

Saturday, January 26, 1889.

THE MARYLAND STATE FAIR.

Gen. Frank Brown, President of the Mary land State Agricultural and Mechanical Association, proposes to make the next exhibition to be held at Pimlico in September next one of the most memorable affairs of the kind ever held, and is actively at work pushing all avenues for an active competition in all branches of the Association. The aim is to make it a The receipts in detail are given in "Statement central and accessible point for display in all branches and make it so attractive that it will become a profitable affair to all persons who may take an interest in it. It is proposed to have the display of cattle, horses and farm pro- sum of \$364,856.43. This large difference, notduce excel anything that has been shown in withstanding the expenses of the Legislature former years. In addition to the trials of in 1888 were \$137,664.24, is mainly due to the speed it is proposed to have a grand pageant made up of a trade display by the merchants and manufacturers of Baltimore, which will eclipse all former efforts in that line, and will serve to attract thousands of visitors and show how much the State has advanced in the arts, sciences, manufactures, as well as in agriculture, horticulture and the many smaller branches consequent upon the development of the parent stem. Let every one take an active interest in the next State Fair and give it personal encouragement, and in this way will it be for the current fiscal year to be \$1,683,907.30. a complete and unqualified success.

BALTIMORE COUNTY FARMERS.

The annual meeting of the farmers of Baltimore county, to be held at Towson on the 22d of February next, is attracting attention throughout the county, and a large attendance of persons interested in agriculture will be present to hear interesting subjects fully and ably discussed by men who have made the sevoral branches of agriculture their special study. The matter has been taken up in the Grangers and a full and free interchange of opinion has been had on the subject. Measures looking to are given in detail in Statement E." the lifting of the burdens of taxation, as well as discrimination in freights, the most profitable crop, fertilizers, manures, stock raising, the | ceipts into the several Sinking Funds for the | year. dairy, &c., will all be touched upon, and much information can thus be had in a short compass. Fuller and more explicit details will hereafter be given in the Journal by adver-

THE SENATE TARIFF BILL. The Senate passed its tariff bill on Tuesday 22d by a strict party vote, 32 to 30, as follows Yeas—Messrs. Aldrich, Blair, Bowen, Cameron' Chace, Chandler, Cullom, Davis, Dawes, Dolph, Edmunds, Evarts, Farwell, Frye, Hawley, Hiscock, Hoar, Ingalls, Jones of Nevada, Manderson, Mitchell, Morrill, Paddock, Palmer, Platt, Plumb, Quay, Sherman, Spooner, Stockbridge, Teller, Wilson of

Nays-Messrs. Bate, Berry, Blackburn, Brown Butler, Call. Cockrell, Coke, Colquitt, Daniel, Eustis, Faulkner, Carl, Cockrell, Coke, Colquitt, Daniel, Rustis, Faulkner, George, Gibson, Gorman, Gray, Harris, Jones of Arkansas, Morgan, Pascoe, Payne, Pugh, Ransom, Reagan, Turple, Vance, Vest, Voorhees, Walthall, Wilson of Maryland—30. There is a slight reduction of revenue from tariff upon luxuries, but an increase upon many of the necessaries of life. It will take several days to sift out the bill. It has been sent to

the House of Representatives. COURT ADJOURNED IN A HURRY .- On Wednesday 23d whilst Mr. M. R. Walter, the well known Baltimore attorney, was in the midst an argument before Cecil County Court, smoke was noticed in the Court Room. Judge Stump sent a bailiff to ascertain the cause. He rushed back and reported that the Court House was on fire. Judge, Clerks, Jurymen and spectators, all rushed for the stairway and got out. It was found that the furnaces were overheated and thus communicated fire to the woodwork of the

loss of abuot \$1,000. THE MAYOR AIN'T A WET NURSE.-Last week Edward Scherer carried Kunigunde Betz' (Mrs. Schneider's murdress) baby, about two years old, to Mayor Latrobe and wanted him to take care of it. The Mayor is said to have smiled one of those weebegone smiles like unto those when "Belt" people call upon him for office and sich. Col. Love is also said to have enjoyed the scene immensely, and hit upon a happy expedient; he sent the baby to Marshal Frey. The Marshal ain't a wet nurse, either, but suggested that the baby could be sent to an

ANY MORE OF THEM LRFT ?-William Drew Washburn, another of the family of Washburns, has been elected United States Senator by the Minnesota Legislature vice Dwight M. Sabin. If there are any more members of this prolific Washburn family who have Senatorial aspirations, would it not be well for him to go at once to one of the now expectant territories so that he could come at once to the Senate? The family ought to be exhausted so that there might be an opportunity for some other family.

Mr. John Wannamaker, of Philadelphia, paid a visit to President-elect Harrison on the 23d inst. and held a three-hours conversation with him. What transpired between them is not known. The daily press are inventing all kinds of ideas as to what was the conversation-some that Mr. Wannamaker was called to ask him what position in the Cabinet Real and Personal Property, in the several he desired; others that the President-elect | Counties and City of Baltimore, for the year smoothed matters over with John and was sorry to tell him he couldn't have any piece of 411.00. pie at all.

HE'LL TAKE IT ALL THE SAME. It is stated that Mr. Benjamin Harrison has to the Presidency. Senator Quay has told Mr. Harrison that the sum of \$1,400,000 had been contributed by millionaires and others to secure his election. Though Mr. Harrison may affect a little nervousness over the matter he'll take the Presidency "all'e samee." His conscience will soon become reconciled.

Governor Jackson, with his family, has taken up his residence for the winter at Annapolis.

A GIRL WITH ONE STOCKING. [Composed and arranged for the old spinning wheel, and respectfully dedicated to that devoted irlend of protected machinery and high taxes, the Senator from Rhode Island.]

Our Mary had a little lamb. And her heart was most intent To make its wool, beyond its worth,

ring fifty-six per cent.

But a pauper girl across the sea Had a small lamb also, Whose wool for less than half that sum She'd willingly let go.

Another girl, who had no sheep, Nor stockings, wool or flax, But money just enough to buy A pair without the tax,

Went to the pauper girl to get

Some wool to shield her feet.

And make her stockings not of tax,
But both of wool complete.

When Mary saw the girl's design, She straight began to awear She'd make her buy both wool and tax, Or let one leg go bare.

So she cried out, "'Protect' me from That pauper's sheep wool free, If made to keep both her legs warm

So it was done, and people said

Where'er that poor girl went One leg was warmed with wool, and one With flity-six per cent.

Now praise to Mary and her lamb Who did this scheme invent, To clothe one-half a girl in wool, And one-half in per cent.

All honor, too. to Mary's friends,
And all protection's acts,
Who cheaply clothe the rich in wool, And wrap the poor in tax! [Senator Vance, in Congressional Record

REPURT OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND. COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE. TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

January 10th, 1889. To his Excellency, Elihu E. Jackson, Governor of Maryland: In compliance with the law of the State, respectfully transmit to your Excellency detailed account of the operations of the Treasury Department for the fiscal year ended

The total revenue received into the Treasury during the fiscal year was \$1,860,106.50, and the balance in the Treasury 30th Septem ber, 1887, was \$682,023.20, making the total amount in the Treasury during the fiscal year

The amount of receipts in the Treasury fo 1888 is considerably less than that of the year 1887, the difference being mainly occasioned by the apparent increase of receipts in 1887 under the operation of the Refunding Act of 1886 and the reduction of the State Levy in 1888. a," appended to this Report. DISBURSEMENTS.

The total disbursements during the fiscal year 1888 were \$2,010,060.24, being less than the disbursements of the previous year, 1887, by the exchanging of loans occurring in the fiscal year 1887. The disbursements in detail appear in "Statement B" of this Report. The balance in the Treasury at the end the fiscal year was \$532,069.46. ESTIMATES.

The estimate of receipts for the next fisca year are detailed in "Statement C," amounting in the aggregate to \$1,909,576.84, which, if realized and added to the balance in the Treasury 30th September last, would make the total amount in the Treasury during the current fiscal year to be \$2,441,646.30. "Statement D" shows the estimated disbursements

FREE SCHOOLS AND SINKING FUNDS. "Statement E;" gives a detailed account of the Free School Fund, and also of the Sinking Funds for the fiscal year ended 30th Septem-

FREE SCHOOL FUND.

The receipts on account of the Free School Fund during the fiscal year were \$69,860.63. This sum added to the balance standing to the credit of the fand 30th September, 1887, viz: \$8,836,81, makes an aggregate to the credit of the fund during the fiscal year 1888, of \$78, 697.44. The disbursements from the fund during the same time were \$67,080.29, leaving a balance to the credit of the fund 30th September, 1888, of \$11,617.15. These disbursements SINKING FUND.

to the Sinking Fund for Redemption of

Defence Redemption Loan ..... Making an aggregate of. In this aggregate is included the sum of \$366,000,00 received from the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company for the bonds of the Company held by the State to the credit of the Sinking Fund for redemption of the Defense Redemptiom Loan, and becoming due in July There was invested on account of these Sink-

funds during the past fiscal year the sum o \$310,127,13, and there remains to the credit o the several Sinking Funds in cash the sum of \$132,679.74. The great difficulty of obtaining reliable investments, without the payment of excessive premiums, has embarrassed the Pressury Officials not a little, the bonds of the State bearing 3.65 interest, being quoted as high as 110 on the market in the month of Decemper, 1888. "Statement F" shows in detail the several

investments which have been made of the moneys belonging to these funds from time to time, and the amounts remaining uninvested at the close of the fiscal year. Since the close of the fiscal year, stocks and bonds have been purchased for these funds to the amount of \$145,850.00.

DIVIDENDS. "Statement G," shows the dividends from various stocks held by the State, and interest accured and paid during the fiscal year ended 30th September, 1888, to be \$206,175.74. OYSTER FUND.

"Statement H," gives in detail the several receipts to credit of the Oyster Fund, amounting in aggregate to the sum of \$53,236.69. The expenditures during the year have been extraordinary, amounting in aggregate to \$67,building. The fire was extinguished with the 913.13, in which sum is included, on account of the purchase of two new sailing vessels, the sum of \$6,000.00. The amount standing to the credit of the Oyster Fund at the close of the fiscal year 1888. was \$115,627.49.

> STATE DEBT. The total indebtness of the State, as is shown in detail in "Statement J," was at the | those whose consciences have not quite died close of the fiscal year 1888, \$10,370,535.56, being less than the amount at the end of the fiscal year 1887, by the sum of \$590,000.00 that our heads, that unless a supply of orthodox amount of debt having been cancelled during the fiscal year 1888. The State holds productive assets and cash to the credit of the Sinking Funds, as shown

in "Statsment J." to the amount of \$4,715,181.34. There are also unproductive assets to the amount of upward of \$28,000,000. investments authorized by the Legislature from time to time by way of experiment in works of internal improvement, and the interest thereon for many years, some of the items of which perhaps still have a possibility, but the majority along the pathway of the State's progress and There is a considerable amount of indebted

ness from collecting officers, shown in said table, which may be realized eventually, but the total sum thus due contains many items that are utterly worthless. The assets above mentioned as "productive" and "unproductive" are given in detail in "Statement I." As there will be no session of the Legisla-

ture in the current year, I do not think it necessary to discuss the status of the State debt further at this time, or to recommend any measures of legislation in regard thereto. ASSESSMENTS OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY.

"Statement K." shows the assessments of 1888, the aggregate of being an increase over that of 1887, of \$4,176,-

The levy for State Taxes for 1888 on the Real and Personal Property of the State at 172 cents on each hundred dollars amounted to \$869,778.63. While the basis for 1888 is larger than that of 1887, the reduction in the rate of become comewhat troubled over the fact that levy for State purposes, made the amount of so much "boodle" was spent to buy his election | State Taxes less than in 1887, by the sum of \$41,170.87.

PUBLIC SCHOOL TAXES. The State levy for Public Schools is shown in detail in "Statement L," amounting in the aggregate to \$514.516.94. fiscal year to amount to \$526,993.98.

The State School Tax on shares of stock in incorporated institutions was large however, causing the receipts of School Tax during the The disbursements of School Tax during the fiscal year amounted to \$520,200.37. The entire amount of Public School Tax will not be gardless of the protests of these powers regarddistributed until the close of the School year, | ing the case. 15th June next. LICENSES, &C.

"Table No. 1," shows the receipts of Revenue from various Licenses mentiened therein. interest and excess of fees of Clerks of Courts and other Officers' therein named, amounting in the aggregate to \$480,332.56. "Table No. 2" shows the receipts of State tax on collateral inheritances, tax on commissions of Executors and Administrators, and excess of fees of office of certain Registers of Wills, amounting in the aggregate to \$99,515.58. "Table No. 3" exhibits in detail the receipts of State taxes from Collectors in several Counties and City of Baltimore, during the fiscal year 1888, amounting in the aggregate to \$803,-

"Table No. 4" shows in detail the receipts into the Treasury from Licenses to Auctioneers and Express Companies amounting to \$3,-404.75 in the aggregate, "Table No. 5" exhibits in detail the revenue

receipts, into the Treasusy from tax on gross receipts of Railroad companies, operating their lines by steam power, for the year 1888, amounting in the aggregate to \$58,455.40, showing an increase of such receipts over those of 1887 of \$6,022.17. "Table No. 6" shows the several receipts into the Treasury for the fiscal year 1888, from

State tax on stock of the State of Maryland and City of Baltimore, amounting to \$48,-269.67. "Table No. 7" shows the receipts into the Treasury for the year 1888, from State tax on the shares of stock of Corporations, returned by the State Tax Commissioner, amounting to

**\$**73,553.98. STATE TOBACCO INSPECTIONS. "Table No. 8" shows the receipts during the fiscal year 1888, from State Tobacco Inspections, and the disbursements during the same time, for and on account of the State Tobacco Warehouses. The receipts were in aggregaet \$82,414.70 and disbursements \$74,365.35, showing not receipts to the amount of \$8,049.85 us to get into trouble with somebody. We have preferring to await particulars in regard to the which added to the balance to the credit of tobacco inspections at the close of the fiscal glad of the chance to do some fighting, for regu-

to Inspectors at the State Tobacco Warehouses mounted to \$8,550.00.

"Table No. 9" shows receipts for 1888, the Land Office, State Hay Scales, State Live Stock Scales, State Wharves and Weighers of | need not be in the least surprised if in the natu-Grain, amounting to an aggregate of \$7, "Table No. 10" shows in detail the amount of interest received on various accounts there

in mentioned, showing an aggregate of \$6,

"Table No. 11" exhibits in detail the roeipts from Notaries Public for taxes on protests amounting to \$1,539.10. "Table No. 12" shows the receipts during th fiscal year 1888, from Sheriffs, on account of excess of fees, interest and times and forefeitures amounting to \$2,369.31. "Table No. 13" shows the revenue from Li penses to Foreign Insurance Companies for the

fiscal year 1888, amounting in the aggregate to \$42.181.12. "Table No. 14" shows in detail the amount f State taxes for 1888, remaining uncollected n the hands of Collectors in several counties and City of Baltimore, at the close of the fiscal year 1888, amounting to \$380,912.35. "Table No. 15" shows balances due from Collectors for years previous to 1888, amounting to \$481,810.35. The largest portion of this amount. viz

316,475.63 is due from the City of Baltimore. "Table No. 16" shows balances due from Sheriffs for various years previous to and inluding 1888, amounting to \$23,688.98. "Table No. 17" shows balances due from Clerks of Courts, Register of Wills, and other Officers, the Susquehanna and Tide Water Canal Companies, and Columbia and Port Deposit Railroad Company, for interest, amountng to \$582,709.85. This large amount is mainly for interest due

Tide Water Canal Company and the Columbia and Port Deposit Railroad Company, in regard to each of which negotations are in progress for settlement. The Columbia and Port Deposit Railroad Company has within a few days notified the Pressurer of its intention to pay a portion of its indebtedness at once, and gradually to re-

from the Susquebanna Canal Company, the

duce the amount until the whole interest due from it is paid. "Table No 18" shows the amounts due from various Corporations for State taxes for various years, amounting in the aggregate to \$124,746. 62, at the close of the fiscal year, some of which however have been paid into the Treasury since the close of the fiscal year, as noted in said

made by the Legislature paid during the fiscal "Table No. 20" shows in detail the disbursements made during the fiscal year 1888, from the Contingent Fund of the Comptroller, and "Table No. 21" shows in detail the disbursements of the Contingent Fund of the Treasury Department during the fiscal year 1888. The statement of the rents of the State Tobacco Warehouse Wharves, required by Joint Resolutions No. 13 of 1886, is appended, showing the indebtedness of the Warehouses to the "Statement E" also gives in detail the re- State to be \$161,214.68 at the colse of the fiscal

"Table No. 19" shows special appropriations

bles, showing reports from various Officers, rival at correct ascertainments of amounts in preceding statements.

I have thus gone over the various operations of the Department during the fiscal year quite fully, without much comment, further han calling your attention to important items in the tables, which fully explain themselves. In conclusion, I congratulate you on the excellent condition of the finances of the State, her very high credit, and the evidence of the prosperity of the people, so far as the same can be influenced by a judicious and sound administration of the State government. Respectfully submitted,

L. VICTOR BAUGHMAN, Comptroller.

Currespondence of the Maryland Journal. OUR BALTIMORE LETTER. Orthodox Weather-The General Rejoicing -A South Sea Sensation-Germany Assists Samoa-And Insults America-What is to be Done About It?-Our Periodical War Fever-Chinese Possibilities-Question of of the Ford Committee-Tardy Radicalism

-Baltimore Behind Again. BALTIMOBE, January 25th, 1889. The unknown wire-pullers, who regulate hunan puppets and their affairs, have bestirred in upon the pleasant monotony which we were enjoying. They began by getting up a snow-scene for us last Sunday, to the great delight of the small boy, and the lover of the beautiful, the coal-dealer, and the business man in general. The short days of the winter menths were slipping away so rapidly in balmy mildness that there seemed no prospect of our having any real winter at all, and we felt those little misgivings which always accompany unnatural phenomena, so that even the brightness of our late spring-like weather was, shadowed by a sense of some sort of retribution to come upon us for our own indulgence in unlawful pleasure, and hence, marred our enjoyment thereof; as such considerations always do in out. Added to which there was the threat of the farmers, and the ice-people, banging over weather should yet be forthcoming we were to be abridged in our rations of breadstuffs and peaches as well as to be obliged to take our bev-

erages either hot or lukewarm through the coming summer. So we naturally quaked at the distressing prospect, and took our sunshine and ethereal mildness, with the guilty feelings of rogues who were feasting upon stolen sweets. The weather, however, took a turn, and repenting of its frivolity, buckled down to business last Saturday evening; and when the church bells rang on Sunday morning, it heeded of such investments are simply wrecks, strewn | the call to propriety of conduct, and put in its best efforts in the direction of good deeds, by scattering its downy blessings of snow over all the land, blanketing the farmer's wheat for him, and spreading the pure, fair mantle of a charitable concealment over our bare and grimy city streets, while it decked every roof and gable, every fence, tree, and shrub with a fairy, fantastic beauty that transformed the whole aspect of things, to the great delight of the lovers of esthetics. The children, too, who seem to have a natural affinity for snow, were made very happy by it, as they gaily gamboled about in it regardless of the fact that they were being half frozen. While the sense of unnaturainess being removed from the conscientious mind, the hearts of all good people grew lighter, and the pleasing sensation produced by a general return of affairs to a condition of rightness, was heightened, of course, by the prophetic vision of much future ice and peaches. So, altogether, this bit of self-assertion on the part of the winter, has received a very general endorsement. Except, to be sure, on the part of the wretchedly destitute: whose sentiments,

however, do not count for much in our general summing up of estimates; their remarks in general not being very loud, though their mutterings may be deep. Then we are experiencing another sensation. in the form of the tidal waves of information that comes rolling to us from the South Sea, with regard to the doings in Samoa; where the British, German, and American powers are all extremely busy, ostensibly trying to let the Samoans manage their own affairs. In order | say that the Senate bill will never be considered whereto, the Germans, it seems, have found it | by the House. necessary to shell a few of their towns, to kill some of the natives, and destroy much prophim imprisoned, while they have set upanother

England and the United States, and quite re-Which peculiar sort of assistance in self-government we might, perhaps, be content to dis- what they have to say on the subject is carefulapprove in mild general terms, if it were not ly listened to by their party associates. for the fact that the Germans, in affording this An amendment giving a bounty of one cent remarkable protection to the natives, have de-stroyed the property of American citizens, try has been added to the Senate tariff bill, but whom they have captured and ill-treated; and it required a vigorous use of the party whips FLOUR-Howard Street Super...\$ 2.50 have shot down and burned the American flag. | to bring the Republican Senators into line, and Which is really the atrocious part of the busi- even then Senator Quay voted against it. ness. It is bad enough, to be sure, to treat the Senator Morgan has given "granny" Blair

about it. And something is going to be done about too. For Secretary Whitney has sent out a couple of war-ships, to join the one we have on McKinley in his fight for the Speakership is guard there, and the German Navy will have having its effect. His chances are now regar- MILL FEED-Per ton. guard there, and the German Navy will have naving its effect. The character and the German Navy will have naving its effect. The character are the provisions of the provision o or two, and frighten poor Mr. Blamarck out of should get "turned down" by Harrison it will his boots; so that he will be glad to make us a | cause a big tumble in McKinley stock. very humble apology, besides flogging his able seamen, and sending us a postal order for the before the Senate, the most of them for post-

But as the little difficulties between ourselves cannot help feeling that a time will probably yet come when the statement of our Presidents | nothing is too small for him to undertake in that we are at peace with all the world, will I necessarily be omitted from the annual Message. With all the other nations of the world | and Mrs. Cleveland received a visit from Viceon a fighting footing, and aching to engage in hostilities, it is not to be expected that we can been in the city for several days. They are always keep out of difficulties. It is now about a generation since we have done any extensive fashionable quarter, the success of which was fighting; and history shows that we have peri- assured by Blaine having taken up his winter odical attacks of the war fever at about this residence there. interval. Since the war of the Revolution, begun in 1775, we have had the war with Great | from Samos indicate that Germany has got into Britain, in 1812; the Mexican war of 1846; a rumpus with Uncle Sam that will have to and our great civil war in the sixties. So that | be apologized for or else a war may follow.to keep up our record it is now about time for | Secretary Bayard is retisent on the subject,

year 1887, viz: \$5,672.56, made a total of \$13,- | lar wages; and a pension in case of survival; 721.91. The salaries paid during the fiscal year | with the excitement of adventures, and reversion to the life of original savagery thrown into the bargain. And nations seem to need the operation of an occasional blood-letting to keep their constitutions in vigorous health. So we ral course of events we find it incumbent upon

It would not be very surprising if it should

us to go to war with somebody.

happen to be China; with whom we some day soon become involved. If the Chinese are hu man beings we have treated them very badly : after all our statements of equality, and professions of benevolence towards humanity in general. They may be incorrigible heathen, to be sure, whom it will be to our advantage to exclude from our shores; but then that obliges us deliberately to unsay a great portion of the fine and lofty sentiments wherewith we have been giorifying ourselves through all our history. To concede the humanity of the Chinese, and exclude them from our country, and from citizenship here, is not only to place them lower than the negro, in the scale of existence. but to deny our own doctrine that all men are created equal, and to accept openly the theory of caste : as well as to withdraw our long-standing boast about our country being the asylum for the down-trodden of all nations. It may be wise for us to exclude them; but we shall have

to do considerably less talking in future.

It may be, too, that China will someday have word to say upon the subject. She is learning the arts of modern nations very fast; and he may see proper some of these times to denand something from us. Which, if we do not grant, she has millions enough of subjects to take, if she sees proper. It would not be the first time, either, in the history of the world that barbarians had subjugated a civilized people. It was the Goths and the Vandals who conquered Rome when she was the mistress of the world, we may remember. The Chinese are not imbeciles. And when their Government has learned the arts of war from modern nations, and has supplied itself with German guns and vessels; and when we have sufficienty instructed its subjects in our Sunday Schools o make them able to play into the hands o their Government, in their places all over this country, we shall be at the mercy of China; and we shall be so busy preparing our defenses, that there will be no time to spare for boasting

about anything. Especially if, in the meantime, China should read up a little history and discover that we did not build this country ourselves; or evolve it out of our own consciousness; but just wrested it from the Indians by main force. And consequently have exactly the same right and title to it that she would have, if she should conquer it from us. People have long been predicting that some day this country would be called to account for its injustice to the Indians; and if China should generously include their wrongs in the little bill she has against us, it will not be an easy matter for us to settle the account. At any rate, it is marclously absurd for us to sit still in funcied security, and do nothing but glorify ourselves, while all the nations of the world around us are armed to the teeth; and we have deadly focs of our own rampant within our own bor-

But is seems that somebody is trying to do cies that may exist on our home base, at any rate. For the Ford Committee of the House of Representatives, which was at work all last summer and fall investigating the immigration business, made its report last week, and proposed a bill to meet the exigencies of the case. The report shows that more than half a million of immigrants came to this country in 1888, as many as 9,000 sometimes landing in New York in one day. And among these arrivals there was a vast number of criminals, paupers, idiots, and insane persons; many of the idiots having Boston as their destination, presumably in the hope of acquiring some intellectual cul ture there. The Ford bill proposes to exclude all these objectionable objects from those United States; to require every immigrant to bring with him a certificate from our representative abroad, that he is a fit person to be admitted

here: besides placing a tax of five dollars upon each immigrant, and limiting the number of such passengers to be carried by each ship. "We believe," says the committee, "that the ime has now come to draw the line, to select the good from the bad, and to sift the wheat | Secretary and Treasurer. from the chaff. . . . Take the class of persons known as anarchists, for instance. A few years ago they lived principally in Germany." Humanity, Caste, and Retribution-Work | There, "they were prosecuted in different ways until Germany became an unpleasant abiding place for them. They then emigrated to England, but the officials there made it so uncomfortable for them that they came to the United States. Here they have proved a lawless, turbulent class," who "do not come here to uphold themselves somewhat recently, and have broken | and maintain our form of government. Their object and purpose is to destroy and tear it to pieces. . . . This class of persons," "ought to be rigidly excluded from entering this country." Which may be well enough to say, so far as it goes; but unless some provision is made

for banishing the stock of anarchists now on hand, it is rather late to discuss any preventive Our Free Thinking Sunday School was organized last Sunday, all the persons in attendance being Germans, and the exercises being conducted in the German language. And the fact was disclosed that similar schools are in active existence in most other cities of this country. So, in parading even with Satan's crew, our beloved Baltimore must bring up the

CHELYS. Correspondence of the Maryland Journal.] WASBINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, January 21st, 1889. Representative Springer, backed by 143 of his colleagues, has given the Republican Senate an opportunity of showing how sincere the great interest they are constantly expressing for the territories really is. If they accept Mr. Springer's bill as passed by the House, South Dakota with two Representatives and Montans with one will be admitted as States by Pressdential proclamation just as soon as the voters accept the constitutions already formed, and North Dakota, Washington and New Mexico may be admitted by Congress as soon as their constitutions are formed. If they reject

this bill they postpone for months the admission of any of the territories. Senators Gorman, Vost, Vance and others are vigorously combatting the growing sentiment among the Democrats in the House to accept the Senate tariff bill as better than no legislation on the subject. They argue that the Senate bill is more objectionable than the existing law, as it increases the duties on articles in which the masses are directly interested -notably iron, cotton and wool. They contend when the bill is referred to a conference committee, the Democratic conferees should be instructed to take a firm stand in behalf of the necessaries of life, and let the Republicans take all the responsibilities of framing a tariff The other side of the question is represented by Representatives Wilson, of West Virginia, and Catchings, of Mississippi, who are of the opinion that the Republicans would be greatly disappointed if the House should agree to the Senate bill, for that reason they favor doing so, as the measure contains some good things and is therefore better than no bill. They contend that as long as the Republicans claim to have carried the election on their tariff ideas

that they should be allowed to pass their bill. That is the status of the matter at this time. But those who are in position to know The old adage that "a house divided against itself will fall," is likely to prevent the paserty, besides deposing their ruler and keeping | sage of a bill admitting Utah as a State, not-

withstanding the fact that a Democratic cauin his stead. And all this too, in the face of cus of the House has agreed to pass it. Governor West, of Utah, is here working hard to prevent the passage of such a bill, and Delegate Caine, of the same territory, is vigorously working in its favor. Both being Democrate innoffensive Samoans in this high-handed, not to say unfriendly, way; but when it comes to get tired of such treatment, but Senator Blair CORN MEAL—City Mills... inflicting indignities upon us; actually upon seems to thrive on it, indeed he almost looks us; why, then, something will have to be done | disappointed if he has anything to say and does not receive some abuse. He often gets it from his own party as well as from Democrats. The active fight that Mr. Blaine is giving

There are nearly 250 nominations pending the manner in which Blaine is undermining and other nations arise from time to time, one cannot bell feeling that a time will probably Blaine never forgets or forgives an injury, and order to get even with people. On Saturday afternoon last, the President

Advices just received at the State Department

THE MARYLAND CENTBAL. The stockholders of the Maryland Central Railway Company under its recent re-organization met at the Company's Office, North Avenue, on Monday, 21stinst. Mr. John K. Cowen was called to the Chair and Mr. C. F. Kerchner was appointed Secretary. Mr. William Gilmor as Receivor read a statement of the receipts to Phoebus, near Norfolk, Va.; also upon the and expenses for 1888 compared with 1887, as | line from Ashland, Ky., to Covinging, Ky., and

1888. 1887. EARNINGS 76.861.62 8 72.884.8 9,409.64 8,625.56 Miscellaneous..... 116.25 \$151,286,81 **\$**138,591.69

HXPENSES.

Cransportation...

16,619.49 Motive power and cars... Maintenance of way and buildings. 84,288 35 37,248.88 15,018.92 12,622.68 General and taxes..... 8118,279.21 \$111,882.80 \$ 38,007.60 \$ 26,708.89 A slight change has been made in the name of the Company, and it is now known as the

47,857.15 8 45,263.26

The number of Directors now consist of 7 intead of 13 as formerly. The Company has recently come into the possession of very valuable property at North Avenue and Oak street. On the south side of North Avenue at Oak Street it has a front of 199 feet by a depth of 175 feet, and on the north side of that avenue, including the Denny & Mitchell stables, the Company has 893 feet on Oak Street, extending to Second Street, with a depth of 400 feet.

being substituted for that of "road."

A dispatch from York, Pa., to the Baltimore Sun of the 22d says: "The York and Peach Bottom Narrow-Gauge

Railroad has been sold to the Maryland Central syndicate and the two roads will be operated jointly. Ten thousand dollars have been paid on account. The Peach Bottom Road will connect with the Maryland Central at Delta, and will give President Gilmor's system 84 miles of narrow gauge road from Baltimore to York .--The Deer Creek and Susquehanna Road, to be completed in time for next winter's business, will add 16 more miles, giving a total of 100 miles under the Maryland Central management. The question of the broadening of the narrow gauge to the standard gauge is discussed. Mr. limor says that it will come in the near fu-He says the idea has been advanced of laying the rails on the Deer Creek and Susqueanna Road three feet apart, to meet the narrow gauge of the Maryland Central, but the road bed will be for standard gauge, and the rails could be changed to the 4 feet 81 inches gauge in a day, when that is required But something with a view to the future emergen- this idea may not be carried out, and he says it looks now as if the Maryland Central will be made standard gauge to conform to the Deer Creek and Susquehanna. Mr. Charles R. Mc-Conkey, the President of the York and Peach

> in Baltimore lately in conference with the Maryland Central people. In view of all the above facts and the cer tainty that the Maryland Central will be changed to standard gauge, a bright future awaits it as well as the country it traverses. The following gentlemen were elected Directors for the ensuing year:

Bottom Railroad Company, has been frequently

William Gilmor, Geo. S. Brown, of Alex Brown & Sons; Hugh B. Jones, of the Equitable Fire Insurance Association; John Henry Miller and M. H. Houseman, of Pittsburg Warren F. Walworth, of Cleveland; Frederick B. Hubbell, of Baltimore. The Board of Directors organized by electing Wm. Gilmor. President, and C. F. Kerchuer,

THE "BELT" RAILROAD. In addition to being President of the Maryland Central, Mr. Wm. Gilmor is also the President of what is known as "The Belt Railroad," a new corporation. The route for this road i now being surveyed. It is to run from deep water on the southeast to deep water on the southwest, and is intended to connect with all the railroads having their terminus in the city. DEER CREEK AND SUSQUEHANNA BAILROAD Messrs, L. B. McCabe & Bro. on Thursday, 24th, commenced work on the construction of the Deer Creek and Susquehanna Railroad from Bel Air to the Susquehanna River, sixteen miles. This line will co-operate with the Maryland Central. A report is current that the Hostetter interest is behind the Pittsburg people who have gone into the Maryland Central directory. Mr. Hostetter is largely concerned in the South

finally be built. The South Pennsylvania people have always been friendly with the Reading Railway system. BALTIMORE AND HARRISBURG RAILBOAD. The Stockholders of the Eastern extension of the Baltimore and Harrisburg Railroad Company have elected the following officers:

Pennsylvania Railroad, which, it is said, will

President-W. H. Lanius. Directors-W. Latimer Small, A. B. Farquhar, J. C. Schmidt, D. K. Trimmer, Grier Hersh and G. R. Schmidt. This road will give the Western Maryland system, of which the Baltimore and Harrisburg is a link, a connection with York. It is an enterprise which is backed by wealthy citizens of that city, and the fourteen miles of road to connect with the Baltimore and Harrisburg line will be built without delay.

Weston Dodson, the Bethlehem coal op erator, who died a few days ago, was worth over \$6,000.000. His pall-bearers were thirteen in number, and the average wealth each represented was nearly \$8,000,000, the total wealth of the thirteen being \$100,000,000.

[Philadelphia Times. And the "coal barons" meet and demand a high protective tariff. They then advance the price of coal to the consumer and then turn around and reduce the wages of the miner to's starvation rate, and contribute a cool million or.so of dollars to buy up venal voters to debill to suit themselves in the next Congress .- | feat Grover Cleveland, the man, who, of all others, had the courage to stand up for the laboring

classes. PATENTS GRANTED .-- Patents granted to citizens of Maryland during the past week, and reported for the JOURNAL by C. A. Snow & Co., Patent Lawyers, opposite U. S. Patent Office, Washington, D. C., are as follows: J. Bolinger, Carrollton, Md., harrow and

A delegation of colored men from South Carolina, Georgia and Virginia, with John M. Langeton at their head is to visit Presidentelect Harrison about the first of February and give their views upon the political situation.

The Markets. BALTIMORE MARKET. THURSDAY, Jan. 24th, 1889 " Extra...
" Family. Patapaco Extra..... Family..... 1.25 1.05 CORN-Southern White ... Western.... OATS-Western .. POTATOES per bushel.....

TOWSON MEAT MARKET. THE OLD STAND, York Road near the Post Office.

Reported for the JOURNAL by N. B. Merryman, East

tern Hay Scales, Greenmount Avenue:

TIMOTHY HAY per ton...... 16.00 @

We are selling to our customers and the public who may favor us with a call BEEF, VEAL, LAMB, MUTTON The of other delivered within a resonable distance of the best delivered within a resonable distance.

The largest mortgage ever placed on record in Charleston, W. Va., was that of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad Company made to the Central Mortgage Company of New York and placed upon the records. It is for \$30,-000,000 and is on the property of the road from a point on James river, below Richmond, Va., to Huntington, thence to a point of connection with the Elizabeth, Lexington and Big Sandy Road; also on the extension from Richmond, Va., to Newport News and thence

Cincinnatti. A report comes from Wilmington. Del. that the Garrett family have bought Wootten Hall, a fine estate on the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad, near Belle vue, and that Robert Garrett will be removed there from Ringwood, N. J.-Philadelphia Times.

on the bridge between Covington, Ky., and

Men Advertisements. TAMES J. LINDSAY, ATTORNEY AT LAW MASONIC TEMPLE, TOWSON, MD. OFFICE IN BALTIMORE, ON SATURDAY

FAMILY WITH TWO OR MORE THAT CAN WORK ON THE FARM. Have a large, good house; pay the highest wages, and pay monthly. Want steady, reliable men. Those that can give good 'Maryland Central Railway," the word "way" reference will address S. N. HYDE, No. 102 West North Avenue, Baltimore, Md TATANTED.

Before 1st of March, GOOD, SOBER AND RELIABLE MARRIED MAN TO ATTEND DAIRY and do general farm work. One whose wife would help to milk preferred. Liberal wages, with house and Long Green, Baltimore county, Md.

Having added the LIME PROPERTY AND COAL BUSINESS OF JOHN C. BOSLEY to my GENERAL STORE, I am prepared to furnish the trade with a superior article of BUILDING AND AGRICULTURAL LIME, ANTHRACITE AND BI-UMINOU'S COALS, and goods generally found in

a country store.
In order to give the trade advantage of reduced prices I have decided to sell for CASH only.
H. B. SHIPLEY, OCH RAVEN

LIME KILNS. Maryland Central Railroad. Having increased facilities for BURNING LIME we take this method of informing the people of Ballimore and Harford counties that we are now prepared to furnish BUILDING, WHITEWASH AND AGRICULTURAL LIME, which we offer at reasonable rates. Our stone being of a superior quality we guarantee satisfaction. 29 The Bottom Lime is celebrated as the fines or Whitecoting purposes.
SHANKLIN & JENIFER,

Kilns at Loch Raven, M. C. R. R. Post Offices (CUB HILL, Baltimore county. Jan. 26.-1y By Samuel G. Wilson, Auctioneer.

PUBLIC SALE

STOOK & IMPLEMENTS, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., &c. The undersigned having sold his farm, will sell Public Sale, on the property formerly belonging him, at Fork, opposite Fork Meeting House, 11 district, Baltimore county, or Wednesday, February 20th, 1889, At 1 o'clock P. M. sharp, The following property, viz: 6 HEAD OF HORSES AND 6 COWS, 2 BROOD SOWS, 6 COWS, 2 BROOD SOWS,
platform Spring Wagon for two horses, 1 Farm
Wagon 1 Haw Carriage, 1 Mowing Wagon, 1 Hay Carriage, 1 Mowing Machine, 1 Minneapolis Binder, Plows, Harrows, Cultivators,

Shovels, Forks, 1 Cutting Box,
2 sets double Harness, 2 sets
Plow Harness, 1 set Buggy
Harness, 1 Buggy, 1 Sleigh, 1
Bar-sled, 2 Incubators and Brooders, 2 barrels of
Vinegar with some Household Furniture. Terms made known previous to day of sale.
THOMAS B. GORSUCH.

Bosley & Smith, Attorneys, Towsontown, Md., and Saturdays, 190 East Lexington Street, Baltimore, Md. MORTGAGE PREMISES. FIFTH ELECTION DISTRICT, BALTIMORE COUNTY, ON THE OLD BLACK ROCK ROAD,

LEADING FROM BUTLER TO HAMPSTEAD, ABOUT 8 MILES FROM BUTLER. from William H. Markey and Lydia A. Markey, his wife, to Eleanor G. Hutchins, dated the 1st day of June, 1880, and recorded among the Mortgage Records of Baltimore County, in Liber J. W. S., No. 121, folio 562, &c. which mortgage has been duly assigned by said Eleanor G. Hutchins to the undersigned by said Eleanor G. Hutenina to the undersigned by assignment dated the 18th day of January, 1889, and duly recorded among the Mortgage Records of Baltimore County, in Liber J. W. S., No. 121, folio 564, the undersigned, Assignee, will offer at PUBLIC SALE, at the DOOR OF THE COURT HOUSE, in

Inesday, 19th day of February, A. D. 1889, At the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., sharp, ALL THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY, DESCRIBED IN SAID MORTGAGE, CONTAINING 40 ACRES, 8 ROODS & 30 SQUARE Improved by a comfortable

LOG TWO-STORY-DWELLING HOUSE. Nearly new and usual outbuildings.

This property is situated in a healthy and flourishing neighborhood, convenient to Churches, Schools, Post Office, &c., and would make a comfortable home and snug little farm. Is well watered and in a good state of cultivation.

Terms of Sale.—One-half Cash and the balance in six months, deferred payment to bear interest from day of sale and to be secured to the satisfaction of the undersigned, or all cash at the option of

A deposit of \$100 will be required on the day of sale. W. GILL SMITH. B. GOVER WILSON, Auctioneer. Jan. 26.--ts

"OLD RELIABLE." (Established 1819.) THE AMERICAN FARMER. OVER 40 YEARS UNDER THE SAME MANAGEMENT.

DEVOTED TO FARMING, STOCK RAISING, FRUIT GROWING, MARKET GARDEN-ING, THE DAIRY, THE POULTRY Special attention is paid to Fertilizers and Manures, including those of commerce and the farm. Reports of Representative Farmers' Clubs are a notable feature of its issues.

Its HOME DEPARTMENT is filled with charming reading and practical suggestions for the ladies of the farm household.

The most competent, successful and experienced men and women have charge of the several departments.

No Farmer in the Atlantic States, from Delaware to Georgia, can afford to be without this old and reliable adviser and guide on farm work.

THE AMERICAN FARMER is published twice J. Bolinger, Carrollton, Md., harrow and roller; T. Roberts, Baltimore, Md., street locomotive; C. C. Rumpf, Baltimore, Md., beer keg holding ice-box; W. Stebbins, Baltimore, Md., hose nozzle.

THE AMERICAN FARMER is published twice every month, (on the 1st and 15th.) It is beautifully printed on fine white paper, in clear type.—\$1.00 a year. To any one sending a club of five, an extra copy will be sent FREE.

SAM'L CANDS & BON, Publishers, Baltimore, Md.

Jan. 26.—8t

Baltimore, Md. Jan, 26.—8t

RAND JURY REPORT.

DECEMBER TERM, 1888. The Grand Jury respectfully report to the Honorable the Judges of the Circuit Court for Baltimore County: That we have been in session 26 days, docketed 180 cases, dismissed 65 cases, presented 58 cases, found 58 true bills, ignored 8 cases, referred 7 cases to the next Grand Jury and examined 290 witnesses.

A committee was appointed to examine the books and vouchers of the Treasurer's Office, and their

and vouchers of the Treasurer's Omce, and their report is here enclosed.

We examined the Jail and found it in a cleanly condition, the prisoners well fed and healthy. We highly commend the recent plumbing arrangement at the Jail, as it insures cleanliness to the prisoners and better health to the inmates.

We examined the licenses of all the Districts except the 3d, and found them correct except in three cases, which we indicted. The 3d District was not reported, owing to not having an officer appointed to examine the licenses in time by the County Commissioners. We wish to thank the Court and its Officers for heir courtesy to the Jury dury the session of our Washington Stevenson,

> Report of the Treasurer's Committee. Towson, Jan. 21st, 1889.

published reports.

We also examined the vouchers for payments made by order of the County Commissioners, and found them to agree with disbursements made.

We find that on December 31st, 1888, the county had to its credit in the banks of deposit allowed by law \$74,061.01. Included in this is the State taxes and interest and the city's portion; also included in this is the 1st and 18th District special road tax.

We also examined the Bank Books of the Banks of Deposit, and find that the cash balance of the county subject to check at the Towson National Bank on January 9th, 1889, was \$33,969.34.

The cash balance as per bank book of the Manufacturers' National Bank of Baltimore on January 12th, 1889, was \$23,108.87, and at the National Marine Bank of Baltimore, January 12th, 1889, was \$15,000, and the balance of that amount in the hands of the Tressurer.

We also wish to say that we found the books neatly and correctly kept.

We thank the syntlemen of the office for their courtery in explaining and facilitating our investigation. FRANCIS SANDERSON,) ACHTLLES FORD, HARRISON RIDER,

Bew Advertisements.

RATOUNT MOBIAH LODGE, 116. A called communication of Mount Moriah Lodge, A. F. & A. M., will be held in THE TEMPLE, Tow-Tuesday, January 99th, A. L. 5889, At 7.80 o'clock P. M.

A. AND F. O. By order of the W. M.
LEWIS VOGLE, Jan. 26 .-- 1t Samuel Regester, Åttorney, ¥17 Courtian St., Baltimore. ORPHANS' COURT SALE VALUBALE PROPERTY, BALTIMORE COUNTY.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Baltimore County, the undersigned administrator of JOHANNA ULRICH, deceased, will sell by Pubic Auction, on the premises, on Wednesday, February 18th, 1889, At 4 o'clock P. M., ALL THAT LOT OF GROUND AND IMPROVE situated on the north side of the Baltimore and Jerusalem Turnpike Road, and immediately west of the Herring Run Bridge on said Turnpike Road, of which the said Johanna Ulrich died seized and possessed. Said lot of ground has a front of sixty feet on said Turnpik Road, with a depth of about

20 feet, and is subject to the annual rent of sixty ollars. The improvements consist of a TWO-STORY FRAME BUILDING with 6 rooms in first-class condition and nearly new, suitable for a saloon or store, and also a fram Blackemith Shop in first-class condition, and where a good trade could be established by a suitable per-The Terms of Sale are:-One-half Cash and one half in twelve months, deferred payment to bear interest and be secured to the satisfaction of the undersigned, or all cash at purchaser's option A deposit of fifty dollars will be required at saie. CHARLES HALL.

THOS. C. BIDDISON, Auctioneer.

Wm. S. Keech, Solicitor, Towson. TRUSTEE'S SALE 20 ACRES OF LAND. ABOUT 11/2 MILES EAST OF SWEET AIR. BALTIMORE COUNTY, LATELY OCCUPIED BY CATHARINE ISENNOCK, DECEASED. By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Baltimore County, passed in the case of John Isen-nock and wife, against Henry Isennock and wife

and others, the undersigned, Trustee, will offer at Tuesday, February 19th, 1889, At @ o'clock P. M., on the premises, in the 10th Election District of Baltimore county,
THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY,

CONTAINING ABOUT 20 ACRES OF LAND. situate about one and a half miles east of Sweet Air and near the Manor Road and on a road leading to the Manor Road, adjoining the property of Massrs. James Hooper, Parker Durham, William Isennock and others, and lately occupied by Catharine Isennock. Improved by a story and a-half FRAME DWELLING HOUSE, about 26 by 20 feet; Stable, Wagon Shed, Hen House Smoke House and Spring House. Also, by a young Apple Orchard.
Nearly all the land is under cultivation, there is a stream of good water on the place.— Churches, Schools, Post Office and Mills conveni-ent. Neighborhood pleasant and healthy. The property would make a nice little home.

Terms of Sale as prescribed by the decres:

—One-third Cash, one third in six months and the balance in twelve months from day of sale, deferred payments to bear interest from day of sale and to be secured to the satisfaction of the Trustee, or all cash at the option of the purchaser. Under the terms of the decree the Trustee is authorized to require a cash deposit of \$150 on the day of sale, and in default of its immediate payment to offer said property forthwith at, public sale without further notice.

Taxes adjusted to day of sale.

JOSHUA R. GREEN, Trustee, Sweet Air, Baltimore County. SAMUEL G. WILSON, Auctioneer. Jan. 26.—te Henry L. Straus, Attorney at Law, Telephone L. Straus, Averney in Land Street, Building, No. 7 St. Paul Street, Baltimore, Md. MORTGAGEES' SALE

VALUABLE PROPERTY CANTON AT THE CORNER OF THIRD AND DILLON STS. By virtue and in pursuance of a power contained in two mortgages from Frederick Schneider to H. Straus Bro. & Beil, respectively dated the 25th day of October, 1867, and the 20th day of December, 1873, and recorded among the Mortgage Records of Baitimore County in Libers J. H. L., No. 28, folio 252, and J. B., No. 54, folio 358, which mortgages were assigned to the undersigned by deed dated November 6th, 1885, recorded among the Land Records of Baltimore County in Liber W. M. I., No. 148, folio 68, &c., we will sell at Public Auction, on the premises. On

Tuesday, the 10th day of February, 1889 At 3,30 o'clock P. M., ALL THE PROPERTY MENTIONED IN SAID and which is described as follows: Beginning for the same at the centre or intersection of Second and Dillon Streets, as laid down on the plat of said property in possession of Miles White and William Glenn, and running thence eastwardly along the centre of Dillon Street two hundred and sixty-four feet to the centre of Third Street or Avanua formark laid out along feet. Street or Avenue, formerly laid out sixty feet wide but subsequently made one hundred feet wide; thence northerly along the centre of Third Street or Avenue one hundred and eighty-five feet to the centre of a twenty feet alley, to be at all times kept ones as a public way for the use of the loss hinding

open as a public way for the use of the lots binding thereon; thence westerly along the centre of said alley and parallel to Dilion Street two hundred and sixty-four feet to the centre of Second Street; thence southerly along the centre of Second one hundred and condicions for feet to the place of beginning. and eighty five feet to the place of beginning.

For title see lease from Miles White and Wm. W.
Glenn to said Frederick Schneider, dated 17th November, 1865, and recorded among the Land Records of Baltimore County in Liber J. H. L., No. 47, folio 34, &c., at and under the yearly rent of \$250, payable in equal half yearly instalments on the first days of January and July in each and every This property is known as "Schneider's Brewery," the improvements on which consist of a two-story
BRICK DWELLING HOUSE AND SALOON,
a Frame Brewery Building fitted with the necessary

machine: y for brewing, Frame Stabling, &c.
The whole dimensions of the lot are 185 feet o Third Street beginning at Dilion, running back to Second Street 264 feet. The whole lot subject to a yearly rent of \$250.

Terms of Sale.—One-third Cash and the bal ance in equal instalments at six and twelve months from the day of sale, the deferred payments to bear interest from day of sale and to be secured to the satisfaction of the undersigned, or all cash at purchaser's option. Taxes and ground rent adjusted to the day of sale.

LEVI STRAUS,
JOSEPH H. STRAUS,
Assignees of Mortgagees.
TAYLOR & CREAMER, Auctioneers.

THE BEST. LEADS THEM ALL. THE PHILADELPHIA TIMES. CHEAPEST, BRIGHTEST AND BEST THE MOST COMPLETE NEWSPAPER PUB-LISHED IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Engagements already made with writer artists for the coming year embrace the following Laura C. Holloway, Edward Everett Hale, Will Carleton, Joaquin Miller, Bret Harte, Marion Harland, John P. Jackson, Comtesse de Jacournassy laston Jollivet, Clara Lanza, Pere Hyacinthe Loyson, Florence Marryatt, Louis N. Megarges, Annie Jenness Miller, Alfred Naquet. Grace Greenwood, Anna Katherine Greene Olive Logan, Frederick Schwatka, Amos J. Cummings, Dr. Wm. A. Hammond Howard Paul, Theodore L. Stanton, Bishop Coxe, De Grimm, Karl Blind, John Swinton, Karl Blind,
Emilio Castelar,
Rose Elizabeth Cleveland,
Thomas Wharton, "The Duchess," Bab, Franklin File,

THE TIMES is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspaper published in Pennsylvania. Its discussion of public men and public measures is in the interest of public integrity, honest government and prosperous industry, and it knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family and general newspaper.

THE NEWS OF THE WORLD—THE TIMES has all the facilities of advanced journalism for has all the facilities of advanced journalism for gathering news from all quarters of the Globe, in addition to that of the Associated Press, now covering the whole world in its scope, making it the per-fection of a newspaper with a scope, making it the perfection of a newspaper, with everything carefully edited to occupy the smallest space.

JOURNAL OF SOCIETY—The full and accurate record of social movements and entertainments the doings of influential people and the curren topics of drawing room conversation is a recognized feature in THE TIMES. Throughout the social season events of importance are reported daily and the "Journal of Society" in the Sunday edition is of acknowledged interest and authority.

OUR BOYS AND GIRLS—No other newspape

gives the same careful attention to the needs and tastes of young readers. The page devoted especially to them commands the services of the best writers and is edited with scrupulous care, with the The committee appointed to examine the books of the Treasurer's Office beg leave to report that we carefully added up the receipts and expenditures of the county for September, October, November and December, and found them to agree with the published reports.

We also examined the vouchers for payments made by order of the County Commissioners, and sent free to any one sending their address.
TERMS—DAILY, \$3 per annum; \$1 for four months; 80 cents per month; delivered by carriers for 6 cents per week; SUNDAY EDITION—sixteen large, handsome pages—128 columns, eleganity il-lustrated, \$2 per annum; 5 cents per copy. Daily and Sunday, \$5 per annum; 50 cents per month.— WEEKLY EDITION, \$1 per annum.

Address all letters to THE TIMES, Philadelphia Wn. M. Ennart. G. Tudor Enmart TIMMART BROW.,

ASBESTOS RIDGE CANNERY, PACKERS OF PRUITS AND FEGETABLES,
DOGWOOD ROAD, BALTIMORE CO., MD.,
1 MILE FROM EMMART'S CHURCH, WANTED-FRUITS, CORN, TOMATORS, &c.

Mont Muinte Suies.

SHERIFF'S SALE -OF TWO-ALUABLETRACTS of LAND BALTIMORE COUNTY.

By virtue of a writ of fact factas issued out of the Circuit Court for Baitimors County, at the suit of Charles Abrenfeldt and Charles J. Abrenfeldt, copartners, trading as Charles Abrenfeldt & Son, vs. Samuel Child, trading as Samuel Child & Son, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of said Samuel Child, trading as Samuel Child & Son, to me directed. I have levied upon the following Real Estate, and I hereby give notice that I will sell at Public Sale, at the Court House door, Towsoniown.

On Tuesday, February 5th, 1889, At 12 o'clock M., to the highest bidder for CASH, all the right, title, interest, claim, demand at law and in equity of the said Samuel Child, trading as Samuel Child & Son n and to the following property so seized and taken

in execution by me:

ALL THOSE TWO TRACTS OF LAND,
described in a deed from Elizabeth M. Shipley and
husband to Alleyn Child, Trustee, dated the 31st
day of October, 1887, and recorded in Liber J. W. S.,
No. 165, folio 296, dec.: Re. 180, 1010 290, 832.:

Beginning for the same at the end of the second line of a deed from Klizabeth M. Shipley and husband to Thomas Fryfogle, dated the 16th day of November A. D. 1886, and recorded among the Land Records of Baltimore County, in Liber J. W. S., No. 57, folio 588, &c., and running on said line reverse y south 81° west 44½ perches to a stone at the end thereof; thence south 81° west on the second line of a deed from said Shipley and husband to Joseph Fryfogle, dated the 16th day of November, A. D. 1886, and recorded among said Land Records in Li-ber J. W. S., No. 157, fullo 589, &c., 26 perches to a stone planted at the end thereof; thence north 70 west on the third line of a deed from said Shipley and husband to Peter Wolf, dated the 16th day of November, 1886, and recorded among said Land Records in Liber J. W. S., No. 157, folio 583, &c., nineteen perches to a stone at the end thereof; thence with the lines of that tract the two following thence with the lines of that tract the two following courses: North 81° west 17½ perches, north 5½° west 17½ perches to a stone; thence north 6° west 6 perches to the end of the fourth line of a deed from said Shipley and husband to Henry Trieschman and wife, dated the 16th day of November, 1886, and recorded among said Land Records in Liber J. W. S., No. 157, folio 585, &c.; thence bounding on the lines thereof the three following courses. namely: On thereof the three following courses, namely: On said fourth line reversely north 78½° east 79½ perches, and on the third line thereof reversely north 22½° west 50 2·10 perches, and on the second line thereof reversely north 48° east 2½ perches to the centre of the county road; thence south 221/4 east 1089/4 perches, more or less, to the beginning

28 ACRES OF LAND, MORE OR LESS, being part of the firstly described lot of ground in a deed from Addison T. Randall and others to said Elizabeth M. Shipley, dated the 31st day of October, A. D. 1871, and recorded among the said Land Records in Liber E. H. A., No. 73, iolio 546, &q. Also all that parcel of ground lying between the land now or formerly owned by Samuel Waters and a parcel of land marked No. 1 on the plat of A. T. Randall's land sold to Mary J. Fairbanks: Beginning for the same at the end of 17 perches on the first line of the entire stact of land above described ning for the same at the end of 17 perches or: the first line of the entire fact of land above described of which the parcel above conveyed is a part; running thence bounding on said first line of said original tract cailed "Fraton" north 23° west 2 perches to the beginning of said parcel of land heretofore conveyed by said A. T. Randall to Mrs. Fairbanks; running thence bounding on the first line of said Mrs. Fairbanks lot north 46° east 46½ perches to the centre of the Liberty Turnpike Road; running thence bounding on said turnpike road south 62¾° east 2 perches; then bounding on the division line between said Samuel Walters' land and the land now describing south 46° west 46¾ perches to the now describing south 46° west 46% perches to the beginning, being the secondly described percel of land in the deed to E. M. Shipley from A. T. Ran-

above referred to.

JOSHUA TRACEY,

Sheriff of Baltimore County. John F. Gontrum, Alterney, Towson. SHERIFF'S SALE

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE. THE 11TH ELECTION DISTRICT. BALTIMORE COUNTY. By virtue of a writ of fiert factas issued out of the Circuit Court for Baltimore County, at the suit of August Rice, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of Frank Seitell, to me directed, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim, interest and estate at law and in equity of the said Frank Seitell, in and to
ALL THOSE TWO TRACTS OR PARCELS OF
GROUND, GROUND,
Situate on the road leading from Camp Chapel to
Ridgely's Forge, in the 11th District of Baltimore
county, and adjoining the lands of John Pillhofer,
Simon Seibe and Leonard Trempe, and particularly
mentioned and described in the two following deeds,
viz.: (1) Deed from Jesse Tyson and James W. Tyson, devisees in trust of Isaac Tyson, Jr., late of Baltimore city, deceased, to Frank Seitell, dated February 16th, 1865, and recorded among the Land
Records of Baltimore County in Liber J. H. L., No.
44 folio 179, &c., (as ny reference thersto will more

44, folio 179, &c., (as by reference thereto will more fully appear) conveying
12 ACRES AND 20 SQUARE PERCHES OF LAND,
MORE OR LESS.
T. CAMP. (2) Deed from John Carson and Roger B. T. Camppell', Trustees, et al. to Frank Seitell, conveying 4 ACRES, 3 ROODS AND 10 SQUARE PERCHES OF LAND, MORE OR LESS, lated November 22d, 1266, and recorded among the land Records of Baltimore County in Liber J. H. Land Records of Baltimore County in Liber J. H. L., No. 51, folio 281, &c., the said two tracts of land being all and the same two tracts of land which by deed dated May 18th, 1885, and recorded among the Land Records of Baltimore County in Liber W. M. I., No. 146, folio 39, &c., were conveyed by James Miller et al., Trustees, to said Frank Seitell, said two tracts of land containing, in the aggregate.

36 ACRES, 3 ROODS AND 30 SQUARE PERCHES OF LAND, MORE OR LESS.

And I hereby give notice, that on

And I hereby give notice, that on Tuesday, February 5th, 1889, At the hour of one o'clock P. M., t the Court House door, in Towsontown, I will offer for sale the said property so seized and taken in execution, by Public Augtion, to the highest bidder for CASH.

Sheriff of Baltimore County WM. M. RISTEAU, Auctioneer. Jan. 12.—ts Wm. M. Risteau, Auctioneer. SHERIFF'S SALE VALUABLE TRACT of LAND RANDALLSTOWN, BALTIMORE COUNTY. By virtue of a writ of feri facias issued out of the Circuit Court for Baltimore County, at the suit of William F. Weller vs. Winfield S Gordon, William B. Gordon and Patience P. Gordon, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of the said Winfield S. Gordon, William B. Gordon and Patience P. Gordon, to me directed, I have seized and levied upon the following Real Estate, and I hereby give notice that I will sell at Public Sale, at the Court House door, in Towsontown,

court House door, in Towsontown, On Tuesday, February 5th, 1889, At 11 o'clock A. M., to the highest bidder for CASH, all the right, title, interest, claim and demand at law and in equity of the said Winfield S. Gordon, William B. Gordon and Patience P. Gordon, in and to the following property so seized and taken in execution by me:

ALL THAT LOT OF GROUND, all THAT LOT OF GROUND, aituated in Randalistown, Baltimore county, on the south side of the Baltimore and Liberty Turnpike Road, adjoining the lands of Marcella Cross on the east and the Baltimore and Liberty Turnpike Company's property on the west, and running back to the property of Frank George on the south, contenting ONE AND THREE-FOURTHS ACRES OF LAND,
MORE OR LESS.
Improved by a one and a-half story weatherboarded

with a one-story Back Building. Also, Frame Stable, being the same property devised to the said William B. Gordon by his wife, Marcella M. Gordon, by her last Will and Testament, dated the 24th day of May, 1886, and recorded among the Will Records of Baltimore County in Liber T. P., No. 8, folio 419, &c., with all the improvements and appurtene nees thereto belonging or in any wise among. tenences thereto belonging or in any wise apper-

JOSHUA TRACEY. Sheriff of Baltimore County. Jan. 12.—18 John V. Slade, Auctioneer. PUBLIC SALE FARM PROPERTY, SIXTH DISTRICT, BALTIMORE COUNTY. By authority of the owner, I will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, on Tuesday, Bebruary 5th, 1889,

At 1 o'clock P. M.,

THE VALUABLE PLACE KNOWN AS

"ROSE HILL FARM,"

Situated in Baltimore county, 30 miles from Balti-more city, on the Northern Central Railway, 1½ miles from Freeland and Bentley's Stations, con-taining 167 ACRES OF LAND. LARGE FRAME DWELLING, surrounded byfine Lawn and good Shade, large Bank Barn, Basement, Wagon House with Corn Crib and Carriage House attached, fine Hennery, large Stone Spring House suitable for a Dairy, Ice House, Smoke House, Wood Shed, &c. School 1/2 mile off. Two Churches 1/2 and 11/2 miles.

Also, at the same time and place I will sell for account of ESTATE OF R. G. MACKEY, place adjoining and formerly a part of "Rose Hill Farm," joining and formerly a part of those thin the containing containing 60 ACRES OF LAND, IMPROVED BY TWO FRAME DWELLINGS, NEW BANK BARN, &c.
Also, at the same time will be sold OUTFIT OF A CANNING HOUSE, consisting of Steam Bolier and complete outfit for packing Vegetables and Fruit.

\*\*AP Both places will be sold subject to mortgage.

Terms:--CASH.

JOHN V. SLADE, JOHN V. SLADE, Jan. 19.—is

N. Bufus Gill, Attorney, 119 St. Paul St. Baltimure. PUBLIC SALE THREE-STORY BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, ON EAST SIDE OF NORTH STREET, NORTH OF SECOND STREET. In pursuance of the power given by a morte in pursuance of the power given by a mortgage from Jacob Gerwig to Joseph Turner, May 16th, 1887, and recorded among the Mortgage Land Records of Baltimore County, in Liber J. W. S., No. 180, folio 186, &c., the undersigned, Assignee of said mortgage, will sell by Public Auction, on the premisers of an

Monday, the 4th day of February, 1889, At 4 o'clock P. M., ALL THAT LOT OF GROUND ON THE EAST SIDE OF NORTH STREET, which begins 51 feet north from Second Street, and runs north fronting on North street 12 feet, and has a depth of 75 feet, of even width, to a 10 feet alley. Improved by a three-story BRICK DWELLING HOUSE AND A TWO-STORY BACK BUILDING. BAUK BULLED.

Ground rent \$00.

Terms.—One-third Cash on the day of and at sale, balance in six and twelve months after day of sale, with interest and approved security, or all each at the option of purchaser

DANIEL DONNELLY,

Assignee of Managers.