

Saturday, February 15, 1890.

MUCH FUDGE.

The Baltimore Sun's editorial on Saturday 8th inst. in reference to debt in Baltimore county is partly fudge. The School Board does not regard the amount yet unpaid by County Commissioners (about \$51,000) on the lovy of 1889 as a debt in the debt acceptation. The taxes for 1880 are not yet collected in full. The \$51,000 referred to is to carry the School Board to next June. The County Commissioners pay to the School Board as they collect. The levy for 1889 was, no doubt, a little too scant : the County Commissioners endeavoring j to satisfy the people who asked them not to make too heavy a levy. They supposed the lopping off of the "Belt" would be a greater saving than it really proved .-Then, too, the terrible floods which washed away bridges and washed the roads in a fearful manner, added thousands to the expenses, not to be foreseen. The Sun is trying to cook up a big debt for Baltimore county. It reminds us of the old story of the fox who had his tail cut off in a trap, when questioned about it tried to induce his brother foxes to have theirs cut off and be in the fash ion. The city has a pretty big debt, and the Sun imagines we ought to have one too.

_____ VISIONARY THINGS.

There be other lunatics and visionaries than those confined in asylums or abodes for the insane. Whilst it might not be deemed insane, it would be visionary in the highest degree for the city of Baltimore to think of buying the franchise of the Baltimore City Passenger Railway Company and conduct it as a department of the city government. What an asylum it would be for the many worn-out old deadbeats of any political party which might happen to get control of the city government !-It would be a thing about equal to the old City all. It is a money-making-political scheme saw something of the Mormons in a visit to Yard of sainted memory. But, the good peo. entirely, as now fully developed. The same Salt Lake city in 1888, and hope the Mormon ple of Baltimore do not intend such a thing be done, even though a curiously constructed | Chicago, where everything would be bent to law made thirty years since, gives such power. Some people are trying to place such a purchase as the City Passenger Railway and the purchase of all the gas companies, upon a level with the Water Department. Water is an absolute, prime necessity to a city, and no city government could afford to have its water supply in the hands of a private corporation, which might be devoid of a "soul" should water become a famine, as it sometimes does. Whilst a city passenger railway and gas might, in a manner, be regarded as necessities, yet the people might get along without either, though it would be a tough job. But water is an absolute necessity, not only for the personal want of each citizen, but for its important use in quenching fire and for manufacturing purposes. a city should be in the hands of a private corporation.

Then why should the city of Baltimore hold this rod over the City Passenger Railway, threatening to buy the road whether the Company wished to sell or not? The people know it is a bugaboo held up to the road every fifthen years, possibly to bleed it. The city can legislate more effectually to compel the road to pay more money into the city treasury for its valuable franchise than by threatening to buy the road when it has no intention of doing so. No corporation ought to be hampered with such a provision as that, and the Legislature should release the Company from it. We do not own any stock in the City Passenger Railway, or could we be affected in anywise should the city buy out the Company. But, to an outsider, it seems no little curious that the city does not require of the Company a greater amount than it now pays annually into the city treasury without the periodical threat that it will buy out the road when it does not intend doing so. Mayor Davidson may be entirely right in his premises that the City Passenger Railway Company ought to pay a greater sum into the city treasury than it now does for its valuable franchise, but the Company ought not to be troubled with so severe a law as that giving the city government the power, once in every 15 years, to buy the road, notwithstanding the desire of the Company not to sell. No wonder ex-Governor Bowie fights manfully for his road. He could not sell the road if he wished to do it with such a sword of Damocles hanging over it. The ex-Governor does not seem a bit scared about the city's hint that it could buy, if it wished. He knows the city will not, and it looks like child's play for the city to threaten.

A 60-CENT BENEFIT.

There is much anxious feeling exisitng among the citizens of the "Belt" recently annexed to the city upon the point of attention by the city authorities, or want of attention, to their wants. It is now nearly two years since annexation took place, and but poor effort has been made by the city authorities to redeem the profuse promises made by the orators sent out in the "Belt" election canvas. The streets are in a most horrible condition, worse, we are informed, than ever they were whilst under county authority. We have also been informed that the 60 city policemen do but little more in keeping down crime than did the 30 under county authority, and the people in the "Belt" say the mounted police are no use and not needed. Funny stories are told about the modus operandi and summer siestas of the horse marines. Taking all things into consideration, the people there ought not to complain, they are receiving a 60-cent benefit, all they are entitled to. They wanted a 60-cent 11 Districts-2 to 12, intax rate, with the hope to get a \$1-benefit out | Carroll, of it, but they find themselves mistaken .-When the streets are paved the propertyowners will have to bear their share of the | First. expense, and it will be a 663 rate then, the city | Second, Third, paying one-third. If they want water or gas | Fourth, they will have to pay for it. We expect to hear them ask the Legislature to repeal the 19th Section of the Annexation Act, so that they can be placed upon an equal footing with the Tenth, balance of the city as far as benefits are con- Eleventh, cerned, and that is no more than justice. They will find that a 60-cent tax rate produces a 60 cent benefit. The crafty old spider has the iunocent fly in its parlor and will devour it at Calvert.

leisure. We observe that a mass meeting of "Belt' citizens is to be called under the auspices of the Citizens' Association of North Baltimore, to consider the situation and to "agitate for more recognition from the city authorities."-Mr. Jas. E. Hooper, who is President of the Association, is reported to have said that "the Annex has been neglected and its rights have not been recognized. That, inasmuch as the residents of the Annex will be required to pay their proportion of the \$5,000,000 loan, they should be allowed the benefit of their share of the loan now, in order that necessary improvements could be made."

We trust they will get all they hope for, and we are sure they will have to pay for it. They were very unhappy under county authority. and they appear equally, if not more so, under

the mgis of the city. If our contemporary, the Sun, could hear the "left-handed" compliments paid that journal by citizens of Baltimore for its labors in duping the innocent and trusting "Belt" voter to assist in saddling the incubus, as they call it. upon the city, it would not feel at all as jubifant as it did when its efforts were pronounced a success. But, the knowledge of this would not at all disturb the dreams of the San.

THE WORLD'S FAIR IN 1899.

The disgraceful antics in the New York Legislature for the past three weeks in injecting poli- Baltimore Sun, and published in that journal tics into a World's Fair bill before that body to on Tuesday, 11th, Major John I. Yellott, of allow New York city to issue ten millions of Towson, gives his views on Ballot Reform as dollars in bonds, with which to induce Con- follows: gress to authorize the holding of the proposed Fair in 1892 at New York city, ought to impress Congress to order the Fair held at Washington, the proper place for it. It would be a disgrace in the eyes of the world should it be disgraced in a majority of the eyes of the world should it be disgraced in a majority of the eyes of the world should it be disgraced in a majority of the eyes of the world should it be disgraced in a majority of the eyes of the world should it be disgraced in a majority of the eyes of the world should it be disgraced in a majority of the eyes of the world should it be disgraced in a majority of the eyes of the world should it be disgraced in a majority of the eyes of the world should it be disgraced in a majority of the eyes of the world should it be disgraced in a majority of the eyes of the world should it be disgraced in a majority of the eyes of the world should it be disgraced in a majority of the eyes of the world should it be disgraced in a majority of the eyes of the world should it be a majority of the eyes of the eyes of the world should be a majority of the eyes o known that the Fair was held at New York only upon the dictum of Tom Platt, who does latures of nine States and is in practical operation. not wish it held there unless he can make political capital out of it. Platt is cold-blooded about it. Mayor Grant was authorized to ap-

point about thirty Commissioners who were to make all necessary preparations and conduct the Fair. They are among the most prominent and public-spirited citizens in the city. men of all parties; but, because Mayor Grant named these gentlemen, Mr. Tom Platt alleges that if the Fair is held under their direction, Tammany Hall, as a political organization, will gain the credit. So, to prevent that, Platt induced a Senator to offer an amendment adding the names of eighteen Republicans to the Commission. The Senate passed the amendment. The House previously passed the bill as origipally reported, and thus the matter stands .-Platt controls the Senate, but not the House. The House will not pass the Platt amendment

The House will not pass the Figure amendment the purpose of protection. The simpliest statement the Senate will not pass the bill as passed by ment of the question is an agreement for the necession. the House without the Platt amendment. No stronger evidence ought to be needed by Congress to have nothing to do with the unseemly squabble, and order the Fair held at Washing-ton and appropriate the necessary money to build the required buildings. The people will gladly sanction the appropriation of the necessary amount, and it would come as a graceful act from Congress to do so. There is no telling what turn affairs may take, now that Mr. Platt has given the affair a political tinge.-If the Republicans at Washington believe that they could profit their party by ordering the Fair held at New York under Tom Platt's orders thereby to keep Tammany Hall from gaining any advantage during the Presidential election to take place that year, be sure they would do it. The Republican politicians would sink all honor in the Fair if they thought it necessary to aid them in carrying New York for the Presidency. They care more

for the Presidency than they do for the Fair. And if Tom Platt cannot get the Fair at New | be completely rooted up in Utah and not al-York as he wants it, then he does not want it at lowed to again sprout in this country. We asiderations of money-making will apply to | "faith" may be utterly obliterated. squeeze every cent possible out of the people who would necessarily visit that city. They would welcome all who went there with hospitable hands to financial graves. Only so Chicago got the "boodle." The same thing, in a lesser degree, will apply to St. Louis. But nothing of that kind attaches to Washington. It is

the most beautiful and spacious city in the world. There is ample ground whereon to hold the Fair; its magnificent public buildings; its works of art; its miles and miles of wide, magnificontly paved streets; its lovely drives and general surroundings would attract thousands who would scarcely think of visiting the other cities named. Washington is the spot for the Fair, the people all see it, and Congress knows it and would, without doubt, be carrying out As well might it be said the fire department of | their wishes by ordering it held in that beautiful city. Neither sordid nor political considerations could attach to it. All business men. citizens of all classes, Republicans and Democrats, could meet upon one common level, lay aside all improper considerations and unite to show the world what a magnificent country America is, and what a sturdy race of bril-

> the Fair at Washington. MAYOR DAVIDSON'S APPOINTMENTS Mayor Davidson on Monday sent to the City Councils his "green bag" containing his appointments for two years. There are comparatively few changes, which is high testimony, not only in a civil service point of view but also as to the high character of the appointees.

liant and lordly men inhabit it. Yes, let us

dismiss all sordid and political ideas and have

We annex the most important: Secretary to the Mayor-Wm. H. Love. Clerk to the Mayor—Otis C. Brownley.

Messenger to the Mayor—Joseph W. Whiteford. Comptroller-James R. Horner. City Counsellor-Wm. A. Hammond.

City Solicitor-Albert Ritchie. Examiner of Titles-J. W. McElroy. Finance Commissioners-Enoch Pratt and W. City Collector-Lewis N. Hopkins. dges of the Appeal Tax Court-W. H. B. Fusse baugh, E. J. Chaisty and E. T. Joyce.

Assessors—Frank C. Nicodemus, Elias Rosenbaum

George W. Massamore; and for 21st and 22d Vardu. L. G. Cook. Clerk to Assessors-Francis X. Jenkins. City Commissioner—Alfred E. Smyrk; assistants, Charles P. Kahler, Charles A. Hook, Newton M. City Librarian-George E. Weddeburn (rejected.) Inspector of Buildings-J. Theodore Oster; assisant, Wm. Q. Caldwell. Commissioners for Opening Streets-Bailey K. Kirkand, Samuel F. Sharretts and Lewis Beck. Health Commissioner-Dr. Geo. H. Rohe; assistant

Dr. James F. McShane. Resident Physician Quarantine Hospital-Dr. Si ev O. Heiskell. Commissioner of Street Cleaning-Bart E. Smith. Superintendent of Roads-21st Ward, George Cham bers; 22d Ward, Charles Carroll. Harbor Board-Martin Waguer, E. J. Codd, Fielder C. Slingluff. Fire Commissioners-J. Alex. Preston. John Hunter and George May.

Water Department Commissioners—John F. Hunter, William. A Marburg, Jos. S. Heuisler, John E. Hurst, Clinton P. Paine and F. H. Hambleton. Directors on part of City in Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company—Wm. A. Fisher, Wm. Reed, Robert Ober, Joseph B. Stafford, B. H. Farren, Jacob W. Hook, Lloyd L. Jackson. Directors on part of City in Union Railway Company-John 8. Leib, Walter B. Atee.

MARYLAND CONGRESSIONAL RE-DISTRICTING BILL.

Senator Smith, of Worcester, introduced in the Senate on Friday 7th a bill to re-district the Congressional Districts of this State. The territory included in each of the six Districts of the State, as described in the bill, is shown as follows: FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties. Counties. Worcester Queen Anne, Kent. SECOND DISTRICT. County. Harford. Baltimore City Wards. Twentieth. Twenty-first, Twenty-second THIRD DISTRICT. | Baltimore City-Wards. Rallimore City - Wards. eventh. Sixteenth FOURTH DISTRICT. Baltimore City-Wards. | Baltimore City-Wards. Thirteenth, Eighteenth FIFTH DISTRICT. Counties. Counties St. Mary. altimore county, 1st and Charles.

13th Districts. Saltimore city, Ward 1 Prince George Anne Arundel SIXTH DISTRICT. Counties. Counties. Frederick, dontgomery.

THE BELT RAILROAD.

Favorable Report in House of Delegates In the House of Delegates on Thursday th Committee on Corporations made a favorable report upon Mr. McCabe's bill for the construction and operation of the Belt Railroad in the city of Baltimore and Baltimore county. No

opposition to the bill has as yet been devel-

oped in the Legislature. On Wednesday 12th inst. the Committee on Highways of the City Council held a meeting and heard arguments pro and con as to the construction of the road. Ex-Judge Fisher, counsel of the Belt Line, was present and answered eatisfactorily all questions asked. Thus far s very friendly spirit seems manifest on behalf of the road. It is natural that people who own property through which the road is expected to pass should show concern about it : all they seem to desire is indemnification where serious injury should result. The road seems to have a bright prospect.

BALLOT REFORM.

In response to an inquiry sent out by the Until there shall have been a material reform (

n seven. In five of these States there is no eduational qualification, and in several the percent-ge of illiteracy is greater than in Maryland.— Where tried the law has given satistaction to the The influence of the ward boss, the buildozing em-ployer and the buyer of voters has been much cur-tailed under its operations. I am persuaded it will have the same good effect in Maryland politics and therefore favor ballot reform on the basis of

e Australian plan. When discussing the subject of tariff reform in 87 President Cleveland said: "It is a condition ich confronts us, not a theory." That condi ion confronts us now, and there is imperative need from controls us now, and there is importance need for relief. I regard the tariff question as one not properly belonging to the arena of politics, where sectional bias and partisan prejudice control, but rather one to be settled by the application of business principles and statesmanship. The govern-ment has the unquestioned right to impose tariff axes, but it has that right for the sole purposes of raising the necessary revenues for its legitimate expenses. Protection has been and may yet be good policy, but when given it can only be as incidental to a legitimate exercise of the power to levy im-port duties for the support of the government.— Such is not the present tariff system, its operation

being the imposition of unnecessary taxation for the trinity of needed reform, no one of them affects the people in a greater variety of ways than that of the civil service. It has taken firm root among the intelligent and conservative classes, and cause of truth, became, as it should, a prominent feature of administrative policy, despite the opposi-tion of the statemen who read their own downfall in its success. It is now but an experiment feebly supported, and is susceptible of being improved and the Democratic party should adopt this reform as a part of its creed.

GENTILE SUCCESS AT SALT LAKE. The municipal election at Salt Lake City: Utah, on Monday 10th resulted in the success of the Gentile population. This is a serious blow to the Mormons "faith" in that city, and it is hoped it will kill off this hideous moral monstrosity. Though the dual wife business at this time is very much theoretical, yet it is a blot upon Christian civilization, and should

Among the Democrats leaders of the country Mr.

of sound thought upon the above questions.

When the result of the election was announced the victors went wild with joy, parading the streets with bands, drums and other instruments, as it was the first Gentile success since the organization of the Territory, when Brigham Young halted his caravan and pitched his tents in that beautiful spot surrounded by the grim Rockies and that wonderful body of saline compound, Salt Lake, spread out in the distance, about 8 miles from the city. No city in the world is supplied with purer water than Salt Lake City, brought from the mountains in pipes, a distance of 30 miles, pure, limpid and cool. God has blest that spot, but it is now cursed with the beastly Mormon "faith."

Let the Gentiles give it the "razzle dazzle." JAMES P. BRISCOE APPOINTED CHIEF JUDGE. On Monday 10th inst. Governor Jackson sent to the Senate the name of Mr. John P. Briscoe, of Calvert county, as Chief Judge of the Judicial Circuit vice Hon. Frederick Stone, who arrived at 70 years of age on Friday 7th inst.-Mr. Briscoe is 37 years old and amply qualified for the position. He is a son of Hon. Jas.

the late Governor Hamilton. The Senato confirmed the appointment.

GOV. JACKSON'S APPOINTMENTS. Gov. Jackson on Thursday 13th sent to the Senate appointments for Talbott, Allegany, Washington, Prince George and Calvert counties. We learn the Baltimore county list is

President Harrison seems to have liking for the editorial fraternity. On Monday 10th he again showed his good feeling towards them by sending to the Senate the name of Mr. Charles Emory Smith, editor of the Philadelphia Press, as Minister to Russia. Mr. Smith is a gentleman of distinguished ability and has made the Press a power in the

Republican party. On Thursday 13th the President continued to exhibit his good will towards the editorial fraternity, and sent to the Senate the name of Mr. Harry C. Keeffer, as Postmaster for Frederick city, Md. Mr. Keeffer is editor of the Frederick Examiner, a leading Republican newspaper in Frederick county. In this instance the President has certainly made a most excellents election, as Mr. Keeffer will make Frederick a good Postmaster. He is one of the most intelligent young Republicans in the State, and well deserves the recognition the President has given him. If all the President's appointments of Postmasters of the Frederick city class were up to the mark of such as Mr. Keeffer, it would redound greatly to the service of the people

and the credit of the administration. Justice is not measured by the sordie idea of dollars. Some Republican newspapers are trying to contrast the worth of the West Virginia Gubernatorial contest by the amount but \$1,500. The Republicans are responsible for the spending of the \$50,000. Gov. Wilson was honestly elected, but the Republicans thought that, through the money of the National Republican Committee, they could steal the office of Governor. But they didn't do it, though they tried hard to accomplish it.

Cardinal Guiseppi Pecci, brother of Pope Leo, died at Rome on the 8th inst. from the effects of an attack of la grippe. He was three years older than the Pope. When his brother, the Pope, offered to create him a Cardinal he declined, but upon urgent solicitation of the Sacred College, he accepted. He was a man of great learning and a pious Christian gentleman

The Methodist, as a denomination, are endeavoring to collect money to build a large University at Washington. There is no reason why they should not do it. There are plenty of rich Methodists who are absolutely able to endow it. To do like the liberal Catholics they will have to come down with the dust.

It has been ascertained by the Washington Fire Inspector that superheated steam pipes was the cause of the fire at Secretary Tracey's dwelling on Monday, February 3d .-The Secretary is recovering his usual health and in a few days will again resume his duties in the Department.

in New York was brought up standing by the Judge on Tuesday for charging an excessive fee. He had collected \$9,543 for a widow i Ireland from the estate of her deceased brother in Schenectady, New York, and charged a fee of \$5,235.54. The JOURNAL is indebted to Mr. John A. Robb, City Register, for a neatly-bound copy

of the recent message of Mayor Davidson, ac-

An attorney in Judge Lawrence's Court

financial condition of the city. There is no doubt that the city is in good financial condi-On Monday 10th inst. the National Bank of Baltimore moved into its newly-constructed apartments, which have been provided through the improvements made in the

old building. The Bank is now one of the

Mr. John R. Clark, a prominent citisen of Howard county, died at his residence on the 10th inst. aged 53 years. He had held several offices of honor and profit in his native county. Now, Johnson goes on to say from his so-

[Correspondence of the Maryland Journal.] OUR ANNAPOLIS LETTER.

ANNAPOLIS, Feb. 13th, 1890. If we except the bill to lease the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal to the Washington and Cumberland Railroad, no very important bills were introduced the past week. All the important committees are steadily at work considering the bills before them. It is likely that next week several important measures will reported and their consideration commenced There seems scarcely a doubt that a fair an equitable ballot bill, embracing features of the ustralian ballot law, will be passed for Baltimore city. Not a single county in the State is known to ask for the Australian ballot law, as they regard its machinery too complex.-They claim that the elections in their respective counties are fair, and the votes counted, so they do not deem it necessary to saddle the people with any additional expense, or any complicated or new machinery for the voter. From a certain numbur of Democrats and Republicans in Baltimore there is a clamor for the Australian ballot law, and it is quite likely that a modified but effective law will be passed

for that city. LIVELY MAGISTRATES. Possibly the largest and liveliest body of Saltimore county magistrates which ever visited Annapolis in a body were here on Wedaesday before the Judiciary Committee in behalf of the bill to extend the jurisdiction of Justices of the Peace in criminal cases. They wrestled with Senator Lindsay and Mesers. Rich, Slade, McCabe, Parlett and Drach, in the louse, and would have gone through Speaker Inbner, but he was safely ensconsed in his hair, and that alone saved him. The Speaker, owever, is impressed with the importance of he demand of the magistrates, as he recognizes that there would likely be a saving in Court expenses were the jurisdiction of magistrates extended; besides being more convenient for witnesses and others compelled to attend trials. Nearly every District in Baltimore county was

THE CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO CANAL. Your delegate, Mr. Rich, on Thursday, 13th, eceived many compliments for the able manner in which he discussed the proposed lease of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal. Dr. Shaw and Mr. Kilgore are recognized as able debators, but Mr. Rich did not flinch. He met all the arguments and carried the House with him upon the point to solicit the opinion of Attorney General Whyte as to the Constitutional bearings upon the subject. Mr. Rich was sustained by a vote of 58 yeas to 23 nays.

Feb. 10th.—Bills introduced—By Mr. Lindsay o amend the law, title "Husband and Wife." so as to provide that when a wife acquired property from her husband in prejudice of his reditors, such creditors shall assert their claims within one year. Also, to sanction the bequest of Edward Day. deceased, to the St. John's parish, Baltimore

and Harford counties. Feb. 11th.-Bill introduced-By Mr. Poe, to authorize the leasing of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal to the Washington and Cumberland Railroad.

The Re-districting bill-Mr. Smith, from the Committee on Elections, reported favorably the bill to re-district the Congressional Districts of Maryland. Senators Urner, of Frederick, and Randall, of Anne Arundel, tried to be funny about the bill, but it was finally Feb. 12.—Senate bills passed—To pay claim

f J. Harman Schone, taxes overpaid. To reduce the salary of the County Commis sioners of Baltimore County from \$1,000 to

Feb. 13.—Bill introduced—By Mr. Lindsay to incorporate the Baltimore County Trust, De posit and Security Company, naming as corporators Meyer Stein, of Baltimore city, and Messrs, Joseph W. Jenkins, Jr., Lawrence B McCabe, James Rittenhouse, Wm. H. Ruby, James J. Lindsay, John B. Longnecker and Samuel M. Rankin, of Baltimore county. Lesse of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal. The bill to lease the Chesareake and Ohio Canal to the Washington and Baltimore Railroad Company was made the special order for Tuesday, 18th, at 12.30. It was read a second

Feb. 10th.—Leaves to introduced bills-To Mr. Hubner, to renew the charter of the Balti more Warehouse Company. Also, to amend the charter of the Loudon Park Cemetery Company. . Feb. 11th .- Leaves to introduce bill-To Mr Drach, to regulate the fee and salary of the In

HOURE.

spector of Weights and Measures of Baltimor T. Briscoe, who was Secretary of State under Unfavorable Report Adopted-House bill i troduced by Mr. Luird, to adjust and settle finally all pending controversies between the State and the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, and proposing to repeal and set aside the settlement made by the State with the B and O. under the act of 1878, was reported unfavorably and the report was adopted. Second reading of House bill-To prevent the sale of liquor at Monkton, Baltimore

> Bills introduced-To Mr. Parlett, to allow the voters of Baltimore county to determine by ballot whether liquor shall be or shall not be sold in that county. To Mr. Rich, sanctioning the holding of certain ground by Christ Church. Baltimore city. Favorable report.-Mr. McCabe's bill providing for the mode of constructing the Baltimore Unfavorable report.—The Committee on Elec-

> Belt Railroad in Baltimore city and county. tions reported unfavorably the resolution of Mr. Richardson requesting the congressional Representatives of Maryland at Washington to vote against the Civil-Service law. Mr. Richardson moved to substitute the resolution for the unfavorable report, and made a patriotic speech in favor of it. The motion was lost and the unfavorable report adopted. Second reading of bill-Reducing the sala-

ries of the County Commissioners of Baltimore To refund tax money overpaid by J. Harma Canal lease bill-Mr. Rich offered the follow ing order: That the Attorney-General be and he is hereby requested to furnish the House by Wednesday next, if he can, his opinion upon the following points in reference to the provisions of House bill No. 32 in reference to leasing the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal to the Washington and Cumberland Railroad: 1. Are any of the provisions of the said bill in conflict with any of the provisions of the

Constitution of this State? 2. Are any of the provisions of the said bill onerous on the State or impossible of performance by it? 3. Are the interests and property right the State as fully protected be the provisions of money (\$50,000) it is said to have cost to of the said bill as they can be consistently determine the affair, and saying the West ington and Cumberland Railroad Company to be tending, in this age of the world; and the Virginians paid their Governor a salary of the board of public works for a lease of the cool, calculating, solf-interested manner of sapeak and Ohio Canal i

The debate upon this bill was the most brilliant of any subject which has yet been before the House. It was participated in by Mr. Rich. Dr. Shaw, and Mr. Kilgore from Montgomery. Mr. Rich made an able argument. He said he did not wish to defeat the proposed bill, in asking that the Attorney-General should be requested to give his opinion, but that he was anxious that the General Assembly, in passing upon so important a matter, should know that every thing was based upon legal status and that the State was able to carry out what she indertook.

[Correspondence of the Maryland Journal.] LETTER FROM WOODENSBURG. Woodensburg, Baltimore Co.,

February 8th, 1890. To the Editor of the JOURNAL: I have noticed in your valuable weekly of the 1st inst. an answer to my last correspon dence, the writer of which I see signs his full name, thus, "J. Arthur Johnson." Your present correspondent has no desire to become quite so widely known, therefore we sail under a different flag which we call nom de plume .-We should not have taken any pains to answer his amount-to-naught letter had it not have been for some unsavory and we think ungenerous remarks casting reflection and slur not only upon your correspondent but also upon one of our most estimable citizens-Jacob D. Geist. No man in the 4th or any other District has in general been of more use to the travelling public than Mr. Geist, so far as the mending of roads is concerned.

Johnson says in mentioning the road teisterstown to Cockeysville that that road is in ample order as far as Mr. Geist's domicile : or, in other words, as he says, to the crossroads leading by Barr's Mill, and there all good ceases. Now, Johnson, at this point just put your hand on your mouth and forever hereafter hold your pen motionless, except you know what you are talking of when you are thus slandering of your neighbor, for there is not one word of it correct.

In the first place, there is no cross-road whatever leading by Baar's Mill. There is, of course, a county road intersecting the Glyndon Road opposite Mr. Geist's house, then a private companied by documents, showing the entire | road leading to Mr. Geist's house and mill, liable at Mr. Geist's pleasure to be closed up the same, consequently no cross-road and not to be used by the public except by the said Geist's permission. Second, there is no public road within at least one-half mile of Barr's Mill; and again, Barr's have no mill. However, the road that Johnson has stumbled over in a violent attack of nightmare or

hydrophobia is in very passable condition as however, appear those depraved officials who far as Fowble's woods, over two-thirds of its | vault into their positions by frault or force, or length, and from that point we admit that it is | purchase them outright for mosey. We may most secure, convenient and comfortable in the | none of the best; and why from the point I | try to put the best face we can upon matters as above referred to to where it intersects the they now stand; but if we are highest ourselves, road leading from the Old Hanover Road to | we must blush for our government; and that Dover was, in the first instance, located on such ground as will never be of any use to the when they really desire to be petriotic. public owing to the marshy, sinking soil, we It sounds rather paradexical to say so, but annot see.

maid cross-road to Dover post office that the road is fearfully had and almost impassable. nent members of it were not so extremely pious and good. For persons making no pro-Now, why is there only one bad place on that fession of piety to have come 'into power by road, and that almost within a gun-shot of improper methods, would have been quite bad enough; but when devout and strictly religohnson's house? This is quite easily answered by anyone riding along this road from ious Christians make themselves parties to the llyndon to Dover Road. Let us take a bird's grossest of political corruptions, it is time for eye view of the route from Reisterstown to all honest people to stand in awe of possible Dover. After leaving the turnpike along the The awful calamities that have already at-

Meil property to Glyndon and on to Mr. Geist's

and the farm formerly and I suppose now

introduce the cat-o'-nine tail.

Pennsylvania and works well.

fellow-man.

wool-gathered.

Some tell us that the writer of the lette

dated January 25th is a school teacher. I

not properly learned the first principles of good

craft. For a number of years we have been a

and before I cease this writing I would say

that "la grippe" is prevalent among our people.

Quite a number of deaths have taken place.

Theodore Gill buried his wife yesterday after

an illness of only four days. Some whole fami-

A few days since Mr. Augustus Burke, of Ar-

cadia, received a severe fall. He was standing

on his store porch talking with a friend when

he complained of his back itching. He turned

around as he thought to scratch against the

porch post, and, being a small man, only weigh-

ng a little over 200 pounds, missed the post

and fell backward to the ground, a distance of

about three feet. Fortunately for him, how-

in broad daylight. The accident occurred in

the afternoon, but he declared that he had not

eaten his breakfast nor his dinner, consequent-

ly it took quite an amount of beefsteak to fill

him up. After an application of mustard to

representatives of a more efficient law to pro-

tect wild game. Gunners are still sneaking

about the woods for rabbits. Fences are being

broken down, whether they are board or wire.

Correspondence of the Maryland Journal.]

OUR BALTIMORE LETTER.

Non Sequitur-A Festive Saint's Declin-

ing Power-"This Way Lies Ambition"-

Surviving Customs-Trend of Our Race-

bliged to go around masquerading as the emis-

But, there being limits to the sway of this

silly little potentate, plain, practical people

are at liberty to pursue the even tenor of their

plodding ways, as well upon the feast day of

the love-making Saint, as upon any other of

the several hundreds of days that go to make

up the routine of the matter of fact years of

humanity. So no young or old maid with a

distaste for domesticity, and no impecunious

swain who cannot afford to marry, need

feel any fear of being bound an unwill-

ing captive to the little god's chariot wheels,

as a preliminary to being harnessed up and

made to travel double for the remainder of

Thus, the Valentine business, which once

had its very serious uses, has in our day lansed

into a sort of poetical jest. A pretty picture,

with a few sentimental verses, may be pleas-

ant to look at, and all well enough in its way,

but it means nothing serious; now-a-days

though for matter of that there is not much

else of life that is taken seriously, at this date.

Now that so many young women have learned to support themselves, and find that they can

have a festive time, independent of man's ty-

ranny, and freed from home drudgery, why marriage has lost the most of its value in the

eyes of many; while the young men, too

often consider it policy not to burden them-

Marriages do still occur, sometimes, it i

true; and it will probably be a long time be-

fore this old custom of making home quite

dies out from among us, along with our belief

in creeds, and many other ancient practices

that were once deemed the indispensable fac-

tors of our great humanity. But this is cer-

tainly the direction in which things seems to

proceeding, on the part of the present race of

and makes us wonder what the next chapter

of our history will be. Though it is possible

may set the tide in a different direction.

of course, that some unforseen turn of affairs

By one of those coincidence, which some-

imes occur in mundane matters, it happened

that while we were celebrating the centennial

of the organization of our Federal Judiciary,

at New York, last week, the Hebrews there,

and here, and elsewhere over the world, were

commemorating the three thousand, three

hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the

establishment of their own high court

of justice and equity. Though the He-

brews, to be sure, did not make so much

stir over their celebration as we did over ours,

having done so vast an amount of celebrating

But the subject of our Supreme Court is not

one to be dismissed with a mere mention when

For as this branch of our federal government

seems to enjoy the unique distinction of being

the one only absolutely pure and incorruptible

body among the governmental powers of our

nation, it is the one which we still have the

privilege of regarding with pride and venera-

tion, and the only one upon which we can base

any well-founded hope with regard to the per

There is certainly something to glorify our

selves over in the statement that "in glancing

over the history of this Court, and at the

names of the learned and high-minded men

who have occupied places upon this Bench, one

cannot but realize what an august institution

it is. In the long catalogue there has never

been an unworthy member. Men have sat

there from all parts of the country and pos-

sessed of widely divergent views; but the

foremost principle with each has been to ad-

This is high praise; but it is more. For

knowing, as we do, of the fraud and corrup-

tion which so often infest the executive and

legislative branches of our government, it is

avident that we shall have to go to our Supreme

Court to find the ten men for whose ake our

modern Sodom may be spared from destruction

So whatever else of our national pessession

Bench as our one hope of national selvation.

we may sacrifice, let us guard the Supreme

one has an opportunity to speak of it at all .-

in their time, that the process has, no doubt

became very monotonous to them.

petuity of our national existence.

minister justice."

selves with family cares and expenses.

saries of that unreasoning, light-headed, mis-

chief-making, arch knave, Cupid.

Question

NOW AND THEN.

We are anxiously awaiting to hear from our

his back, in a day or so he was all O. K.

thinking upon the subject of the wrong doings worked by our Hon, ex Sheriff Tracy, stone of the pious; and have raised the question are nearly as scarce as hens' teeth. Is it be cause those properties were never stony, either whether a righteous Providence-if there is upon the surface or in the soil? Nay, verily all those farms for a distance of over 21 miles do wickedly without visiting them with any are clean, both field and headrow, almost every expression of disapprobation. It does not matagailable stone having been broken into the ter about the wicked, of course; those who oad, either by Mr. Geist or his employees. are on the high road to perdition, and can be settled with at the other end of the line. But It is quite amusing to see how Johnson has kicked and scratched over my last article.for the illustrious Christian who is going When I referred to a poll-tax he says, look at a traight to Heaven, to enjoy everlasting felicithe vast injustice, while he openly acknowl- ty, justice would seem to require some sort of edges its good points. Ah! did it hurt him a squaring of accounts on this side of the great much? We had no such idea when we wrote gulf that separates the illustrious Wanamakers that article that it would become a law, so that from those whom they have wronged upon Johnson would either pay his dollar or shoul-But after all, when we come to think of it, der the pick and shovel, which, we believe, he has always looked upon in a contemptible manit does not seem to have been the Wanamaker ner so far as his use of them is concerned; and of the Scriptural history who was carried by

yet they are indispensable with every good the angels to Abraham's bosom. Somebody

farmer. With the poll-tax we referred to there seems to have gotten things all wrong; at

would be little chance for the lazy ones to least in the application of the story. The

shirk. It would be either work or pay, es | story itself is all right, but somehow, the appecially were the section boss empowered plication fails to apply; and the subject remains as mysterious as ever. One ridiculous comparison Johnson has made About the only thing that appears clear with n his letter of the 25th of January is compar regard to such cases is the fact that in most of them the innocent are involved in the calami-ties that should properly be visited upon the in Liber W. M. I., No 111, folio 383, &c., the under ing your right to the idle tale of Rip Vanwinkle. Well, if caught in a nap we have the pos guilty. And the clearness of this consists prinitive assurance we have with our dog and gun not missed fire, but sorry, indeed, that cipally in its being clearly inexplicable. It Johnson, who is no tax-payer, has been so would be a charitable work if your local Solon, "Senex," would elucidate this subject for the deeply pierced, though our aim was to hear from such as are under the burden of taxation readers of the JOURNAL; unless he is already submerged in the deep and endless matter of unnecessarily. The plan we referred to is today worked in Butler and other counties of your interminable roads.

The Duke of Orleans, who, with his father, the Count of Paris, and all Bonapartists, such is the case we think that he himself has were banished by the French government when moral culture, else he would not, with the aid the Republic was established, returned to Paris of a two-fold magnifying glass, try to discover last week. He was arrested and tried for havthe mote that is in his brother's eye, not discerning the mighty beam in his own. Others ing violated the order of the government and tell us that he is a minister of the Gospel. If was sentenced to two years imprisonment. The so, then he is not practising what he preaches Duke stated that he returned to Paris to enlist when he wantonly assails our name. We have in the French army. A great crowd of excited read, it is true, the Pilgrim's Progress, but our frail bark is not anchored. Moreover, we are Frenchmen collected at the prison and cheered rather particular as to what harbor we turn our the Duke. The crowd was dispersed by the correspondent of different papers, always using

the greatest caution as to how we speak of our American Traveller-The brigands yes erday carried off my wife and the pug dog. Again, we are charged with being a constant Friend-Well, but isn't that your wife over reader of Holy Writ. Well, we are proud of it. on the hotel steps? But Johnson can have the poor little ewe lamb, American Traveller-Yes; they released her, as my readers will plainly see how sadly he is out they are holding the pug dog for ranson.

[Frank Leslie's. My time is getting rather short, however,

It is the wife of the late husband who interested in "the coming man." [Boston Courier.

Died. There is a Reaper whose name is DEATH,
And, with his sickle keen,
He reaps the bearded grain at a breath, And the flowers that grow between,

OWENS.—At Catonsville, Baltimore county, on February 9tn, 1890, CLARA, infant of S. Morgan and Mary Owens. MATTHEWS .- At Gunpowder, Baltimore county ever, he received no serious injury, but avowed on February 10th, 1890, JOHN MATTHEWS, in the 90th that he saw an innumerable number of stars | year of his age.

The Markets. BALTIMORE MARKET. THURSDAY, Feb. 3 FLOUR-Howard Street Super...\$ 2.25 @ \$ 2.75 Family.. Patapaco Extra..... 5.00 @ Family..... 3.25 1.10 Some of these gunners keep ferrets, and there is no place that game can hide to escape them. Western Red..... CORN-Southern White..... Yellow.... " Western..... OATS-Southern.... ROVISIONS-Shoulders..... ides..... Hams..... OTATOES—Per Bushel..... UTTER.....

A Judicial Coincidence-A Unique Distinction-Our One Hope-Reprehensible Goodness---Calamitous Consequences---A Reported for the JOURNAL by N. B. Merryman, Eastern Hay Scales, Greenmount Avenue: BALTIMO RE, February 14th, 1890. IMOTHY HAY-Per Ton..... 8.00 @ 11.00 Fortunately, the mere fact of using this date LOVER HAY-Per Ton..... 7.00 @ STRAW-Wheat.... oes not turn every document to which it is Rye..... 10.00 @ 12.00 appended into a bona fide Valentine. Other-Oat..... 8.00 wise, numerous prosy private letters, and cer-CORN-Per Barrel..... 2.00 @ tain distasteful promissory notes, and various other formidable legal papers, would be

TOWSON MEAT MARKET. THE OLD STAND, York Road near the Post Office. We are selling to our customers and the publi vho may favor us with a call BEEF, VEAL, LAMB, MUTTON, SMOKED BEEF TONGUES. PORK, BACON, SMOKED SAUSAGE, &c.

All of the best quality and at the lowest prices.

ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED. Meats delivered within a reaonable distance C. HARRIS COLLINGS. Successor to BAMUEL COLLINGS.

PIGS AND SHOTES FOR SALE.
AT PLANTERS PARADISE FARM, Back River Neck, on Back River Neck Road near Eastern Avenue Road JNO. N. FOSS. MOR SALE.

ICKORY, OAK AND PINE WOOD by the cord SOAKED PUMP STOCKS kept constantly on Apply to JAMES R. GORDON, Pump Maker, Towson, Md Feb. 15,--1m NATOUNT MORIAH LODGE, 116,

A. F. & A. M. A stated communication of Mount Moriah Lodge A. F. & A. M., will be held in THE TEMPLE, Tow Tursday, February 18th, A. L. 5890, At 71% o'clock P. M.

By order of the W. M. ROBERT FEAST, proceeding, on the part of the present race of young people, is something new under the sun, Office of the Board of School Commissioners)

OF BALTIMORE COUNTY, MASONIC TEMPLE, TOWSON, Feb. 11th, 1890. Notice is hereby given that a Competative Exami-nation for a SCHOLARSHIP IN ST. JOHN'S COL-EGE will be held at the office of the School Board On Thursday and Friday, the 20th and 21s of February, 1890. Examinations to commence at 10 A. M. each day Any one wishing to take this examination must pe present 10 A. M. on February 20th, otherwise

By order of the Board.
CHARLES B. ROGERS. Secretary. Feb. 15.-1t MIRE! FIRE!! FIRE!!!

Before making contracts for Insurance apply for STRAIGHT RATES to JAMES K. GIES, AGENT FOR

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK. -OFFICE-MASONIC BUILDING, TOWSONTOWN, MD. Feb. 15.—8t By S. Gover Wilson, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

CONTINENTAL

HORSES, COWS, Wagons and Implements, AT BALDWIN STATION, M. C. R. R., -ON THE-HARFORD ROAD, IN LONG GREEN VALLEY The undersigned having rented his farm, will sel at Public Sale, in Long Green Valley, Baltimore Wednesday, February 26th, 1890.

At 10 o'clock A. M. sharp. THE FOLLOWING PROPERTY, VIZ.: 4 Milch Cows, (Alderny) 8 fresh in March;
8 Heifers, heavy with Calf; 2 Spring
Cow Calves, 1 thoroughbred Jersey Bull two years old, 1 fine young Mare
six years old, 1 Sorrel Driving Mare, 2 Mare
Colts 8 years old this spring, 1 Horse Colt 18 months Bench as our one hope of national salvation.

The men who were to be chosen for the high court of the Hebrews were to be "able men, such as fear God; men of truth, heting gain." Bo that even in that early period of the world's history they were required to come up to a high standard, as do our own Supreme Judges. In what pitiful contrast with these characters, he was a such as the set of the world and the spring, 1 Horse Colt 18 months old; 1 Mare Colt 10 months old; 1 two-horse Market Wagon, 1 two-horse Market Wagon, 1 bougy, built by Arthur; 1 Carriage, 1 Dayton Wagon. 1 Boad Cart, 1 Sleigh, 1 Sinclair Cutting Box, 1 Buckeye Reaper and Mower, 1 Tiger Horse Rake, 1 Hooseye Reaper and Mower, 1 Tiger Horse Rake, 1 Hooseye Reaper and Mower, 1 Grindstone, 2 Oliver Harrow, 1 Grindstone, 2 Oliver Chillied Plows, right and left: Chilled Plows, right and left;

Shovel Plows, Cultivators, Hay Fork, Shovels, Forks, Plow, Wagon and Carriage Harness, single and double; Picks, Grubbing Hoes, Horse and Cow Halters, &c. Also, 1 large Apple Butter Kettle, Corn in Crib, Hay, Oats and many other articles not mentioned, such as Stoves, Tables, &c.

Tornes of Sale.—All sums of \$10 and under, Cash; over that amount a credit of 9 months, on with approved security, hearing interest from iotes with approved security, bearing interest from R. SWORMSTEDT. our present administration if the most promi- Feb. 15.-2t

Acw Advertisements.

\$100 REWARD. The above reward will be paid for the ARREST AND CONVICTION of the person who set fire, on the morning of Monday, the 10th February, 1890, to the Barrack at Homeland, near Govanstown. E. G. PERINE, 18 E. Lexington St., Baltimore. Feb. 15.-3t* tended this administration have set people to

INLECTION OF DIRECTORS. one-would be likely to allow good people to MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO. IN BALTIMORE CO. February 10th, 1890. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN. That the Annual Meeting of the members of the COMPANY will be

Monday, the 3d day of March, 1890, Between 12 and 2 o'clock P. M., t the Company's Office, No. 201 N. Holliday Street Saltimore, for the purpose of electing THIRTEEN DIRECTORS for the ensuing year.
FRANCIS SHRIVER, Feb. 15.—2t

Venable & Packard, Attorneys, 207 N. Cal-vert St., Baltimore. MORTGAGEE'S SALE OF A VALUABLE DWELLING HOUSE and LOT, -AND-VALUABLE GROUND RENTS.

N THE ANNEXED DISTRICT OF BALTIMORE By virtue of the power contained in a mortgage rom George G. Hooper to Richard M. Venable from George G. Hooper to Richard M. Venable, Trustee, dated September 15th, 1884, and recorded signed, attorney named in the mortgage, will, On Wednesday, March 12th, 1890, At three o'clock P. M.,

the PREMISES, sell at PUBLIC AUCTION, al

IN HOMESTEAD.

the following described property, that is to say, the following YEARLY RENTS and the fee simple reversions to which they are appurtenant : EIGHT ANNUAL RENTS, each of \$37.50, issning respectively out of eight contiguous lots of ground on the south side of Jefferson Street, in Lastern iomestead, in the annexed District of Baltimore city, beginning for the first thereof at the southwest corner of Taylor and Jefferson Streets, and fronting twenty-five feet on Jefferson Street, and running back, with a uniform width, one hundred feet t the centre of a ten-foot alley, with the use thereof And beginning for the 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th of said lots at the distances respectively of 25, 50, 75, 100, 125, 150 and 175 feet west from the said southwest corner of Taylor and Jefferson Streets and each fronting 25 feet on the south side of Jefferson Street and extending back with a uniform

width of 100 feet to the contre line of a ten-foot al ley with the use thereof in common Each of said lots being improved by a COMFORTABLE FRAME DWELLING HOUSE. and each of said rents being redeemable at any time upon the payment of \$625, with all accrued rent and a proportionate part of that to come due. (see lease from George G. Hooper to Herbert Hooper dated 3d July, 1885, and recorded among the Land Records of Baltimore County, in Liber W. M. I., No. 148, folio 149, etc.)

Also, the following fee-simple property situated a Eastern Homestead in the annexed District of ALL THAT LOT adjoining the aforesaid lots of the west beginning for the same at a point on the south side of Jefferson street distant 200 feet westerly from the southwest corner of Taylor and Jefferson streets and fronting 152 feet on Jefferson street and extending back with a uniform width of 100 feet to the centre of the 10-foot alley above men-This lot is improved by a substantial BRICK DWELLING AND OUTBUILDINGS.

Terms of Sale .- One-third Cash, and balance n six and twelve months in equal installments: d ferred payments to bear interest from day of sale and to be secured to the satisfaction of the undersigned: or all Cash, at the option of the purchases Taxes and water rents to be adjusted to the day o sale. A cash payment at the time of sale of \$20 on each of said rents, and of \$50 on the said fee-simple lot will be required. JOSEPH PACKARD, JR., Attorney named in the Mortgage. WM. SEEMULLER & CO., Auctioneers. Feb. 15.—ts

By Samuel G. Wilson, Auctioneer. PUBLIC SALE HORSES. Farm Implements, A CANNING HOUSE AND COMPLETE OUTFIT. A FARM OF 317 ACRES. The undersigned, intending to discontinue farm ng and canning, will sell at PUBLIC SALE, ON THE PREMISES, known as the WOOLSTON FARM, near Hoffman's Store, Chestnut Ridge, and 11/4 miles

south of Shawan, on

Tuesday, February 18th, 1890. At 10 o'clock A. M., THE FOLLOWING PERSONAL PROPERTY, VIZ: (HEAD HORSES, large six-horse Wagon, oad-tread; 1 small Farm 1 COW, n, for three or four horses lay Carriage, 3 two horse Cultivators, Corn Marker, 1 Corn Planter, 3 Syra-Plows, Harrows, Cultivators. hovel Plows and a large collection of small Farm Tools generally; complete set of Har

ness for six-horse team, Harness for four-horse team chains of all kinds, and in fact everything usually found on a large and well-stocked farm. About 100 barrels of Corn, lot of Mixed Hay, &c. ---ALSO---A COMPLETE CANNING HOUSE OUTFIT.

consisting of 1 forty-horse Boiler, 1 very large Pro-cess Kettle, 3 Exhaust Tubs, 1 Steam Pump, 2 Plat-Cases of two-pound Cans and a large number of ther articles used in the canning business. At the same time we will offer the farm, situated as above, and containing 317 ACRES OF LAND with good improvements, including Dwelling, large Barn, Canning House, 40x64 feet, and all the neces sary smaller buildings. If the farm is not dispose on day of sale it will be for rent. Terms of Sale .- All sums of \$10 and under. cash on sums over that amount a credit of nine months purchasers giving notes with approved security learing interest from day of sale. Notes made

payable at Bank. No goods to be removed until erms are fully complied with.

For further information apply to

THE BELMONT PACKING COMPANY, At the office of Denny & Mitchell, Undertakers Cor. Fayette Street and Carrollton Ave., Baltimore. SAMUEL G. WILSGN, Auctioneer.

Feorge R. Willis, Attorney, Courtland Street MORTGAGEE'S SALE DWELLING HOUSE & LOT, I AT HIGHLANDTOWN. 12TH DISTRICT, BALTIMORE COUNTY. I will, in execution of the power contained in mortgage from Conrad Goettig to the Confidence Loan and Savings Association of Baltimore City, dated November 25th, 1887, and recorded among the Mortgage Records of Baltimore County, in Liber J. W. S., No. 134, folio 290, &c., sell by Public Auction,

Tuesday, the 25th day of February, 1890, At 4 o'clock P. M., ALL THAT LOT OF GROUND situated in Highlandtown, Baltimore County, o east side of a forty foot street laid out Third Street and Highland Avenue, and called recond Street, distant 85 feet south from Gough Street and running thence southerly on the east side o Second street 15 feet and extending easterly of even ted the 26th day of August, 1856, and recorded as width a depth of 8t feet. Subject to the payment aforesaid in Liber H. M. F., No. 16, folio 365, &c., of width a depth of 8i feet. Subject to the payment of the annual ground rent of \$26 25. Improved by A TWO-STORY BRICK DWELLING HOUSE. Terms of Sale .- One-third of the purchase noney in Cash on the day of sale, and the balance in two equal payments of six and twelve months

with interest, or all cash as the purchaser may elect GEORGE R. WILLIS, Attorney named in Mortgage. MATTHEWS & KIRKLAND, Auctioneers. Walter R. Townsend, Louis P. Hennighau sen. Trustees. TRUSTEES' SALE

VALUABLE LITTLE FARM, A -NEAR-CHASE'S STATION, P., W. & B. R. R., -IN THE12TH DISTRICT OF BALTIMORE COUNTY. By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Bal timore County, in Equity, passed in a cause where-in Anna F. Gerwig and husband were complain-ants, and August F. Lay and others were defen-dants, the undersigned, trustees, will offer at Pub-lic Sale, on the premises, on Monday, the 34th day of February, 1890. At 11 o'clock A. M., ALL THAT NICE LITTLE FARM, CONTAINING ABOUT 21 ACRES OF LAND, ituated on the P., W. & B. R. R., near Chase's Sta

tion. The improvements consist of a STORE AND DWELLING. Barn, Corn House, Hen House, Wagon Sheds, &c.— This property is nicely situated and is convenient to Churches, Schools, Post Office, &c.

Terms of Sale as prescribed by the decree
are:—One-third Cash, balance in two equal payments of six and twelve months each, the credit payments to bear interest and to be secured atisfaction of the Trustees.
WALTER R. TOWNSEND.
LOUIS P. HENNIGHAUSEN, Trustees. Feb. 1.—ts

N. Rufus Gill, Attorney, 110 St. Paul St. Baltimore. MORTGAGEE'S SALE VALUABLE VACANT LOT W. CORNER OF CHARLES AND FIFTH STS. In execution of the power given in and by the mortgage from John Carson and wife to the under-signed mortgages, dated June 4th, 1887, and recordundersigned, mortgagee, will soil by Public Auction, on the premises, on Monday, the 17th day of February, 1890, At 41/2 o'clock P. M., ALL THAT VACANT LOT OF GROUND. Situate at the S. W. corner of Charles and Fift Streets, in the city of Baltimore, (formerly Balti-

more county) fronting fifty feet on Charles Street and having a depth of 185 feet on Fifth Street to a 20-foot street, and of even width. In fee-simple.

Terms.—One-third Cash, balance in equal instalments at six and twolve months from the day of sale, with interest, or all cash at the option the purchaser. A deposit of \$200 will be required TAYLOR & ORBAMER, Auctioneefs.

Beni Estate Zuleg.

W. Gill Smith, Attorney at Law, Tower town, Md. SALE OF MORTGAGED PREMISES THE SIXTH ELECTION DISTRICT, BALTIMORE COUNTY,
ON THE ROAD LEADING FROM BOCKDALE MILL TO MIDDLETOWN, AND ABOUT FOUR MILES FROM MIDDLETOWN By virtue of the power contained in a Mortgage from Henry S. Baker, Jr. Sarah C. Baker, his wife, and Anna Baker, widow of Henry S. Baker, Sr., deceased, to Wesley Royston and Wesley A. Royston, dated 18th July, 1881, and recorded among the Mortgage Rocords of Baltimore county, in Liber W. M. I., No. 95, folio 82, &c., which said Mortgage was duly assigned by said Mortgages to the undergraded by said processes to the undergraded by the undergraded by the processes to the undergraded by the processes

> rded among said Morigage Records of Baltimore county, the undersigned, Assignce, will offer at PUBLIC SALE, AT THE DOOR OF THE COURT HOUSE IN TOWSONTOWN, On Tuesday, the 18th of February, 1890, At the hour of 12 o'clock M., LL THE FOLLOWING TRACTS, PIECES, PAR-CELS OR PARTS OF TRACTS OF LAND, Situate, lying and being in Baltimore county FIRST.
> ALLTHAT PIECE OR PART OF A TRACT OF LAND. Called "Stiltz's Deer Park," or by whatever name the same may be called, situate in said county, and

signed by assignment, dated January 23d, 1890, and

fully described in a deed from Henry S. Baker, Br., and Anna, his wife, to Henry S. Baker, Jr., dated on or about the 13th day of June, 1867, and duly recorded among the Land Records of Baltimore county, in Liber J. H. I., No. 53 folio 485, &c., conaining in one piece 47 ACRES AND 30 PERCHES OF LAND, more or less, and in another piece ACRE, 3 ROODS AND 25 PERCHES OF LAND MORE OR LESS.

SECOND. ALSO, ALL THOSE TWO PIECES OR PARCELS
OF LAND,
Described in a deed from Jacob S. Baker and Elizabeth, his wife, to said Henry 8. Baker, Jr., dated about the 10th day of October, 1877, and duly recorded among the Land Records of said county, in Liber J. B., No. 104, folio 59, known as "Stiltz's Deer

ark." or by whatever name the same may be called he first piece containing 39 ACRES OF LAND, MORE OR LESS. And the other containing 2 ACRES AND 78 PERCHES OF LAND, MORE OR LESS.

ALSO, ALL THAT PIECE OR PARCEL OF LAND Described in a deed from Ann Hughes and Geo. A. Hughes, her husband, to said Henry 3. Baker, dated on or about the 13th day of December, A. D. 1876. and duly recorded among the Land Records of Bal-timore county, in Liber J. B., No. 104, folio 56, &c. known by the name of "Lovely Plains Enlarged. or whatever other name the same may be called

17% ACRES OF LAND, MORE OR LESS. The said land described in said second and third pieces are also described in a confirmatory deed rom Jacob S. Baker and others to said Henry Baker, dated on or about the 16th day of July, 1881 and recorded among the Land Records of Baltimore county. Excepting out of the aforesaid par-cels of land one acre, deeded by said Henry S. Baker to the School Commissioners of Baltimore county, and recorded among the Land Records of Baltimore county, in Liber J. B., No. 97, folio 98, &c., being all and the same land described in the aforesaid mortgage, containing in the aggregate about 109½ ACRES.

Improved by a comfortable LOG DWELLING HOUSE, STABLE, SPRING Some fruit and well watered. This property is situated in a healthy and flour-ishing neighborhood, convenient to churches, schools, postoffice, and would make a comfortable home and snug farm, and is in a good state of cultivation.

Terms of Sale:—One-half Cash, balance in one year, or all cash at purchaser's option, deferred payment to bear interest and be secured to satisfaction of the undersigned. A cash deposit of \$250 will be required on day of sale.

W. GILL SMITH, Assignee of Mortgagees. JOSEPH E. TRACEY, Auctioneer. Thomas J. Hunter, Attorney, Towsontown. TRUSTEE'S SALE

Two Valuable Farms 4 IN THE 7TH DISTRICT, NEAR WHITE HALL, BALTIMORE COUNTY. By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Baltimore County, passed in the cause of Almony and others vs. Almony, the undersigned. Trustee, will offer for sale, by Public Auction, on the premises, On Tuesday, 4th day of March, 1890, At the hour of 11 o'clock A. M.. ALL THAT VALUABLE FARM,

the 7th District, containing 1473/ ACRES OF LAND, MORE OR LESS. of which Ann Almony died seized, situated on the county road leading from the county road running from the York Turnpike past William Slade's to the Old York Road, and about 3 miles from White Hall Station, on the Northern Central Railway.

The improvements consist of a comfortable LOG DWELLING HOUSE. athed and plastered, two and one half stories high,

containing six rooms, Log Stable, Wagon Shed and Corn House, Hay House and other outbuildings. There are TWO FINE YOUNG ORCHARDS on this property and in good bearing condition. There is an excellent spring of never failing water near the door, and a good Stone Spring House. About 25 acres are heavily timbered and the basance is under cultivation. The land is kind and easily improved. There is an abundance of water on the

ALL THAT OTHER VALUABLE FARM. CONTAINING 95 ACRES, MORE OR LESS, on the county road leading from Burke's Mill, near White Hall Station, to Shane P. O., and about 3 miles from White Hall Station. One-half of this land is heavily timbered and balance under culti The improvements consist of TWO SMALL DWELLING HOUSES

and the usual outbuildings. Terms of Sale as prescribed by the decree are:—One-third Cash on the ratification of the sale. one-third in twelve months and the balance in two years from day of sale, the deferred payments to pear interest from day of sale and to be secured to the satisfaction of the undersigned, or all cash at the purchaser's option. A deposit of \$250 will be required of the purchaser of the first described farm, and a deposit of \$150 from the purchaser of the second farm on the day of sale.
THOS. J. HUNTER, Trustee EDWIN C. HAWKINS, Auctioneer Feb. 8.-ts

Brown & Brune, Attorneys, 222 St. Paul St., MORTGAGE SALE. VALUABLE FARM KNOWN AS "MOUNT JOY," IN THE 7TH DISTRICT, BALTIMORE COUNTY. By virtue of a power contained in a mortgage dated May 31st, 1863, recorded among the Mortgage Records of Baltimore County, in Liber W. M. I., No. 104, folio 285, &c., from Andrew B. Cross to Geo. Wm. Brown and Stewart Brown, Trustees, the subscriber, Frederick W. Brune, the attorney named in said mortgage, will sell by Public Auction, at the

On Tuesday, March 4th, 1890, At 12 o'clock M., THE TWO CONTIGUOUS PARCELS OF LAND IN SAID MORTGAGE MENTIONED. which are particularly described by metes and bounds in the two deeds to the said Andrew B. Cross in the said mortgage referred to, to wit: one from Wm. Meade Addison. Trustee, dated the 8th day of March, 1855, and recorded among the Land Records of Baitimore County, in Liber H. M. F., No. 11, folio 101, &c., of a tract containing about TWO HUNDRED AND FOURTEEN ACRES OF LAND, and the other from Mary Sampson and others, da a tract containing about ONE HUNDRED AND TWELVE ACRES OF LAND, excepting a small portion of the last mentioned tract which was by deed dated May 2d, 1884, and recorded as aforesaid in Liber W. M. I., No. 144, folio 205, sold by Andrew

3. Cross with the assent of the mortgagees. The two tracts together contain about 326 ACRES OF LAND, MORE OR LESS. The said property is situate on both sides of the road leading from Whitehall to Jarrettsville, about 2 miles east of Parkton, 1½ miles from Whitehall and 1½ miles from Burns Switch, on the N. C. R. R. It adjoins the village of Stablersville and the lands of Messrs. Slade, Wright, Palmer, Pierce, Burns and It is susceptible of division into several tracts, each fronting on county roads and all well watered and Terms of Sale as prescribed by said Mort-gage:—One-third Cash on day of sale, balance in six and twelve months, the notes of the purchaser with interest and satisfactory security to be given for the credit payments, or the whole purchase money may be paid in cash at the purchaser's option. A deposit of \$100 will be required from the

purchaser at the sale.
FREDERICK W. BRUNE, Attorney named in said Mortgage, 222 St. Paul St., Baltimor Feb. 8.—ts Wilton Snowden, Attorney, 211 N. Charles St., Baltimore. 盦 MORTGAGER'S SALE OF A VALUABLE LOT OF GROUND,

ON HUDSON ALLEY, IN BALTIMORE CITY, -RECENTLY-A PART OF BALTIMORE COUNTY. By virtue of a power contained in a mortgage from Andrew Banks, Rebecca E. Banks, his wife, and Henry W. Rogers to William Curlett, dated the 19th day of April, 1884, and recorded among the Mortgage Records of Baltimore County, in Liber W. M. I., No. 109, folio 476, &c., the undersigned, as

attorney named in said mortgage, will sell at Public Auction, on the premises, on Monday, the 24th day of February, 1890 At 4 o'clock P. M., ALL THAT PIECE OR PARCEL OF GROUND. situate and lying in Baltimore city, and described Beginning for the same at the corner formed by the intersection of the west side of Hudson Alley and the north side of an alley four feet wide distant 90 feet north of Mankin, now Second Street, d among the Mortgage Land Records of Baltimore and running thence north binding on the west side ounty, in Liber J. W. S., No. 127, folio 347, &c., the of Hudson Alley 126 feet and 6 inches, more or less, to Sisson's Ground; thence west bin 50 feet to the east side of a 10 feet alley; thence south bounding on said 10 feet alley, with the right to use the same in common, 126 feet and 6 inches, more or less, to the said 4 feet alley, and thene east bounding on the north side of said 4 feet alley with the right to use the same in common, about b feet to the place of beginning.
Said lot is in fee. Taxes will be adjusted to day Torms.—One-third Cash and the balance in equal installments at 6 and 12 months, with interest from day of sale, and to be secured to the satisfaction of

the undersigned, or all cash at the purchaser's op-tion. A deposit of \$250 will be required of the pur-chaser at the time of sale.

WILTON SNOWDEN, Attorney named in the Mortgage, Feb. 1.—ts