

Sardinian Majesty has received his Forces with little Noise, so as to be able, at a very short Notice, to bring into the Field more considerable Armies than he had on Foot during the late War. Those who pretend to have considered these Matters, say, it is very probable that the Peace of Italy will soon be disturbed; it being certain, that while the Courts of Vienna and Hanover are employed in engaging the Electors and Princes of the Empire to confer the Dignity of the King of the Romans on the eldest Son of their Imperial Majesty, some of their Courts are occupied in Measures for making Kings of Lombardy and Corsica.

There is Advice from Warsaw, that a Resolution has been taken, in Consequence of the Applications to that Court, from the Court of Russia, to march a Body of 15,000 Cossacks into that Kingdom, to assist in the Expulsion of the Heydamacks. The Family of Potocki, setting no Bounds to their Resentments, are framing a Confederacy, with a view to which the Crown General issued an Order for all the Regiments to hold themselves ready to march, which the King instantly countermanded. However, the Confusions there are great, and it is believed will not end without Bloodshed.

The Garrison of Brussels is constantly exercised twice a Day after the Prussian Manner, and is assured that the Troops of the Empress Queen will, for the future, be cloth'd after the Manner of those of his Prussian Majesty. Prince Charles's Ministry employ all their Time in endeavouring to re-establish the Trade of the Netherlands, for which Purpose the States of Flanders have now under their Consideration a Plan of Commerce greatly in Favour of the English Nation. A Project is now on Foot for cutting a Canal from Ostend to the Scheld, and Engineers are gone, by Order of Prince Charles, in order to find out the shortest Way of doing it.

*Madrid, August 4.* The 26th of last Month, being the Festival of St. Pascaleon, Martyr, the same was kept with the usual solemnity at the Royal Monastery of the Nuns of the Incarnation, in this City, where they keep some of that Saint's Blood in a Chrysal Vial; which blood having been exposed to the veneration of the Faithful, though at all other times as dry as Touchwood, yet liquified on this Occasion, according to Annual custom (by the same miraculots Power as St. Januarius's blood grows liquid at Naples) and continued to flow from the first Vespers of the Day, till the end of the second Vespers.

*Turin, Sept. 5.* We hear by the last Letters from Madrid, that the Squadron under Mr. Macnamara, which is now at Cadiz, is to be joined by several Spanish Men of War actually fitting out in that Port: That those two Squadrons will afterwards sail in Company up the Mediterranean, in order to disperse the Barbary Pyrates, and then go to protect the Commerce and Navigation of the French and Spaniards against the English Men of War, who might attempt to disturb the Trade which the two Courts seem resolv'd to establish on the Coast of Guinea; and that after they shall have succeeded in these two important Points, Part of the Combined Fleet will be sent to their respective Colonies in America. — If they have any Design to surprize the KEY of the Mediterranean, they do well to endeavour to make the World believe they are upon another Secret.

## L O N D O N.

*Sept. 7* They write from Paris, that a Council has been held about the Remonstrances made by the Deputies of the Clergy of France, concerning the King's late Declaration, which enjoins them to produce within six Months at farthest, exact Accounts of the Income of all Church Livings; but they have not heard what Resolution has been taken in that Council; though it is generally supposed the Court will give the Clergy some satisfaction on that Head, because they are a very useful Body of Men in keeping the People tame, and loyal under arbitrary Power and Oppression.

It is reported, that if his Grace the Duke of Bedford is appointed Master of the Horse to his Majesty, that the Right Hon. the Earl of Granville will be made one of the Principal Secretaries of State, in his Room.

*Sept. 12.* We hear that a Squadron of Men of War, under the Command of Commodore Saunders, will soon sail to the West Indies, to observe the French and Spanish Squadrons.

The Royal Yachts are ordered to sail on Monday next for Holland, in order to wait his Majesty's Return.

*Sept. 14.* This Week near a Hundred Ships, laden with Timber, arrived in the River from Norway.

*Sept. 15.* The Marquis de Abreu, Minister from the King of Spain, has lately received an Express from his Court, by which, as we are credibly inform'd, he has Orders to retire to the British Ministry, that the late Report of the Spaniards preparing to attack the Indians on the Mogazoa Shore, is altogether false and groundless.

*Sept. 18.* We hear from Rotterdam, that Patrick Hurley, who was try'd and found guilty at the last Assizes for Robbery, being on the Day appointed for his Execution brought to the Gallows, and tied up, while the King's Executioner was cutting his Neck, gave Notice to the Officers attending, who called him to be cut down, not being the legal Hour; and then ordered him to be hung up again, when his Sentence was justly executed.

*Sept. 20.* By a private Letter we are inform'd; that Marshal Belle arrived at Dunkirk last Sunday Morning about Four o'Clock; and that after he had viewed the Fortifications there, he gave Orders to Repair the same in a complete Manner.

*Sept. 21.* If there be any Truth in the Accounts from abroad, that the Squadron under Mr. Macnamara is to be joined by six Spanish Men of War, actually sailing out at Cadix or Carthagena, may it not be supposed, that there may be a Design to surprize a certain important Fortress, which some People dare not fairly give up.

According to letters from English merchants residing in Portugal, the new King is revered and beloved by his Subjects, from the Knowledge they have of his sincere Patriotism, and earnest desire to do every thing for their Honour and Benefit: His early declaration of his affection and regard for the maritime Powers, as the natural and faithful Allies of his Crown, was very acceptable to the Portuguese Nation, who are universally convinced of the truth of that position.

*Sept. 22.* By the last India Ships, there is the following Advice from Coimbatour, dated Feb. 15, 1749. — By the Ships Lancaster and William, which arrived in the Bay a few Days ago, we learn the disagreeable News of the Loss of the Augusta, going into Monitha Port. The French Monitha Ship is returned to Pondicherry, with the Cargo she carried from thence; the Spaniards would scarce look at them, and resented their bringing old Goods, alleging they knew them to be the Plunder of Madras, and of Consequence rotten and damaged.

The French, in Conjunction with the Moors, laid Siege to a strong Place on the Coast, belonging to the old Raja, but failed in the Attempt; for, opposite to where they carried on their Approaches there is a Postern Gate, from whence 3000 of the Besieged sallied out, completely armed, took a Circuit behind the Attack, and killed 300 of the French, 1200 Moors, and cut off the Heads of two French Captains; took the greatest Part of the Baggage, and rais'd the Siege. They are in great Troubles with the Government on the Coast, and nothing will sell but Provisions.

We hear from Hull, that last Week a Whale was drove on Shore in the Humber, which is 101 Feet and some Inches long, and is esteem'd the greatest Curiosity ever seen of the Kind.

We hear that a certain Gentleman, who distinguishes himself very much to the Honour of his Country during the late War, and was remarkably careful that his Majesty's Ships should come to no Danger through his Forwardness to have a Brush with our Enemies, intends to put up against Sir Peter Warren at the Election of an Elder Brother of the Trinity House, in the room of the late Duke of Richmond: But we presume (supposing he does really intend to stand Candidate at this Election) that he has some latent Services or Merit to plead for him, besides his notable Exploits in a military Capacity, which have already sufficiently recommended him to every brave, honest Englishman.

An Extract of a Letter from Cork, dated September 12. Counsellor Mead's Servant, who was lately condemn'd for robbing his Master, and ordered for Execution Yesterday, was brought to the Gallows about five o'Clock in the Evening, guarded by the Sheriff and about 20 Men, attended by the Minister and Clerk, singing Psalms with him all the Way; where after staying an Hour, he was tied up; but had not hung more than a Minute, when the Mob, seeing a Man in a white Jacket, running towards them excessively fast, cried out a Reprieve; cut him down, and carried him clear off; but when