoxicating liquors without a license; and any physician who shall wilfully prescribe any intoxicating liquors as a beverage to persons of known intemperate habits, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be subject to the same penalties.

Sec. 19. And be it enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any club or for any corporation created in Baltimore county heretofore formed or hereafter to be formed under the General Laws of this State, or under any Special Law thereof, to give, barter or sell any spirituous or fermented liquors to any member of said club or corporation or to any other without having first taken out a license under the provisions of this Act, and the application of any such club or corporation for such license shall be made by the Steward or any other officer of said club or corporation in substantial compliance with the provisions of Section 3 of this Act, and notice of such application shall be published as required in Section 5 of this Act for case where such application is filed by any individual.

Sec. 20. And be it enacted, That any person, club or corporation desiring to obtain under the provisions of this Act a license for twelve months on the 1st day of May, 1890, shall not be required to file the application therefor on or before the 1st day of April, in the year 1890, as provided in Section 3 of this Act, but may file the same at any time prior to the granting of the said license, and that the Clerk of the said Circuit Court shall grant the said license without publishing the notice required by Section 5 of this Act.

Sec. 21. And be it enacted, That all prosecutions pending at the time of the passage of this Act for any violations of any of the provisions of Article 56 of the Code of Public General Laws, repealed by this Act, and all violations of any of the said provisions of said Article that shall have occurred before the passage of this Act, shall be prosecuted to conviction and punishment to the same extent as if this Act had not been passed.

Sec. 22. And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

Approved April 3d, 1890.

ELIHU E. JACKSON, Governor.

{Great Seal.}

JOHN HUBNER, Speaker of the House of Delegates.

R. F. BRATTAN, President of the Senate.

THOMAS TODD, JOHN SMITH, ROBERT MAGRUDER, County Commissioners for Baltimore County.

April 19.—3t

PUBLIC LOCAL LAW.

SESSION OF 1890.

CHAPTER 330.

AMENDMENTS TO THE ROAD LAWS.

AN ACT

To repeal and re-enact with amendments Sections 189, 194, 196, 199, 208 and 210, of Article 3, of the Code of Public Local Laws, Vol. I., title "Baltimore County," sub-title "Roads."

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Sections 189, 194, 196, 199, 208 and 210, of Article 3, of the Code of Public Local Laws, Vol. I., title "Baltimore County," sub-title "Roads," be and the same are hereby repealed and re-enacted so as to read as follows, viz:

Sec. 189. The Road Commissioners appointed for the several Election Districts of said county as above provided are required to adopt such system for the repair and improvement of the roads in their respective Districts as they may deem suitable, subject to the direction and approval of the County Commissioners; and the County Commissioners shall have full power to require all work to be done in the repair and improvement of the roads by contract so far as practicable, and they shall adopt all necessary rules and regulations for letting out all such work to the lowest responsible bidders, and allotting the repair of the roads in sections to farmers or others most interested in keeping the same in repair; and whether the repairs of the roads be let out by contract or allotted, such contracts for the work to be done shall be made in writing and subject to the approval of the County Commissioners. No Road Commissioners shall have any pecuniary interest in any contract made in connection with the repairs or improvements of the roads or bridges, nor shall he work any of his teams or hands otherwise employed by him on the roads, unless by special direction of the County Commissioners, such direction to be in writing and to be given only in the event of a failure to put out the repair of the roads upon contract or allotment as above provided. Taxpayers shall have the privilege of hauling stones upon the roads to the extent of two-thirds of their road tax, provided they deliver the same in such way and at such prices as shall be agreed upon by the tax-payer and Road Commissioner of his subdistricts; prices for hard material on the road at designated places shall be fixed by the Road Commissions of the several Districts subject to approval by the County Commissioners

One-third of the road tax expended in any District shall be used in the purchase of stone or other suitable hard material for macadamizing or making hard roads.

Sec. 194. The Road Commissioners herein provided for shall take charge of all the roads and bridges in their respective Districts, and shall see that no obstruction, hindrance or injury is permitted upon any road or bridge under their supervision; and when any road or bridge shall form the boundary between Districts, the County Commissioners shall assign to each District its portion of said road or bridge.

Any person placing obstructions of any kind whatsoever on the public roads, or in the side ditches thereof, shall be liable to a fine of $5 and costs for each and every such offense which shall be imposed by any Justice of the Peace of the District within which said offense shall be committed, upon the complaint of the Road Commissioner having charge of said roads; provided said person having been notified to remove said obstruction by the Road Commissioner shall fail to do so within two days after such notification. And provided further that the person so placing said obstruction on the public roads or in the side ditches shall be liable to a fine of $5 for each day he permits said obstruction to remain, the said fine to be in addition to the original fine of $5, after the expiration of said two days, to be imposed by said Justice and enforced in like manner as said original fine.

Said fine to be paid by the Justice to the County Commissioners of Baltimore County and placed by them to the credit of the District in which it has been imposed. Said fine to be enforceable as other fines imposed by Justices of the Peace.

Sec. 196. That the County Commissioners shall annually levy upon the assessable property of Baltimore county at the time of making the county levy a sum of money not less than 10 nor more than 15 cents on the $100, for the use of public roads and bridges in Baltimore county, which shall be collected as other county taxes are collected.

That said County Commissioners at the time of the annual tax levy for the year 1890 and each succeeding year are hereby authorized, directed and required to make a special annual levy of 10 cents on each $100 of the whole assessable property of each of the Election Districts of Baltimore county, to be collected as other county taxes in said county are collected, and when collected to be used by the County Commissioners exclusively for the purchase of stone or other suitable hard materials for the purpose of macadamizing the county roads in said Districts; provided that this Section shall only be applicable to such of said Districts from which fifty or more taxable residents of said Districts representing at least one-sixth of the taxable basis of such District shall, forty days prior to any annual levy, petition the said County Commissioners asking such special levy to be made. And provided further that the material so purchased shall be used solely in the District from which the taxes to purchase the same are collected. Whenever such petition is filed the County Commissioners shall give notice of the filing thereof by publication in two newspapers published in Baltimore county for two successive weeks immediately following the filing of such petition, and if a petition signed by an equal or larger number of tax-payers, residents of such Districts, representing a larger amount of taxable property be filed prior to such levy objecting thereto, then the Commissioners shall refuse to make such additional levy.

And provided further that every tax-payer of said District in which said special levy is made shall have the privilege of working out this special tax by hauling stones or other suitable hard material upon the county roads nearest their farms or residences at such price per perch for the same as may be fixed by the Road Commissioners for said Districts, subject to the approval of the County Commissioners. And said Road Commissioner, immediately after the levy in each year, shall, subject to the approval of the said County Commissioners, fix a uniform price for said materials as far as practicable, and whenever they are satisfied that any tax-payer has fully worked out his special road tax they shall cause the Chairman of the Road Commissioners for said District to give such tax-payer a certificate to that effect, which shall be received by the Treasurer and Collector of Taxes for Baltimore County as so much money on account of said tax.

Sec. 199. That whenever twenty or more taxable inhabitants of Baltimore county shall desire the opening of any new road, or the alteration or closing of any old road, or part of any old road, they may make application in writing to the County Commissioners, setting forth as near as may be the length and location of the road so petitioned for; and the County Commissioners shall give notice in one or more newspapers published in Baltimore county for two successive weeks that application has been made and examination granted, to take place on the premises at a stated time, not less than ten days from the date of the last publication of said notice, and a copy of such notice shall be left with each person through or along whose property the road petitioned for will pass, or be publicly posted on said property at least ten days before the examination takes place. Upon such application being made the County Commissioners shall issue an order to three disinterested tax-payers of the District or Districts through which the road is to be laid out, alleged or closed, directing them to meet upon the premises at the time appointed in said notice, and, after making examination, to determine if the public convenience requires the granting of such application. And if the Examiners so appointed, or a majority of them, shall determine that the public convenience requires the granting of such application they shall employ a competent surveyor, who shall, under their direction, survey said road and make a plat of the land.

Sec. 203. That when no objection shall have been filed within the time hereinbefore designated, or if objection shall have been filed and the road petitioned for confirmed by the County Commissioners of said county; or, if in case of appeal, the appeal of the County Commissioners is affirmed by the Circuit Court for said county, the County Commissioners shall record, or cause to be recorded, such road as a public road of Baltimore county, and the award, if for damages, shall be paid by the County Commissioners to the person or persons, or body corporate entitled to receive the same, within ninety days from the ratification of said award and report. And the award, if for benefits, shall be considered a tax and lien upon the property assessed, and shall be paid to the County Commissioners or to the Treasurer of said county upon the order of said Commissioners within sixty days from the time the award and report are finally ratified and confirmed as aforesaid; if not then paid, shall be collected as other taxes are collected; provided thirty days' notice is given to the owner or owners of the property taken for such road, or to his, her or its agent or attorney, or left upon the premises in case the owner is unknown; provided that in case the damages allowed by said Examiners to any person or persons, or body corporate, shall be increased either by order of the County Commissioners of said county or by the Circuit Court for said county upon an appeal from the decision of said County Commissioners; or, in case the amount of benefits assessed against any person or persons, or body corporate, by said Examiners be decreased, either by order of the said County Commissioners or by the decision of the Circuit Court for Baltimore County upon appeal from the County Commissioners, then the parties petitioning for said road shall pay, pro rata, according to their assessments, the deficit caused by said increase of damages, or decrease of said benefits, the same to be collected the same as are assessments for benefits as hereinbefore provided. And provided further that no work shall be done on any road so ratified and confirmed until all the assessments for the construction of said road shall have been paid; or in the event of a reduction of any assessment for benefits or increase of any damages upon appeal or otherwise, as above provided, until the amount of the deficit thereby carried shall have been made up and paid by the petitioners.

The County Commissioners of said county shall then advertise for sealed proposals for the construction of said road according to the specifications furnished by said Examiners, and the contract shall be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder, provided the contract-price shall not exceed the amount of the net assessments collected for the building of said road, and the Commissioners, in awarding contracts for the laying out, opening, or making said road, shall give bond to the County Commissioners in double the amount of the contract price, for the faithful performance of the contract; and the County Commissioners shall not pay in full for making such road until the same shall have been thoroughly examined and accepted by them.

Sec. 210. That in the event of the failure of the County Commissioners to secure the services of competent Road Commissioners upon the terms prescribed in the last preceding Section of this Act, they are hereby authorized to appoint proper persons to act as Road Commissioners, which persons shall be real estate owners in the Districts for which they may be appointed, to whom they may allow a compensation of $3 per day for each day they may be actually employed in the supervision of repairs of the Roads in their Districts, and the Road Commissioners to be thus appointed shall have the same control over roads and bridges, and organize their District Boards in the same manner as hereinbefore provided.

All accounts for moneys expended on account of roads, and for actual expenses, or for compensation for Commissioners, shall be itemized, sworn to before a Justice of the Peace of the county, and presented to the County Commissioners for their approval by the Road Commissioners claiming payment thereof.

All said accounts shall be accompanied by the receipts of the persons to whom the money is paid, who, in all cases, shall be the persons who do the work or furnish the material, and the oath of the Road Commissioner shall state in addition to the general statement of the truth of the account that the sums so alleged to have been paid have been fully paid by him without discount, diminution or bonus, and in lawful money of the United States and directly to the persons named in the account, and shall further make oath that no laborer employed on the roads has been required to perform any work or labor for personal benefit of said Road Commissioners on any day for which a per diem has been charged to the county, and the said laborer has been paid in full the per diem as allowed by said Commissioners, and the County Commissioners may require such additional proof as they may deem necessary.

In the event of work being done by a sub-Supervisor of a Road Commissioner, his accounts shall be rendered and proven in the same manner as required of Road Commissioners, and the County Commissioners shall not allow any Road Commissioner for moneys paid any sub-Road Commissioner or Supervisor unless said sub-Road Commissioner's accounts are proven as herein directed.

For the purpose of enabling the Road Commissioners to make cash payments required by this Section, it shall be the duty of the said Road Commissioners to draw, at the commencement of the month, on the County Commissioners, in such form on such blanks as may be prescribed and furnished by the County Commissioners, for such sums as they may estimate may be required by them during said month, which said sum shall not be for any one month in excess of one-fourth of the penal sum named in their respective bonds, which sum, if approved by the County Commissioners, shall be advanced by said County Commissioners and charged to the Road Commissioners so requiring the same and shall be accounted for by them at the end of the month. No second requisition of any Road Commissioner shall be paid by the County Commissioners until the preceding one has been accounted for.

Sec. 2. And be it enacted, That the provisions of this Act shall not apply to the First District of Baltimore County, and that as to said District the provisions of the law repealed by this Act shall be and remain in full force as if this Act had not been passed.

Sec. 3. And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

Approved April 8th, 1890.

ELIHU E. JACKSON, Governor.

{Great Seal.}

JOHN HUBNER, Speaker of the House of Delegates.

R. F. BRATTAN, President of the Senate.

THOMAS TODD, JOHN SMITH, ROBERT MAGRUDER, County Commissioners for Baltimore County.

April 12.—3t

Railroad Time Tables.

BALTIMORE & OHIO.

MARYLAND CENTRAL RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE.

Taking Effect October 20th, 1889.

STATIONS.	Dist	No. 1.	No. 3.	No. 5.	No. 11.	No. 13.	No. 15.	No. 17.	No. 19.	No. 21.	No. 1.	No. 53.	No. 55.	No. 21.
		A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
York											7.30	8.30	3.00	4.30
Delta	13.3										7.50	8.50	3.20	4.50
Bel Air	31.9	9.30	7.45	8.50	4.00	2.30	5.45	7.15	8.00	9.00	8.15	9.15	4.05	5.15
Emorsons	35.7	9.36	7.51	8.56							8.22	9.22	4.12	5.22
Hydes	45.9	9.47	8.02	9.07							8.33	9.33	4.23	5.33
Bel Air	56.8	9.58	8.13	9.18							8.44	9.44	4.34	5.44
Delta	64.4	10.06	8.21	9.26							8.52	9.52	4.42	5.52
York	76.7	10.20	8.35	9.40	5.00	3.30	6.45	8.15	9.00	10.00	9.05	10.05	4.55	6.05
North Ave.		A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.

STATIONS.	Dist	No. 6.	No. 8.	No. 10.	No. 14.	No. 16.	No. 18.	No. 20.	No. 22.	No. 24.	No. 50.	No. 52.	No. 54.	No. 22.
		DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.									SUNDAY ONLY.			
North Ave.		A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Torsons	1.0	7.30			2.30	4.00	5.30	6.30	7.30	8.30	9.00	1.30	4.00	6.30
Towson	3.0	7.35			2.35	4.05	5.35	6.35	7.35	8.35	9.05	1.35	4.05	6.35
Ruxtons	6.5	7.40			2.40	4.10	5.40	6.40	7.40	8.40	9.10	1.40	4.10	6.40
Riderwood	8.5	7.45			2.45	4.15	5.45	6.45	7.45	8.45	9.15	1.45	4.15	6.45
Lake Avenue	9.5	7.50			2.50	4.20	5.50	6.50	7.50	8.50	9.20	1.50	4.20	6.50
Govans	11.1	7.56			2.56	4.26	5.56	6.56	7.56	8.56	9.26	1.56	4.26	6.56
Gittings	12.1	8.00			3.00	4.30	6.00	7.00	8.00	9.00	9.30	2.00	4.30	7.00
Cockeysville	14.7	8.08			3.08	4.38	6.08	7.08	8.08	9.08	9.38	2.08	4.38	7.08
Long Green	18.7	8.18			3.18	4.48	6.18	7.18	8.18	9.18	9.48	2.18	4.48	7.18
Glen Arm	21.7	8.24			3.24	4.54	6.24	7.24	8.24	9.24	9.54	2.24	4.54	7.24
Fork	24.7	8.30	9.00	11.00	3.30	5.00	6.30	7.30	8.30	9.30	10.00	2.30	5.00	7.30
North Ave.	76.7	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

*Wed. and Sat. only. †Wednesday & Sat. only.

C. F. KERCHNER, Superintendent.

FRED. B. HUBBELL, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Baltimore and Ohio Railroad

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 1st, 1890.

LEAVE CAMDEN STATION:

For Chicago and Northwest, Vestibuled Limited Express daily, 10.15 A. M., Express 8.30 P. M.

For Cincinnati, St. Louis and Indianapolis, Vestibuled Limited Express daily, 2.10 P. M.; Express 10.25 P. M.

For Pittsburg and Cleveland, Vestibuled Limited Express daily, 10.15 A. M., Express 7.30 P. M.

For Washington, week days, 5.10, 6.20, 6.30 7.20, 7.45, 8.00, 8.30, 9.15, 10.15 and 12.00 A. M., 12.15, 1.50, 2.10 3.00, 4.10, 4.15, 5.00, 6.00, 6.20, 7.10, 7.30, 8.30, 8.35, 10.20, 10.25 and 11.00 P. M. On Sunday, 6.30, 7.45, 8.30, 9.15, 10.15 A. M.; 12.00, 12.50, 1.50, 2.10, 4.15, 5.00, 6.20, 7.10 7.30, 8.30, 8.35, 10.20, 10.25 and 11.00 P. M.

For way stations between Baltimore and Washington, 5.10, 6.30 and 8.30 A. M.; 12.15, 3.00, 5.00, 6.20 and 11.00 P. M. On Sunday, 6.30 and 8.30 A. M.; 12.50, 5.00, 6.20 and 11.00 P. M.

Trains leave Washington for Baltimore, 4.00, 5.50 6.40, 7.20, 8.30, 9.20, 9.45, 11.00 A. M.; 12.00, 12.10 2.00, 2.30, 3.15, 3.25, 4.25, 4.30, 4.35, 5.30, 6.20, 7.10, 7.45, 9.00, 10.30, 11.30 P. M. Sunday, 4.00, 7.20, 8.30 9.20, 9.45 A. M., 12.00, 1.15, 2.00, 2.30, 3.25, 4.25 4.35, 6.20, 7.10, 7.45, 9.00, 10.30, 11.30 P. M.

For principal points on Metropolitan Branch, †5.10, *9.15; ‡12.00, A. M. *3.00 and †4.15 P. M.

For Annapolis, 7.20, 9.15 A. M. 12.15 and 4.15 P. M. On Sunday, 9.15 A. M. and 5.00 P. M.

For Ellicott City, Md. Ary and way points, *4.10, †8.20, §9.30 A. M., †1.30, †‡4.25, *5.25, *6.30, *11.15 P. M. a Stops only at principal stations between Relay and Frederick Junction.

For Frederick, 4.10, 8.20 A. M., 1.30, 4.20 and 5.25 P. M. On Sunday, 9.30 A. M. and 5.25 P. M.

For Virginia Midland Railroad, and South, via Danville, *915 A. M., and *8.30 P. M.

For Lexington, Staunton, 9.15 A. M. daily, except Sunday.

For Winchester, †4.10, †9.15, A. M., †4.20 P. M.

For Luray, Roanoke and all points on the Shenandoah Valley R. R. *4.10 A. M. and *7.30 P. M.

For Hagerstown, †4.10, †8.20, †10.15 A. M., †4.15 P. M.

For Curtis Bay and intermediate points, †6.35 and 10.10 A. M. and 2.20 P. M. Sundays, 8.20 A. M., and 4.40, P. M. Leave Curtis Bay 7.50, 11